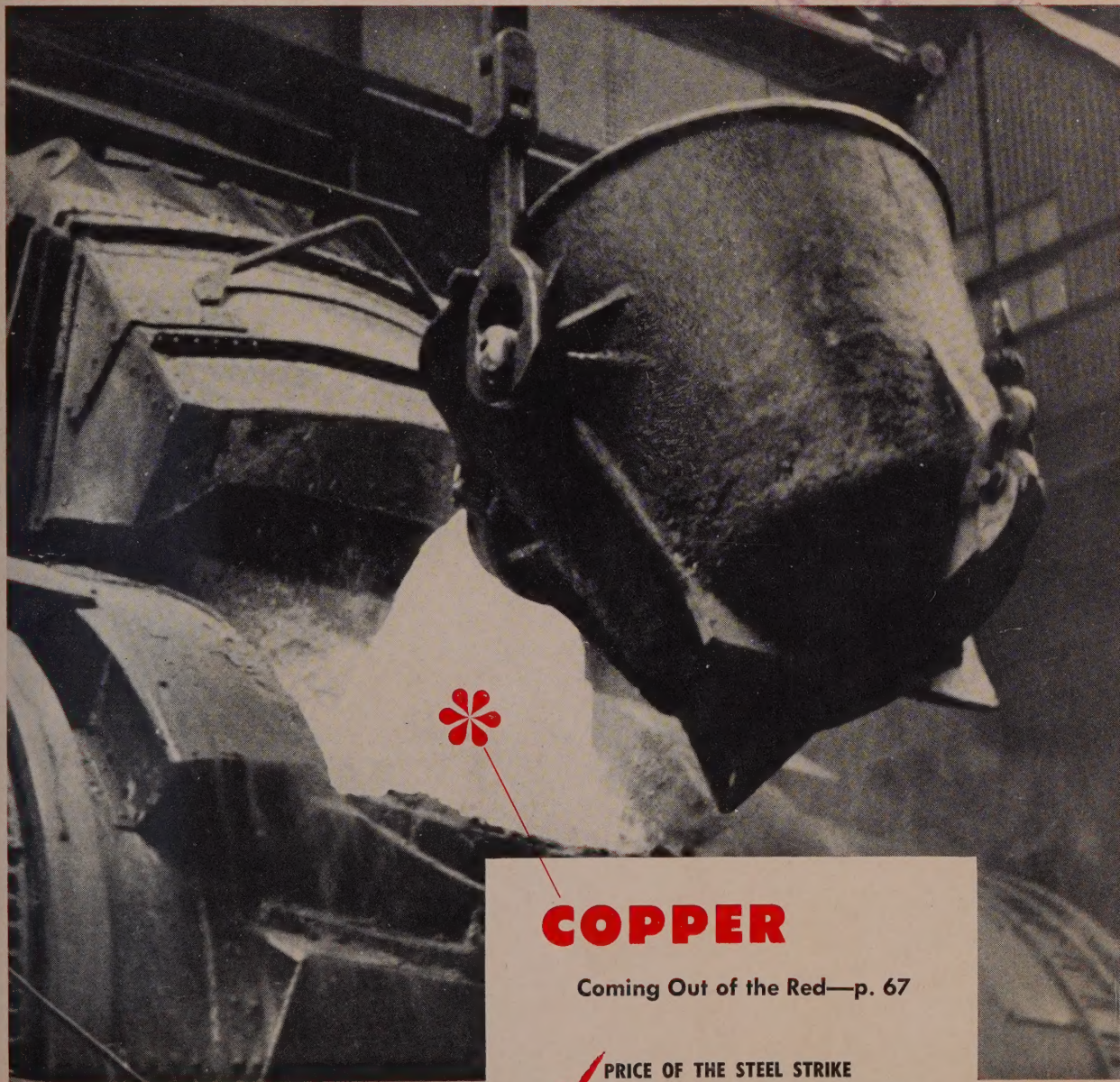
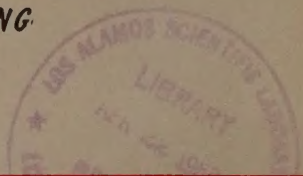


# STEEL

THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE OF METALWORKING



## COPPER

Coming Out of the Red—p. 67

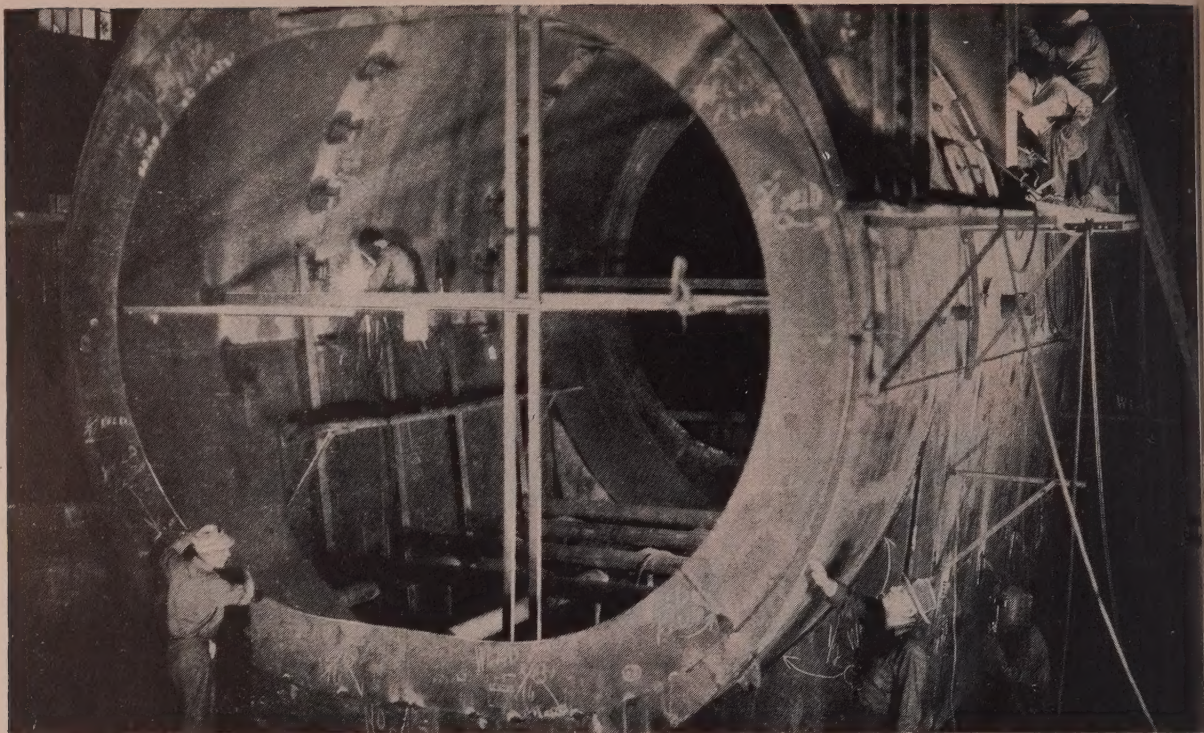


PRICE OF THE STEEL STRIKE  
See *Financial Analysis*, opp. p. 74



MORE PERMANENT MAGNETS  
Size, Shape Barriers Fade, p. 110





## This formula helps an entire industry!

More and more firms in the chemical industry are coming to rely on this formula:

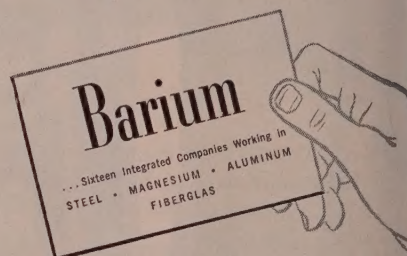
Barium Steel Corporation—best source for structural and steel plate, fabricated forms and finished products of steel, aluminum, magnesium, Fiberglas, plastics.

The reason for this conviction is that the group of strategically located companies comprising Barium Steel Corporation serves the chemical industry as a *unified* source for its structural and equipment requirements, controlling quality from blast furnace to end product, working as

a self-contained supplier of urgently needed material.

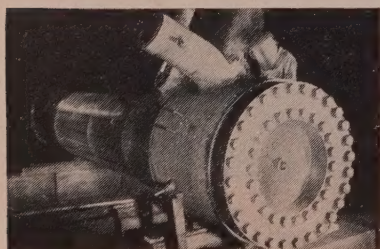
For example, in the scene above, workers at Barium's Central Iron and Steel Company are building a giant condenser shell from Central plate, which is also fabricated into tanks, heat exchangers and piping for the process industries. Other Barium subsidiaries (see photos below) supply the chemical field with a number of important components.

Whatever your industry, Barium can provide you with the same kind of service. For details, write Barium Steel Corporation, 25 Broad Street, New York City. No obligation.

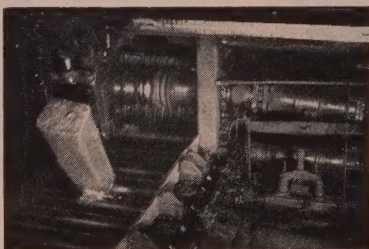


BAYONNE BOLT CORP. • CENTRAL IRON AND STEEL COMPANY • CHESTER BLAST FURNACE • CLYDE IRON WORKS, INC. • CUYAHOGA SPRING COMPANY • EAST COAST AERONAUTICS, INC. • ERIE BOLT AND NUT COMPANY • GEOMETRIC STAMPING CO. • GLOBE FORGE INCORPORATED • INDUSTRIAL FORGE & STEEL, INC. • JACOBS AIRCRAFT ENGINE CO. • KERMATH MANUFACTURING CO. • KERMATH LIMITED (CANADA) • PHOENIX BRIDGE CO. • PHOENIX IRON & STEEL CO. WILEY MANUFACTURING CO.

3.5



**THE HEAD** of this Lummus Co. heat exchanger unit is securely fastened by bolts and studs specially made by Barium's Erie Bolt and Nut Co. Specialty studs for the industry are also produced by Barium's Bayonne Bolt Corp.



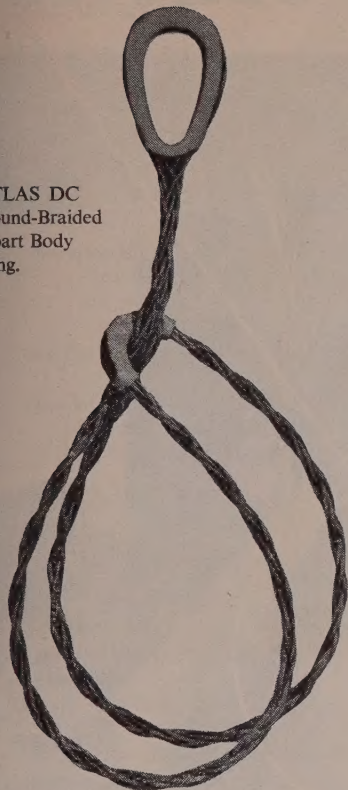
**THIS INGOT** in the blooming mill at Phoenix Iron and Steel Co. will ultimately become structural steel, which is widely used in the chemical industry for the construction of new processing equipment.



**HEAT EXCHANGER** manufacturers like Griscom-Russell Company take heavy forgings of Barium's Industrial Forge & Steel, Inc., and fabricate them into parts that resist temperature, high pressure, and the corrosive action of chemicals.



ATLAS DC  
Round-Braided  
8-part Body  
Sling.



## Complete line of slings to fit every need

Three types of body are available: Atlas Round-Braided, Drew Flat-Braided, Monarch Single-Part. All are made to order in any size for any job.

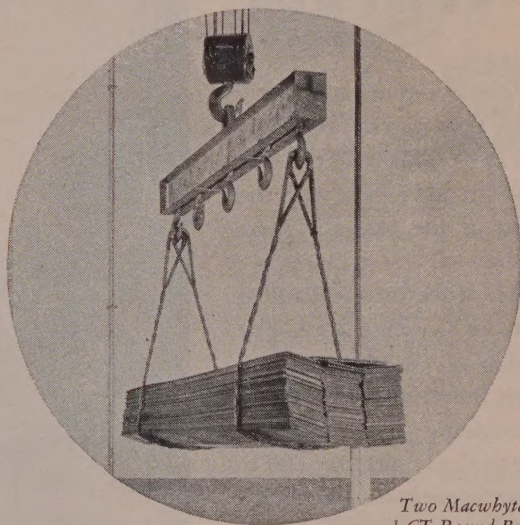
Our engineers will gladly study your sling needs and make recommendations.

# Sling life goes up with "balanced braiding"

## Macwhyte's Atlas Braided Slings

There's longer life in an Atlas Braided Sling because of Macwhyte's *balanced* method of construction: 1. Ropes are spliced endless before braiding. 2. Right lay ropes balance left lay ropes. 3. All ropes follow uniform spiral paths, assuring balanced tension throughout the sling body.

Greater flexibility, no kinking, no spinning, and longer sling life are all provided by Macwhyte's "Balanced Braid."



Two Macwhyte Atlas type  
1-CT Round-Braided Slings  
with 6-ton lifting beam  
handling plate stock.

# MACWHYTE SLINGS

See the hundreds of slings  
in new Macwhyte Sling Catalog S-8

## MACWHYTE COMPANY

Kenosha, Wisconsin

Manufacturers of Internally Lubricated PREformed Wire Rope, Braided Wire Rope Slings, Aircraft Cable, Safe-Lock Assemblies, Monel Metal and Stainless Steel Wire Rope.

Mill depots: New York • Pittsburgh • Chicago • St. Paul  
Fort Worth • Portland • Seattle • San Francisco • Los  
Angeles • Distributors throughout U.S.A.





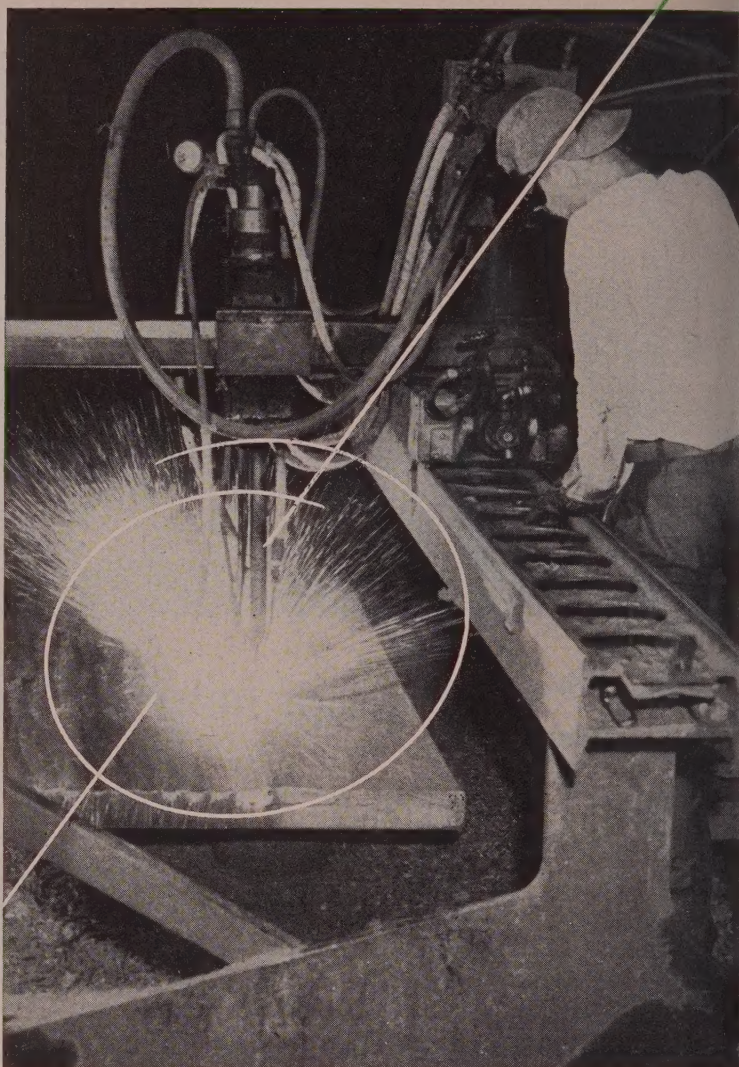
# How Oxygen...and **LINDE SERVICE\***

**SAVED**  
**\$700,000**  
**FOR ONE STEEL**  
**COMPANY**

"Burning the unburnable" was the problem that faced producers of stainless steel. This steel resisted scarfing and cutting—even with the intense heat of the oxy-acetylene flame.

Doing this work by mechanical methods meant sky-high costs. But that looked like the only answer—until LINDE SERVICE took a hand with the problem.

Working in the laboratory and in the field, LINDE engineers developed powder cutting and scarfing. By adding powdered metal to the oxygen flame, stainless steel was scarfed and cut with ease and speed.



**LINDE SERVICE IN ACTION!** Powder cutting is saving this company alone over \$700,000 per year in the production of stainless steel. And they're making a better product.

This is but one example of how LINDE customers are saving millions of dollars each year through LINDE SERVICE. If you use oxygen, let us tell you how LINDE SERVICE can save you time and money, too.



**LINDE SERVICE** is the unique combination of research, engineering, and over 40 years of accumulated know-how that is helping LINDE customers save money and improve production in their uses of oxygen and oxy-acetylene processes.

## **LINDE AIR PRODUCTS COMPANY**

A Division of UNION CARBIDE AND CARBON CORPORATION

30 East 42nd Street **UPT** New York 17, N. Y.

In Canada: Dominion Oxygen Company, Limited, Toronto

*Linde*  
Trade-Mark



✓ NEWS ✓ PRODUCTION-ENGINEERING ✓ MARKETS

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## PE ALUMINUM EXTRUSIONS

designed and produced  
to fit your needs

Window Extrusions,  
Combination  
and Prime



Architectural and  
Store Front Trim  
and Mouldings



Automotive, Truck,  
Bus, Trailer and  
Aircraft Shapes



Mouldings for  
Furniture and  
Interiors

Structural Shapes,  
Rods, Bars, Tubing



If your production requirements call for a specially-designed aluminum extrusion, the skill and experience of PE design engineers and production men are available to you to help answer your specific needs. Or, it may be that a solution to your requirements can be found among the 4000 standard rods, bars, shapes, and tubing currently cataloged by Precision Extrusions and available without additional die service charge.



**PERSONALIZED SERVICE** and specialization in aluminum extruding assures you of prompt handling of your inquiry, careful production supervision, and extrusion quality meeting the highest standards of the industry.



**COMPLETE FACILITIES** include design engineering, die making, billet casting, extrusion production, and standard finishing operations.



**ENGINEERING ASSISTANCE** is available without obligation. If your present or future plans call for quality aluminum extrusions in standard or special shapes, call on PE, or write, on your company letterhead, for our new complete catalog.

QUALITY • SERVICE



## PRECISION EXTRUSIONS

BENSENVILLE, ILLINOIS

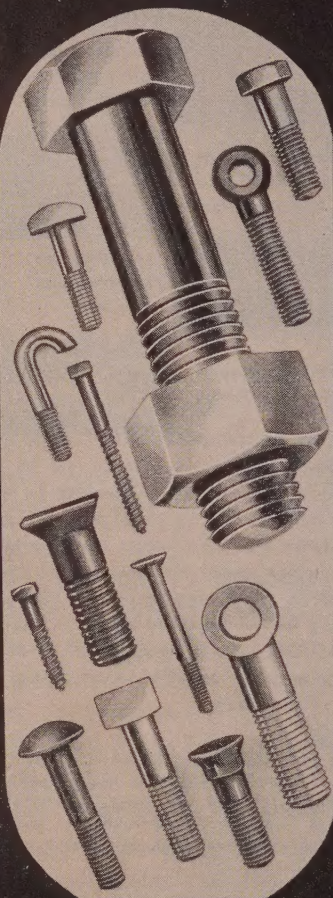
CHICAGO: Tuxedo 9-1701 • BENSENVILLE 98



UNIFORM CLASS 3 FIT

# BOLTS·NUTS STUDS

- Carbon Steel
- Silicon Bronze
- Alloy Steels
- Naval Brass
- Stainless Steel
- Monel Metal



You can depend on a uniform Class 3 fit when you buy Pawtucket threaded fasteners. Standard items or specialties — all Pawtucket products are accurately made in standard dimensions or to your specifications. Heat treating with precision-controlled modern equipment.

BETTER BOLTS SINCE 1882

# PAWTUCKET



"THE BOLT MAN"  
**MANUFACTURING COMPANY**  
327 Pine Street · Pawtucket, R. I.  
THE PLACE TO SOLVE YOUR BOLT PROBLEMS

T.M. REG.

## behind the scenes



### Meet Floyd Lawrence . . .

Apprentice molder . . . screw machine operator . . . machinist . . . newspaper reporter . . . verse writer . . . STEEL assistant editor . . . these were the stepping stones which led Floyd Lawrence to his present position as STEEL's Detroit Editor and writer of the popular *Mirrors of Motordom* column.



"I like the whole flavor of being around people who are designing and building automobiles", is Floyd's way of saying that he likes his assignment in the nation's Motor City. He's making that assignment pay off in many ways, too. His latest and most unique "exploitation" is his arrangement with Detroit automobile manufacturers that he test drive each of their cars for periods of one-week on a rotating basis so that he can "get the feel" of his subject. They bought the idea. Today, Lawrence rolls around on brand new wheels each week and is the most prosperous-appearing columnist in the Auto City.

Floyd is a sports car enthusiast of front row calibre and, in addition to tearing down the motor of his 1952 MG periodically, he participates in sports car club activities and says that he will probably enter his first road car racing competitions sometime this year.

Sports cars are only one of Lawrence's extra curricular interests. He owns a private pilot's license and takes up an air scooter "just often enough to remember how".

He's a photo fanatic too . . . currently experimenting with color photography. Takes many of the pictures you see in his "Mirrors" column each week. Often uses his color landscape shots as models when he feels in a painting mood . . . oils no less.

Floyd loves to paint landscapes 'cause he knows so much about them. Picked up most of his vast fund of knowledge by shooting a divot-digging 105 on the golf course. Nuff sed!

### A Swell (ed) Head

Daniel, the new wonder boy addition to our art department, caught us in an unguarded moment last week as we were writing our bit. The creative aura in which we worked so inspired him that he was moved to put our likeness down on paper.

The result, of course, is the new column heading above. Please forgive us this mad moment but, as you look at Shrdlu in the dramatic pose above, aren't you struck with a profound feeling that here, truly, is genius at work?

### Steal Reader

We have known for quite some time that STEEL enjoys a large and varied readership. However, a recent letter from R. J. Bowllan, field engineer for the Allison Company of Bridgeport, Connecticut sets a new standard for the unusual.

"I am writing this letter to obtain information concerning the new 'Specifications Handbook' which you distributed free of charge to subscribers. While I am not a subscriber to your magazine, I have not missed an issue for some time. Thanks to the generosity and good taste of the many industrial plants located in the Pittsburgh area which provide your magazine in the reception rooms for the perusal by sales representatives, I am able to thoroughly read each issue. It may take twenty calls to do it but to date I haven't missed an article."

For perseverance rarely matched by ordinary STEEL subscribers . . . we hereby confer upon you the title of "Steal Reader of the Year" and send you in confirmation thereof an autographed copy of the *Specs Handbook*.

*Shrdlu*

(Metalworking Outlook Page 59)



# DEEP DRAWING

with **MULTIPRESS**®

at The Buckeye Stamping Co., Columbus, Ohio

In only four draws Multipress converts .040 gauge aluminum blanks from 7 $\frac{1}{8}$ " flat discs to gracefully flared tumblers 4 $\frac{3}{4}$ " deep.

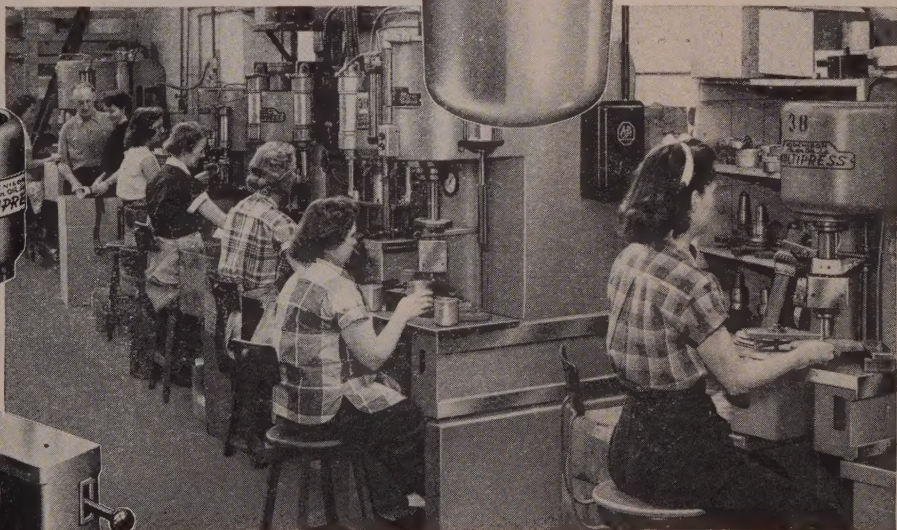
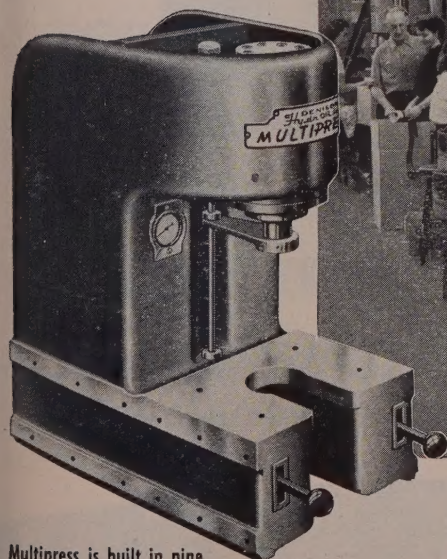
Two 8-ton and two 4-ton Multipresses produce 5000 tumblers daily in a seven-hour operating period. Other 4-ton Multipresses trim edges of the flared lip and stamp a brand name in the base of the tumblers.

Scrap loss is limited to occasional blanks with pits that show up as flaws in the first draw. These are set aside and finished later, to be sold as "seconds."

Two cylinders mounted on the head of the Multipress serve as blank holders and both blank holder and press ram are actuated by a single foot-pedal control. Fast, unified action speeds the operation with these simple yet cleverly tooled Multipresses.

This cost-cutting job is typical of Multipress performance. The *controlled thrust* of its oil-hydraulic ram action cuts spoilage . . . improves metal flow . . . permits deeper draws . . . reduces wear and tear on dies. Other Multipress advantages include infinitely adjustable *ram speed*, *pressure*, and *stroke length* . . . easy attachment of tooling, parts hoppers, index table feeds, and many other accessories for any type of operation.

from  
this  
blank,  
in only  
four  
cost-  
cutting  
oil-smooth  
strokes,  
to the  
formed  
aluminum  
tumbler



Used also for blanking, piercing, broaching, forming, crimping, staking and assembling, these Multipresses at The Buckeye Stamping Company have been in use eight years without repair!

Multipress is built in nine frame sizes — bench and floor models — 1-ton to 75-ton capacities. Write for complete details.



The **DENISON** Engineering Co.  
1163 Dublin Rd., Columbus 16, Ohio



# *New Metal Finishes*

## **FOR COILED OR SHEET STRIP !**

Reproduce Metal Finishes of the "OLD MASTERS" or any "Modern" all-over or localized decorative patterns with this  
**NEW ROTARY HIGH SPEED METHOD!**



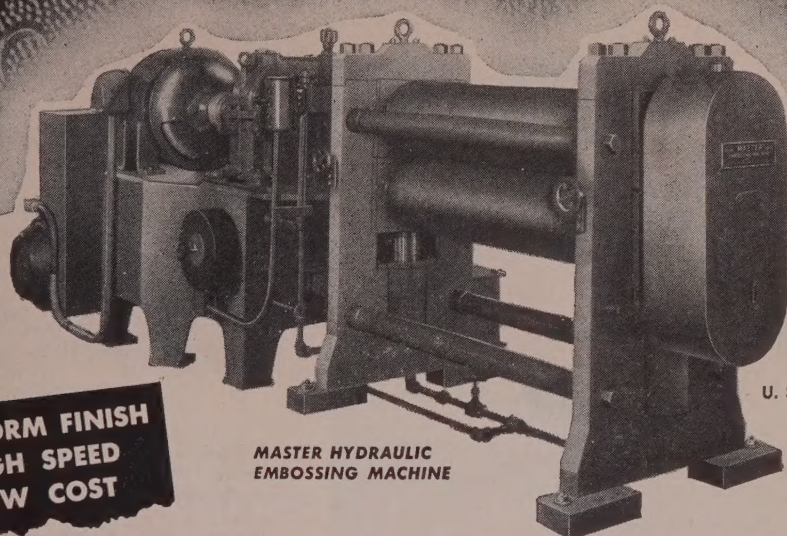
**"The GREATEST Development  
in the History of Embossing"**

- Produces a wide variety of prefabricated finishes • Localized embossing and cold rolling in one operation
- Makes light gauge metals rigid and stronger • Many installations now in operation

\*U.S. Patent Pending.

*Meet the METAL World of Tomorrow  
Ahead of Competition—*



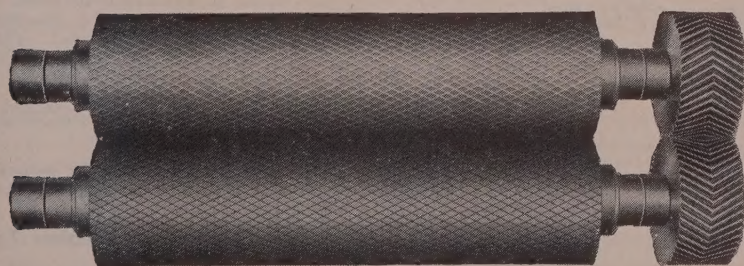


**UNIFORM FINISH  
HIGH SPEED  
LOW COST**

**MASTER HYDRAULIC  
EMBOSSING MACHINE**

U. S. Patent Pending

**MASTER**  
*Hydraulic*  
**EMBOSSING MACHINE**  
and  
**ENGRAVED MATCHED HARDENED  
FORGED STEEL EMBOSSING ROLLS**



**ENGRAVED MATCHED HARDENED FORGED STEEL ROLLS**

U. S. Patent Pending

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**MODERN ENGRAVING & MACHINE CO.**

**1413 CHESTNUT AVE., HILLSIDE 5, NEW JERSEY**



## LETTERS TO THE EDITORS

### Recount of Extrusion Plants

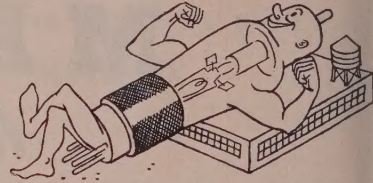
As manufacturers of aluminum extrusion machines, we were interested in your article "More Aluminum" (Mar. 23, p. 58).

We have been doing some research and thought you would be interested in hearing that our record shows about 100 aluminum extrusion plants in the U. S. This figure differs considerably with your estimated figure of 49 plants.

J. Warren Behrens  
Market Research Department  
Watson-Stillman Co.  
Roselle, N. J.

• STEEL's count included only major plants. Watson-Stillman's records are more complete.—ED.

### Electronics: A Giant Grows



If possible, I would like to secure 25 reprints of your article "Industrial Electronics: A Young Giant with Growing Pains" (Mar. 16, p. 96). This article was very interesting to me and I plan to pass it out among my staff group.

G. E. Klock  
plant manager  
Receiving Tube Division  
Sylvania Electric Products Inc.  
Emporium, Pa.

• Sent.—ED.

Upon my return from the West Coast yesterday I had an opportunity to read your article "Industrial Electronics: A Young Giant with Growing Pains" (Mar. 16, p. 96) which we think is very, very good. Would it be possible to get reprints of this article? They would be distributed to securities dealers all over the country.

Paul A. Jus  
executive vice president  
Television Shares Management Co.  
Chicago

• Reprints may be ordered from our Reprint Department.—ED.

### Management Takes To Series

We thought so much of your feature on public and community relations that we bought a number of reprints for distribution through the corporation.

It certainly helps to have a publication such as yours take an interest in this important subject.

C. M. White  
president  
Republic Steel Corp.  
Cleveland

Thank you for the first in your Program for Management Series "How Industry Can Be a Better Neighbor."

As you know, the Ford Motor Co. has for many years carried on an intensive public and community relations program.

Please turn to page 12

STEEL

Give fire half a chance and it will over-run you like a swarm of ants.

You must stamp it out anywhere it shows itself. In the paint locker, power plant, garage.

That calls for a battery of strategically placed KIDDE Portable Fire Extinguishers.

The word "Kidde" and the Kidde seal are trade-marks of Walter Kidde & Company, Inc. and its associated companies.



Get the ants out of your plants.  
Call your KIDDE dealer today.

# Kidde

Walter Kidde & Company, Inc.

460 Main Street, Belleville 9, N. J.

Walter Kidde & Company of Canada, Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.



# INSUL-MASTIC

## The Superior Coating

... protects metal equipment where coke quenching fills the air with acid vapors.



This spot is considered one of the most corrosive areas in a steel mill. That's why this crane runway is coated with INSUL-MASTIC 4010. The pit under this runway receives all the steaming, acid laden water from freshly quenched coke in a mill where the water must be used over and over. All year long gnawing vapors rise from the pit and cover the steel runway. No damage results, but look at what the vapors have done to the painted steel at the far left.

INSUL-MASTIC is the *Superior* coating that protects for a great many years. Its Gilsonite content makes it practically inert to acids. Its mica content makes it almost immune to weather. It's homogenized so that nothing settles in the drum . . . it is sprayed as it is blended. It is applied 1/16" to 1/8" thick in one coat.

All this adds up to a *Superior* coating . . . and this crane runway is only one of the many corrosive areas in steel mills where INSUL-MASTIC guards against the attacks of corrosion.

Write for the name of your nearest INSUL-MASTIC Representative for expert advice on protecting your equipment where coke quenching and other sources of corrosion take place.

*Think first of the coatings that last!*

### CORROSION PROOFING WATERPROOFING VAPOR SEALING INSULATION

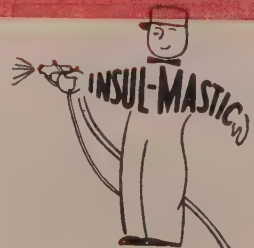
Type "D"—The cork impregnated coating that insulates as it prevents corrosion.

4010 and granules—An attractive, weather resistant resurfacing for old or leaky masonry walls.

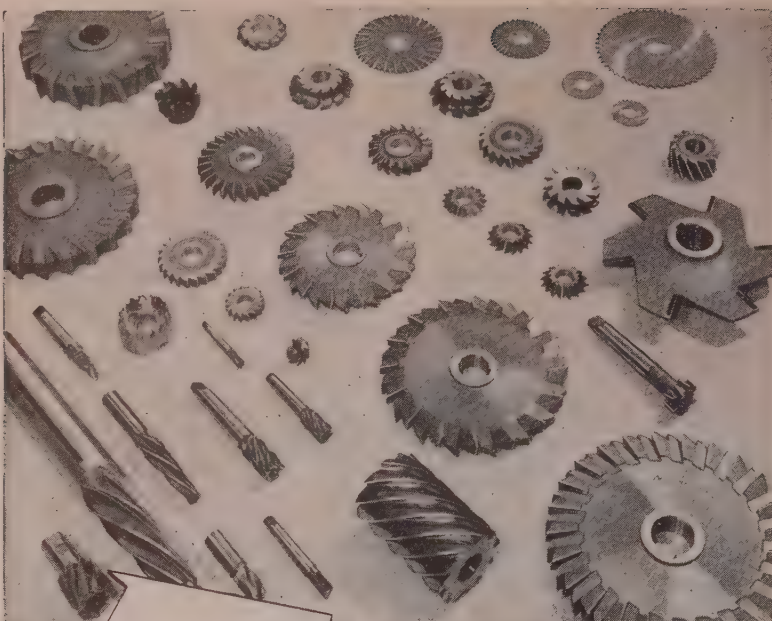
# Insul-Mastic

CORPORATION OF AMERICA  
Oliver Building • Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

Representatives in Principal Cities







THE  
*Complete  
Line*

# GORHAM

## END MILLS AND MILLING CUTTERS

For profitable solutions to production milling problems, call on Gorham! Over thirty years' experience in creating fine cutting tools is your assurance of satisfaction.

An extensive line of *standard* end mills and milling cutters is stocked by Gorham distributors. When you need *special* tooling, a Gorham Field Engineer surveys your problem and makes design recommendations for a tool to be "tailor-made" for your application by skilled Gorham craftsmen.

Ask your distributor for Gorham "standards." For "specials," call in your nearby Gorham Field Engineer. They're both well qualified to help you . . . and backed by unmatched experience and facilities. For profitable solutions to milling problems, call on Gorham! There's no obligation.

Write for free 120 page catalog. Shows entire line, contains valuable engineering information.

**Gorham TOOL COMPANY**

"EVERYTHING IN STANDARD AND SPECIAL CUTTING TOOLS"

14401 WOODROW WILSON • DETROIT 3, MICHIGAN  
WEST COAST WAREHOUSE: 576 North Prairie Ave., Hawthorne, Calif.



## LETTERS

Concluded from page 10

It is this program which has earned for our company the respect and high regard it presently enjoys, both in the community and throughout the nation.

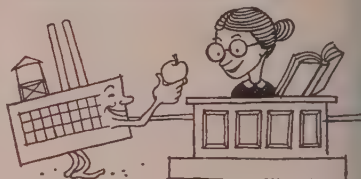
The other reports in your series also appear to contain information which should make interesting reading for anyone engaged in metalworking. I will be looking forward to reading them as they are published.

J. K. Sutherland  
general manager  
Steel Division  
Ford Motor Co.  
Dearborn, Mich.

You have turned in a magnificent job on your industry-government relations insert "Mr. 'B' Looks to Washington" (Mar. 30, p. 53) (Second in the management series). It surely is the kind of change-of-pace article which indicates your leadership in your field.

John H. Caldwell  
Sales Management  
New York

### Passing the School Marm



In your Mar. 23 issue, I noticed a short article titled "Schoolmarm for Industry" (p. 48). In it was discussed a film recently announced by Westinghouse Electric Corp. called "Let's Face It." The sound of this was very intriguing to me, and I am wondering where should write in order to obtain a booking for it.

F. Steele Blackall III  
assistant general manager  
Taft-Peirce Mfg. Co.  
Woonsocket, R.

• Your request has been forwarded to T. O. Armstrong, director of personnel services, Westinghouse Electric Corp., Pittsburgh, who will contact you directly on when a copy of the film will be available.—ED.

### Needle Bearings Explained

I think you did a creditable job on your article "Industry Gets the Needle" (Mar. 30, p. 52) that should interest not only laymen who read STEEL but some of the technical men, many of whom are not too familiar with the needle bearing and the use of needles as it has developed during the past 20 years.

C. S. Ripley  
Roller Bearing Co. of America  
Cleveland

### Old Article, New Interest

In your article "Research Pushed Gas Turbine Blade Materials" (Aug. 1951, p. 72) there is a list of nickel alloys.

One alloy, the last on the list, is designated as "61". We are extremely anxious to know the name of the producer.

Bert W. Groma  
Groma Trading Co.  
New York

• The alloy listed as "61" is a Haynes-Stellite product and their designation is HS23.—ED.



# How Layne assures your water supply

**UNDIVIDED LAYNE RESPONSIBILITY**

**MEANS COMPLETE SERVICE, LOWER COSTS**



## **Layne surveys and test wells**

Layne's *complete* service begins long before the wells are drilled . . . with geological surveys made in cooperation with engineers of the client company or municipality. Test-hole drilling shows actual conditions.

## **Layne analyses and recommendations**

Samples taken from the test holes go to Layne's central laboratories, where technicians report on the earth structure and qualities of the water. From these reports, water-system recommendations are made.



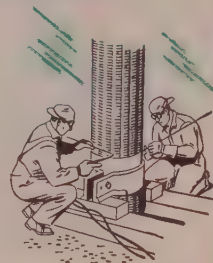
## **Layne-engineered pumps, screens, casings**

Into every Layne well goes equipment designed for the specific job—the finest equipment, produced with the greatest economy, because of Layne's thorough engineering skill and world-wide experience.



## **Layne installation and maintenance service**

Skilled Layne workmen handle every stage of the job—assuring a system custom-engineered for your own situation. And Layne's experience is always at your service for any maintenance work you may need.



## **Let Layne help you plan ahead on your water needs**

Layne welcomes the opportunity to share in long-range planning for your water-supply needs. For information on any phase of well water supply or pump equipment, contact your nearest Layne Associate Company or write Layne & Bowler, Inc., General Offices, Memphis 8, Tenn.

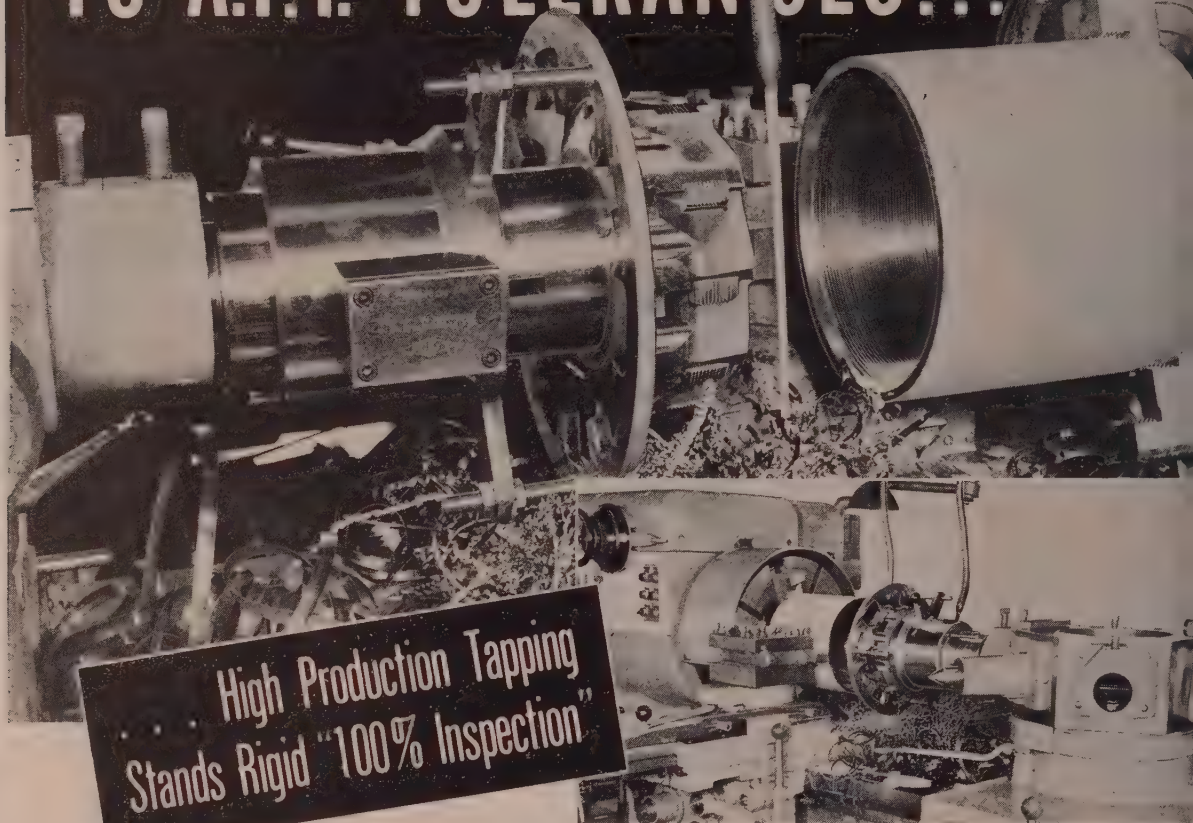


**WATER WELLS • VERTICAL TURBINE PUMPS  
WATER TREATMENT**

*Layne Associate Companies Throughout the World*



# INTERNAL THREADS TAPPED TO A.P.I. TOLERANCES...



High Production Tapping  
Stands Rigid "100% Inspection"

Casing couplings are subjected to enormous strains created by the weight of the suspended casing, as well as to tremendous internal and external pressures. For these reasons they require threads of extreme accuracy. Thus the prime consideration in the selection of equipment for the production of these threads is that it produce A.P.I. threads at economical production rates.

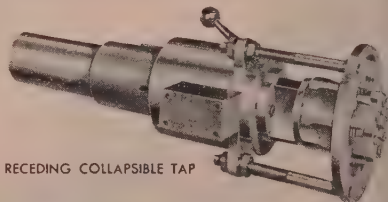
The operation shown here is one of many where internal tapered threads are cut to A.P.I. tolerances at high production rates by Landis LL Receding Collapsible Taps. 8 pitch round form threads are cut in Grade N80 casing couplings 10¾" in diameter to a length of 4" with a ¾" taper. Production is high—averaging consistently about 17 surface feet per minute. A.P.I. tolerances are met without difficulty.

Landis LL Receding Collapsible Taps are designed and built for this type of work. The receding mechanism causes the chasers to recede into the tap head automatically at a

rate equal to the taper of the thread being cut. When the thread is completed the chasers collapse into the tap head and the tap is withdrawn.

Each tap has a wide range of cutting diameters since the tap heads are detachable and interchangeable. For example, if furnished with appropriate heads, the 6LL Tap Body, shown here equipped with a 10" ALM Tap Head will cut threads in all pipe sizes ranging from 6" to 12" inclusive. The Style LL Tap Body is made in four sizes to cover a range of nominal pipe sizes from 1" to 12" inclusive.

Write for  
Bulletin  
G-95



LANDIS STYLE LL RECEDING COLLAPSIBLE TAP

THE

**LANDIS Machine CO.**



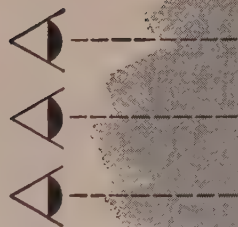
**WAYNESBORO  
PENNSYLVANIA**

BE SURE TO VISIT OUR EXHIBIT AT THE TULSA OIL SHOW—BOOTH 17 & 18, CALIFORNIA BUILDING



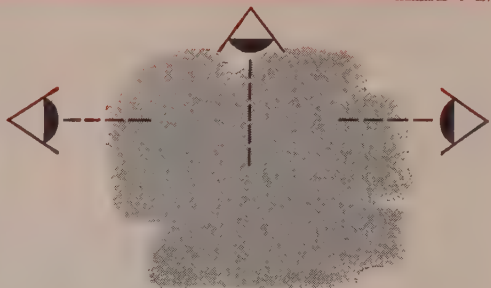
# 3-way analysis...

**EXAMINATION  
DIAGNOSIS  
PRESCRIPTION**



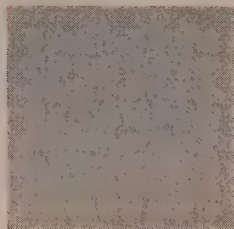
# from 3 angles...

**EFFICIENCY  
SUITABILITY  
COST**



# to gain 3 benefits.....

**QUALITY  
OUTPUT  
ECONOMY**



## when you use Republic 3-Dimension Metallurgical Service

Fuzzy production problems shape up nice and square when the Republic Field Metallurgist and the Republic Mill Metallurgist and the Republic Laboratory Metallurgist all put to work their combined knowledge of alloy steels and heat-treatment and machining. Scores of Republic customers are making better products at greater rates and lower cost because they called in a Republic Field Metallurgist. It may be an idea *you* could use to your benefit!

### REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION

*Alloy Steel Division • Massillon, Ohio*  
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*Republic*

**ALLOY STEELS**



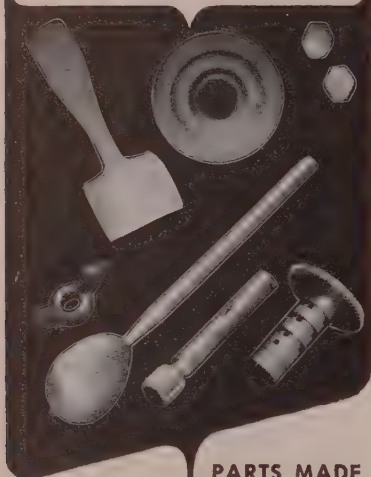


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on a continuous  
production basis, with

The

**SARGEANT & WILBUR**  
Controlled Atmosphere  
**CONVEYOR FURNACE**



**PARTS MADE  
OF STAINLESS can be**

**BRIGHT-ANNEALED,  
BRIGHT-HARDENED, or**

**BRIGHT-BRAZED** without oxidation . . .  
they come out scale-free, bright, and clean.  
No pickling required, no tumbling, no sand  
blasting.

With our special S. & W. alloy for bright-  
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furnace with equal success.

Your samples processed free. If you  
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in a conveyor furnace, send us samples and  
specifications.

**SARGEANT &  
WILBUR, INC.**  
180 Weeden St.  
PAWTUCKET, R. I.



Send your illustrated  
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**Norton presents...**

**the NEW**

**G**

**BOND**

**for your latest value-adding**

**"TOUCH OF GOLD"**





**He Knows!** Operators who have used the new Norton G Bond wheels will tell you there's nothing like them for getting better grinding results faster and easier. Why not get your own operators' verdict on this newest "Touch of Gold"?



# ANNOUNCING

the greatest grinding wheel achievement in 45 years

The NEW Norton

# G BOND

The new Norton vitrified G Bond, now ready after years of continuous development, is designed for a wide range of precision and semi-precision grinding.

The physical properties of the G Bond are so ideally suited to these types of operations that wheels bonded with it show a marked improvement — from every performance angle — over any wheels you have ever used before. In fact, the new G Bond offers so many benefits to so many grinding wheel users that it stands out as an important milestone.

#### The New G Bond's Secret For More Efficient Cutting Action

The G Bond holds ALUNDUM\* abra-

sive grains firmly while they fracture, so that they keep sharp and remain in the wheel until they have done their full quota of work. Thus the wheel's grinding surface is kept at constant peak efficiency. An added advantage is that G Bond wheels may be dressed or trued more easily, and without disturbing the underlying bond.

#### How G Bond Wheels Outperform All Others

Performance is the payoff. And once you try G Bond wheels you'll know that here you've found production tools that will do *more* for you, do it *better*, and do

it for *less*. Exceptional performers in every detail of operation, G Bond wheels: Do more work per wheel . . . Cut freer, cooler, faster . . . Dress easier . . . More pieces per dressing . . . Cover a wider range of jobs . . . Hold their shape — better for form grinding . . . Hold corners better . . . Are ideal for crush dressing.

**Typical jobs  
where G Bond wheels  
will save you time, labor and money**

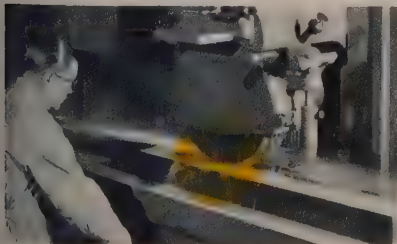
CYLINDRICAL • CENTERLESS  
SURFACE • INTERNAL  
GEAR • FORM AND THREAD GRINDING  
TOOL AND CUTTER • SAW GUMMING

## 3 ways you can spot the new G BOND'S

## "TOUCH OF GOLD"

Every time you put a Norton abrasive or abrasive product to work, you add the "Touch of Gold" that increases the value of your own products. You get proof of this in better grinding results and in the way Norton products act on the job. With the

new G Bond wheels this proof is particularly easy to recognize. The illustrations show you three striking ways you can job-prove the G Bond's vital "Touch of Gold" . . . the value-adding production step that helps your profits.



**By Watching.** Note the new G Bond wheels' continuous, even spark stream that could only come from a uniform cutting action — the "Touch of Gold" at its best.



**By Listening.** Note how G Bond wheels grind with the steady swish-h-h of an extra-smooth performer applying the "Touch of Gold". No harsh grinding noise.



**By Checking.** Note how every grinding job you do with G Bond wheels — general purpose, high production, or precision — measures up . . . has the "Touch of Gold".

#### Your Norton Distributor

will be glad to arrange a test of all types of the new G Bond wheels — in regular, 19, 57, 32 or 38 ALUNDUM abrasive — in your own plant. Or you can write to NORTON COMPANY, Worcester 6, Mass. Distributors in all principal cities. *Export:* Norton Behr-Manning Overseas Incorporated, Worcester 6, Mass.



*Making better products to make other products better*

\*TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES



## Your Norton Distributor is your Headquarters for the "TOUCH OF GOLD"

Your Norton Distributor is a good deal more than just a supplier of top quality production tools. His services are many and varied — and every one of them is planned to lighten your own work and save you money. For example:

- In ordinary grinding problems, such as correct wheel selection or maintenance, he can give you the sound advice that comes from long, practical experience plus training in the Norton School of Grinding.
- If your problems are unusual, he will gladly call in a Norton Abrasive Engineer for expert technical consultation.
- He is careful to keep his stocks adequate for the needs of your area. Aiding him in this are five big Norton warehouses in key cities, in addition to huge stocks at Worcester.
- In emergencies you can count on him for quickest possible deliveries, to avoid costly production delays.
- He is your direct connecting link with the entire Norton organization, world's largest manufacturers of abrasives and the leaders in abrasive research and development.

Your Norton Distributor is *the* man to contact for the world famous abrasive products and service — that will add the cost-cutting, value-adding "Touch of Gold" to all your grinding jobs.

*See your Norton Distributor  
about the new **G BOND** wheels — soon!*

# NORTON COMPANY

WORCESTER 6, MASS.

New York, Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Hartford

*Distributors in all principal cities — See your classified telephone directory.  
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*Making better products to make other products better*



**MILLER ELECTRIC**

**CUT MACHINING TIME**

**FROM 2 HOURS to 1 HOUR**

**and ELIMINATED WARPAGE**

**WITH GROUND AND POLISHED**

**STRESSPROOF®**

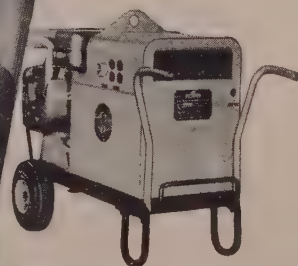
**SEVERELY COLD-WORKED, FURNACE-TREATED  
STEEL BARS**

This 2¼" generator shaft, 19¼" long, must be drilled through its entire length, have both ends stepped down, and keyseated for 10¾". Ground accuracies are required for pressing on the armature. Drilling was a headache and the keyseating often resulted in severe warpage. It required two hours to finish one shaft.

Three different steels were tried before switching over to STRESSPROOF. When Ground and Polished STRESSPROOF was used, machining time was cut in half—one hour instead of two hours. Warpage was eliminated and the shaft itself was much stronger.

STRESSPROOF makes a better part at a lower cost.

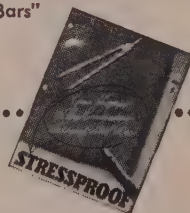
STRESSPROOF has improved quality and lowered costs in hundreds of similar applications because of its unique combination of four qualities in-the-bar: (1) High Strength, double that of ordinary cold-finished shafting; (2) Machinability, fully 50% better than heat-treated alloys of the same strength; (3) Wearability, without case hardening; and (4) Minimum Warpage. STRESSPROOF is available in cold-drawn or ground and polished finish.



Arc Welder, made by Miller Electric Manufacturing Co., Appleton, Wis., uses STRESSPROOF in the generator shaft.

**SEND FOR . . .**

Free Engineering Bulletin  
"New Economies in the Use  
of Steel Bars"



La Salle Steel Co.  
1414 150th Street  
Hammond, Indiana

Please send me your STRESSPROOF Bulletin.

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Company \_\_\_\_\_  
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City \_\_\_\_\_ Zone \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

**La Salle STEEL CO.**

... the Most Complete Line of  
Carbon and Alloy Cold-Finished  
and Ground and Polished Bars in America.





small  in size but

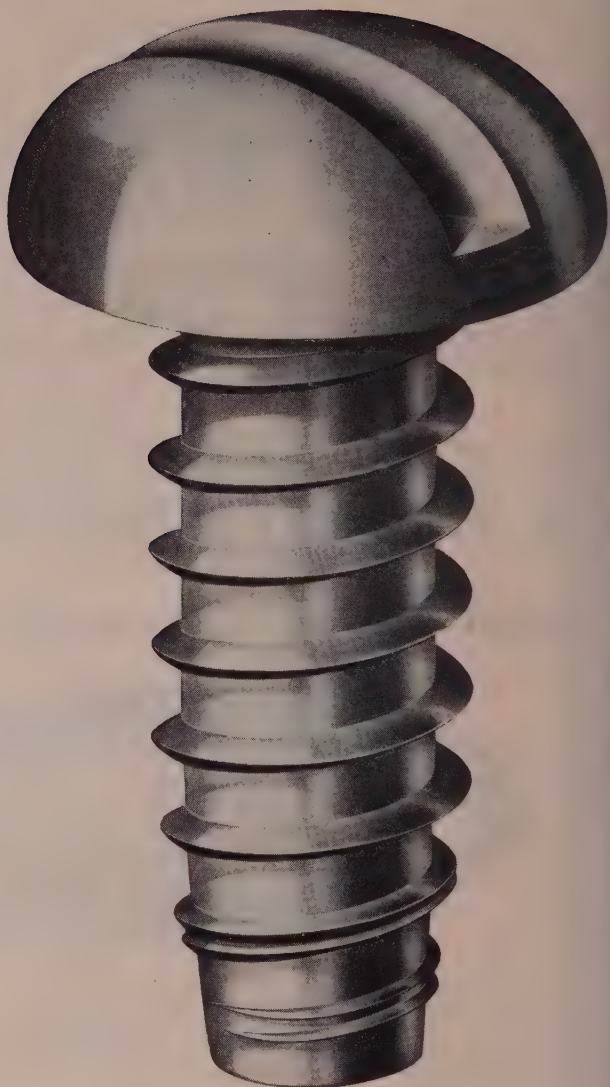
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in opportunity for  
**SAVINGS**

Just figure your assembly expense as compared to total production cost, and you'll see why. In some products it runs as high as 75%.

Cutting assembly costs is Parker-Kalon's specialty. You get a two-way savings. First, the Self-tapping Screw method, originated by P-K, permits you to save by eliminating needless operations. Second, with certified Self-tapping Screws of P-K guaranteed quality, you can make sure *planned savings pay off* on the assembly line.

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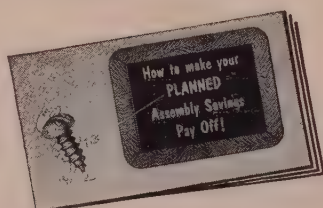


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*The Original*

### SELF-TAPPING SCREWS



**GET THIS NEW GUIDE TO LOWER ASSEMBLY COST**

Filled with facts you need to make sure of a two-way saving when you plan assemblies. Ask your P-K Distributor, or write Parker-Kalon for Form 475-D.

\*This mark  on every P-K Self-tapping Screw identifies it as genuine.



**Customized  
Abrasive Discs  
Fitted To Your  
Grinding Needs**

**GARDNER**  
*abrasive  
discs*



Gardner Abrasive Engineers—located in all principal cities—will be glad to help you with all your flat surface grinding problems.

Send for Gardner Abrasive Disc Guidebook for better surface grinding results.

Gardner varies abrasive type, grain size and structure until you get the best abrasive to meet your job requirements. You get a Gardner Customized Abrasive that meets your needs for production, stock removal, finish, tolerance. Once your specific formulation is determined, the card record goes into our permanent file. Grinding results on reorders will be duplicated because your specific abrasive formulation has been duplicated.

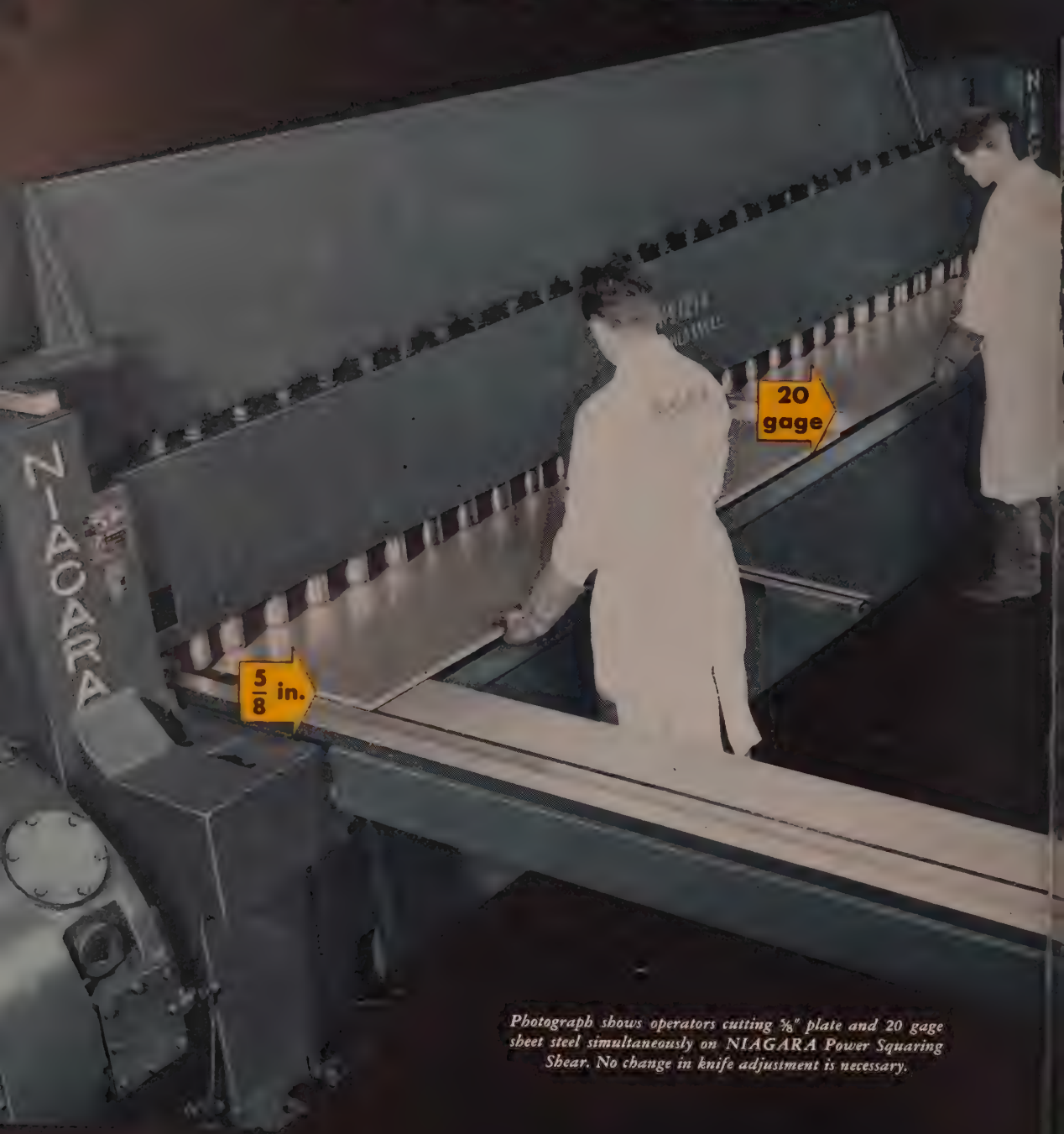
109 A

**GARDNER MACHINE COMPANY**

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# CUTTING 20 GAGE and $\frac{5}{8}$ " PLATE SIDE-BY-SIDE AT ONE STROKE



*Photograph shows operators cutting  $\frac{5}{8}$ " plate and 20 gage sheet steel simultaneously on NIAGARA Power Squaring Shear. No change in knife adjustment is necessary.*

The ability of Niagara Power Squaring Shears to cut thick and thin plate both at the same time with the same knife setting is a dramatic demonstration.

Visitors at our plant can see this done every day.

There is no necessity for tinkering with the knife adjustment.



# *Demonstrates The Sound Engineering Design of*

# **NIAGARA**

## **POWER SQUARING SHEARS**

● There is no compromise with sound, proven engineering when it comes to NIAGARA shear design and construction.

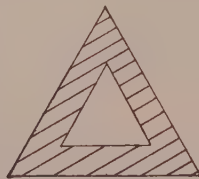
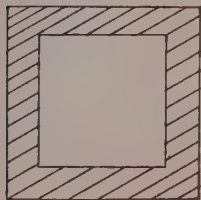
Accurate cutting depends primarily on rigidity of the shear's components.

For bed, crosshead and holddown NIAGARA uses CLOSED BOX SECTIONS to resist with minimum deflection the horizontal, vertical and diagonal or torsional loads to which every shear is subjected.

**NO OTHER SECTION WILL DO THIS JOB AS EFFICIENTLY.**

Angle or channel shaped sections have long since been abandoned for use on NIAGARA Power Shears.

The economy of quality is remembered long after price is forgotten.



**BED, CROSSHEAD & HOLDDOWN DESIGN**

**NIAGARA MACHINE AND TOOL WORKS, BUFFALO 11, NEW YORK**  
**DISTRICT OFFICES: DETROIT, CLEVELAND, NEW YORK**



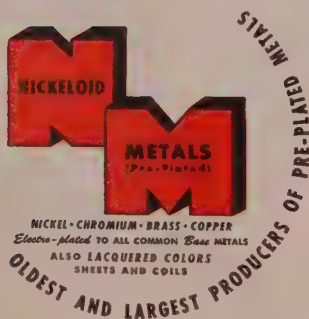
# WHAT'S YOUR LINE?

NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS  
NICKELOID PRE-PLATED METALS



Beauty of finish, practical adaptation to modern production methods are the outstanding features of Nickeloid Pre-Plated Metals.

Consider the possibilities! Five common base metals pre-plated with four distinct finishes . . . and in addition, tints, stripes, crimps and embossed patterns . . . in sheets or coils. You can combine utility values with decorative "eye appeal" by selecting from this wide range of Nickeloid Metals. These are your *finished* raw materials . . . ready for production and assembly.



A Nickeloid sales engineer will be glad to call and give you more information about these modern metals and to provide working samples.

**AMERICAN  
NICKELOID  
COMPANY**

Established 1898

PERU 1, ILLINOIS

Do you make metal products? Maybe bird cages or flashlights? Easy to use . . . economical Nickeloid Metals add sparkling beauty to good product design, whether these metals are used in part or on the whole of your finished item. Here's a partial listing of products using Nickeloid Metals:

## ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

Broilers	Hot Plates
Deep Fat Fryers	Toasters
Electric Fans	Rotisseries

## HOUSEWARES ITEMS

Bird Cages	Canister Sets
Door Chimes	Flour Sifters
Serving Trays	Bathroom Scales
Waste Baskets	Wax Paper Dispensers
Step-On Cans	Bread Boxes

## STOVES AND HEATERS

Louvres	Stove Pipe
Space Heaters	Hearth Plates
Splash Back Panels	Door Handles
Broiler Grids	Stove Pads
Instrument Panels	Control Knobs

## LIGHTING FIXTURES

Ceiling Lamps	Pin-Up Lamps
Fluorescent Fixtures	Mirror Side Lights
Lamp Shades	Ozone Lamps
Light Reflectors	Recessed Lights

## POINT OF SALE DISPLAYS

Neon Signs	Cut-Out Letters
Counter Displays	Menu Signs
Name Brand Signs	Merchandise Racks

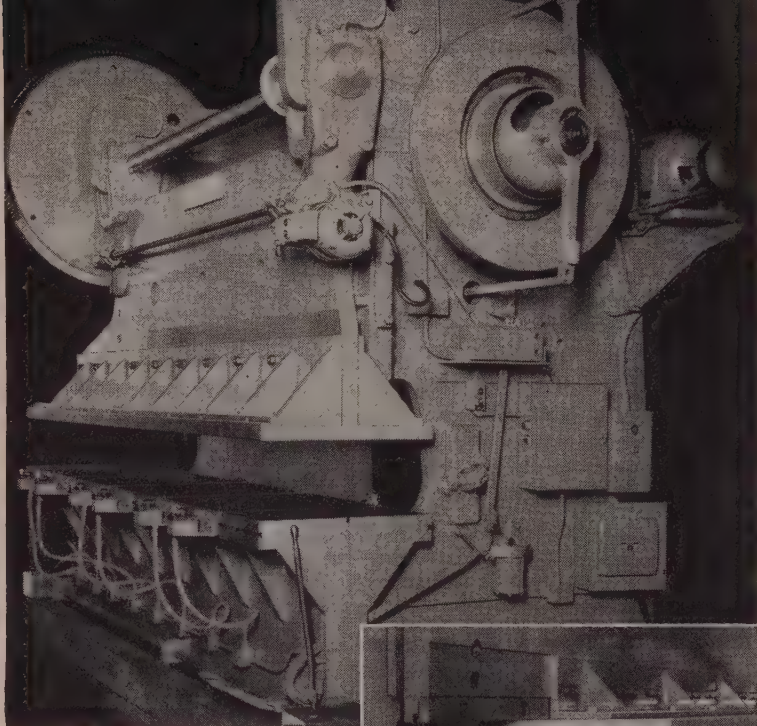
## MANY OTHER PRODUCTS

Nameplates	Switch Plates
Napkin Dispensers	Moulding & Trim
Loose Leaf Devices	Metal Specialties
Auto Accessories	Brush Ferrules
Flashlights	Badges & Tags
Juke Boxes	Toys & Games
Pencil Sharpeners	Stampings



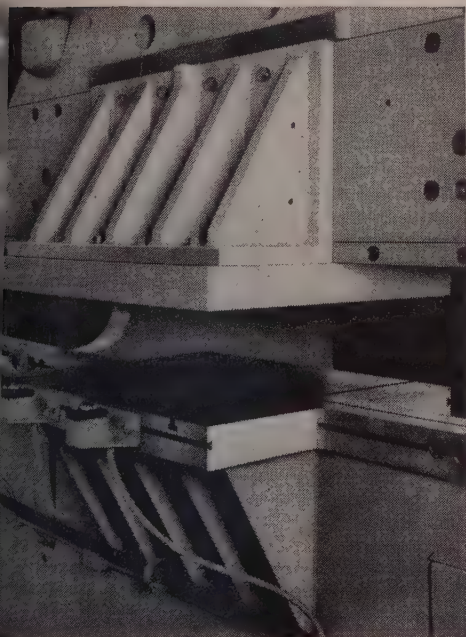
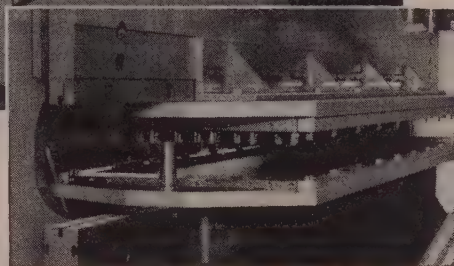


Large area, permanent wide bed and ram for press work



Large area, removable upper brackets

Large area, removable upper and lower brackets



Short, special purpose, removable upper brackets

# JUMBO DIE AREAS..

## on CINCINNATI PRESS BRAKES

With Cincinnati wide rams and beds, Cincinnati Press Brakes are now being used for both PRESS and PRESS BRAKE work.

These wide rams and beds are of two basic types—the permanent type for Press work only; the removable bracket type for general purpose requirements. With removable brackets, Cincinnati Press Brakes are dual purpose and function as Presses but also retain all the versatility of a Press Brake.

Both removable and permanent types of wide rams and beds are furnished in dimensions and areas to fit your particular requirements. We illustrate some of the combinations available on new machines.

Investigate!! Our Engineering Department will be glad to advise you on the profit and production possibilities of this new development in your shop. Write for Catalog B-2.

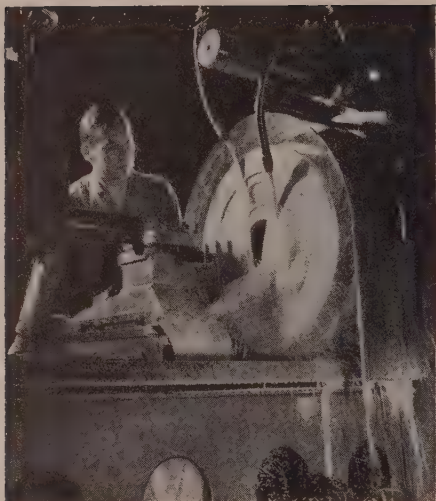


# THE CINCINNATI SHAPER CO.

CINCINNATI 25, OHIO U.S.A.

SHAPERS · SHEARS · BRAKES





## To avoid trouble— don't invite it!

One way to avoid costly machine tool  
breakdowns and down-time is to head  
off the trouble before it starts—with  
a positive preventive maintenance program.

Another way—and an important one—  
buy the machine that is backed by an  
industry-wide reputation for long  
years of trouble-free service.

When the going gets tough—  
put it on the Warner & Swasey!

**WARNER  
&  
SWASEY**  
*Cleveland*  
PRECISION  
MACHINERY  
SINCE 1880

You can produce it better, faster, for less with Warner & Swasey Machine Tools, Textile Machinery, Construction Machinery

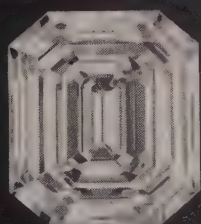




# Here is perfection!

ROEBLING makes the finest high carbon wire available to industry today. Roebling wire is absolutely true to specifications...absolutely uniform in gauge and finish. Manufacturers who try Roebling wire once, become Roebling customers from then on.

You *pay* for the best when you buy high carbon wire. Make sure that you *get* it! Always specify Roebling. John A. Roebling's Sons Corporation, Trenton 2, N. J.



The Jonker, world's largest emerald-cut diamond.



**ROEBLING** 

A subsidiary of The Colorado Fuel and Iron Corporation

**BRANCHES:** ATLANTA, 934 AVON AVE. • BOSTON, 51 SLEEPER ST. • CHICAGO, 5525 W. ROOSEVELT RD. • CINCINNATI, 3253 FREDONIA AVE. • CLEVELAND, 13225 LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS BLVD. • DENVER, 4801 JACKSON ST. • DETROIT, 915 FISHER BLDG. • HOUSTON, 6216 NAVIGATION BLVD. • LOS ANGELES, 5340 E. HARBOR ST. NEW YORK, 19 RECTOR ST. • ODESSA, TEXAS, 1920 E. 2ND ST. • PHILADELPHIA, 230 VINE ST. • SAN FRANCISCO, 1740 17TH ST. • SEATTLE, 900 1ST AVE. S. • TULSA, 321 N. CHEYENNE ST. • EXPORT SALES OFFICE, TRENTON 2, N. J.



**TRAILMOBILE INC. Reports...**

**"50% SAVED"**

# LORAIN CRANE

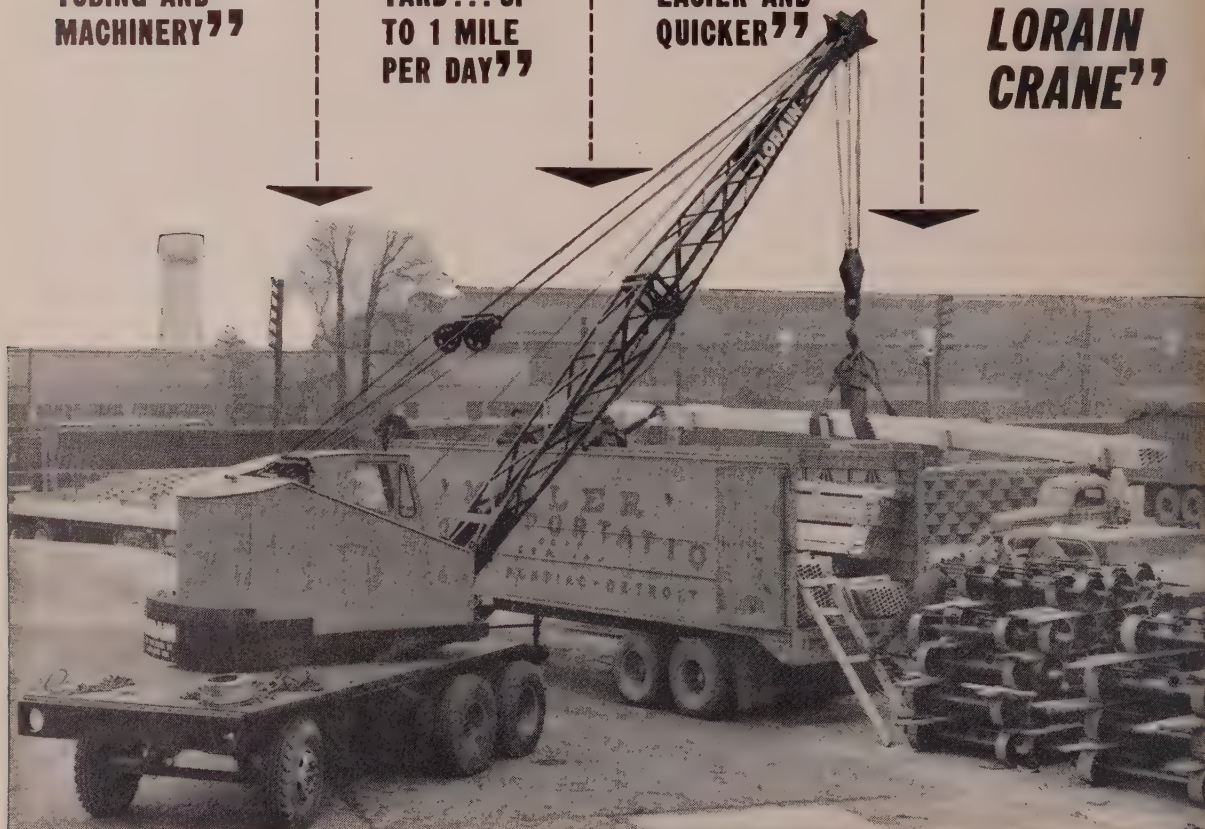
**Saves time and dollars on material handling jobs**

**"UNLOADS STEEL, AXLES, ALUMINUM, TUBING AND MACHINERY"**

**"TRAVELS ALL OVER PLANT YARD... UP TO 1 MILE PER DAY"**

**"HANDLES LARGER BUNDLES, SAFER, EASIER AND QUICKER"**

**"NO LOST TIME WITH LORAIN CRANE"**



The quotes above are by Mr. Joseph P. Simon, Receiving Foreman at Trailmobile, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio. He's talking about the performance of their mobile 15-ton Lorain Self-Propelled Crane, Model SP-254. This well-known manufacturer of trucks and trailers has found these important time and money-saving advantages from the use of their rubber-tire Lorain.

The same advantages can be applied to your material handling problems . . . for these same reasons. Lorain Self-Propelled Cranes are one-man operated — one man does the work of a crew. They roll on big rubber tires at 7 m.p.h. anywhere you want to lift, load or carry. Air steering makes these mobile Lorains extremely maneuverable and easy to handle. Sixteen or more crane boom attachments permit handling any size, shape or type material. Long booms can stack high, reach far — save valuable yard space.

Lorain material handling cranes on rubber are available in capacities from 6 to 45 tons. Investigate the many advantages of the size to fit your plant. Your local Thew-Lorain Distributor can give you facts!

**THE THEW SHOVEL CO., LORAIN, OHIO**

**See you at  
BOOTH  
1325B**

**5<sup>th</sup> NATIONAL**

**MATERIALS  
HANDLING  
EXPOSITION**

**MAY 18-22, 1953  
PHILADELPHIA**

**THEW  
LORAIN  
CRANES FOR INDUSTRY**



# 1440

*is the production rate in  
these*

*per hour*

**BROACHING**

**MAIN BEARING CAPS**

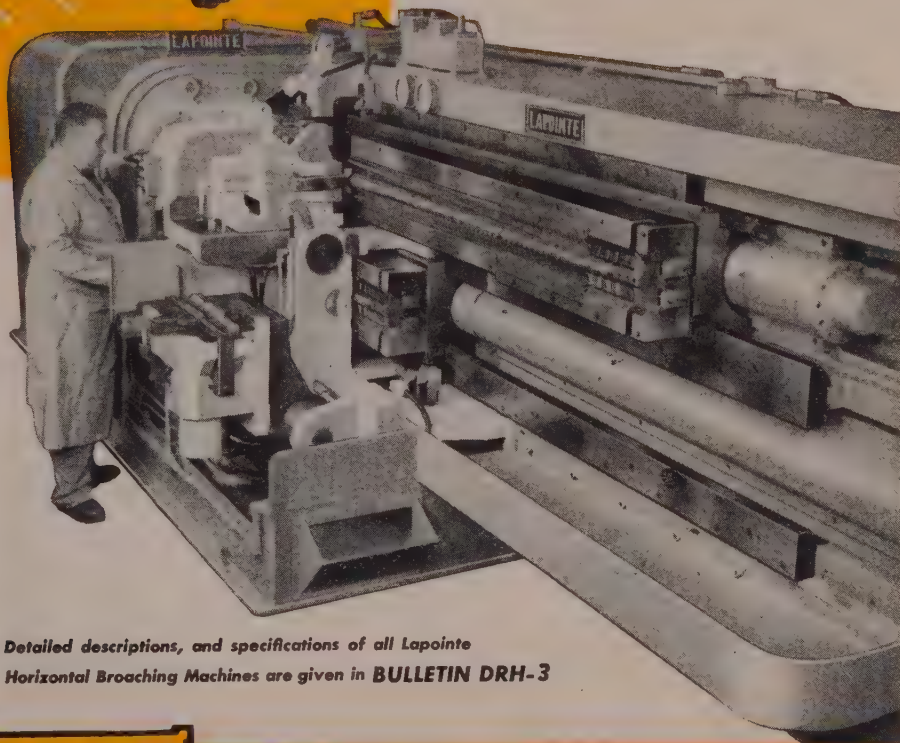
This high production is  
accomplished on the

**LAPOINTE**

Double Ram Horizontal  
Broaching Machine, 15-ton size,  
with 90-inch stroke  
... using Carbide Broaches.



Operating at 80 fpm  
cutting speed, these Main  
Bearing Caps are  
broached in clusters of 5,  
with the half-round,  
joint faces, and chamfered  
edges all broached  
in one operation!



**SEND FOR FOLDER.** Detailed descriptions, and specifications of all Lapointe  
Horizontal Broaching Machines are given in **BULLETIN DRH-3**

THE

**LAPOINTE**

**MACHINE TOOL COMPANY**

HUDSON, MASSACHUSETTS • U. S. A.

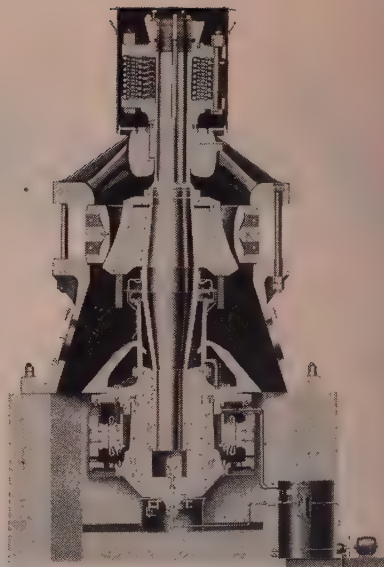
In England: Watford, Hertfordshire



**THE WORLD'S OLDEST AND LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF BROACHING MACHINES AND BROACHES**



This Kennedy-VanSaun  
**CRUSHER SHAFT**  
 went to work on time



thanks to  
 Standard Steel's  
**fast  
 service!**



To keep production moving without delays so that finished equipment may be shipped on schedule, Kennedy-Van Saun Manufacturing & Engineering Corporation realizes the importance of Standard Steel's ability to supply necessary materials on time. Vice President F. O. Reed writes:

*"A matter of great importance when contracting for the purchase of forgings is the problem of getting deliveries. We have found when Standard Steel Works, as contractors, make a promise of delivery, it is very dependable, and this is extremely important to us."*

In addition they have found the analysis and quality of the steels used in Standard Steel forgings and castings contribute to most dependable performance records.

Thus another reason why you should standardize on Standard Steel forgings and castings to protect your reputation and the quality of your products is the fact that you can be certain of Standard's *fast service* without sacrifice of quality.

ONE OF SIX REASONS why you should always call Standard Steel for forgings and castings

**1** Quality Steel—through production of own steel by acid process.

**3** Fast Service—a vital factor in the continuing growth of Standard Steel for over 150 years.

**2** Uniformity—assured by precise control of forging and rolling operations.

**4** Testing—radiographic tests, tensile tests, hardness tests, ultrasonic probing of internal structure, etc.

**5** Capacity—unsurpassed ability to produce forgings and castings of unusual sizes and shapes, such as weldless rings all the way up to 144" O.D.

**6** Experience—produced by skilled workmen with 20 to 40 years experience.

For more information write Dept. 8746

**STANDARD STEEL WORKS DIVISION**

Burnham, Pennsylvania



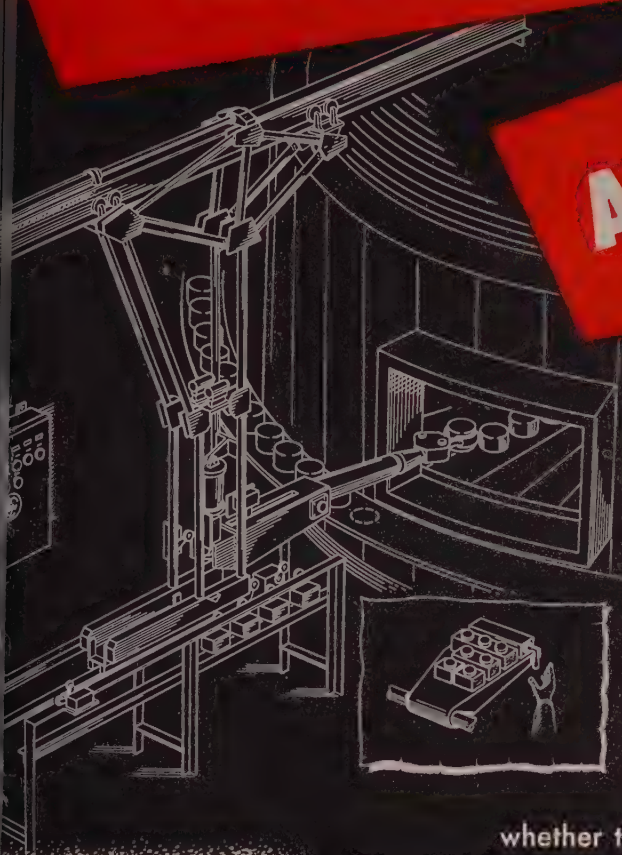
**BALDWIN - LIMA - HAMILTON**

General Offices: Philadelphia 42, Pa. • Offices in Principal Cities



# How's This For —

# AUTOMATION?



This mechanical hand is called a Billet Charging Machine. It automatically loads cylindrical steel billets into a rotary furnace, one row at a time, to be heated for forging.

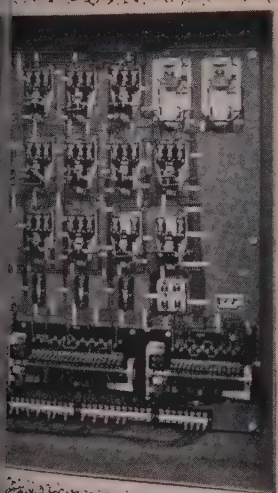


The machine picks up a billet from the conveyor and sets it down inside the furnace. It repeats this operation until it has lined up a full row of billets. A selector switch determines whether there shall be three or four billets to a row. The cycle is repeated when the furnace rotates to the next loading position.

Seven separate motions are required to load each billet. Thus the complete cycle involves either 21 or 28 individually controlled motions for the row.

The Billet Charger was designed by E. Homer Kendall, Consulting Engineer, of Alliance, Ohio and built by May-Fran Engineering, Inc., of Cleveland. The special automatic control panel—the brain of the machine—is Clark designed and Clark built.

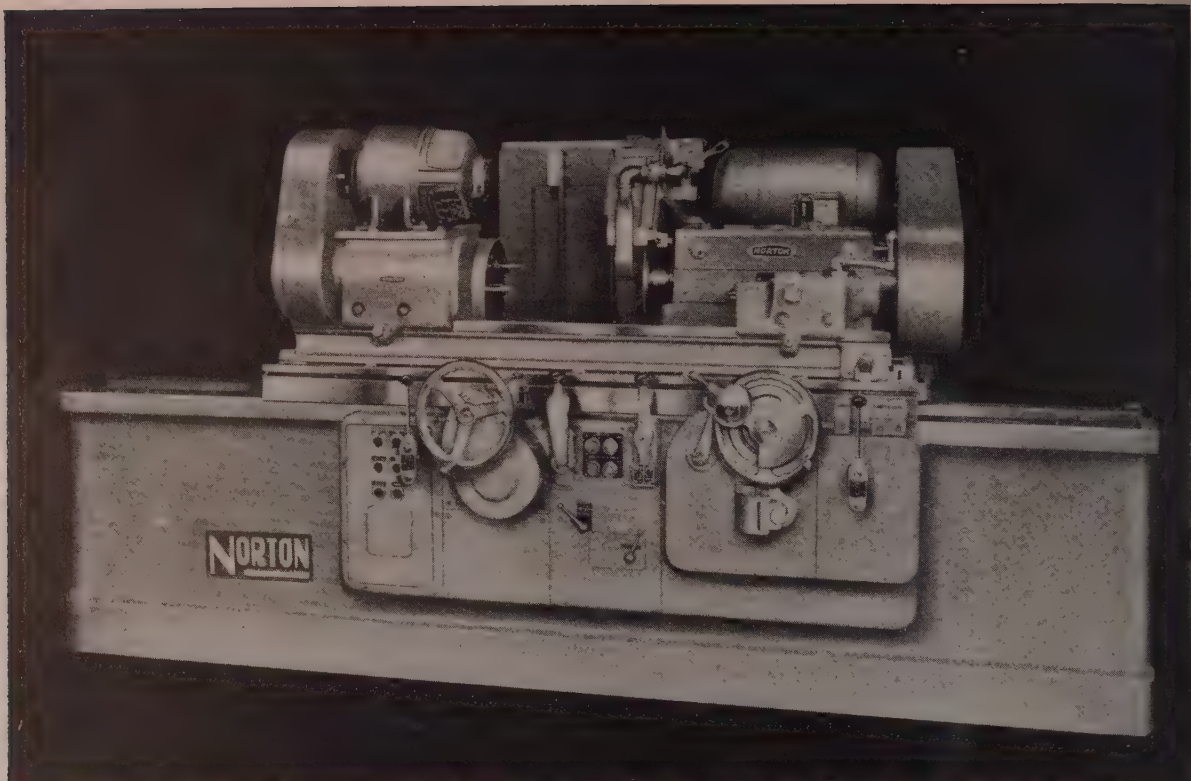
You can put CLARK Engineered Electrical Control experience to work for you. Just contact your nearest CLARK representative.



## THE CLARK CONTROLLER co.

ENGINEERED ELECTRICAL CONTROL • 1146 EAST 152ND STREET, CLEVELAND 10, OHIO





**NORTON 10" TYPE CTU SEMIAUTOMATIC GRINDER** is first choice in production lines and in job shops. No other cylindrical grinder offers you such a unique combination of speed, accuracy, flexibility and sturdiness. No wonder users have reported that Norton 10" CTU's have doubled production . . . replaced 2 or 3 machines . . . eliminated extra operations . . . made operators

more productive . . . and have given them the "Touch of Gold". *Catalog No. 1787* has complete data on sizes, advantages, features and optional equipment that help you put extra profits into your production. It will pay you to look into the high-speed, high-finish grinding this machine makes possible.

## These cylindrical grinding machines give you **"TOUCH OF GOLD"** value ... in your profit margins

The Norton CTU is such a money-maker it brings you the touch of gold. It adds value to each piece of work it handles — and it actually cuts the cost of grinding . . . thus adding to your product profits.

It's easy to see why. Your operator loads the work . . . touches one lever . . . and stands by while the machine does the rest . . . as easy as 1-2-3.

Work is automatically ground to size under electric timer control . . . and the wheel head resets itself for the next cycle.

All three basic Norton CTU Semiautomatic Grinders: 4", 6", and 10" offer you

the same advantages over their different ranges of work sizes. You can also get the 6" grinder with a 10" swing and the 10" grinder with a 14" swing by specifying Type LCTU. The Norton line of Type CTU Cylindrical Grinders also includes plain machines for traverse grinding. Your Norton Representative will be glad to help you choose the one that best fits your requirements.

Norton Cylindrical Grinding Machines are just one phase of the world's most complete line of grinders and lappers . . . products of Norton's engineering leadership in the development of both grind-

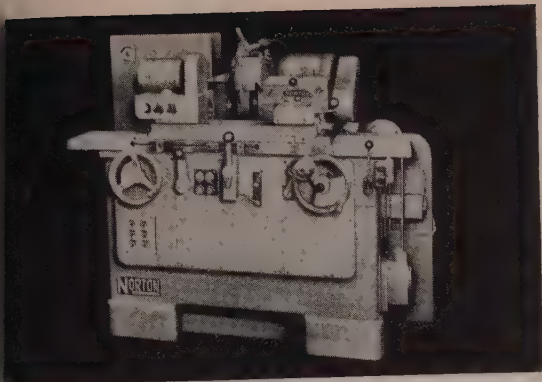
ing wheels and machines.

*Remember — only Norton offers you such long experience in both grinding wheels and machines to help you produce more at lower cost . . . to have that "Touch of Gold."*

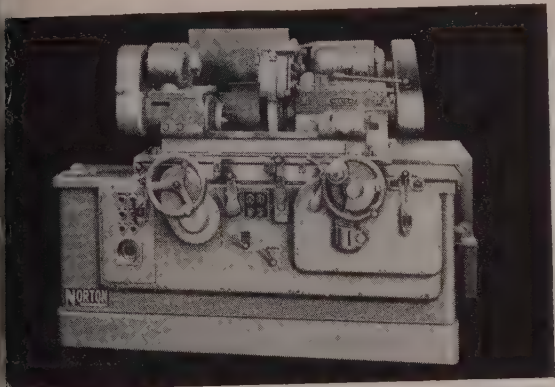
Norton welcomes opportunities to work with you on the planning level to fit standard or special grinding machines into your immediate plans or for "post-emergency" production.

For complete information, see your Norton Representative or write us direct for the catalogs listed under the machine illustrations. NORTON COMPANY, Machine Division, Worcester 6, Mass.





**NORTON 4" TYPE CTU** Semiautomatic Grinder in 12" and 18" work length capacities now makes it practical for you to apply high-speed grinding for adding value to small parts. *Catalog No. 531* gives full details.

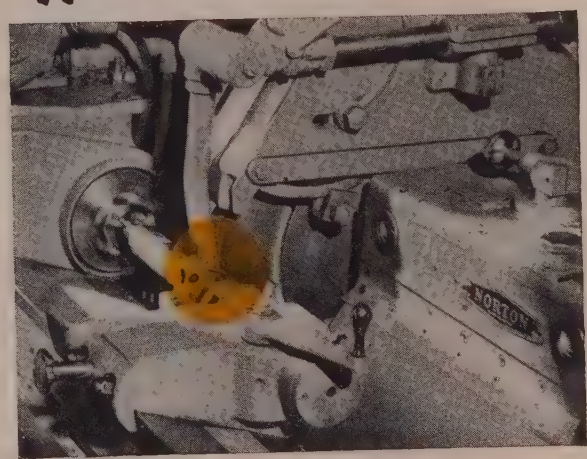


**NORTON 6" TYPE CTU** Semiautomatic Grinder, in 18" and 30" work length capacities, has a performance record that's worth investigating. *Catalog 1488* tells the whole interesting story.

# EASY AS 1-2-3



**1.** Operator loads machine and touches starting lever.



**2.** Machine automatically grinds part to required size and finish — while operator attends another machine.



**3.** Operator unloads machine.

## for your product

To Economize Modernize With NEW



GRINDERS and LAPERS

*Making better products to make other products better*

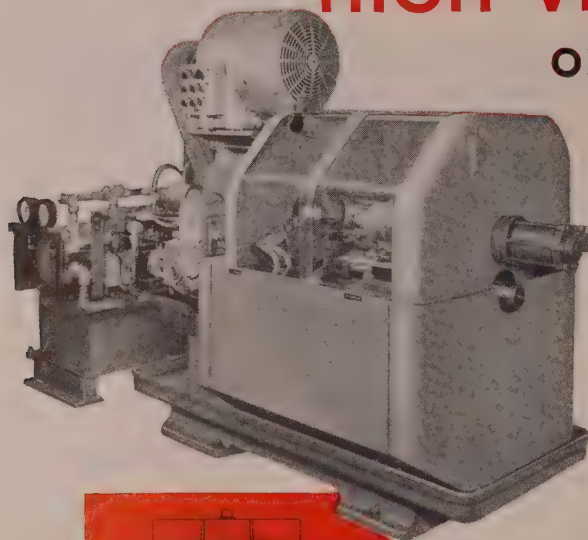
District Sales Offices: Hartford • New York • Cleveland • Chicago • Detroit  
In Canada: J. H. Ryder Machinery Co., Ltd., Toronto 5, Ontario.



# AUTOMATICITY BACKS UP

## HIGH VELOCITY TURNING

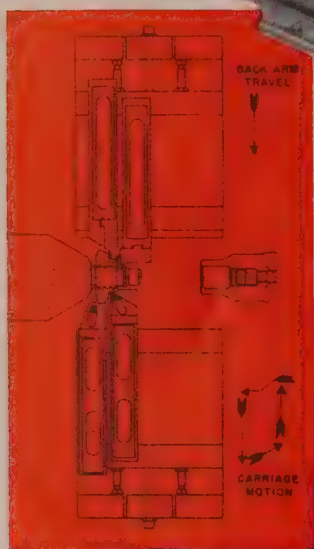
### ON FAY AUTOMATICS



#### SIDE GEARS

**18 Seconds Floor to Floor — 635 SFM**

Two 8" Fays, with Automatic Sequential Control, machine all exterior surfaces of the blanks in two operations; one machine for each. The major diameter is 2-15/16" and floor to floor time is approximately 18 seconds in each operation.

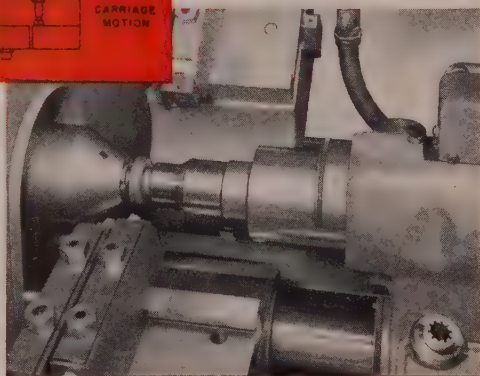


*Automatic Cycle*—The machines are equipped with automatically operated splash guards and automatically air-operated tailstock rams for pressing the blank onto a splined arbor equipped with automatically operated ejector pins.

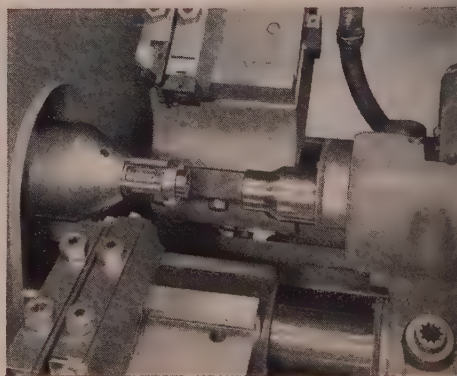
The operator places the blank on the end of the arbor, and pushes the cycle start button. *Automatically, the guard closes, the tailstock ram presses the piece onto the arbor and then retracts. The carriage turns, the back arm faces, and at the end of the cuts, ejector pins push the piece onto the loading section of the arbor from which it is removed manually.*

#### FIRST OPERATION:

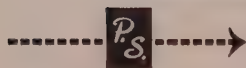
Note intricate movements of the carriage, which turns the hub, back angle and major diameter. The back arm faces and forms.



Tailstock presses blank on arbor



Ejector pins release blank from arbor



Production management regularly relies upon the engineering services of Jones & Lamson for the latest information on methods, costs, tooling and performance. Why not consult us about YOUR turning, threading and inspection problems.

# JONES & LAMSON



Machine Tool Craftsmen  
Since 1835

JONES & LAMSON MACHINE CO., 517 Clinton St., Dept. 710, Springfield, Vt., U.S.A.

FAY LATHE DIVISION



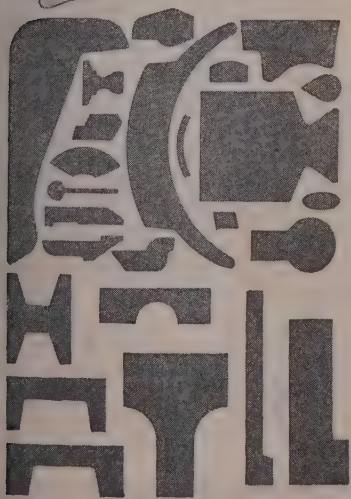
# DISSTON Steels

## HOT ROLLED TO SHAPE, GIVE YOU A PRODUCTION HEAD-START

It may be money-saving news to you that Disston can relieve you of much of the overhead in machining by delivering Disston Hot Rolled Steel Shapes to meet or closely approximate your specifications. These steel- and labor-saving shapes can be rolled in a variety of forms that should easily offer production short-cuts to you. Tolerances are close, and finishes are exceptionally fine. Disston Shapes can be made in either alloy or carbon steels, both electric and open hearth grades. Disston engineers and metallurgists are ready to work with you today. Write us, giving your needs.

### **HENRY DISSTON & SONS, INC.**

426 Tacony, Philadelphia 35, Pa., U.S.A.

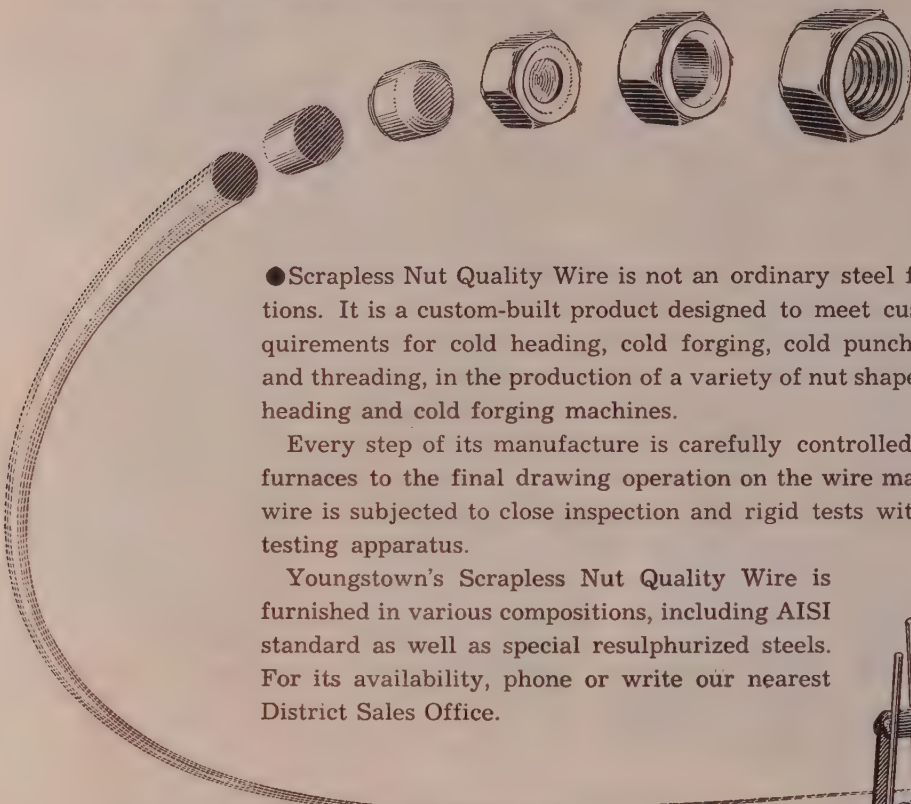


*A few of the many forms of Disston Hot Rolled Shapes now being used in industry.*



*Custom built to customers' requirements..*

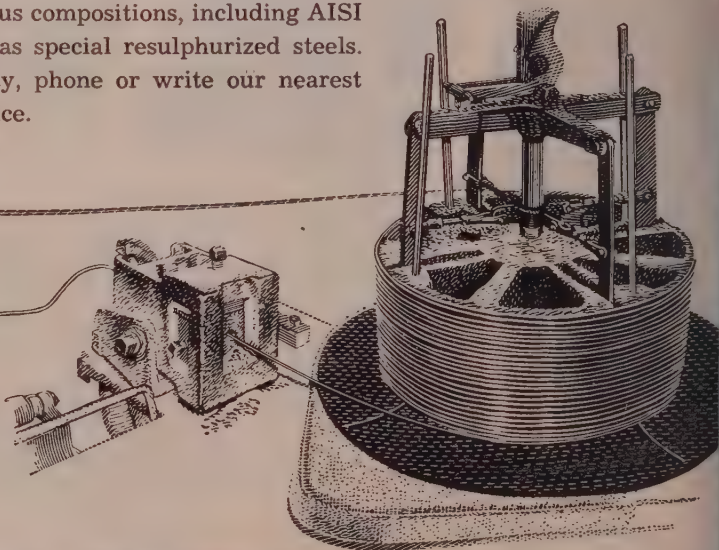
# YOUNGSTOWN SCRAPLESS NUT WIRE



●Scrapless Nut Quality Wire is not an ordinary steel for common applications. It is a custom-built product designed to meet customers' specific requirements for cold heading, cold forging, cold punching, cold expanding and threading, in the production of a variety of nut shapes on continuous cold heading and cold forging machines.

Every step of its manufacture is carefully controlled—from the melting furnaces to the final drawing operation on the wire machines. Each coil of wire is subjected to close inspection and rigid tests with modern electrical testing apparatus.

Youngstown's Scrapless Nut Quality Wire is furnished in various compositions, including AISI standard as well as special resulfurized steels. For its availability, phone or write our nearest District Sales Office.



# Youngstown

SCRAPLESS NUT  
QUALITY WIRE

**THE YOUNGSTOWN SHEET AND TUBE COMPANY**

General Offices: Youngstown, Ohio - Export Office: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, N. Y.  
PIPE AND TUBULAR PRODUCTS - CONDUIT - BARS - RODS - COLD FINISHED CARBON AND ALLOY BARS -  
SHEETS - PLATES - WIRE - ELECTROLYTIC TIN PLATE - COKE TIN PLATE - RAILROAD TRACK SPIKES

*Manufacturers of  
Carbon, Alloy and Yelow Steel*



# MILLION DOLLAR BABY

a bargain price

## MANIPULATOR

The years of research which perfected this heavy-duty machine resulted in a new invention.



## MANIPULET

Outgrowth of the Manipulator, this new device handles smaller pieces in less space and requires lower capital investment.

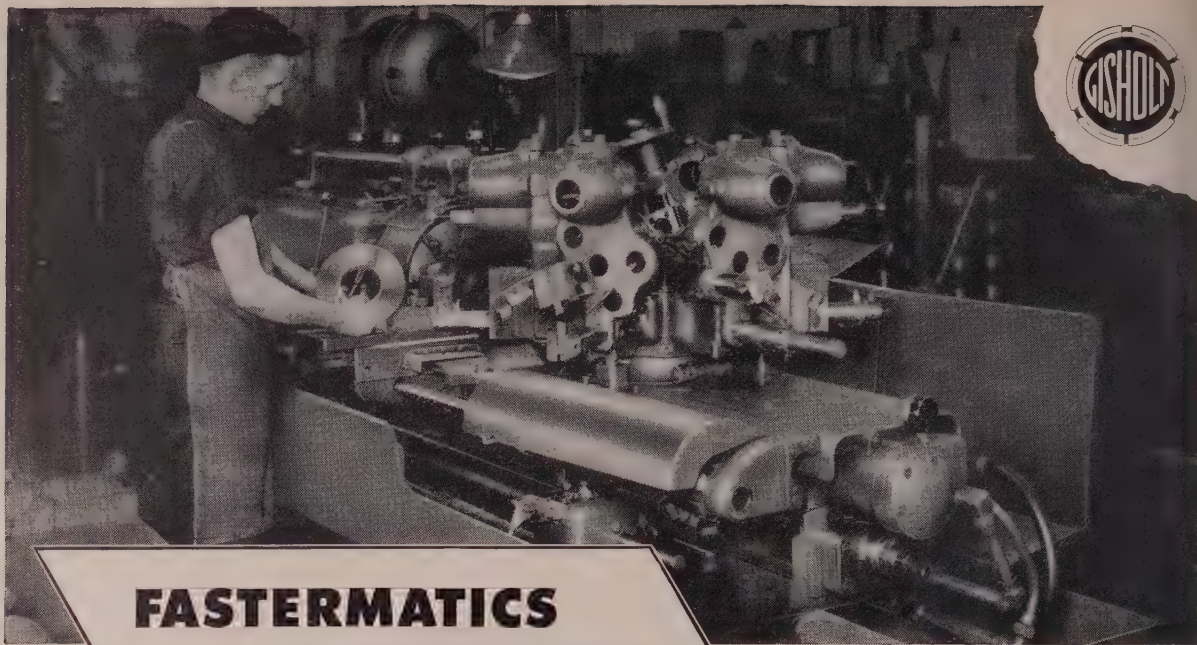
Salem-Brosius is proud to announce NIPULET, an ingenious new device for furnace charging and drawing, transiting, and hammer or press manipulating of blanks and billets up to 1,500 lbs. This machine is literally the by-product of the many years of research which perfected its larger relative, yet scaled down in cost to fit smaller and more arduous forging operations. It is truly a "million-dollar baby at a bargain price." Like the big Brosius Automatic Forging Manipulator, its movements under hammer or press are extremely sensitive. It raises and lowers a forging piece, tilts it up or down, and rotates it . . . in fact, the Manipulet does everything possible with its hoist and porter bar with far greater speed, safety and precision. Because of its unique ability to move into position, grasp and carry, while the operator remains at a safe distance, its use has already been suggested for handling other relatively heavy objects such as gas cylinders and boxes of radio-active material. The Manipulet seems to fit our materials-handling problem—either forging or otherwise—please write to us for further information.



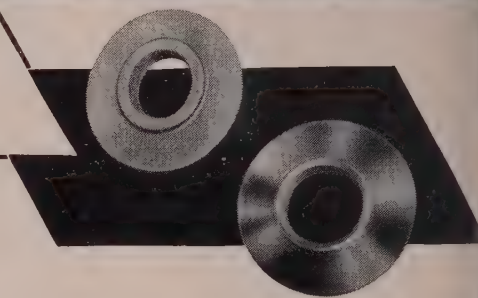
# SALEM-BROSIUS, Inc.

SALES AND EXECUTIVE OFFICES: 248 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH 22, PA.





## **FASTERMATICS** *Produce Faster— Pay Off Faster*

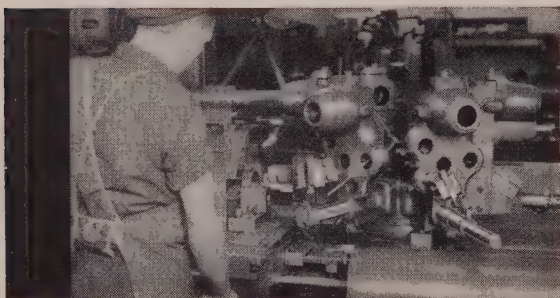


**It** may seem incredible, in this day and age, for any major machine tool to "buy" itself in nine short weeks of operation. But that's exactly what the Fastermatic Automatic Turret Lathe did on this job of machining clutch plate hubs.

Former time, on hand-operated turret lathes, was 15 minutes per piece. The Fastermatic, with automatic control of all machine functions, reduced the time to only 3 minutes, floor to floor.

Earnings piled up so fast over former production costs that the Fastermatic paid for itself in just 9 weeks—or 893 hours of operation.

Do you have work that permits a number of cuts in one chucking? Investigate the Fastermatics. You may have a big opportunity to increase production, cut costs and save man power.



In this tooling setup, only 3 turret faces are needed to turn each part. With duplicate tooling on the remaining 3 faces of the hexagon turret, 2 parts are machined with each complete turret cycle. The operator merely loads and unloads the work.

**THE GISHOLT ROUND TABLE** represents the collective experience of specialists in the machining, surface-finishing and balancing of round and partly round parts. Your problems are welcomed here.



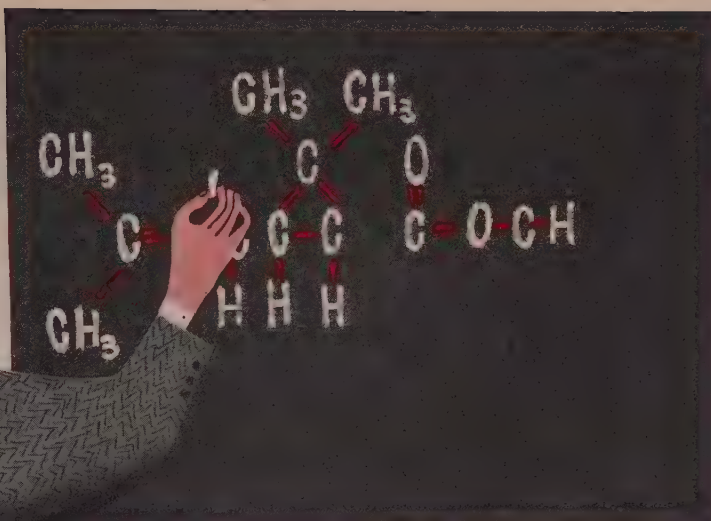
# **GISHOLT**

**MACHINE COMPANY**

Madison 10, Wisconsin

**TURRET LATHES • AUTOMATIC LATHES • SUPERFINISHERS • BALANCERS • SPECIAL MACHINES**





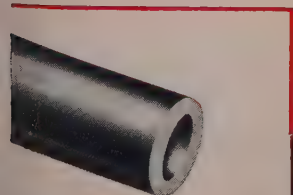
# You're missing something if you don't remember **CRUCIBLE** **HOLLOW TOOL STEEL**

If you manufacture tool steel parts with cutout centers, and your aim is to reduce production time and costs, you can't afford to overlook Crucible Hollow Tool Steel. It comes in three famous grades: KETOS, AIRDI 150 and SANDERSON.

You don't have to drill and bore solid bars anymore. For these quality brands of tool steel are immediately available with machine-finished inside and outside diameters and faces — cut to your specific length requirements. And they come in a wide range of sizes.

By eliminating drilling and boring operations, Crucible Hollow Tool Steel will lower your production time per unit . . . increase your machine capacity . . . and reduce your scrap losses.

For full information and literature, call your nearest Crucible warehouse . . . or write for new brochure describing Crucible Hollow Tool Steel. Address Dept. S, Crucible Steel Company of America, Chrysler Building, New York, N. Y.



**CRUCIBLE**

first name in special purpose steels

53 years of *Fine* steelmaking

**HOLLOW TOOL STEEL**

CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA • TOOL STEEL SALES • SYRACUSE, N. Y.





*F*or more than a century the advance of this country into its present position of leadership among the nations of the world has been paced by the production and transportation of the necessary ores from which have been made the metals which have made such development possible.

IRON ORE • ALLOYS  
VESSEL  
TRANSPORTATION  
COAL



**THE Cleveland-Cliffs IRON COMPANY**  
UNION COMMERCE BUILDING • CLEVELAND 14, OHIO



THE MODERN SOLVENT THAT FITS EVERY VAPOR DEGREASING NEED



**EASE-COVERED** switch gear housings enter vapor degreasing unit by conveyor. A system such as this permits smooth, even flow of housings at high production speed.



**CLEAN, WARM AND DRY**—the housings emerge from the unit ready for inspection, assembly or further processing—in less than a minute.

# DU PONT "TRICLENE" D

(TRICHLOROETHYLENE)

## Cleans hard-to-reach surfaces in less than a minute

You can clean intricate metal parts easily and thoroughly with "Triclene" D. This rugged solvent goes after the heaviest contaminants . . . routs them from seemingly inaccessible places.

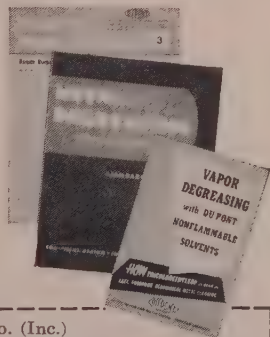
Stable and pure "Triclene" D has been carefully developed over the past twenty years—ever since Du Pont pioneered synthetic solvents for vapor degreasing. It is designed for efficient operation in all types of degreasing equipment . . . removes even the most stubborn of today's buffing and machining compounds. And its narrow boiling range simplifies solvent recovery for economical re-use.

**DISTRICT OFFICES:** Boston • Charlotte • Chicago • Cincinnati • Cleveland • Detroit • El Monte (Calif.) • New York • Philadelphia

Du Pont metal cleaning specialists are experienced in keeping degreasing installations at peak efficiency. They will be glad to assist you in all phases of your metal cleaning program. For this friendly service, simply get in touch with your nearest Du Pont district office.

### THIS VALUABLE INFORMATION IS YOURS—FREE

You'll find complete information on the operation and maintenance of vapor degreasing equipment in these booklets. And interesting, up-to-date case histories about degreasing units in operation throughout the metal field are presented in our publication, "MODERN METAL FINISHING." You can receive this wealth of information by checking the appropriate boxes in the coupon below and returning it to us.



## DU PONT

first in solvents for

## VAPOR DEGREASING



BETTER THINGS FOR BETTER LIVING  
... THROUGH CHEMISTRY

E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.)  
Electrochemicals Dept., Wilmington 98, Del.

Please send me more information on vapor degreasing and "Triclene" D. I am interested in receiving the literature checked below.

- ☐ Free booklets on vapor degreasing  
☐ Free publication "MODERN METAL FINISHING"  
(Please add my name to the mailing list)

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# GENERAL-PURPOSE CONTROL



Fhp motor starter



1-7 1/2 hp manual motor starters



A-c magnetic motor starter



Combination motor starter



Reversing motor starter



## Meet Any Motor-Starting Application With A Dependable G-E Magnetic Starter

### Thousands of Forms Available

No matter what your requirements, you can get a G-E starter to fit your application. Hundreds of variations of across-the-line, combination, reversing and multi-speed starters are available for a-c motors.

Every form pictured above has the same basic contactor that has proved its superiority again and again in severe industrial applications. You can choose from literally thousands of combinations of the contactor, shown at the right, and its accessory components, to get the best control for your particular motor application.

**EXTRA INTERLOCK CONTACTS**—as many as four on sizes 0 and 1, three on sizes 2 and 3—can be added to the standard starter for your application.

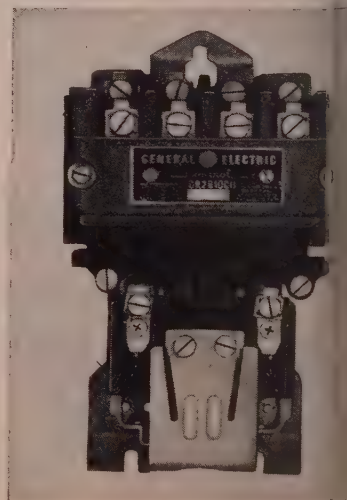
**CONTROL TRANSFORMERS** for operator protection, extra overload relay for motor protection, and control relays are available as standard components.

**EITHER START-STOP** push buttons or Hand-Off-Auto selector switches can be mounted in the starter cover.

**ENCLOSURES** for every motor application include general purpose, watertight, dust-tight, semidust-tight, and explosion-proof. Enclosures that meet JIC specifications are also available.

**ALL STARTERS** have plenty of wiring space. Contacts, coils and overload relays can be removed quickly, conveniently.

Contact your nearest G-E apparatus sales office or authorized agent or distributor for your starters. Write for Bulletin GEC-880 for more details.







Reduced voltage starter



Heavy and standard-duty push-button stations



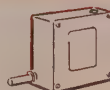
General-purpose relay



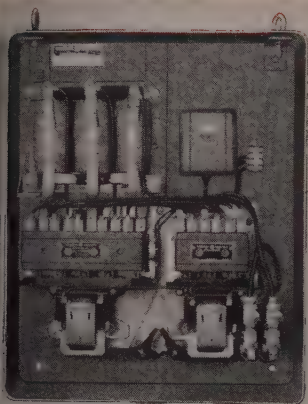
A-c and d-c solenoids



Roller-lever type limit switch

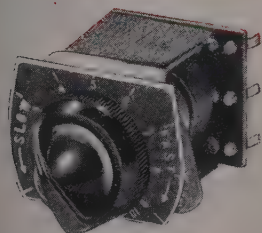


Rotating-type limit switch



### REDUCED-VOLTAGE MAGNETIC STARTER SOLVES POWER PROBLEMS

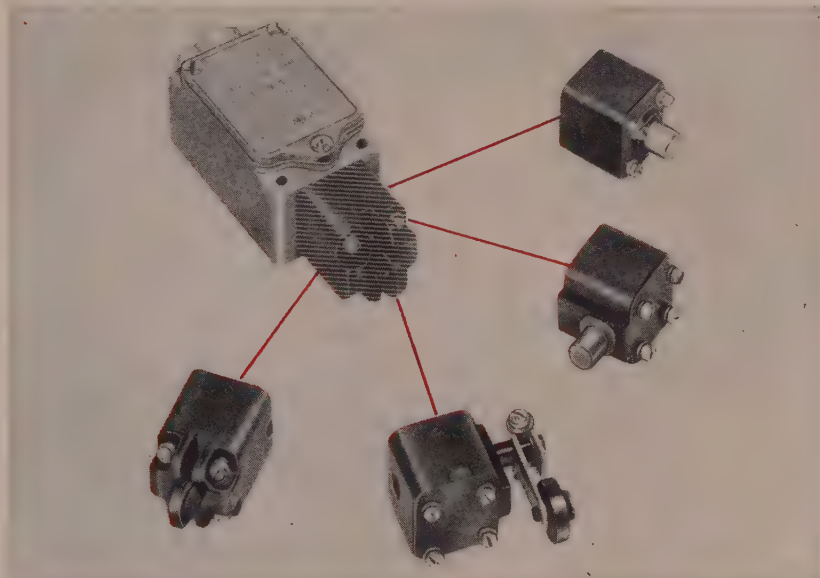
When load limitations prohibit motor starting at full voltage, this autotransformer-type starter controls and protects operation of motor-driven pumps, conveyors, compressors, blowers, etc. Available in air-break and oil-immersed designs, this hard-working starter for motors up to 250 hp utilizes the most modern materials and methods to give exactly the kind of operation you require years to come.



### NEW OILTIGHT POTENTIOMETER FOR CONTROL OF VARIABLE-SPEED MOTORS

This compact unit is part of the new G-E line of oiltight push buttons for use on a-c or d-c. It can be mounted in the standard G-E stations or enclosures or directly on the machine to be controlled. Ask for Bulletin GEA-5779 on the entire line of G-E oiltight push buttons.

## SMALL G-E LIMIT SWITCH HAS FOUR INTERCHANGEABLE OPERATING HEADS FOR VARIETY OF APPLICATIONS



The basic contact unit—only slightly over two inches high—can be obtained with one of four different types of heads: roller lever, side pushrod, top pushrod, and roller pushrod. Case is oiltight—a gasketed cover keeps dirt and lubricating oils away from the contacts.

Little movement is required to operate it—18 degrees with a one-inch radius arm, 5/64 inch for the plunger type. Use this

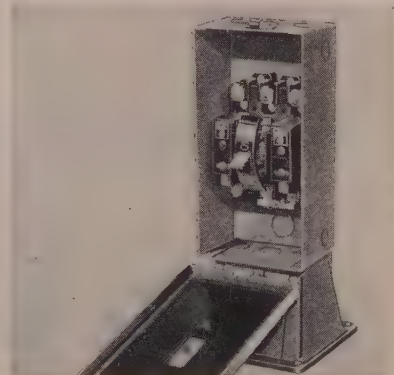
switch on machine tools, battery truck lift platforms, on small machines as a pilot device, and as a safety interlock on enclosing cases. Operates on a-c or d-c. Double-throw snap-action contact is easily accessible for wiring, and there is adequate room within the cast aluminum case for connecting to terminals, which are extra large. Bulletin GEA-5707.

## NEW DUST-TIGHT/LINT-TIGHT G-E MANUAL MOTOR STARTER

For Motors Up to 7½ Hp

Listed by Underwriters' Laboratories and Factory Mutual, this starter for motors up to 7½ horsepower is completely dust tight. Special gaskets and cover fastenings keep dust from contacts—reduce the fire hazard. Two- three- and four-pole forms have bi-metallic overload relays with front-connected heaters. Switch lever moves to neutral position on overload, is vibration resistant.

Switch interior can be reversed in the enclosure for either top or bottom feed, and ON-OFF nameplate can be easily reversed.



For more information contact your nearest G-E representative, agent, or distributor, or write Section B730-45, General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N. Y.

GENERAL  ELECTRIC





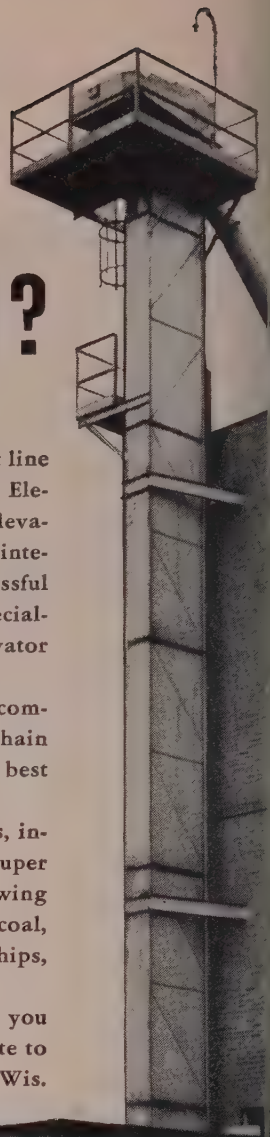
# looking for a **BUCKET ELEVATOR?**

They're easy to find—when you make the complete Chain Belt line your starting point. Here, you'll find a standard Rex® Bucket Elevator to meet virtually every type of requirement. You'll find elevators that are dependable, long lived, that require very little maintenance. You'll find a design that has been proved by years of successful operation in almost every industry. And you'll find trained specialists—men who devote themselves exclusively to bucket elevator problems—ready, willing and able to help you all they can.

Remember, too, that in a Rex Bucket Elevator all the major components—buckets, chains, sprockets, housing—are made by Chain Belt Company . . . just one more reason why you're sure of the best when you specify Rex.

Rex Bucket Elevators are made in a wide variety of designs, including Centrifugal Discharge type, Continuous Bucket type, Super Capacity type. They can handle virtually every type of free flowing material. Here's a list of some of the most commonly handled: coal, cement, gravel, crushed limestone, salt, sand, sugar, wood chips, soda ash, pebble lime, foundry sand.

Your Rex Field Sales Engineer is well qualified to advise you about the best elevator for your needs. Call him today or write to Chain Belt Company, 4660 W. Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee 1, Wis.



## **Chain Belt** COMPANY OF MILWAUKEE

Atlanta • Baltimore • Birmingham • Boston • Buffalo • Chicago • Cincinnati • Cleveland • Dallas  
Denver • Detroit • El Paso • Houston • Indianapolis • Jacksonville • Kansas City • Los Angeles  
Louisville • Midland, Texas • Milwaukee • Minneapolis • New York • Philadelphia • Pittsburgh  
Portland, Ore. • Springfield, Mass. • St. Louis • Salt Lake City • San Francisco • Seattle • Tulsa • Worcester

Distributors located in principal cities in the United States and throughout the world  
Export offices: Milwaukee and 19 Rector St., New York City



**When Uniformity  
is a Necessity—**



**Specify  
Strip Steel by  
WEIRTON**

The rigid uniformity of Weirton quality is the result of superior equipment and complete control from mine to finished strip. Weirton's up-to-date manufacturing facilities and advanced mill procedures have made uniformity a routine matter. This uniformity of cold-rolled strip steel offers the advantages of faster production, minimum costs, and fewer rejects.

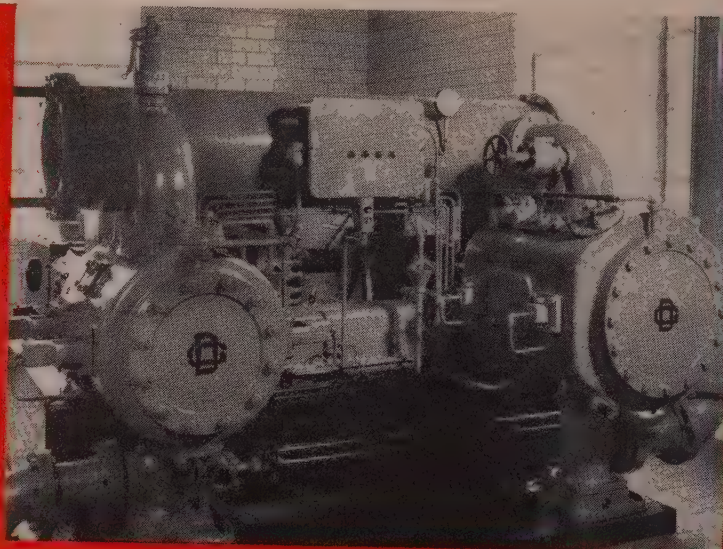
Weirton customers also enjoy the advantage of having strip steel made to satisfy their most exacting requirements. So when your plans call for cold-rolled strip steel—see Weirton and be sure.



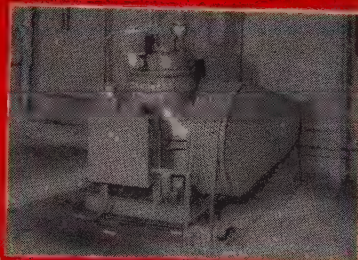
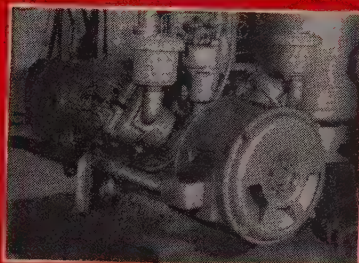
**WEIRTON STEEL COMPANY**  
WEIRTON, WEST VIRGINIA



**Model HA**  
468 to 1834 c.f.m. displacement  
Bulletin HAC-36



**Model Wb**  
142 to 688 c.f.m. displacement  
Bulletin WB-10

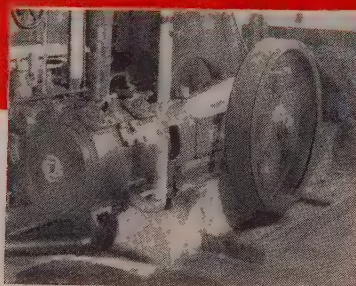


**Model AA**  
32 to 183.6 c.f.m. displacement  
Bulletin AA-6

<b>PRESSURE:</b>	Holding up
<b>OUTPUT:</b>	Up to capacity
<b>EFFICIENCY:</b>	Right up there
<b>OPERATION:</b>	Downright economical
<b>MAINTENANCE:</b>	Trifling

For everyday compressor reports like this—  
choose GARDNER-DENVER.  
Write for descriptive bulletins.

**Model RX**  
89 to 1292 c.f.m. displacement  
Bulletin HAC-40



## GARDNER-DENVER SINCE 1859

Gardner-Denver Company, Quincy, Illinois  
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THE QUALITY LEADER IN COMPRESSORS, PUMPS AND ROCK DRILLS





## ***in WIRE ROPE, too, extra strength demands the RIGHT KIND of muscle***

Towering as high as eight feet on his hind legs, the Kodiak or Alaskan Brown Bear ranks as the most powerful animal of North America. Rugged muscle development makes him the feared and deadly fighter that he is.

In wire rope, too, the right kind of muscle is essential to ward off the destructive effects of abrasion, corrosion, bending fatigue, load strain and shock stress.

That's why in Wickwire Rope we make sure—through complete quality control—that you always get the right construction and lay of the rope...the right grade of steel and size of wire for long-lasting resistance to the rigors of your particular service.

See your Wickwire Rope distributor or contact our nearest sales office.



A YELLOW TRIANGLE  
ON THE REEL IDENTIFIES  
WICKWIRE ROPE

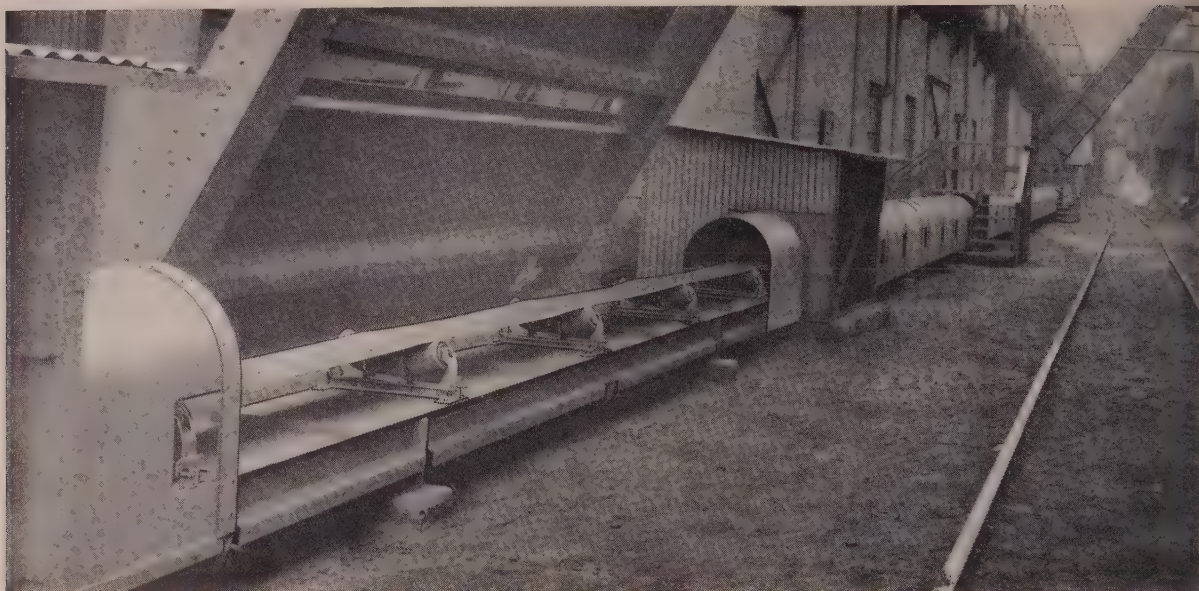
THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CORPORATION—Abilene (Tex.) • Denver • Houston • Odessa (Tex.) • Phoenix • Salt Lake City • Tulsa  
THE CALIFORNIA WIRE CLOTH CORPORATION—Los Angeles • Oakland • Portland • San Francisco • Seattle • Spokane  
WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL DIVISION—Boston • Buffalo • Chattanooga • Chicago • Detroit • Emlenton (Pa.) • New York • Philadelphia

# WICKWIRE ROPE



PRODUCT OF WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL DIVISION  
THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CORPORATION





This Link-Belt belt conveyor (with part of cover removed) easily handles coke breeze for blast furnaces at steel mill.

# TOTAL ENGINEERING

## It's LINK-BELT's answer for improved belt conveyor performance

**B**ELT conveyor efficiency begins with correct analysis of overall system requirements. And right from the start Link-Belt offers you unique advantages. Our engineers can apply broad experience to your bulk handling problems.

Working with a complete line of quality components, they can select the belt conveyor equipment best suited to your exact needs. What's more, Link-Belt has a nation-wide engineering organiza-

tion that will follow through on every detail. This includes supplying all related equipment . . . building supporting structures and enclosures . . . erecting the complete job, if desired.

It's easy to see why "total engineering" results in top belt conveyor performance. For complete information, call the Link-Belt office near you today.

13,131-E

## LINK-BELT

### BELT CONVEYOR EQUIPMENT

**LINK-BELT COMPANY:** Plants: Chicago, Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Colmar, Pa., Atlanta, Houston, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Toronto, Springs (South Africa), Sydney (Australia). Sales Offices in Principal Cities.

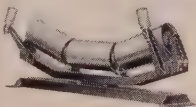
### LINK-BELT builds a complete line of belt conveyor components

#### ALL TYPES OF ROLLER BEARING IDLERS

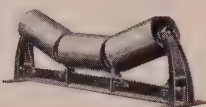


Impact-cushioning idler

45° troughed idler



Belt-training idler



20° troughed idler



Return idler



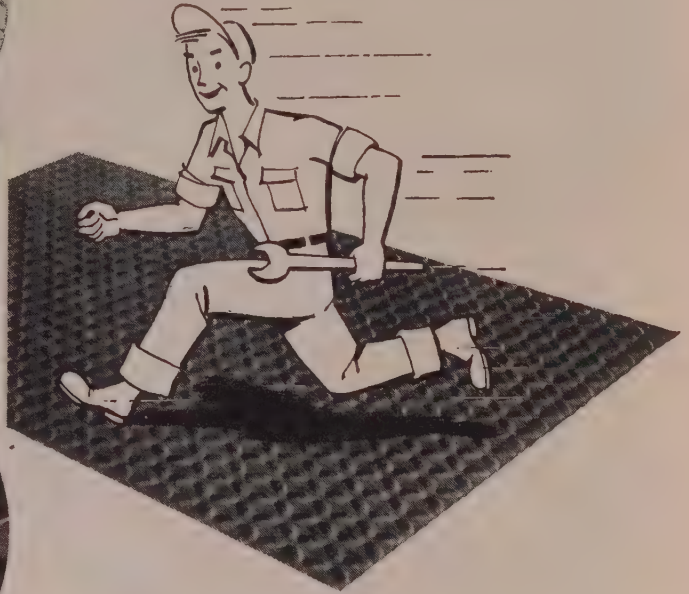
BELT AND MOTOR  
PROPELLED  
TRIPPERS

COMPLETE  
TERMINAL  
MACHINERY





*There was a young worker named Printer  
Who raced 'round the shop like a sprinter.  
Now the flooring was slick,  
When he tried to be quick  
All he got for his pains was a splinter! . . .  
Till the boss of the plant got a tip  
About using non-skid Multigrip.  
So he used quite a lot  
On each danger spot . . .  
And now Printer can rush . . . and not slip!*



**SAFETY UNDERFOOT.** Multigrip Floor Plate is so designed that several skid-resisting risers always grip the foot, providing safe footing regardless of the direction from which the plate is approached. The flat-topped, lozenge-shaped risers are comfortable underfoot, too . . . tend to lessen accident-causing fatigue. And vehicles roll straight and true on Multigrip. There are no gutters to trap a vehicle wheel . . . wheels roll *on* the risers, not *between* them. For safety's sake, use Multigrip.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION, PITTSBURGH  
COLUMBIA-GENEVA STEEL DIVISION, SAN FRANCISCO  
TENNESSEE COAL & IRON DIVISION, FAIRFIELD, ALA.  
UNITED STATES STEEL SUPPLY DIVISION, CHICAGO  
UNITED STATES STEEL EXPORT COMPANY, NEW YORK

**U·S·S**  
**multigrip**

**FLOOR PLATE**



*Sold by leading distributors from coast to coast*

**UNITED STATES STEEL**

3-694

Here's why The A. O. Smith Corp.

uses *Summerill*

## STEEL PRESSURE TUBING



The A. O. Smith Corporation has found that Summerill Steel Pressure Tubing consistently meets their high quality tubing standards. For Summerill Seamless Tubing withstands internal pressures that would cause other tubing materials to quickly fail. It flares easily, and takes sharp bends in stride without flattening or developing an "orange peel" effect on the bend.

Summerill Pressure Tubing is Quality-Controlled from raw materials to finished product in one of the nation's most modern tubing

plants. Only prime raw materials are used. As a result, you can depend on Summerill for top uniform quality of product—regardless of whether you buy a single length or by the carload. *And remember this:* Not one Summerill customer has ever received a "leaker", or reported a pressure tubing failure! Summerill Pressure Tubing is available in lengths up to 38 feet. ● For further details or technical assistance, call or write: *Summerill Tubing Company Division, Columbia Steel & Shafting Company, Pittsburgh 30, Penna.*

W&D 4600



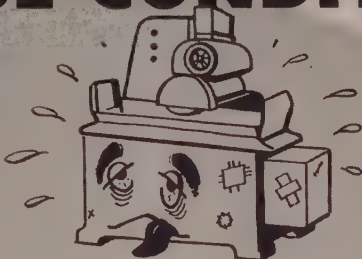
IN COLD DRAWN SEAMLESS STEEL TUBING  
SPECIFY *Summerill* AND BE SURE!



# IF YOU CAN "LAUGH-OFF" THESE CONDITIONS...



• fines and poor public relations as a result of flouting air pollution laws.



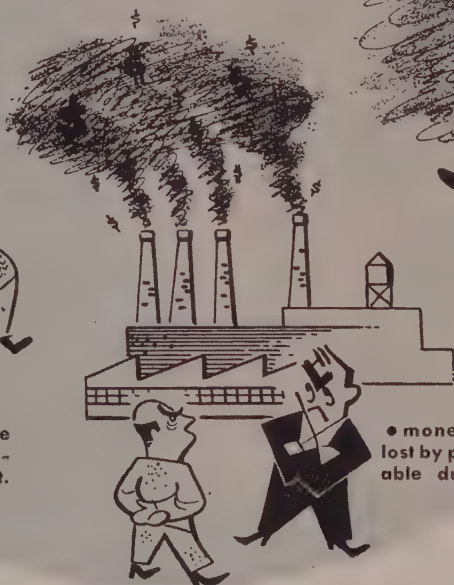
• precision machines with that "worn out" feeling from abrasive dust.



• costly, inefficient production due to unhealthy or hazardous conditions.



• sky-high maintenance and cleaning costs because of uncontrolled dust.



• money and profits lost by permitting valuable dust to escape.

... if these conditions don't faze you—then you don't need dust control!

BUT—if your plant can't stand these costly inefficiencies—and we're sure it can't—then dust control is a *must*.

Dracco Dust Control Systems are industry's finest—because of Dracco's custom design and application engineering. For over 35 years, American industry has relied on Dracco to solve tough, unusual dust problems.

You can profit from our vast storehouse of practical dust control experience. Call or write today.

**DRACCO CORPORATION**  
4090 East 116th Street • Cleveland 5, Ohio



AIRSTREAM CONVEYORS



UNI-FILTERS



ELECTRIC TIMERS



WHIRL-CLONES



INDUSTRIAL FANS



FEEDERS AND LOCKS

# DRACCO

*Performance Proved*

*Airstream* CONVEYORS • DUST CONTROL EQUIPMENT





## DESIGNERS *and* BUILDERS

BRIDGES AND UNLOADERS • TOWER-TYPE UNLOADERS  
WHIRLER CRANES • FLOATING CRANES  
DRAVO RAIL CLAMPS • BARGE SHIFTERS  
MODERNIZED TROLLEYS FOR EXISTING BRIDGES

This new rope-operated coal unloader was designed, built and installed by Dravo for a large power generating plant on the Monongahela River.

The unloader is equipped with a seven-and-one-half-ton bucket and has a free-digging capacity of 800 tons per hour for unloading coal from river barges.

Many power companies and industrial plants have called on Dravo Corporation for similar installations. Why not make use of Dravo's more than 60 years of practical experience when planning a material-handling project?

# DRAVO

C O R P O R A T I O N

NEVILLE ISLAND, PITTSBURGH 25, PENNSYLVANIA

AIR CONDITIONING • BOILER AND POWER PLANTS • CRANE CAB COOLERS • DOCKS • INDUSTRIAL FOUNDATIONS • OPEN STEEL FLOORING  
PUMP HOUSES AND INTAKES • SPACE HEATERS • WATER AND WASTE TREATMENT PLANTS • TOWBOATS AND BARGES



# TO AVOID AIR LINE PROBLEMS use the **HANSEN** man's know-how

*...backed by experience in hundreds of plants!*

Believe us, you're missing something if you aren't making use of the know-how and help that you can get from the Hansen representative. In dozens of plants, it's almost routine procedure to call him—either when actual troubles arise—or when air line circuits are being planned or altered.

The main job of the Hansen representative, of course, is to supply you with exactly the right couplings for your particular requirements. But from years of on-the-job experience with almost every type of fluid line installation, he can also give you real help on such matters as the pitch of your lines, proper take-off, location of drains and other details which insure a moisture-free circuit operating at maximum efficiency.

## THE HANSEN REPRESENTATIVE—

*Quick-Connective Couplings  
Are His Business*

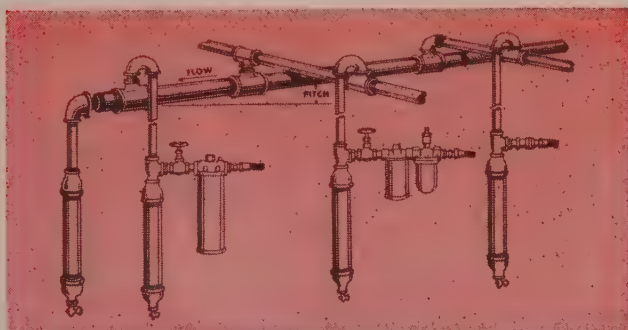
## BUT SO ARE AIR LINE PROBLEMS

### REPRESENTATIVES

BALTIMORE	LOS ANGELES
BIRMINGHAM	LOUISVILLE
CHICAGO	MILWAUKEE
CLEVELAND	MINNEAPOLIS
DALLAS	NEW ORLEANS
DAYTON	PITTSBURGH
DENVER	ROCHESTER
DETROIT	SAN FRANCISCO
FT. WAYNE	SAVANNAH
HARTFORD	SEATTLE
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Export Department: CLEVELAND



To keep moisture out of air operated devices—  
ASK THE HANSEN REPRESENTATIVE ABOUT THE HANSEN HOOK-UP



## QUICK-CONNECTIVE FLUID LINE COUPLINGS

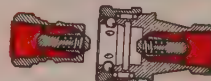
1. QUICK  
CONNECTION AND  
DISCONNECTION

2. INSTANT  
AUTOMATIC FLOW  
OR SHUT-OFF

One-Way Shut-Off

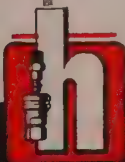


Two-Way Shut-Off



ALSO STRAIGHT-THROUGH QUICK-CONNECTIVE COUPLINGS  
Send for Catalog!

# THE HANSEN



# MANUFACTURING COMPANY

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# BUILT TO BE

# JAM-PROOF!

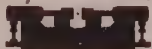
## CHAMBERSBURG STEEL SIDE TRIMMING PRESSES

Trimming presses designed for forge shop use. Used to trim, punch, bend and size. Each press, thoroughly tested under overload conditions, must maintain its alignment when stalled from normal speed, and function perfectly without adjustment after the test. When the production of your line of forging hammers is dependent upon the continuous operation of the trimmer—you will want the one that can stand day after day of hard usage. Chambersburg Trimming Presses are practically indestructible.

Chambersburg Trimming Presses are easily accessible front and back for removal of stock. Greater efficiency is possible through continuous operation, low power consumption and minimum floor space. Single and double crank types. Wide range of sizes. Write for Bulletin 3-L-9.

**CHAMBERSBURG ENGINEERING  
COMPANY, CHAMBERSBURG, PA.**

Builders of THE IMPACTER



"FORGING IN MID-AIR"



# CHAMBERSBURG

## THE HAMMER BUILDERS



# **PYLE NATIONAL INCREASES PRODUCTION 47%!**

**Soldering Of Spring Assemblies Speeded  
By *LINDBERG* Induction Heating Unit**



An hourly production increase of 47% . . and a per-operator production increase of 330% through the use of a Lindberg Induction Heating Unit!

These are the money saving facts and figures reported by Pyle National Co., Chicago manufacturer of electrical components.

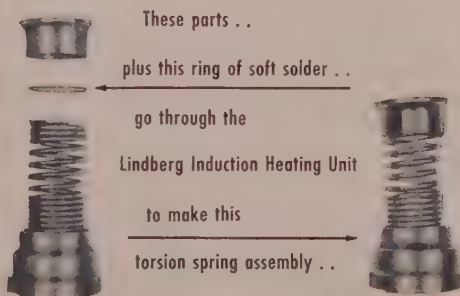
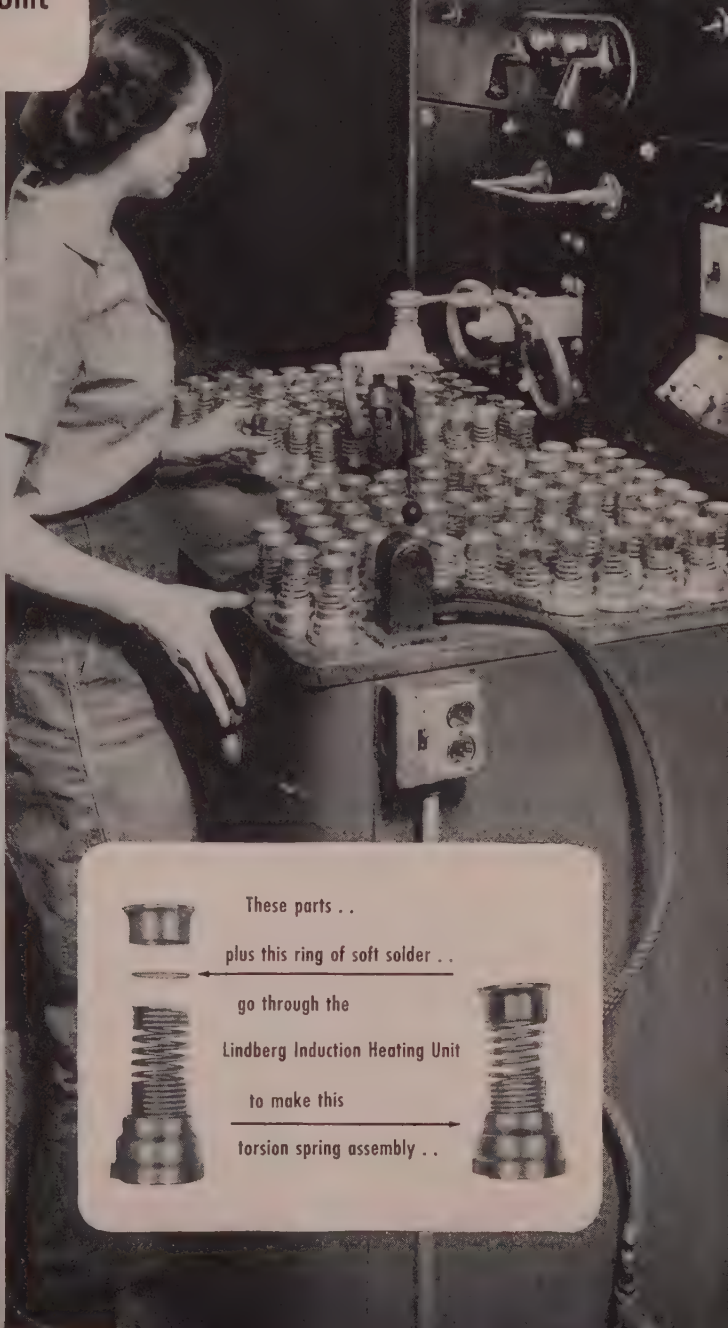
The company uses a 10 KW Lindberg unit for the production soldering of flanges to coil springs in the manufacture of torsion spring assemblies. The time cycle is 11 seconds for each assembly.

Production has been increased to 125 assemblies an hour . . with one girl operating the equipment. This is an hourly increase of 40 assemblies over the former method where soldering was done by a team of three men using gas torches. And the hourly per-operator production is up from 28 to 125!

With the induction heating unit, there are no open flames from gas torches. No extra exhaust fans are required . . there is little danger of burns to operators . . fire hazards are virtually eliminated!

And there is a substantial economy of floor space! Formerly the three torch operators required more than 60 square feet of floor space . . but the Lindberg Induction Heating Unit requires less than 30 square feet.

If your requirements call for production soldering, brazing, hardening, annealing, stress relieving, hot forming, forging or shrink fitting, investigate Lindberg Induction Heating Units. Ask for Bulletin 1440.



# **LINDBERG**



**HIGH FREQUENCY DIVISION**

**LINDBERG ENGINEERING COMPANY,  
2441 West Hubbard Street, Chicago 12, Illinois**



# HOW TEXACO REDUCES UNIT COSTS FOR STEEL MILLS



Proper maintenance of steel mill machinery means a boost in production, and savings that are reflected in a lower per-ton cost for the fabricated metal. And one of the most vital factors in proper maintenance is effective lubrication. This, to steel men everywhere, means Texaco.

There are Texaco Lubricants for every steel mill job. *Texaco Meropa Lubricant*, for example, with special Extreme Pressure properties to protect enclosed reduction gears. *Texaco Regal Oil* to guard oil film bearings on roll stands.

Along with these fine lubricants goes Texaco Lubrication Engineering Service. The men who render it are specially trained and widely experienced . . . skilled in diagnosing trouble and adept

in overcoming it. Their service to you goes far beyond mere lubricant recommendations.

Let a Texaco Lubrication Engineer survey your mill and help you bring down costs. Just call the nearest of the more than 2,000 Texaco Distributing Plants in the 48 States, or write:

The Texas Company, 135 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.



## TEXACO Lubricants, Fuels and Lubrication Engineering Service

TUNE IN: Tuesday nights on television—the TEXACO STAR THEATER starring MILTON BERLE. See newspaper for time and station.



April 20, 1953

## Steelworkers Eye Social Benefits

Steelworkers are talking about demanding wider social insurance benefits in 1954. Technically, their contract negotiations this year can relate to wages only, but such a restriction has rarely stopped a union from trying to include other subjects on the agenda. If the steelworkers get nowhere on wages when talks reopen next month, watch them aim for some social insurance concessions.

## Wildcat Strikes Increase

The wildcat strike season is in full swing. The uncertain economic weather which that means for scattered companies will probably improve in early summer when the peak of spring contract openings is past. Quickie walkouts usually flourish just before or during legitimate negotiations. Ford and Chrysler last week were still in the process of recovering from small strikes that had big effects. Not all unions tacitly condone wildcaters. United Steelworkers of America's Local 1331 in Youngstown, for example, offered Republic Steel Corp., which has been harassed by quickies, a "no strike" pledge.

## Compromise on Tax Cuts

A compromise is in the making to let the Reed income tax reduction bill pass. President Eisenhower now says the proposed 10 per cent cut in personal taxes will be o.k. with him if a balanced budget is "in sight" rather than actually achieved. Even the prospects of eventual budget balance won't be known clearly until mid-May when a decision on defense spending is expected.

## Year's Status Quo on Tariffs

President Eisenhower's request to keep the status quo on our present tariff arrangements for one year pending a study of the situation will get congressional approval. Judging from some of his recent appointments, you can reason that the Chief Executive favors protective barriers, especially for some of our extractive operations such as lead and zinc. Joseph Talbott, recently appointed and confirmed for the six-man Tariff Commission, favors protection, as does Felix E. Wormser, former vice president of St. Joseph Lead Co., who just got Senate approval as assistant secretary of the interior.

## More Copper Ore by 1954

The full effects of expansion in domestic copper mining won't be felt by copper consumers until 1954 (p. 67). Anaconda Copper Mining Co.'s Greater Butte project in Montana (ultimate capacity: 45,000 tons yearly) came in last year, but its Yerington, Nev., open-pit operations won't turn out concentrates until the close of 1953 and can't produce at a rate of 30,000 tons yearly until 1954. Miami Copper Co.'s Copper Cities, Ariz., unit (20,000 tons) will be operating by late 1954. Phelps Dodge Corp.'s Lavendar Pit operation in Arizona

(38,000 tons) will open in late 1954. Other mines opening next year will add about 87,000 tons of ore annually to our capacity.

## **Discovery: Nickel in Cuba**

What's believed to be the second largest nickel deposit in the world has been reported discovered by Freeport Sulphur Co. in the Moa Bay area of Cuba. The company plans to get started producing by 1955, with initial annual production of 15,000 tons. A pilot plant will be built to recover both nickel and cobalt. Nicaro Nickel Co., a Freeport subsidiary, operated the government-owned Cuba plant during World War II.

## **Fresh Milk—in Cans**

Fresh milk marketed in cans could become a big business. Can producers are studying the possibilities now. Some fresh milk is already being canned for commercial purposes in California and the Pacific Northwest. And in Wisconsin six-ounce cans of fresh milk are being turned out for vending machines in the New York City area.

## **Color TV by Late 1954?**

The first color home television receivers probably won't hit the market until late-1954. Radio Corp. of America says that before it's ready to sell color sets it would require 9 to 12 months after the Federal Communications Commission approves a color system, which it hasn't done yet.

## **Straws in the Wind**

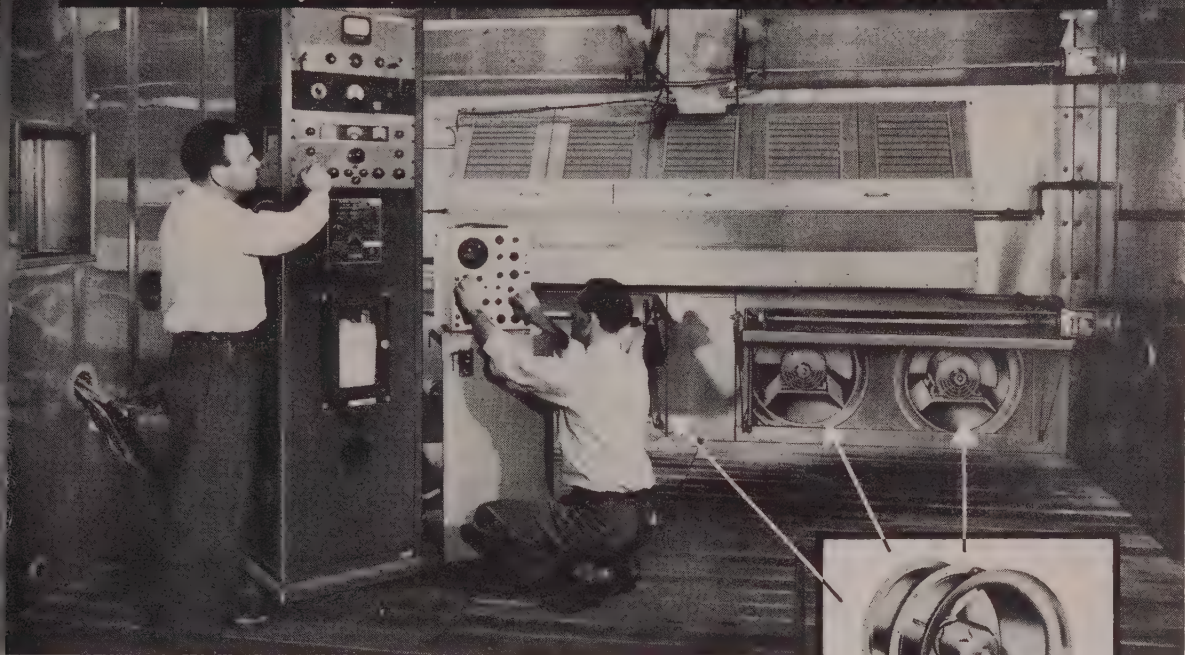
A record 684,900 worked for the steel industry in February, earning \$261.3 million . . . U.S. investments in Canada rose from \$78 million in 1948 to \$299 million in 1951 and now equal our total investments in all Latin America . . . Canada is ready to invite private industry to join in atomic power developments if the U.S. and Britain release enough secret technical data . . . Armco Steel Corp. plans to spend an additional \$5 million at its Middletown, O., division to round out facilities . . . The new Republic Steel Kitchens line, first ore-to-store operation in the steel kitchen industry, is about ready for consumer reaction.

## **What Industry Is Doing**

The shortage in copper is ended and a buyers' market is shaping up (p. 67) . . . America's economy is now healthy enough to thrive on a purely peacetime basis, says Walter Williams, under secretary of commerce (p. 69) . . . Industry may be forced in 30 years to obtain most of its iron ore from foreign sources and domestic concentrates (p. 70) . . . Erectors of industrial machinery expect their business to continue rising throughout 1953 (p. 71) . . . The Atomic Industrial Forum Inc. is established to help private industry be heard on atomic usage at government levels (p. 72) . . . Machine tool builders are sighting civilian targets as new orders fall off (p. 72) . . . Sales of mill supplies and industrial equipment so far this year are ahead of the same period in 1952 (p. 74) . . . Greater requirements in lubricants are demanded by jet turbines and other new heat-resistant products (p. 74) . . . Urgently needed: More foreman training programs (p. 79).



## Putting *Air* to Work for RCA Victor Division



Westinghouse-Sturtevant fans are used in this special Environmental Test Chamber that duplicates air conditions from sea level to 20 miles up for testing RCA electronic equipment.

## HOW DO ELECTRONIC DEVICES BEHAVE 70,000 FEET UP?

Answers depend on the answers found in this atmospheric testing chamber in the test laboratories of RCA's Engineering Products Department. But the answers aren't easy to get. For the big problem is to duplicate as accurately as possible the thin, cold air of high altitudes.

The solution? Powerful Westinghouse-Sturtevant Axiflo Fans constantly circulate chilled air, force temperatures down as low as  $-85^{\circ}\text{F}$ . Working against partial vacuum, created to simulate low pressures encountered in the upper regions of the stratosphere, these fans keep temperatures uniform to within several degrees by providing a homo-

geneous mixture of air throughout the chamber.

No matter how you want to *put air to work*—whether air handling, air conditioning or air cleaning—Westinghouse offers you a complete line of industry-proven equipment to fill your needs. For complete details, call your local Westinghouse-Sturtevant office. When you do, also ask for new General Catalog 600—a 60-page reference file for Putting Air To Work. Westinghouse Electric Corp., Sturtevant Division, Hyde Park, Boston 36, Mass.

Test Chamber designed and installed by Tenney Engineering, Inc., Newark, N. J.



Axiflo Pressure Fans find wide use throughout industry because of adaptability to duct systems and for discharge against high winds.



3-Bladed Aluminum wheel is non-sparking, corrosion-resisting; handles large volumes.



8-Bladed Steel Wheel is non-overloading, quiet and stable; ideal for high temperatures.

YOU CAN BE SURE...IF IT'S **Westinghouse**

**AIR HANDLING**





This series of draws is typical of what you can do with Armco ZINCGRIP—a special zinc-coated steel. There's not a flake, not a break in the zinc coating. It stretches and flows with the base metal to provide continuous rust protection after drawing. This is because the specially applied coating takes as severe a draw as the steel base.

### It stays rust-free longer

The special hot-dip coating on Armco ZINCGRIP gives protection against yellow rusting in atmospheric service longer than equal weight coatings on regular galvanized sheets. Many actual field tests have proved this.

### A paint-holding sheet

The same deep-drawing zinc-coated sheet supplied with a mill-applied Bonderized finish is known as Armco

ZINCGRIP PAINTGRIP. It has all the deep-drawing and forming qualities of ZINCGRIP—plus a finish that takes paint immediately and preserves it longer.

### let ZINCGRIP save you money

If you have hesitated to use pre-coated steel because your product requires severe forming or drawing, find out more about Armco ZINCGRIP and ZINCGRIP PAINTGRIP. Both products are supplied in cut lengths or coils, in 11 through 8 gage and up to 54 inches wide depending on gage. Supplied in regular commercial weight coating or up to 2.0 oz. per square foot.

• • •


Write for our booklet, "Armco ZINCGRIP and ZINCGRIP PAINTGRIP" for complete information.

## ARMCO STEEL CORPORATION

2853 Curtis Street, Middletown, Ohio  
Export: The Armco International Corporation



April 20, 1953



## A Clear Mandate

Investigators who have been seeking information regarding certain operations of the federal government have been appalled by the inaccuracy and inadequacy of departmental records. They also have been shocked at the fantastic lengths to which red tape has been employed to complicate what could be relatively simple activities.

Illustrative of the latter is the testimony of Assistant Secretary of Defense Wilfred J. McNeil in the hearings on the shortage of ammunition in Korea. He said that a single ammunition contract has to be routed through 42 divisions and 200 operations before the contractor can begin production. Former Defense Secretary Robert A. Lovett testified that "the Army, specifically the Ordnance Corps, is so complicated, obsolete and timewasting and its accounting system so inaccurate that it is extremely difficult to obtain the facts." He also pointed out that certain ordnance officers claimed that there was a shortage of money to speed up ammunition production, when actually the Army had \$2 billion in unobligated funds for this purpose.

Apparently the employment figures of the government are as cockeyed as its information on ammunition. The Defense Department, which has been reporting about 1.25 million employees, now finds it has 250,000 previously unreported civilian employees overseas. Civil Service authorities estimate the number of persons on the federal payroll at 2.5 million, but they qualify this estimate by stating that some reports are so inaccurate or inadequate as to be misleading. Postmaster General Arthur E. Summerfield says post office employment statistics are so inaccurate as to be valueless. Democratic Senator Harry Byrd reports that a joint committee of which he is chairman was forced to abandon its monthly report on the number of federal employees because it is impossible to obtain accurate information.

This testimony confirms the belief of many citizens that the mess in Washington is worse than has been realized. It shouts to high heaven that federal bureaucracy and red tape have outgrown the ability of Congress to control them.

Certainly these disclosures constitute a clear mandate to the Eisenhower administration to intensify its pledged effort to trim the federal government to controllable size.



EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

**NET PROFIT TOO LOW:** Two points stand out in this publication's 28th annual financial analysis of the steel industry, which appears in an insert following page 74. First, the steel producers' net profit of only 4.91 cents

per dollar of sales is dangerously low. Secondly, the United States Treasury took a terrific beating from last year's steel strike.

Of course profit in relation to sales in 1952 was somewhat lower than it would have been



had there been no strike. However, even in 1951—a year of high production—the average profit of steel companies was only 5.71 cents per dollar of sales. In periods of near-capacity operations, steel producers should make enough money to compensate owners fairly and have something left over to put back into the business for the inevitable rainy day. Returns of 4.91 and 5.71 cents per dollar in two consecutive years are inadequate for this purpose.

That Uncle Sam suffered a loss of a billion dollars in taxes because of last year's steel strike simply reaffirms the fact that the American taxpayer paid heavily for Mr. Truman's folly in precipitating that needless work stoppage.

\* \* \*

**FANTASTIC TAX LOAD:** According to its annual report for 1952, General Motors Corp. earned a profit of \$559 million on sales totaling \$7,549 million, or 7.4 per cent. Of the sales revenue, \$1,107 million, or about 15 per cent went for federal, foreign, state and local taxes. In addition to these taxes, General Motors collected \$472 million in sales and excise taxes, so that ascertainable taxes amounted to \$1,579 million. This is equivalent to \$18.09 per share of common stock and it is more than 4½ times the amount paid in dividends on the common stock.

Figures like these illustrate how necessary it is to trim our federal government to reasonable size and to reduce the tax load to bearable proportions.

\* \* \*

**STRENGTH VS. DANGER:** At the spring meeting of the National Machine Tool Builders Association two weeks ago and at the Westinghouse Machine Tool Electrification Forum last week (p. 72) numerous speakers placed strong emphasis upon the importance of cutting costs and upon the opportunities open to machine tool builders to help industry to achieve this objective.

Tell Berna, general manager of NMTBA, describes the problem and its solution in two brief sentences: "The great danger to our country is obsolescence; our greatest strength is productivity. It is the job of machine tool builders to lessen that danger and increase that strength."

Now that machine tool salesmen again are

free to devote more of their attention to civilian markets, one of their best sales arguments is to demonstrate to prospective buyers that obsolete equipment means lost production and unnecessarily high costs.

\* \* \*

**ORE SOURCES IN 1980:** In an address to the National Federation of Financial Analysts Societies, H. S. Harrison, financial vice president of Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., forecast (p. 70) where the iron ore required for the American iron and steel industry will come from in future decades.

He predicts that in 1980 shipments for United States consumption of 157 million long tons will consist of 35 million tons from the Lake Superior district, 25 million tons from other domestic sources, and 57 million tons from foreign mines. These supplies of high grade ores will be augmented by 40 million tons of concentrates obtained by beneficiation of low-grade domestic ores. Thus in 1980, about 38 per cent of the nation's needs will be supplied by domestic high grade ores and 62 per cent by high grade imported ores and domestic concentrates. This is a drastic shift from the 10 per cent now received from these last mentioned sources.

\* \* \*

**100 MILLION FASTENERS:** We are indebted to the current issue of "Fasteners," published by the Industrial Fasteners Institute, for some interesting statistics on household appliances and the number of screws, bolts, Speed Nuts, Sems, washers, etc. required to hold their parts together.

According to an article in "Fasteners," "there are in American homes today some 35.5 million refrigerators, 30 million washing machines, 23.6 million vacuum cleaners. There are also 36 million irons, 99 million radios (including auto radios), 20 million TV sets, 29 million toasters, and about 166 million other electrical appliances ranging from air conditioners to electric clocks. All in all, these appliances—and the comfort of the American home—are kept intact by something like 100 billion (it looks like this: 100,000,000,000) fasteners."

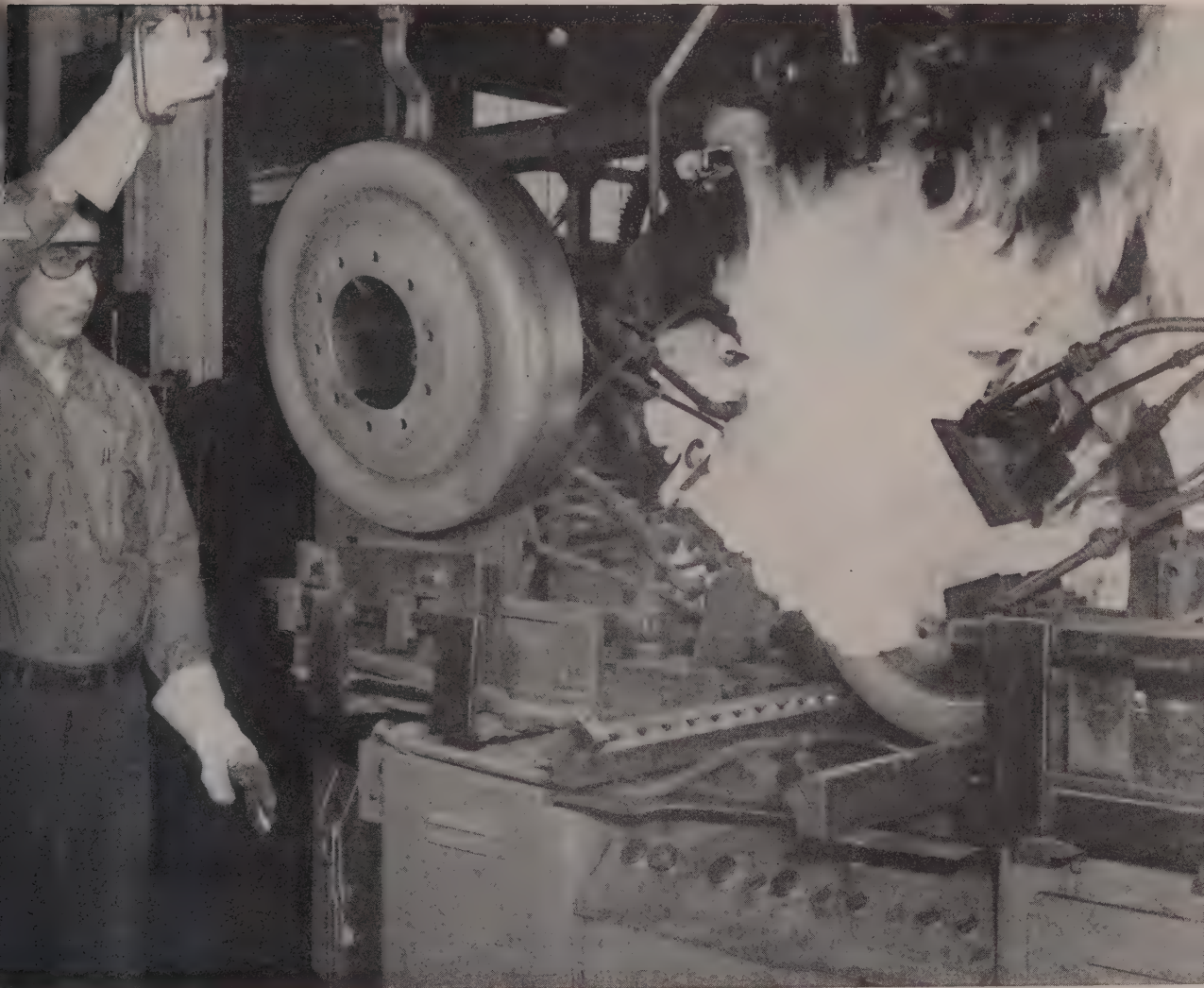
This is a dramatic way of emphasizing the importance of the role of fasteners in the things we use in everyday life.

# **AT Firestone STEEL PRODUCTS CO.**

## **Metal Stamping Operations are Integrated...**

### **This Saves You Money**

### **and Assures On-Schedule Delivery**



A sudden flash of fire—and this specially designed heat-treating equipment provides for proper tempering of steel for a specific use. This operation, which assures high-speed, accurately controlled and uniform results, is part of the straight-line, low-cost production of large steel stampings at Firestone. Your job never leaves the plant at Firestone Steel Products until it's loaded for delivery—no matter how many operations are required. Stampings move without interruption from the large

multiple-die presses on through welding, heat-treating, bonderizing, painting and baking, as required. Precious time is saved—tight production schedules roll through as planned. Your job comes through faster and cheaper.

It will pay you to figure with Firestone. A complete cost analysis will be gladly prepared for you—just write to Metal Stampings Division, Firestone Steel Products Company, Akron 1, Ohio.





## Call Ryerson for Welded Tubing **WORLD'S LARGEST STOCKS**

Need tubing? Whether it's one tube or a carload, you'll save time by calling your nearby Ryerson plant.

That's because Ryerson stocks of welded mechanical tubing are the world's largest, including hot and cold rolled, round and square tubes in a wide range of sizes and wall thicknesses. And each Ryerson plant—there are fifteen, from coast to coast—is set up to process your order quickly; prepare the steel to your specification and make dependable delivery.

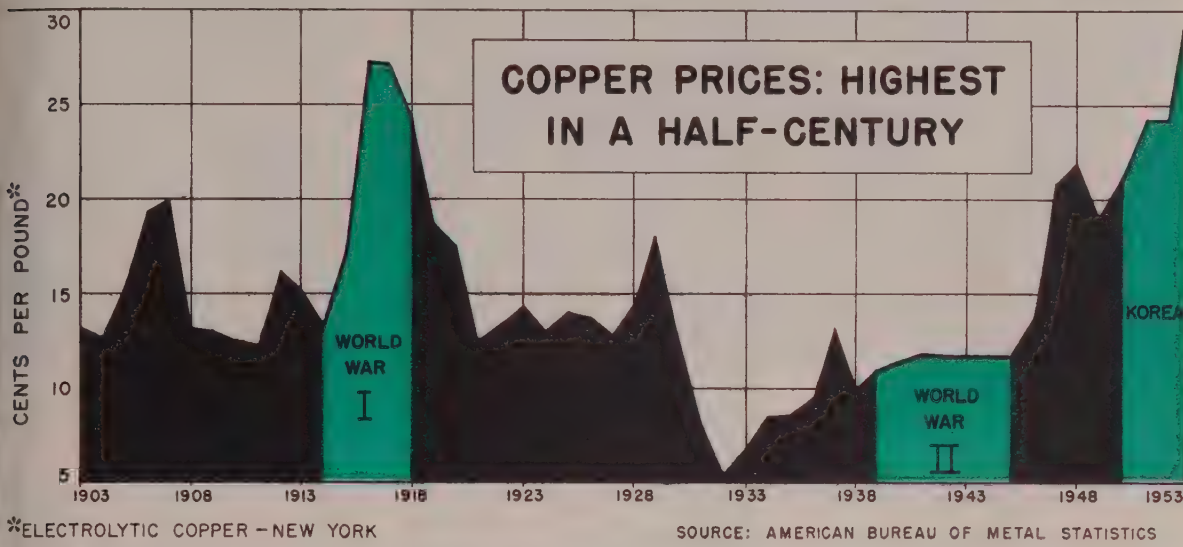
You can depend on the quality of Ryerson welded tubing, too. Even the hot rolled has a bright finish that's particularly good for painting. Both hot and cold rolled are produced to close tolerances. On both, the welding flash has been removed.

And remember, you can also draw on Ryerson stocks for other tubing requirements and for every other steel need. So save time—call Ryerson and combine your purchases. You'll get prompt, personal attention and quick action.

PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS: CARBON, ALLOY & STAINLESS STEELS—BARS, STRUCTURALS, PLATES,  
SHEETS, TUBING, MACHINERY & TOOLS, ETC.

# RYERSON STEEL

JOSEPH T. RYERSON & SON, INC. PLANTS AT: NEW YORK • BOSTON • PHILADELPHIA • CINCINNATI • CLEVELAND • DETROIT  
PITTSBURGH • BUFFALO • CHICAGO • MILWAUKEE • ST. LOUIS • LOS ANGELES • SAN FRANCISCO • SPOKANE • SEATTLE



# No Stopper from Copper as Shortage Ends



By SAMUEL W. BAKER  
Associate Editor

THE COPPER shortage has ended.

For two years the red plague to production schedules, copper promises to be in comfortable supply from here on in and at more reasonable prices. A buyers' market is shaping up today, and the price trend is definitely downward. Even NPA has brightened over "favorable developments in supply." Ten days ago it eliminated quantitative restriction on purchases of copper. Expect complete revocation of M-16 after June 30.

**Enough For All** — If industry wants it, there will be about 10 per cent more copper available this year than the 1,445,764 tons delivered to fabricators in 1952. The increase will be possible because of higher imports and a bigger vol-

ume of secondary metal refined from scrap.

It's questionable if all that metal will be absorbed. Today industry—both civilian and defense—is operating at a tremendous pace, yet no one is really strapped for copper. April allocations won't all be taken up and supplementary tickets could be had for the asking. This doesn't mean copper business will go through the wringer this year; bringing the market a little closer to earth will help the industry in the long run.

**Controls the Culprit**—Chief reason for the dramatic easing: Lifting of the price lid. Controls reached a pinnacle of absurdity in copper, where U. S. production was frozen at 24.5 cents while foreign metal carried tags of 36.5 cents in our market.

Average cost to fabricators during this period was 29.30 cents, though they could charge only 28.50 cents for copper content of their product. Phelps Dodge Corp. believes that had the price been permitted to find its own level, it would have been around 29 cents for both domestic and foreign copper anyway.

**Painful Period**—The market is

now undergoing a painful adjustment from the distortions built up during control. When price ceilings were abandoned Feb. 25, U. S. primary price skipped up 3 to 7.5 cents a pound. Custom smelters' prices ballooned as high as 34.5 cents, and foreign price held at 36.5 cents, highest in 50 years.

Since then the tumult has subsided and a temporary world price of 30 cents is emerging. The outlook is for a decline this summer, perhaps to 26 or 27 cents and even lower as the year winds up.

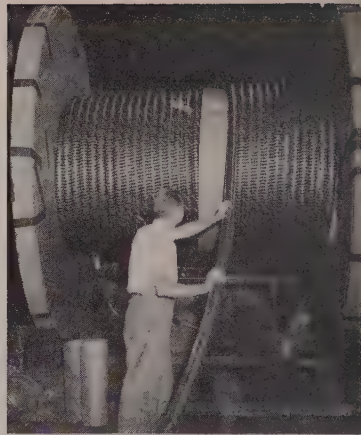
**How Much and When**—Copper expansions at home and abroad are expected to add about 165,000 tons to supply this year; a potential increase of 530,000 tons by 1956 is possible. With imports and secondary metal, U. S. fabricators could have available as much as 2 million tons of copper in 1956 if needed.

**Secondary Follows**—The secondary business will be expanded proportionately. Recirculation of scrap is a big factor in operations of brass mills, ingot makers, smelters, refineries and foundries. Each year dealers put back into circulation more copper and its alloys than is mined in this country. Price con-





Heavy rolls of brass and copper move on a conveyor system through a Chase Brass & Copper Co. Inc. plant



High-power underwater copper cable is reeled at the Habirshaw Division, Phelps Dodge Copper Products Corp.

trols stymied action in this sector considerably. American Smelting & Refining Co. points out that purchases of scrap by U. S. smelters and refineries in 1952 were less than 40 per cent of the quantities bought in the years 1948 to 1950.

When price gates swung open in February, a flood of scrap streamed into the market. Intake by custom smelters swelled to 19,991 tons in March, compared to 10,337 tons in February, 6486 in January and a 1952 average of 5200. While this spectacular intake can't be maintained all year, it's likely that copper derived from this source will reach 140,000 tons—an all-time high.

**Stockpile Short**—Copper producers have a comfortable hedge for expansion through government market and price guarantees. Here's how Robert G. Page, Phelps Dodge president, explains a typical floor contract: If the market drops below the 22 cents stipulated in its contract, the company can put copper to the government for stockpile at that price; if the market price is higher, the government has a right to buy at market price but doesn't have to.

About 8000 tons of copper has been going to the stockpile each month, but six domestic companies had DMPA floor price contracts terminated with removal of price ceilings. Tonnage involved topped 50,000 tons yearly. Stockpilers don't intend to support the market with their purchases. ODM says it won't consider spot offers and that all metal going into stockpile is taken under existing con-

tracts. If any real softening comes in copper, look for stockpiling to increase sharply.

**Labor a Factor**—Mine strikes will cancel all bets on easy supply. Mine contracts start opening about July 1. The number of unions representing copper miners is appalling. Kennecott Copper Corp., producer of one-fourth of the free world's copper, deals with no less than 36 different bargaining units at its western mining divisions.

**The Chilean Problem**—During the past 25 years, the U. S. has shifted sharply from the position of greatest copper exporter to the greatest net importer. Chile supplies about 60 per cent of these imports from Anaconda and Kennecott-owned mines. Since last May, Chile has sold its copper here for 36.5 cents, but much is going begging.

Bulk buying and selling controls vested in Britain's Ministry of Materials should be lifted Aug. 1. As a result, free dealings in copper on the London Metal Exchange would resume, putting the exchange back in its prewar eminence. The Ministry of Materials currently holds over 140,000 tons of copper; if it were unloaded to get dollars, the market could burst wide open.

**On the Horizon**—Aluminum is making deep inroads in copper's domain, and copper men know price increases add greater incentive for substitution. Before 1946, aluminum sold at 2 to 20 cents more per pound than copper. Since 1947 copper has been undersold by from 1 cent to about a dime today.

Yet the metals aren't in direct

conflict, but supplement each other, says J. J. Russell, chairman, Rvere Copper & Brass Inc. His company is the country's largest independent copper fabricator and also the biggest nonintegrated wrought aluminum fabricator.

**Business Strong**—Users of copper see a good year ahead. Calumet & Hecla Inc. reports heavy sales of tubular products by its Wolverine Tube Division, principally for construction, refrigeration and air conditioning. Brass mills see chance for full operations. Scovill Mfg. Co. at no time last year could use its mill facilities to their limit. Bridgeport Brass Co., steadily pumping money into expansion, sees good demand, lower prices.

Wire and cable companies find their market strong. Electric utilities have big expansion plans for years ahead. Wire companies watch the price spread between aluminum and copper closely, but believe copper will hold its own in a number of wiring applications, particularly the small sizes. Copper in volume will be needed in the million-odd homes going up this year, in appliances and autos, electronics, office machinery, gift ware.

Copper consumption has increased about 70 per cent in the past 25 years, and, despite substitutions, is expected to increase another 45 per cent in the next 25 years, according to Paley Report projections. Copper men aren't too worried about a market for their favorite metal. Now that supply problems are being licked, they believe the highest hurdle has been cleared.

# Stop Worrying About Recession!

That's the advice of a Commerce department man who gives the administration's answer to: What happens to manufacturing when defense spending falls?

AMERICA'S ECONOMY is healthy enough to provide both "guns and butter" now, but we can thrive on a purely peacetime economy if defense expenditures drop off. That's how Walter Williams, under secretary of commerce, answers the question, "After defense spending declines, what will happen to manufacturing?"

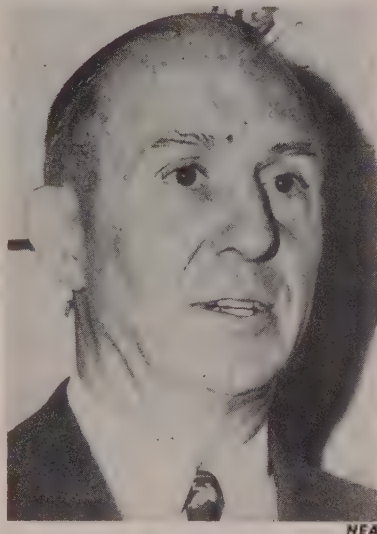
Speaking before members of the American Management Association in New York, the Commerce department official said that federal expenditures for munitions may trail off for several years but not at an alarming rate. Meanwhile, government spending for highways and schools could well supplant defense items in the budget.

**No Sudden Drop**—Attacking directly the possibility of a recession, Mr. Williams pointed out that our defense will continue to be a national problem during the foreseeable future. About \$110 billion allotted to national security remained unspent by Dec. 31, 1952. A new defense budget of about \$50 billion this year leaves a backlog of \$160 billion.

Mr. Williams addressed men who may have seen ominous signs of a sharp business decline in slackening government spending, brought about in part by congressional economy drives. Since defense expenditures make up about 60 percent of the federal budget, government cost-cutting would be felt first and foremost among defense producers.

**The Pessimist's Platform** — Gloomy predictors of a business recession claim that plant and equipment investment, high in recent years, cannot go forward at the same rate. The speaker answered this by saying that ever-increasing needs of a growing civilian population will still have to be satisfied.

Mr. Williams believes that generally, fears of a drop-off in business have a strong psychological, not factual, basis. Pessimists say consumers durable goods are de-



WALTER WILLIAMS  
... answers a ticklish question

creasing in demand. Others think we are "about due for a depression."

**Brighter Side**—To prove his contention that our economy will be strong in peace or war, Mr. Williams declared that our productivity curve continues to increase by about 3 per cent a year. At the present rate of climb, gross national output will rise from \$365 billion annually at present to \$420 billion in 1958. As real wages rise, purchasing power of the average man increases and consumers can buy a greater number of goods.

Economic measures such as social security benefits and unemployment insurance may restrain any threatened decline. Population growth alone will mean a steady market for new homes and equipment. Residential construction should score important gains, replacing military building.

**More for Investment**—Finally, a reduction in government expenditures would automatically bring a lower tax burden upon individuals and businesses, leaving management more to expend on plants.

"Let's stop worrying about effects of peace," Mr. Williams concluded. "Instead, management

should improve its products by developing better research and technological methods. Industry should work to achieve greater efficiency and economy to develop lower prices for better goods. Management should study plans toward better relationships with employees."

**Community Planning**—Industry has a stake in its community and should help develop constructive programs among city groups, the speaker added. Since many people have a superficial economic training, "it is the responsibility of management to make our economic system tick."

If businessmen are to meet the challenge of increasing their civilian sales, American businessmen should combine this forceful program with sales efforts "to an extent never engaged in before."

## Packer To Make Cans

California Packing Corp., San Francisco, one of the nation's largest canners of fruits and vegetables, created something of a stir in the can making industry last week when it announced it would operate its own small can manufacturing plant this year in conjunction with one of its Fruitvale, Calif., food canneries.

"The new plant, now nearing completion, will manufacture buffet size cans of which a large quantity is used at that particular location and the entire output will be utilized for Del Monte products," the company's announcement said. "Machinery and equipment are being installed preparatory to trial runs to be made in advance of the 1953 canning season."

This marks the first entry of the company into the can making field.

Until two years ago, major can manufacturers would lease, but not sell, their can making machinery. A court decision following an antitrust suit had ordered them to have their can-making equipment available for purchase as well as lease.

However, most canners have continued to lease the equipment and the movement now of California Packing into the can-making trial has brought about considerable speculation on future prospects of other canners doing the same thing.



# IRON ORE: Where it will come from

	1942	1951	1960	1970	1980
Lake Superior District	93,009	94,350	55,000	45,000	35,000
Other U. S. Districts	13,700	21,840	22,000	25,000	25,000
Total U. S.	106,709	116,190	77,000	70,000	60,000

(All figures in thousands of long tons)

Foreign	750	10,145	37,000	45,000	57,000
Concentrates	—	138	20,000	30,000	40,000

Net Shipments for U. S. Consumption*	105,459	122,177	134,000	145,000	157,000
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SOURCE: Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., Cleveland.

\*Less exports for 1942 and 1951.

## New Era Arriving for Iron Ore

**A Cleveland-Cliffs official gives an analysis of how we'll get the raw material for the steel for the durable goods from now until 1980**

EVEN SCHOOLBOYS know that reserves of high grade iron ore in the Lake Superior district, supplier of about 85 per cent of the ore consumed in the U.S., are dwindling. What the schoolboys don't know, and what the iron and steel industry has been scrambling to find out since World War II, is where the iron ore will come from for the ever increasing steelmaking capacity of this country 20 and 30 years hence.

H. S. Harrison, financial vice president of Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., Cleveland, gave his company's forecast in a talk before the National Federation of Financial Analysts Societies in Philadelphia.

**Concentrate**—Summarized in the table above, Mr. Harrison's figures point to a decreasing tonnage of low-cost, direct-shipping ores of the Mesabi range and an increasing, and finally primary dependence, on foreign ores and beneficiated low-grade ores over the next few decades.

Foreign iron ore sources will be found, developed and used only after weighing the risk factors such as long supply lines over open sea in case of war and the possibility of government expropriation or interference. Nevertheless Mr. Harrison said, "Based on present knowledge, it appears that foreign ores represent the next cheapest

(to domestic high grade ores) and probably the largest single source of iron ore for the nation's steel industry 30 years from now."

Underlining that prediction, Venezuela, Cuba and Liberia increased iron ore shipments to the U. S. in 1952 by some 2 million net tons, says the American Iron and Steel Institute. Over-all foreign shipments declined 2 per cent to about 10.9 million net tons in 1952 due to the steel strike, as did domestic iron ore output which dipped 16 per cent to about 109 million net tons.

**Added Cost** — Complicating the picture is the fact that approximately 80 per cent of the blast furnace capacity of the U. S. lies in the Great Lakes area. A great advantage during the heyday of the Mesabi. Now transportation costs must be added to higher-than-ever labor costs and larger initial investment costs for concentrates—\$30 an annual ton of capacity for concentrates compared to \$4 per ton for open-pit and \$8-\$12 for underground. For imports, ways must be found to get the quantities required to the blast furnaces in the Midwest.

Pinpointing known iron ore reserves, Mr. Harrison estimated Lake Superior ore at 2.2 billion long tons, exclusive of low-grade ores. For these low-grade ores, he

called 8.1 billion long tons, of which 1.7 billion long tons are magnetic, a realistic estimate. Of the foreign sources, Cleveland-Cliffs estimates Canada's reserves, including Labrador, at a minimum of 1.5 billion long tons of ore with 50 per cent iron content. Venezuelan ore reserves were pegged at 1.5 billion long tons, at least. Brazil's tonnage may run 4 billion long tons or more, while reserves in other South American countries amount to "several hundred million tons." Sweden has approximately 2 billion long tons of high-grade ore, much of which will be needed for Europe.

World reserves are not the problem; it's a matter of balance between cheap foreign ore with high risk and high-cost domestic ore with no risk.

### Kennametal Is Purchasing Agent

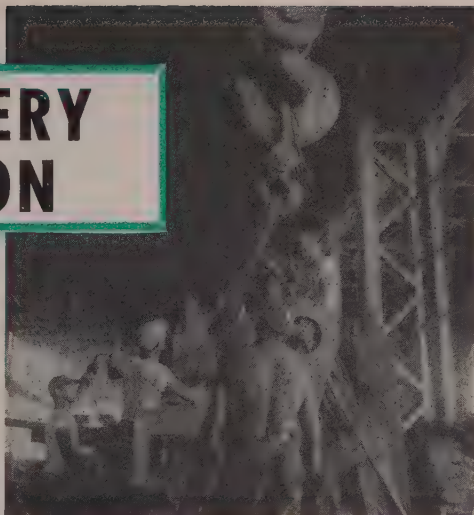
Kennametal Inc., Latrobe, Pa., has been appointed the fourth purchasing agent in the government's program for acquiring columbium-tantalum ores and concentrates for stockpiling and other defense purposes.

The program provides for payment of a bonus to the producer. It runs until Dec. 31, 1956, or until the government has purchased 15 million pounds of the metal. So far, only 600 tons have been bought.

The other three purchasers are: Fansteel Metallurgical Corp., North Chicago, Ill.; Wah Chang Corp., New York; and Emergency Procurement Service of the General Services Administration, Washington.

# MACHINERY ERECTION

Business will continue to climb this year for the movers and erectors of industry's inside "furniture"



U. S. Steel

NEXT TIME you have any furniture moving to do think of the machinery movers and erectors. The heaviest object you are likely to grapple with is the refrigerator, weighing about 380 pounds. Machinery erectors would call a cargo 10 times that heavy "a light load" and would not shy from handling equipment 2200 times as heavy as the refrigerator.

Machinery movers and erectors disassemble, move and/or reassemble all the heavy machinery and equipment in the manufacturing plant. They'll tackle anything from a single light stamping press to a complete factory; they operate in spaces from the cramped quarters of a ship's hold to a new and expanded plant site; they're insured—in some cases up to \$1 million—against damaging everything and everyone from the boss' secretary to a 6000-ton press.

**Shifting Work** — Since World War II, machinery erectors have been engaged mostly in erecting and moving new pieces of equipment. Expansions in the steel industry, aircraft parts manufacture, among electrical appliance makers, chemical, pharmaceutical and rubber companies have accounted for much of this business. A major shift in industry's production targets such as from wartime operations to peacetime work and vice versa, always brings a wave of erecting business. In the long run, erectors say, their business is divided about equally between erect-

ing new machines and moving and reassembling old ones.

Machinery erectors with 200 workers are few and those employing even 10 men are not numerous. Detroit telephone books list 41 machinery movers, with about the same in New York and Chicago. Cleveland yellow pages list about 30 such companies and, in Los Angeles, there's only one large mover.

**Factory Hits the Road**—Roger Sherman Transfer Co., East Hartford, Conn., likes to talk about its two-month hauling job for Norton Co., Worcester, Mass. Sherman Transfer moved Norton's grinding and lapping machine-producing equipment from one plant to another about a mile away while output from Norton continued at an all-time high.

From Detroit's Commercial Contracting Corp. story file comes a saga of erecting a 6000-ton forging press at a Detroit plant of one of the major automobile companies. The press weighed 420 tons. The largest part of the unit—weighing 247 tons—was shipped on a special underslung railroad flatcar designed to transport heavy ingots for a steel company. CCC also moved Inshield Products Co., Toledo, O., from a three-story building to a new plant five miles away between the 4:30 whistle on Friday afternoon and the regular starting time on the following Monday morning.

Cleveland Cartage Co., Cleveland, is girding itself, and has

been for the past two months, for a 200-tons-in-one-piece hauling job which it expects to do this fall. A specially designed carrier, equipped with low pressure tires, will carry that tremendous load over the highway "without any damage whatever, as the proper equipment will be used," says J. C. DeVenne, president of Cleveland Cartage.

American industry is on the move as never before, machinery erectors testify. Since World War II, their sales have climbed steadily, and this year they expect their volume to be about 10 or 15 per cent ahead of 1952, which was itself a good year.

## Growing Business for Sky Hooks

Steel bolts are rapidly supplanting the traditional wooden beams for holding up mine roofs. Roofbolting, or "sky-hooking" as some call it, is one of the fastest growing techniques in mining, says the U.S. Bureau of Mines.

Usage of steel bolts in overhead rock is becoming wide-spread among coal producers in particular. Only seven years ago, says the bureau, there wasn't an operating coal mine in the U. S. employing a systematic plan of roof bolting; today, there are 604 bolt-protected mines. Steel bolts at present are holding ceilings up in an additional 117 mines that produce metals and other minerals besides coal.

Several types of bolts are currently available, but nearly 75 per cent of those installed are the slit-rod and wedge type. These are steel rods usually about one inch in diameter and five to six inches long, slit at one end and threaded at the other. A steel wedge is placed in the slit end, and that end of the rod is inserted in a hole drilled in the mine roof. A pneumatic hammer then drives the rod home. The wedge spreads the bolt, anchoring it securely to the sides of the borehole. A steel bearing plate and nut are placed on the protruding threaded end.

"Sky-hooking," despite its only recent wide acceptance, is not new in the mining industry. A Wyoming coal mine tried it 30 years ago, and roof bolts were installed in an underground lead-zinc mill about 20 years ago.



## Atomic Advice Offered

New group will present industry's views and recommendations on uses of atomic energy

PRIVATE industry is banding together for the first time to make its voice heard at governmental levels on atomic policy, and to advance industrial use by unmasking mystery surrounding atomic energy and its applications.

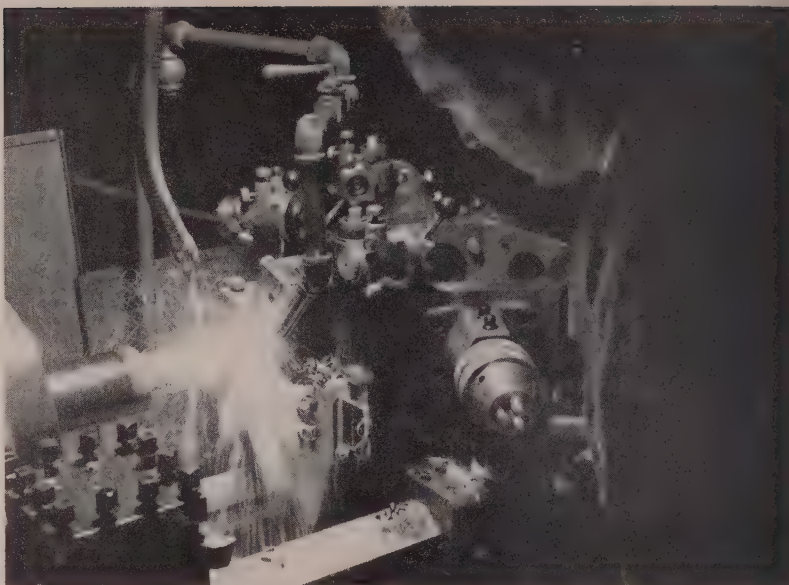
Atomic Industrial Forum Inc. filed incorporation papers last week in New York. It's sponsored by a cross-section of industry, science and education. Purpose of the organization, says Walker L. Cisler, president, Detroit Edison Co., Detroit, and a director of the group, is "advancement of understanding in technical, economic, legal and managerial aspects of atomic energy and how to accomplish its use in industry."

**To Advance Industry** — While the group claims it won't take an active interest in changing the Atomic Energy Act, Mr. Cisler says, "If industry is to move forward, legal barriers must be removed within the framework of required security." The group would still be dependent on the AEC's Clearance Committee and Information Division, carrying on the education job from there, says T. Keith Glennan, president, Case Institute of Technology, who proposed formation of the association after he had resigned as member of the Atomic Energy Commission.

**Atom Plant**—An atomic power plant can be built "within two to five years," says Albert L. Baker, chairman of the Vitro Mfg. Co., Pittsburgh. But he says there's no present assurance it would be economical.

Possible applications include use in weapons, seeding other nuclear power generators and powering mobile units such as ships and planes. He believes plutonium is a better high grade fuel material than uranium isotopes.

**Amendments**—The administration is believed to be urging Congress to amend the Atomic Energy Act to allow industry to possess under license critical amounts of uranium 235, to produce plutonium, and to have limited patent rights in processes developed.



Dreaming up sales lures for a changeover from military production . . .

## Tool Builders Sight Civilian Targets

"THE GREAT danger to our country is obsolescence; our great strength is productivity. It is the job of machine tool builders to lessen that danger and increase that strength."

With these words Tell Berna, general manager of the National Machine Tool Builders Association, summed up the challenge to his industry at the Westinghouse Machine Tool Electrification Forum in Pittsburgh last week.

**New Target**—As backlogs are chopped down and unrated orders come on the books, the major source of the industry's business will shift from tools for national defense to machines for civilian goods. Civilian producers will ask, "How can tools help us cut costs?"

Evidence of tool builders' interest in cutting costs and improving production showed up at every turn during the Pittsburgh forum. Addition of automatic features to standard machines and development of simpler, more reliable control systems for automatic machines keynoted formal and informal discussions.

**Ready-Made**—The machine tool industry's job is easily apparent, builders say. Answers to high costs must come through increasing productivity. As the industry

turns to tools for civilian production, the salesman's job changes completely. Instead of trying to pacify customers by explaining long delivery times, the salesman will have to create a demand on the customer's part.

The saddest part of the situation is that tools are becoming more obsolescent every year. At least one-third of machines which should be retired are being left on the job. Obsolescent equipment means lost production.

Among other subjects for discussion at the forum was administration policies. As at the machine tool builders meeting in New York a week earlier (STEEL, Apr. 13, p. 68), government plans, including the Vance proposal for defense capacity, held the spotlight. (For more on the Vance plan, see p. 73.)

**Share Interest**—Similar interest in government intentions was shared by members of the American Machine Tool Distributors Association in last week's meeting in Cincinnati. Henry R. Hanson of William K. Stamets Co., Cleveland, told the association that either the Vance plan or something similar would be supported by the industry as far superior to wholesale stockpiling of machines for an emergency reserve.

## Nearer Agreement

Defense planners are closer in the controversy over stand-by vs. dual-purpose plants

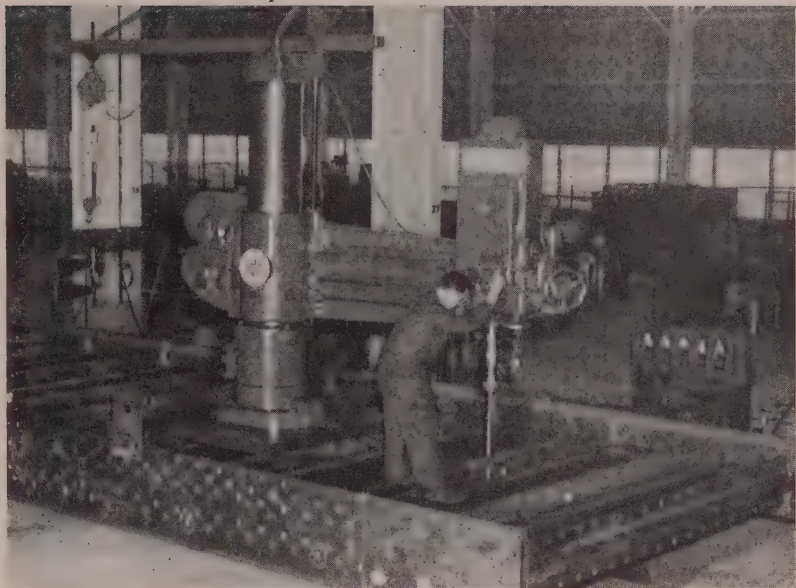
THE DEFENSE program may now follow a more clearly-marked route if mobilization planners continue to move nearer agreement. Largest schism in defense thinking has been on preparation for an all-out war without a hefty output of military items soon obsoleted by new developments.

**The Vance Plan** — One solution to the problem was offered last January by the Office of Defense Mobilization's Production Advisory Committee (STEEL, Jan. 19, p. 50). The committee—headed by Harold Vance, president, Studebaker Corp.—proposed that the U. S. buy and stockpile about \$300 million in new machine tools annually for ten years. Gaps in the program, said the committee's report, could be plugged by the purchase of between \$1 and \$2 billion of additional tool and production facilities. Stand-by plants could roll out armaments at a drop of a Defense department order.

Defense Secretary Charles Wilson is cool to the idea, however. He favors emphasis on dual-purpose plants which can be quickly changed over from civilian to military production. These facilities would be financed by private capital but aided in construction costs by tax write-off allowances.

**Toward Agreement?** — Since then, Mr. Vance's views show signs of moving closer to those of the defense secretary. In a speech sponsored by eastern chapters of American Society of Tool Engineers at their tool Engineers' Day banquet in New York on Apr. 14, he said, "I think Mr. Wilson's proposal (for dual purpose facilities) is sound, but I don't think it goes far enough." He still maintained that certain military plants must be erected and equipped, even though not commercially supportable.

Both automotive executives agree, however, that the nation should strive to narrow its mobilization base. Under the Truman administration, an effort was made to spread out defense contracts across the nation. Both Messrs. Wilson and Vance say that fewer



## Bringing Mahomet to the Mountain

Engineers at the new Link-Belt Co. plant in Colmar, Pa., solved a problem in bulky girder fabrication by bringing the machine to the work—a reversal of ordinary procedure. Rivet holes were drilled in a 57,000 pound built-up girder by setting up a 6-foot arm radial drill on top of the girder, which is now on its way to Venezuela where it will form part of an ore handling system

plants completely devoted to defense production, instead of many plants with small defense contracts, would result in a considerable saving to the government. Final decision won't come for a while. It will be made by President Eisenhower, who may be waiting for the Vance and Wilson viewpoints to come even closer together.

## Machine Tool Hiring Still Climbs

A government survey of 211 machine tool plants reveals that production capacity has now reached a virtual level between military and civilian requirements. Showing the industry's expansion, the Bureau of Employment Secur-

ity says machine tool industries employ 107,000—an increase of 70 per cent since Korea. Another 3 per cent gain is expected by next July.

## Profits from Tool Sale

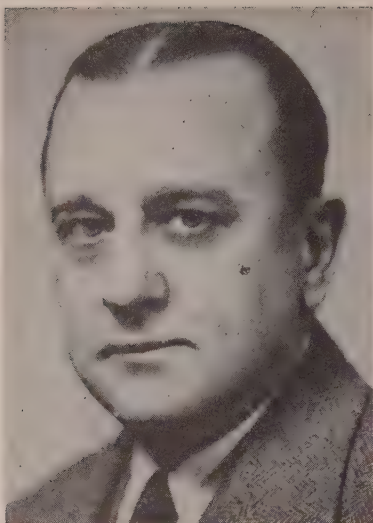
Sale of 228 surplus machine tools by the Air Force brought four times what the tools were worth as scrap at a Marietta, Ga., government aircraft plant. The tools were offered to the public after military screening found them useless to government agencies or the armed services.

Some 111 bids were made on the tools sold, and the Air Force collected \$215,000 in proceeds. Their scrap value was \$52,000.

## SELECTED DEFENSE CONTRACTS IN EXCESS OF \$100,000

PRODUCT	CONTRACTOR
Welding Machines	Sciaky Bros. Inc., Chicago
Trucks, Fork, Gasoline	Towmotor Corp., Div. 35, Cleveland
Automotive Spare Parts	International Harvester Co., Chicago
Shells, 105 mm	Altorfer Bros. Co., Peoria, Ill.
Shells, 155 mm	Malleable Iron Range Co., Beaver Dam, Wis.
Shells, Mortar	Deere & Co., Moline, Ill.
Boosters	Madison-Kipp Corp., Madison Wis.
Fuzes	Northwest Automatic Products Corp., Minneapolis
Gun Parts, 20 mm	Price-Pfister Brass Mfg. Co., Los Angeles
Aircraft Indicators	Speed-O-Print Corp., Chicago
Oxygen Indicators	Magnavox Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.
Pulse Generators	Crown Cork & Seal Co., Baltimore
Airspeed Indicators	Bendix Aviation Corp., Detroit
	Stamford Electronics Co., Stamford, Conn.
	Lackner Co. Inc., Cincinnati





J. ROBERT KELLEY  
... new president of ASMTA

## Mill Supplies Gain

**Heavy industrial output leads to rising sales of production tools and supplies**

SALES of mill supplies and industrial equipment so far this year are ahead of the same period in 1952. Even if a dip occurs, 1953 volume will be no more than 5 per cent below last year.

That is the consensus of 2500 manufacturers and distributors who attended the Triple Mill Supply Convention of one manufacturers' association and two distributors' groups in Miami, Fla., Apr. 12-16.

**Harder Selling**—Even with this rosy outlook, sales organizations will have to do some real selling. J. Robert Kelley, vice president and general manager of Shaw-Box Division, Manning, Maxwell & Moore Inc., Muskegon, Mich., and new president of the American Supply & Machinery Manufacturers Association, said now selling is required on a replacement or improvement basis for cost reductions rather than for expansion of facilities.

"The problem in the future will not be how to produce more goods," Mr. Kelley continued, "but how to distribute the increased amount of industrial supplies and equipment this industry is geared to produce so easily."

**Check Your Packaging**—Dis-

tributors will ask manufacturers to package industrial supplies and equipment in reshippable cartons or boxes in distributors' normal resale units.

Studies indicate savings of 3 to 5 per cent for distributors on such items as pipe fittings.

**Healthy Steel Industry** — U. S. Steel Corp. Chairman Benjamin F. Fairless, featured speaker, said a healthy steel company, efficiently managed, should be geared to an average peacetime operating rate of about 80 per cent. With one-fifth of its capacity standing ready for a national emergency, the company should be able to earn a profit sufficient to support normal peacetime growth.

Since January, 1951, when the government clamped on wage and price controls, Mr. Fairless said steel prices were permitted to rise 4.75 per cent. In that time, employment costs and expense of purchased goods and services rose nearly three times as much.

Among new officers elected, in addition to Mr. Kelley, was T. Gordon Vaughan, W. M. Pattison Supply Co., Cleveland, to be president of National Industrial Distributors Association. B. S. Barker, Pye-Barker Supply Co., Atlanta, was elected president of the Southern Industrial Distributors Association.

## Plan AISI Conference

Sinclair Weeks, secretary of commerce, will be the principal dinner speaker at the 61st general meeting of the American Iron & Steel Institute in the Waldorf Astoria hotel, New York, May 27-28. The dinner will be held on the evening of the second day.

Dr. John Chipman, in charge of the Department of Metallurgy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass., will present the Charles M. Schwab memorial lecture.

Speakers at the general meeting on May 28 will be T. M. Girdler, chairman of Republic Steel Corp., Cleveland; H. G. Hilton, president, Steel Co. of Canada Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.; and B. F. Fairless, chairman of U. S. Steel Corp.

Preliminary schedules call for three technical sessions to be held in the afternoon of May 27.

## Quality in Demand

**Greater requirements for lubricants test engineers' ability to develop heat-resistant products**

PROBLEMS growing from higher speeds and stresses with new metals occupied considerable attention at the eighth annual meeting of the American Society of Lubricating Engineers in Boston last week. Members agreed that the ingenuity of lubricating engineers will be tested in years ahead.

New types of lubricants are necessary to meet stringent requirements of future aircraft turbine engines and industrial processes utilizing atomic power. Progress has already been made toward that goal, say suppliers of lubricants and lubricating systems.

**Surface Conditions**—Many rubbing surfaces of aircraft turbine engines operate under conditions of boundary lubrication; therefore friction and surface failure properties of the lubricant are of great importance. Much needs to be done to improve lubricating at extremely high and low temperatures at high stress operating loads.

A spokesman of Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Co., Hartford, Conn., remarked that jet engines have brought out lubricating problems faster than they can be solved. High temperatures and stresses, coupled with new alloy steels, challenge lubricating engineers.

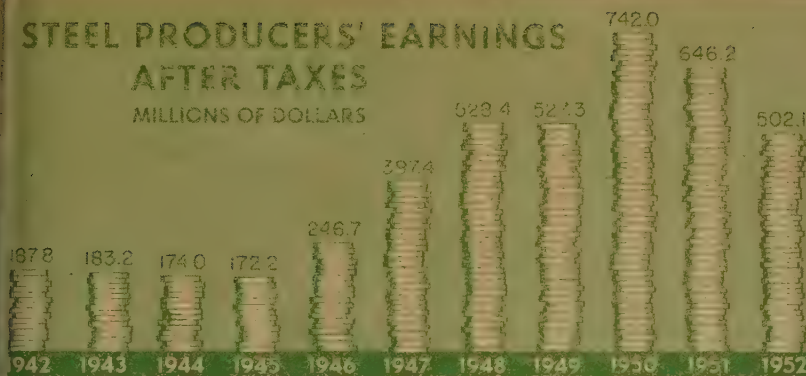
**Main Difficulty**—A lubricating engineer of Bower Roller Bearing Co., Detroit, said the first problem is to get lubricants to the right spot on aircraft roller bearings. Lubricating engineers should participate in design as well as selection of oil and grease for new products, he advised.

Much attention was given to education of plant maintenance personnel, notably hydraulic journeymen, because of increasing use of hydraulics in controlling machine operations. Industrial trends toward automation will spotlight the need of efficiency lubrication as never before.

Dr. W. E. Campbell of the Bell Telephone Laboratories, Whippany, N. J., was elected president of the association. Vice president at large will be Mr. John Boyd of Westinghouse Electric Corp., Pittsburgh.

## STEEL PRODUCERS' EARNINGS AFTER TAXES

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS



28th ANNUAL  
**FINANCIAL  
ANALYSIS**  
OF THE  
**STEEL INDUSTRY**

Supplement to

**STEEL**  
A PENTON PUBLICATION

April 20, 1953

## Tax Collector Biggest Loser in Steel Strike

**Work stoppages in 1952 caused government to lose billion in revenues from steel producers. Production, sales and net income suffer from interruptions**

LARGEST loser in the 1952 steel strike was Uncle Sam. His take in federal income and excess profits taxes from the steel companies was one billion dollars less than would have been had there been no work stoppage. Additional hundreds of millions were lost due to lower personal income taxes from shareholders, steel workers and others dependent on the steel industry and in lowered corporate taxes from steel consuming communities whose operations and profits were curtailed by inability to obtain all the steel they needed. The steel producers actually paid \$300 million less in federal taxes in 1952 than in 1951. Normal federal income taxes dropped 50.8 per cent from \$965 million to \$475 million. Excess profits taxes dropped 116 per cent from \$257 million to a credit for \$41 million.

### Everybody Lost

All other parties to the steel dispute also lost. The steelworkers lost about \$650 each in wages, or in aggregate of more than a half billion dollars. The steel producers lost about \$144 million in net income, which last year was 22.3 per cent below 1951. Production of steel dropped 12.1 per cent and net sales declined 9.7 per cent.

Net income of the 30 companies last year totaled \$502,144,737, compared with \$646,185,883 in 1951. Only one company, Kaiser Steel

Corp., showed higher earnings in 1952 than in 1951. Kaiser was not affected by the steel strike.

STEEL's 28th Annual Financial Analysis of the Steel Industry shows the work stoppages to be the dominating factor in 1952. The study includes financial and operating data from 30 companies representing 94 per cent of steelmaking capacity in the United States.

### Income-to-Sales Ratio Drops

As result of the strike interruptions the companies' net profit per dollar of sales declined again. In 1950, the companies retained 7.99 cents as profit. In 1951, they were able to retain 5.71 cents and in 1952 they could keep only 4.91 cents.

Despite the fact the mills were closed for nearly two months by strikes last spring and summer employment costs were less than 1 per cent below those for the preceding year.

Sharp increases in wage and other employment costs, without fully compensating price increases, contributed to the reduction in profits.

Net income per ton of ingot production was \$5.64, off 74 cents from 1951. Net income per ton of ingot capacity was \$4.74, down \$1.78 from 1951.

Steelmaking capacity is mounting steadily. As of Jan. 1, 1953, the rated capacity was 117,547,470 net tons. This compares with 108,587,-

670 net tons as of Jan. 1, 1952, and 104,229,650 on Jan. 1, 1951.

To finance its huge expansion program the industry borrowed heavily. Funded debt was increased 38.9 per cent. It also increased the total provision for depreciation and depletion by 17.7 per cent. Accelerated depreciation or amortization is shown by 23 of the 30 producers.

Increase in surplus amounted to 6.5 per cent.

Total capitalization was increased 9.3 per cent in 1952. The additions to funded debt and surplus account largely for the increase in capitalization. Increases in common and preferred stock valuations also contributed to the expanded capitalization.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities improved. Current liabilities decreased 14.2 per cent while current assets were down only 6.4 per cent. This was the first time since 1949 the current ratio has improved. Result: Working capital increased \$40,740,437.

### More Common Shareholders

Through stock splits, stock dividends and issuance of additional shares the number of common shares outstanding increased 1.8 per cent.

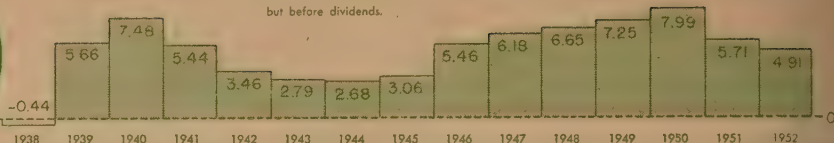
On the other hand, the number of preferred shareholders declined 0.6 per cent.

And among the losers from the 1952 strike, don't forget the common shareholder whose net income per share dropped 25.6 per cent.





After taxes and interest on bonds  
but before dividends.



	Rated Ingot Capacity, Net Tons		Ingot Production, Net Tons		Steel Operating Rate, Per Cent		Net Income Per Ingot Produced
	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	
United States Steel Corp. ....	36,399,000	34,643,000	29,436,000	34,323,000	85.00	101.34	\$4.88
Bethlehem Steel Corp. ....	16,800,000	16,000,000	14,116,342	16,405,677	84.03	102.54	6.44
Republic Steel Corp. ....	10,262,000	9,490,000	7,991,238	9,142,096	82.80	101.95	5.54
Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. ....	5,900,000	4,847,000	4,710,000	5,032,000	83.00	103.82	4.14
National Steel Corp. ....	5,100,000	4,750,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. ....	4,947,500	4,370,000	3,937,490	4,451,854	90.10	104.75	5.82
Armco Steel Corp. ....	4,718,000	4,525,000	4,042,473	4,357,562	85.68	96.30	7.75
Inland Steel Co. ....	3,906,233	3,750,000	3,307,253	3,837,268	84.66	102.33	7.18
Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. <sup>4</sup> ....	2,024,000	1,522,664	1,892,485	1,615,246	93.50	106.08	3.04
Wheeling Steel Corp. ....	1,860,000	1,860,000	1,464,985	1,874,236	78.76	100.77	7.48
Sharon Steel Corp. ....	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,284,170	1,600,205	82.85	103.24	3.99
Kaiser Steel Corp. <sup>4</sup> ....	1,380,000	1,380,000	1,381,862	1,217,196	100.13	101.43	7.53
Crucible Steel Co. of America ....	1,350,700	1,198,960	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pittsburgh Steel Co. ....	1,152,000	1,072,000	971,029	1,091,364	84.29	101.81	5.30
Barium Steel Corp. ....	893,000	893,000	690,128	627,220	77.28	70.24	18
Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp. ....	889,200	817,200	569,921	817,058	64.09	99.98	10.42
Granite City Steel Co. ....	720,000	720,000	621,574	746,911	86.32	103.74	8.02
Newport Steel Corp. <sup>5</sup> ....	708,537	704,700	400,459	540,824	56.52	76.75	4.75
Lukens Steel Co. <sup>6</sup> ....	675,000	675,000	555,102	686,083	82.24	101.64	4.17
Detroit Steel Corp. ....	660,000	660,000	529,432	644,788	80.22	97.70	8.08
Alan Wood Steel Co. ....	625,000	625,000	658,449	623,232	105.35	99.72	3.42
Copperweld Steel Co. ....	618,380 <sup>23</sup>	554,400 <sup>23</sup>	22	22	22	22	22
McLouth Steel Corp. ....	579,700	550,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northwestern Steel & Wire Co. <sup>7</sup> ..	573,000	321,000	313,856	338,690	54.77	105.51	2.94
Rotary Electric Steel Co. ....	425,000	425,000	323,959	372,146	76.23	87.56	5.69
Keystone Steel & Wire Co. ....	425,000	400,000	389,762	323,956	91.71	80.99	10.45
Laclede Steel Co. ....	410,000	410,000	413,292	389,662	100.80	95.04	5.16
Continental Steel Corp. ....	394,000	394,000	325,138	363,484	82.52	92.25	4.54
Midvale Co. ....	324,947	274,654	99,967	119,902	30.76	43.66	11.88
Carpenter Steel Co. <sup>4</sup> ....	73,474	73,474	72,379	70,863	98.51	96.45	39.56
Total (or average) ....	106,343,671	99,456,052	80,498,745	91,612,523	81.56	99.14	\$5.64

	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding		Common Stock Valuation		Preferred Stock Valuation	
	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951
United States Steel Corp. ....	29,109,756	29,109,756	\$870,325,200	\$870,325,200	\$360,281,100	\$360,281,100
Bethlehem Steel Corp. ....	9,582,942	9,582,942	303,459,830	303,459,830	93,388,700	93,388,700
Republic Steel Corp. ....	5,902,719	5,896,719	136,060,726	135,979,066	28,204,300	28,204,300
Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. ....	6,200,654	6,200,654	62,007,000	62,007,000	29,357,000	29,357,000
National Steel Corp. ....	7,362,045	7,362,045	73,620,450	73,620,450	None	None
Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. ....	3,350,016	3,350,016	105,088,053	105,088,053	None	None
Armco Steel Corp. ....	5,214,994	5,214,997	52,149,936	52,149,966	None	None
Inland Steel Co. ....	4,899,380	4,899,315	62,502,746	62,500,000	None	None
Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. <sup>4</sup> ....	2,158,084	2,000,523	10,791,021	10,003,216	2,375,967 <sup>10</sup>	None
Wheeling Steel Corp. ....	1,423,897	1,423,897	37,021,322	37,021,322	35,752,600 <sup>10</sup>	35,752,600
Sharon Steel Corp. ....	1,100,000	1,100,000	11,060,390	11,060,390	None	None
Kaiser Steel Corp. <sup>4</sup> ....	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	40,000,000	40,000,000
Crucible Steel Co. of America ....	634,985	574,362	15,874,644	14,359,044	29,840,600	30,527,200
Pittsburgh Steel Co. ....	1,182,651	1,091,915	11,017,188	8,819,355	24,194,300	24,194,300
Barium Steel Corp. ....	2,259,857	2,230,910	2,259,857	2,230,910	None	None
Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp. ....	1,656,233	1,627,169	11,245,174	10,169,806	8,134,600	8,134,600
Granite City Steel Co. ....	1,379,045	1,278,462	17,238,068	15,980,775	12,137,600	10,226,500
Newport Steel Corp. <sup>5</sup> ....	1,078,547	1,078,547	1,078,547	1,078,547	None	None
Lukens Steel Co. <sup>6</sup> ....	317,976	317,976	3,179,760	3,179,760	None	None
Detroit Steel Corp. ....	2,371,586 <sup>21</sup>	1,185,793	2,371,586	1,185,793	None	None
Alan Wood Steel Co. ....	606,377	594,107	6,063,770	5,941,070	6,525,000	6,525,000
Copperweld Steel Co. ....	514,864	514,864	2,574,320	2,574,320	4,486,000	1,065,000
McLouth Steel Corp. ....	951,680	951,680	2,379,200	2,379,200	None	None
Northwestern Steel & Wire Co. <sup>7</sup> ..	817,825	817,825	4,089,125	4,089,125	None	None
Rotary Electric Steel Co. ....	290,413	290,413	2,904,130	2,904,130	None	None
Keystone Steel & Wire Co. ....	1,875,000	1,875,000	2,604,167	2,604,167	None	None
Laclede Steel Co. ....	206,250	206,250	4,125,000	4,125,000	None	None
Continental Steel Corp. ....	501,361	501,361	7,018,789	7,018,789	None	None
Midvale Co. ....	600,000	600,000	10,574,621	10,574,621	None	None
Carpenter Steel Co. <sup>4</sup> ....	427,045 <sup>25</sup>	395,955 <sup>25</sup>	2,135,225 <sup>25</sup>	1,979,775 <sup>25</sup>	None	None
Total (or average) ....	97,175,782	95,473,413	\$1,836,019,845	\$1,827,608,680	\$674,677,767	\$667,656,300

Boldface type is used under those columns in which figures from all 80 companies were not received. NA=Not Available.

<sup>1</sup> Denotes a credit. <sup>2</sup> Denotes a deficit.  
<sup>3</sup> Excluding amount maturing within one year.  
<sup>4</sup> After federal income taxes.

<sup>5</sup> Including funded debt due within one year.

<sup>6</sup> Fiscal years ended June 30.

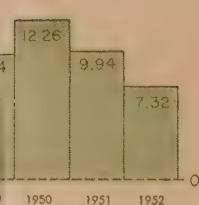
<sup>7</sup> Fiscal years ended Oct. 31.

<sup>8</sup> Fiscal years 52 weeks ended Oct. 25, 1952, and Oct. 27, 1951.

<sup>9</sup> Fiscal years ended July 31.







# THIS SPECIAL REPORT is compiled from data from 30 producers representing 94 per cent of the steelmaking capacity in the United States

Surplus	Total Capitalization		Provision For Depreciation, Depletion		Total Income Before Dividends and Interest on Bonds		Total Income—Per Cent of Capitalization		
	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952			
345	\$865,372,544	\$2,197,124,774	\$2,150,858,480	\$176,918,467 <sup>8</sup>	\$162,091,475 <sup>8</sup>	\$145,549,814	\$186,329,413	6.62	8.0
196	476,763,402	1,217,957,726	1,093,925,932	54,483,282 <sup>8</sup>	45,891,869 <sup>8</sup>	98,662,545	112,197,080	8.10	10.0
402	257,437,419	606,379,373	562,829,895	25,756,204 <sup>8</sup>	24,799,375 <sup>8</sup>	48,765,540	57,693,828	8.04	10.0
000	256,727,000	499,596,000	463,219,000	43,031,000 <sup>8</sup>	25,695,000 <sup>8</sup>	23,412,000	33,700,000	4.69	7.0
254	241,365,705	385,035,319 <sup>9</sup>	354,558,375 <sup>9</sup>	21,607,143	21,898,468 <sup>8</sup>	40,692,327	46,544,236	10.57	13.0
920	188,762,146	399,815,973	345,850,199	17,695,579 <sup>8</sup>	13,702,863 <sup>8</sup>	24,804,994	31,890,884	6.20	9.0
329	227,541,137	375,908,210	338,788,098	16,726,856 <sup>8</sup>	14,228,709 <sup>8</sup>	33,915,802	36,869,765	9.02	10.0
501	161,132,261	346,688,747	290,882,261	11,376,156	8,753,246	26,928,021	36,310,738	7.77	12.0
067	64,204,072	132,238,055	96,544,788	5,064,010 <sup>8</sup>	3,913,896 <sup>8</sup>	7,032,422	10,632,197	5.32	11.0
665	69,016,692	201,707,487	192,703,514	8,096,425 <sup>8</sup>	6,704,396 <sup>8</sup>	12,800,200	19,088,896	6.35	9.0
450	48,386,036	68,016,840	68,296,426	3,024,506 <sup>8</sup>	2,603,485 <sup>8</sup>	5,398,962	9,137,596	7.94	13.0
992 <sup>10</sup>	44,634,377	208,125,843	172,834,377	7,451,167 <sup>8</sup>	5,943,760 <sup>8</sup>	13,926,042	10,420,016	6.69	6.0
933	34,384,522	124,250,177	105,675,766	5,702,735	4,566,777	6,762,790	9,290,877	5.44	8.0
038	38,892,051	104,203,194	81,193,695	4,305,553 <sup>8</sup>	2,121,594 <sup>8</sup>	5,622,705	7,480,059	5.40	9.0
858	16,114,783	19,588,715	18,345,693	1,201,480	1,027,883	2,746,050	4,164,177	14.02	22.0
279	54,936,367	106,299,053	95,410,773	6,054,413 <sup>8</sup>	3,479,703 <sup>8</sup>	5,940,324	8,834,140	5.59	9.0
390	19,045,970	79,453,433	57,256,370	2,396,131	2,220,816	5,869,488	5,735,749	7.39	10.0
310	18,820,455	22,269,887	21,705,283	1,039,199 <sup>8</sup>	996,221 <sup>8</sup>	1,971,099 <sup>20</sup>	2,292,100	8.85	10.0
651	19,995,764	29,637,411	25,130,524	1,261,369 <sup>8</sup>	1,749,872 <sup>8</sup>	2,573,261	3,667,346	8.68	14.0
801	32,540,514	59,557,263	47,151,307	1,971,303 <sup>8</sup>	1,077,721 <sup>8</sup>	5,313,804	11,069,211	8.92	23.0
896	12,033,917	30,122,666	29,481,987	2,882,843 <sup>8</sup>	2,501,941 <sup>8</sup>	2,504,414	2,591,771	8.31	8.0
893	14,780,729	30,113,500 <sup>21</sup>	20,058,049	1,026,051 <sup>8</sup>	855,836 <sup>8</sup>	2,377,145	2,775,165	7.89	13.0
896	18,178,841	38,415,096	32,151,820	3,806,061 <sup>8</sup>	3,428,878 <sup>8</sup>	4,227,854	5,151,038	11.01	16.0
827	8,261,712	13,821,952	12,350,837	1,853,136 <sup>8</sup>	566,214 <sup>8</sup>	924,059	2,915,271	6.69	23.0
788	9,514,963	14,390,918	13,919,093	939,280 <sup>8</sup>	686,602 <sup>8</sup>	1,843,064	2,482,974	12.81	17.0
386	18,336,154	22,013,553	20,940,321	790,125 <sup>8</sup>	570,808 <sup>8</sup>	4,073,232	4,724,286	18.50	22.0
777	10,265,156	17,353,323	16,292,698	1,142,706	870,406	2,205,628	2,863,032	12.71	17.0
362	9,467,646	20,111,151	16,486,435	603,021	602,361	1,505,656	1,530,371	7.49	9.0
690	6,772,076	17,786,311	17,346,697	597,335 <sup>8</sup>	547,000	1,188,899	1,619,925	6.68	9.0
553	18,175,774	22,511,877	20,380,848	434,763 <sup>8</sup>	397,104 <sup>8</sup>	2,863,432	3,914,567	12.72	19.0
449	\$3,261,860,185	\$7,410,493,827	\$6,782,569,511	\$129,238,290	\$364,494,279	\$542,401,573	\$673,916,708	7.32	9.0
Dividends Per Share on Common	Normal Federal Income Taxes		Federal Excess Profits Tax		Total Assets		Current Assets		
1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951
3.00	\$3.00	\$132,000,000	\$308,000,000	\$15,000,000*	\$90,000,000	\$2,988,434,756	\$3,140,678,992	\$1,010,707,373	\$1,212,720,217
4.00	4.00	80,200,000	136,000,000	14,200,000*	26,000,000	1,610,078,107	1,541,687,919	851,801,104	873,130,122
4.00	4.00	42,900,000	88,500,000	300,000*	29,000,000	757,786,524	691,682,832	288,323,212	274,735,000
1.80	1.80	3,068,000	44,643,000	8,926,000*	9,696,000	838,944,000	820,420,000	163,806,000	219,534,000
3.00	3.00	41,350,000	74,550,000	650,000	20,450,000	496,578,152	452,884,792	218,748,048	223,680,400
3.00	3.00	20,380,000	34,372,000	3,490,000*	4,320,000	479,214,935	439,097,395	239,455,241	260,625,000
3.00	3.00	38,375,239	54,100,590	4,719,987	15,040,702	464,050,153	416,014,518	204,787,795	189,779,400
3.00	3.50	18,333,000	43,030,000	5,216,000*	10,490,000	400,814,562	381,463,354	193,657,506	193,770,000
1.50	1.875	7,598,800	14,645,800	862,700	4,628,200	176,157,962	139,961,591	69,561,385	67,917,000
3.00	3.00	9,611,000	25,817,000	2,136,000*	7,845,000	228,226,485	214,921,421	95,952,873	96,012,000
4.00	3.50	3,600,000	13,900,000	850,000*	4,580,000	85,451,794	90,307,006	52,841,761	59,768,000
0.25	None	12,848,440	6,925,045	None	None	237,002,354	190,379,707	62,843,472	41,717,000
11	11	5,577,506	13,414,770	12	4,684,651	157,035,710	131,987,086	68,791,669	59,926,000
14	14	4,997,000	11,405,000	560,000*	3,800,000	128,751,121	112,808,642	51,949,938	63,932,000
0.50	0.40	5,086,295	6,780,674	1,480,000	1,885,000	50,202,097	43,239,784	30,370,135	26,024,000
2.00 <sup>16</sup>	2.50	4,520,000	15,050,000	1,620,000*	5,140,000	140,535,974	126,096,063	65,635,039	63,767,000
1.10 <sup>19</sup>	2.20	3,917,000	6,535,000	1,384,208*	1,445,000	101,697,110	77,976,028	34,326,718	40,639,000
0.45	0.70	1,500,000	3,043,196	541,600*	840,000	31,417,526	32,799,863	16,759,755	18,562,000
4.00	4.00	3,288,361	6,600,000	342,804	2,205,500	44,626,667	43,911,091	28,916,767	32,592,000
1.00	2.00	4,597,235	16,332,229	80,000	5,480,000	78,684,696	81,279,391	25,878,432	48,751,000
1.40	1.40	2,550,000	3,530,000	75,000*	662,000	39,100,083	39,320,684	15,074,214	13,974,000
2.00	2.30	2,367,500	4,360,000	6,000	1,150,000	41,954,821 <sup>21</sup>	29,183,826	25,402,791 <sup>24</sup>	18,454,000
None	None	7,145,000	8,612,000	2,455,000	2,930,000	52,040,503	53,866,769	29,489,191	29,229,000
None	None	65,000*	2,883,700	930,000*	703,000	30,439,187	25,166,255	8,335,296	8,980,000
3.00	2.75	2,401,000	3,755,000	440,000	1,260,000	17,639,959	16,131,141	7,693,709	6,204,800
1.60	1.60	5,156,219	5,046,435	960,429	1,084,405	26,784,205	23,561,289	12,231,121	9,715,000
4.50	5.20	2,657,000	4,090,000	107,000	985,000	23,265,215	22,027,116	13,243,625	12,548,000
1.70	2.05	1,880,000	4,150,000	12	12	23,490,734	21,396,048	11,420,398	9,465,800
1.25	1.00	2,218,000	900,000	None	None	23,593,061	21,462,339	16,214,164	14,040,000
3.00 <sup>27</sup>	1.50 <sup>27</sup>	5,334,346	4,900,384	1,746,557	1,503,952	35,583,115	30,736,008	25,956,819	24,474,000
		\$475,391,941	\$965,871,823	\$41,378,331*	\$257,808,410	\$9,809,581,568	\$9,452,448,950	\$3,945,175,551	\$4,214,677,000

<sup>17</sup> Common stock split two-for-one Mar. 15, 1951.

<sup>18</sup> Covers period from date of issuance, Dec. 10, 1951, to Dec. 15, 1952. Additional dividend of \$3.865 per share on series B, 5.5 per cent preferred, from date of issuance Apr. 11, 1952, to Dec. 15, 1952.

<sup>19</sup> Stock dividend of 3 per cent in 1952.

<sup>20</sup> Includes earnings from other than steel operations.

<sup>21</sup> Common stock split two-for-one Feb. 19, 1952.

<sup>22</sup> Comparisons would be misleading as company's operations include a wire and cable division with no steel ingot capacity.

# Financial Analysis

## OF THE STEEL INDUSTRY FOR 1952

Net Sales		Net Profit—Per Cent of Net Sales		Net Income Before Dividends		
1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	
\$3,137,397,336	\$3,524,121,226	4.58	5.23	\$143,687,746	\$184,359,787	United States Steel Corp.
1,701,541,383	1,799,506,346	5.34	5.92	90,900,771	106,531,293	Bethlehem Steel Corp.
918,447,135	1,052,715,386	4.82	5.22	44,274,053	54,921,541	Republic Steel Corp.
495,401,000	564,330,000	3.93	5.49	19,482,000	30,998,000	Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.
548,625,817	618,461,408	6.85	7.32	37,559,477	45,287,093	National Steel Corp.
439,623,183	489,305,162	5.21	6.26	22,915,822	30,644,201	Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.
518,575,218	534,834,687	6.04	6.54	31,337,861	35,004,487	Armco Steel Corp.
460,451,935	521,449,655	5.16	6.60	23,755,218	34,398,585	Inland Steel Co.
195,757,164	191,444,412	2.94	5.25	5,761,965	10,044,728	Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. <sup>4</sup>
180,285,277	229,012,621	6.07	7.59	10,950,780	17,392,959	Wheeling Steel Corp.
132,376,426	169,961,946	3.87	5.21	5,120,414	8,861,187	Sharon Steel Corp.
117,925,049	100,471,475	8.81	7.48	10,399,306	7,510,560	Kaiser Steel Corp. <sup>4</sup>
180,266,000	202,868,727	2.99	4.12	5,394,520	8,363,225	Crucible Steel Co. of America
130,158,219	150,462,914	3.96	4.87	5,150,034	7,331,599	Pittsburgh Steel Co.
99,062,028	91,642,638	2.77	4.54	2,746,050	4,164,177	Barium Steel Corp.
190,060,165	229,282,714	3.13	3.85	5,940,324	8,834,140	Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.
74,587,639	86,603,279	6.68	5.93	4,985,954	5,142,520	Granite City Steel Co.
50,502,854	59,524,505	3.77	3.68	1,903,209	2,188,023	Newport Steel Corp. <sup>5</sup>
69,616,358	80,546,418	3.33	4.41	2,316,791	3,549,567	Lukens Steel Co. <sup>6</sup>
87,421,483	113,747,044	4.89	9.24	4,276,666	10,514,896	Detroit Steel Corp.
60,479,849	58,764,602	3.72	3.92	2,251,073	2,303,720	Alan Wood Steel Co.
71,642,488	76,185,026	3.22	3.55	2,304,387	2,703,165	Copperweld Steel Co.
NA	NA	NA	NA	4,227,854	5,151,088	McLouth Steel Corp.
36,571,044	42,981,692	2.53	6.78	924,059	2,915,271	Northwestern Steel & Wire Co. <sup>7</sup>
37,120,265	40,714,531	4.97	6.10	1,843,064	2,482,974	Rotary Electric Steel Co.
48,939,590	44,406,154	8.32	10.64	4,073,232	4,724,286	Keystone Steel & Wire Co.
47,545,026	47,657,001	4.49	5.87	2,132,746	2,797,998	Laclede Steel Co.
35,716,970	39,866,978	4.14	3.84	1,477,030	1,530,371	Continental Steel Corp.
30,089,172	23,797,334	3.96	6.81	1,188,899	1,619,925	Midvale Co.
47,680,029	44,142,214	6.01	8.87	2,863,432	3,914,567	Carpenter Steel Co. <sup>4</sup>
\$10,143,806,102	\$11,228,808,095	4.91	5.71	\$502,144,737	\$646,185,883	Total (or average)

Current Liabilities <sup>3</sup>		Ratio of Current Assets to Current Liabilities		Working Capital		
1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	
\$684,151,997	\$877,802,623	1.48—1	1.38—1	\$326,555,376	\$334,917,584	United States Steel Corp.
352,120,381	408,761,987	2.42—1	2.14—1	499,680,723	464,368,175	Bethlehem Steel Corp.
133,133,112	110,453,613	2.17—1	2.49—1	155,190,100	164,281,577	Republic Steel Corp.
75,345,000	125,987,000	2.24—1	1.74—1	93,461,000	93,547,000	Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.
73,626,979	64,855,385	2.97—1	3.45—1	145,121,069	158,825,552	National Steel Corp.
68,667,688	83,312,419	3.49—1	3.13—1	170,787,553	177,313,571	Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.
40,814,075	70,766,626	2.53—1	2.68—1	123,973,720	119,013,307	Armco Steel Corp.
85,261,977	81,377,640	4.28—1	2.38—1	148,395,529	112,393,090	Inland Steel Co.
38,047,053	38,032,232	1.83—1	1.79—1	31,514,332	29,885,174	Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp. <sup>4</sup>
19,640,825	17,248,229	4.89—1	5.57—1	76,312,048	78,764,698	Wheeling Steel Corp.
16,924,954	21,500,580	3.12—1	2.78—1	35,916,807	38,267,953	Sharon Steel Corp.
28,876,511	17,322,576	2.18—1	2.48—1	33,966,961	24,394,882	Kaiser Steel Corp. <sup>4</sup>
30,310,862	23,669,530	2.27—1	2.53—1	38,480,807	36,256,744	Crucible Steel Co. of America
24,547,927	31,259,647	2.12—1	2.05—1	27,402,011	32,672,659	Pittsburgh Steel Co.
23,638,917	19,067,101	1.28—1	1.36—1	6,731,218	6,957,425	Barium Steel Corp.
31,899,208	28,580,582	2.06—1	2.23—1	33,735,831	35,187,010	Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp.
19,197,597	19,648,794	1.79—1	2.07—1	15,129,121	20,990,450	Granite City Steel Co.
7,147,639	9,094,423	2.34—1	2.04—1	9,612,116	9,468,027	Newport Steel Corp. <sup>5</sup>
14,901,873	18,694,748	1.94—1	1.74—1	14,014,894	13,898,036	Lukens Steel Co. <sup>6</sup>
19,127,433	34,128,084	1.35—1	1.43—1	6,750,999	14,623,638	Detroit Steel Corp.
7,878,654	8,969,341	1.91—1	1.56—1	7,195,560	5,005,432	Alan Wood Steel Co.
11,430,798 <sup>24</sup>	8,841,547	2.22—1 <sup>24</sup>	2.19—1	13,971,993 <sup>24</sup>	9,612,770	Copperweld Steel Co.
16,004,607	21,714,948	1.84—1	1.35—1	13,484,584	7,514,082	McLouth Steel Corp.
10,833,542	8,923,898	0.77—1	1.01—1	2,498,246 <sup>†</sup>	56,205	Northwestern Steel & Wire Co. <sup>7</sup>
3,249,041	2,212,048	2.37—1	2.80—1	4,444,668	3,992,315	Rotary Electric Steel Co.
4,770,652	2,620,968	2.56—1	3.71—1	7,460,469	7,094,819	Keystone Steel & Wire Co.
5,611,892	5,434,418	2.36—1	2.31—1	7,631,733	7,114,123	Laclede Steel Co.
2,613,659	4,139,256	4.37—1	2.29—1	8,806,739	5,326,017	Continental Steel Corp.
5,347,959	3,659,716	3.03—1	3.84—1	10,866,205	10,380,722	Midvale Co.
13,065,589	10,350,888	1.99—1	2.36—1	12,891,230	14,123,676	Carpenter Steel Co. <sup>4</sup>
\$1,868,188,401	\$2,178,430,847	2.11—1	1.93—1	\$2,076,987,150	\$2,036,246,713	Total (or average)

<sup>23</sup> Represents ingot capacity of steel plant only.

<sup>24</sup> Including subsidiary company acquired December 1952.

<sup>†</sup> To be issued 203 shares with a valuation of \$1,015 in 1953, 19,843 shares with a valuation of \$99,215 in 1951.

<sup>25</sup> Based in 1952 on 427,045 shares, in 1951 on 415,195 shares.

<sup>26</sup> Difference between two years due to timing of declaration dates; \$3.00 per share paid out of earnings for each fiscal year. In addition 5 per cent stock dividend declared June 28, 1951.

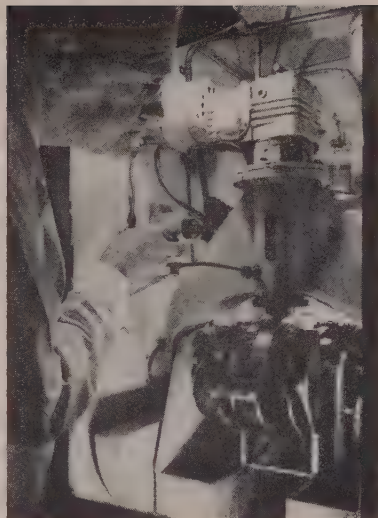




# MOODIE Means Co-operation



General Motors South African Ltd., Port Elizabeth, South Africa, (left) where GMOODIE was first used. The wear-test machine at right gave long-time wear results in less than 19 hours testing



**GMOODIE** is the name of a new stamping die alloy, developed by GM research for overseas operations. How it came into being is a case study in co-operation

INTERNATIONAL co-operation is paying off for General Motors Corp.

A typical example is this problem dropped into the laps of GM's research metallurgists by General Motors Overseas Operations Division: GMOO had been using a commercial zinc alloy for stamping dies, but increased production turned up the need for die materials which would hold up under longer runs.

**Quick Proof**—GM Research Laboratories Division went to work on the problem. With the aid of such equipment as the wear-testing machine pictured above, a zinc alloy was found which had four times the die life of the former die material. Only small samples of the various alloys under consideration were needed ( $1\frac{1}{8}$ " x  $\frac{5}{8}$ " x  $3/16$ ") for the wear tests which usually ran about  $18\frac{1}{2}$  hours. It was on the basis of such laboratory tests and subsequent field tests that GMOODIE, the new zinc alloy, proved itself. A die made of the new alloy was still in good shape after 90,000 garnish molding parts were drawn.

Some two years ago, the first GMOODIE metal was poured overseas, in General Motors South African plant. Soon afterward it was introduced in the GM plant in Brazil. Both operations, as well as the GM overseas experimental shop founded in Detroit, have made a number of tools from GMOODIE which have been used to stamp out Frigidaire parts in South Africa, Eng-

land, France, Brazil, Mexico and New Zealand and truck cab parts in South Africa, Brazil and Mexico.

**Benefits Increase**—Such co-operation pays handsome benefits. Not the least of which is the creation of more income abroad as a result of GM's activities with which these nations can buy more and more U.S. goods.

At the present time GM has manufacturing and assembling plants in 19 countries: Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, India, Indonesia, Mexico, New Zealand, Pakistan, Peru, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Uruguay and Venezuela. And GM employs about 68,000 persons, 98 per cent of whom are locally trained nationals. Sales of foreign-made GM cars and trucks increased 8 per cent in 1952 over 1951.

In this operation, international co-operation is not an idle phrase—it's a necessity.

## U.K. Steel Outlook Mixed

The British steelmaking picture is a combination of feast and famine. Steel production is now running at an annual rate of 18,325,000 tons, or 2 million tons higher than a year ago. The weekly average of 352,400 tons in February was the highest in the history of the industry.

Steel scrap is still critically short, however, especially in South Wales where several furnaces are idle for lack of scrap. Those which are in operation are using a heavy

pig iron diet. Imports of scrap are so small they are of little help in overcoming the shortage.

## Germany Passes Prewar Output

For the first time since World War II, iron and steel production in Germany was higher in 1952 than in prewar years. Tonnages in thousands of net tons ran as follows:

	1936	1951	1952
Pig Iron . . . .	13,839	11,767	14,165
Steel Ingots . .	16,309	14,857	17,387

Incoming orders of domestic German steel consumers have been shrinking drastically over recent weeks. Index of incoming orders of capital goods was 163 in January, 1953, compared to 190 in January, 1952, and 209 in November, 1952. In machinery alone, the index of incoming orders was 148 in January, 1953, compared to 219 in January, 1952.

## More Iron Ore from Venezuela

Iron ore production in Venezuela reached 1,969,802 tons in 1952. That is an increase of 700,000 tons over the 1951 production, says the Venezuelan Information Service, Washington.

All the output at present comes from the iron mines of El Pao, being worked by the Iron Mines Co. of Venezuela (Bethlehem Steel Corp.). But, Orinoco Mining Co., a U. S. Steel subsidiary, expects to start shipping iron ore northward early next year from Cerro Bolivar, Venezuela's "iron mountain."





TIME FOR SPRING CLEANING  
... mismanagement overtakes government bureaus

## Can government agencies be run on a businesslike basis? The new administration discovers that cleaning up Washington is a mammoth task

ACCUMULATING testimony on slipshod methods of government operation poses the problem of improving the situation.

Robert A. Lovett, former defense secretary, testifying about difficulties he encountered in trying to investigate the ammunition situation, declared, "The Army, and specifically the Ordnance Corps, is so complicated, obsolete and time-wasting and its accounting system so inaccurate that it is extremely difficult to obtain the facts." Mr. Lovett admitted that he could not discover who was to blame for the ammunition shortage.

**Complete Confusion** — Former Secretary of the Army Frank Pace Jr. testified that he never knew about the ammunition problem in Korea; General Van Fleet's complaints didn't get as far as his desk.

Sen. Harry Byrd (Dem., Va.) states that his joint committee seeking to reduce nonessential federal expenditures was forced to abandon its monthly report on the number of individuals on the federal payroll because it can't get accurate information.

**Worthless Figures** — The new postmaster general, Arthur E.

Summerfield, says post office employment statistics are so inaccurate as to be valueless. Meanwhile the Defense department reports that in addition to 1.25 million employees previously listed, it employs 250,000 unreported civilians overseas.

Civil Service authorities estimate federal employees number about 2.5 million, but they say some reports are so inaccurate or inadequate as to be misleading.

**Gathering Chorus** — The complaints continue throughout government agencies, as can be attested by anyone who has tried to get a breakdown of government expenditures from the Bureau of the Budget—of all places!

Government has become so ponderous and complicated, so loaded down with obsolete methods, with responsibilities distributed in so many ways, that businessmen now in Washington are easily discouraged in efforts to bring efficiency into government. It is even difficult for them to find out what is going on in their own departments and agencies. Few in Washington envy Charles Wilson's job in the Defense department.

## Statistical Lag . . .

The government is too slow to make business statistics available says Secretary of Commerce Sinclair Weeks. There is too much lag in issuing Facts for Industry statistics, census reports and similar data. For example, February statistics for sales of mechanical stokers were published Apr. 9—in comparatively fast time for government bureaus.

Mr. Weeks admits that business statistics may have some historical value, but he thinks they are needed chiefly for intelligent planning of business policies. He is trying to speed up the whole operation so that statistics will be issued while they still are representative of the current situation.

## Cuts for Small Business? . . .

A good example of what keeps businessmen in the government struggling against frustration is afforded by a letter sent to the secretary of defense by the Small Defense Plants Administration.

Citing the statutory duty of his agency to promote the use of small business in the defense program Yngvar Brynildssen protested Charles Wilson's proposal to depart from the policy of broadening the industrial mobilization base and, instead, concentrating defense production in fewer places.

Such a course, said Mr. Brynildssen, would reduce defense opportunities open to small business. As a result, Mr. Wilson's attempt to reduce his budget by this approach is in for trouble. A majority of congressmen wants a maximum of opportunities for small business to engage in defense production programs.

## Hospitals for UMW . . .

The United Mine Workers Welfare Retirement Fund has signed a contract with J. A. Jones Construction Co., Charlotte, N. C. to build ten hospitals in coal mining communities in Kentucky and West Virginia which presently do not have hospital facilities available to miners.



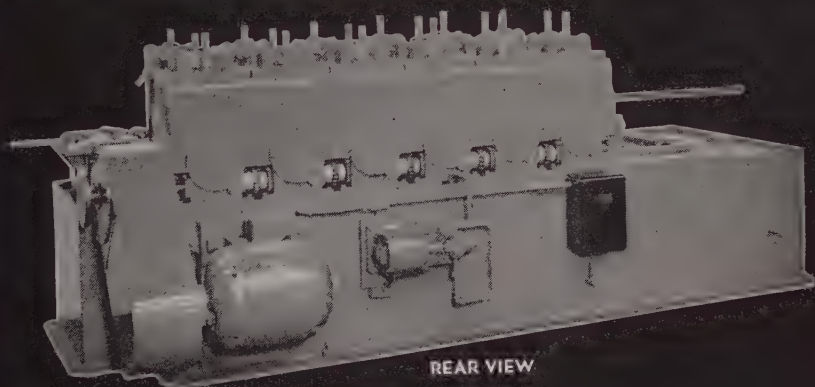
# McKAY

**ROLL FORMING  
MACHINES FOR  
PRODUCING SHAPES FROM FLAT STRIP.**

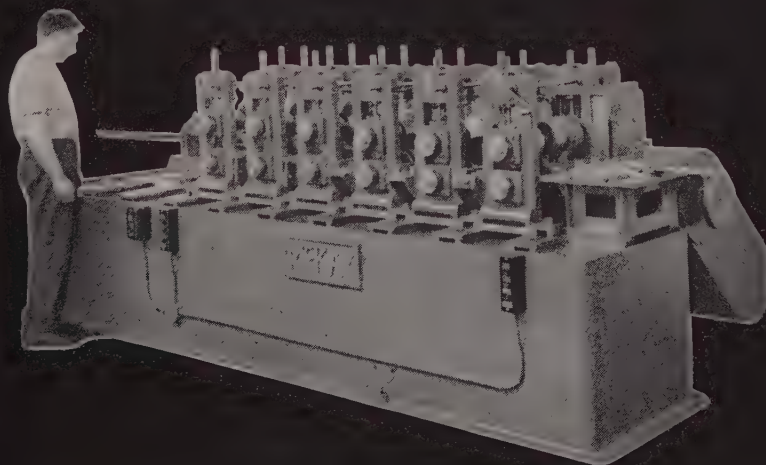
McKAY Machine  
to Make Every Section



McKAY  
MICROMETER  
(patented)



REAR VIEW



## STANDARD FEATURES

**MICROMETER ADJUSTMENT.** All pressure points on top shaft controlled by simple crank motion, through worm and gear reduction. Top shaft is **ALWAYS PARALLEL.** Micrometer dial furnishes visible check on roll pressures.

**TYPICAL RUGGED McKAY CONSTRUCTION.** Standardized units, choice of gearing, anti-friction bearings throughout, all gears between bearings, **NOT OVERHUNG.**

**INTERCHANGEABLE GUIDING EQUIPMENT,** easily adjusted, quickly removable.

**MINIMUM CHANGEOVER TIME.** All units engineered to allow complete roll change in shortest possible time.

**LOW MAINTENANCE COST.** All of the foregoing features, plus precision workmanship and up to the minute engineering, are a guarantee of low maintenance.

## OPTIONAL FEATURES

**BASE EXTENSION.** Permits increasing the number of roll passes to meet future requirements, by the addition of standard housing units at a later date.

**MOTOR DRIVEN COOLANT PUMP.** Supplies flushing fluid to the rolls at each roll pass, and provides a rust preventative treatment to the formed strip. Tanks for fluid are built integral with the welded steel base.

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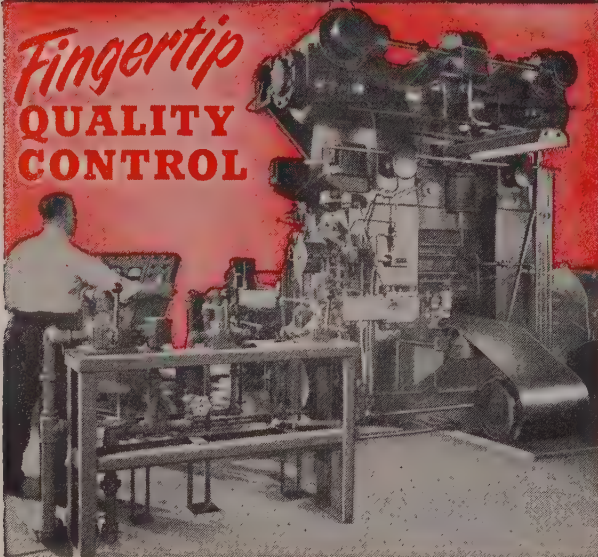
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**PERFORMANCE RUGGEDNESS  
PRECISION AND SAFETY.**



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This completely modern plant with latest type equipment for *rolling strip* and processing sheet and strip steel is your ideal source for:

- \* Warehouse stocks in sheets, plates, coils, cut lengths . . . All tempers and finishes.
- \* Steel strip in coils and cut lengths . . . restricted tolerances, all tempers and finishes.
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**PRODUCTION STEEL STRIP CORPORATION** supplements our regular warehouse service with custom steel at mill prices. This new, 4-high, reversing type cold strip mill with its modern, electronically operated *fingertip* quality control affords unusual flexibility in supplying steel strip to your exact specifications. Thickness .025 to .125 in all tempers and either bright or satin finish, can be processed to your exact width in coil or cut lengths.

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**SENECA STEEL SERVICE, INC.**  
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Dean Hethington, Sales Representative

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Phone: 5-759  
S. N. Olmsted, Jr., Sales Representative

**PRODUCTION STEEL COMPANY**  
1040 High View Lane, Green Bay, Wisc.  
Phone: HOWARD 7407  
Tony Canadeo, Sales Representative





U. S. Steel

# Foreman's Importance Grows with Industry

ARE YOU making the most of your foreman? Are you taking advantage of the growing importance of his job? A survey made by Associated Industries of Cleveland indicates that you may be neglecting an important point in company management.

AIC asked 260 Cleveland firms if they had a program in 1951 to train foremen. Some 88 companies had such programs, but 172 did not. In 1952 a second survey disclosed that 106 firms had similar projects and 168 did not.

**Missing Opportunities**—The survey showed that small firms are not devoting enough time to careful selection and training of supervisory men. In 1952, only 21 companies with fewer than 100 workers had foreman training programs and 81 did not. By contrast, 45 companies employing more than 500 workers had training programs and 14 did not.

If you don't spare time or resources to embark on a thorough-going program, there is danger that your foreman may waste the company's money or stir up resentment against management. At the least, he will be poorly inte-

grated into management's point of view.

**Getting Results**—A STEEL survey shows that, in the best run companies, today's foreman is better equipped to manage his workers than his predecessor was 15 years ago. He has a firmer grasp of principles of employee relations, and he feels that he is a part of management and not a "gang boss."

Growing importance of today's foreman is developing most rapidly in large companies. As firms expand, management tends to become more removed from the worker. Since the foreman continues to have intimate personal contact

with workers, he must bridge this labor-management gap.

**Personal Qualities**—But how can a foreman be trained to fill a bigger role in management? "First a foreman must be a leader of men," Norton Co., Worcester, Mass., remarks. "He does not have to be expert at every operation in his area. If he can get people working for him and co-ordinate their efforts, he will do a good job."

"In picking foremen we start with every employee in the plant, then narrow the list to about 30 by testing and interviews," spokesmen of Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp., Pittsburgh, say.

"The best ten are taught the functions of each division in our company. Then we teach them actual management on a job by having them spend several weeks at the elbow of our best foremen. Our eight-month program includes classroom theory on labor relations and basic economics. As a result of this project we are getting better foremen than we ever had."

**Pay Scale**—Is your foreman's salary commensurate with his importance? The National Foremen's Institute Inc., New London, Conn., says the average monthly salary of first class foremen in all industries is \$466. Companies employing less than 100 workers pay foremen an average \$419, while firms with more than 1000 workers reward their foremen with an average \$482.

Alert companies are using many techniques to install a sense of management in foremen. Firms such as Otis Elevator Co., New York, have frequent meetings to discuss problems and policy. Several companies select younger foremen, in order to have longer to train them. Special inducements offered foremen may include distinctive offices, private parking lots or individual uniforms.

## THE FOREMAN: Who he supervises; what he earns

	Workers Supervised	Average Monthly Earnings
<b>SMALL PLANTS</b> (Under 100 workers) . . . . .	20 . . . . .	\$419
<b>MEDIUM PLANTS</b> (100-1000 workers) . . . . .	20-45 . . . . .	\$440
<b>LARGE PLANTS</b> (over 1000 workers) . . . . .	45-50 . . . . .	\$482

Source: National Foremen's Institute Inc.



# The Small

and the

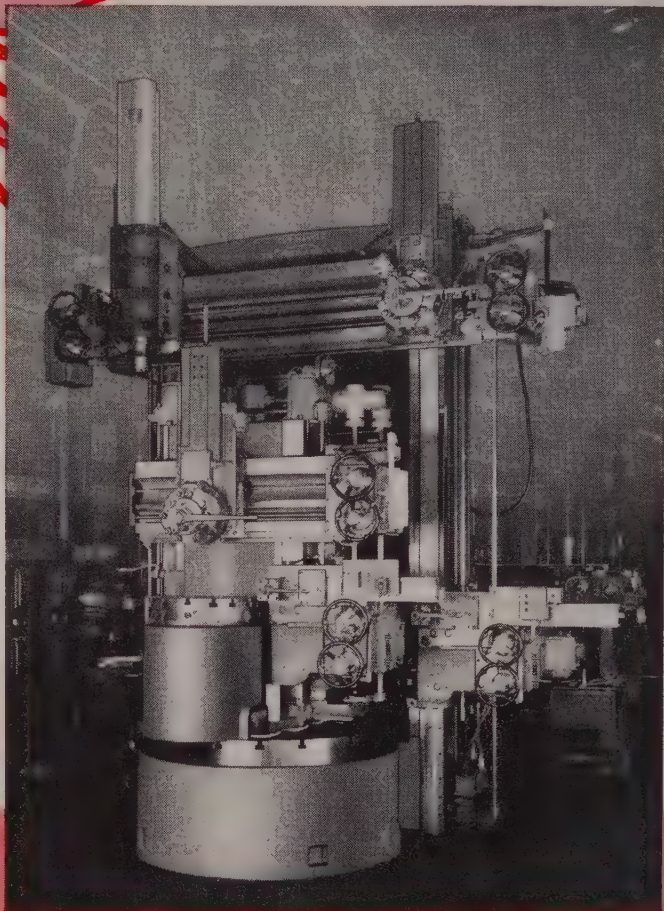
# LARGE...

## CUT MASTER

### VERTICAL TURRET LATHES

Six specific sizes 30-36-42-54-64 and 74 inch with extra high beds when required.

Shown here is the 30 inch machine comfortably nestling on the table of a 74 inch high bed machine. There was no fear of spindle bearing damage or bed deflection even with this 26,000 lb. load. Proof of confidence in the rugged construction of Bullard Cut Masters.



## YOUR... REQUIREMENTS

Heavy work on Cut Masters is no exception even on the smaller sizes. Rigid castings and heavy construction combined with rugged and accurate spindle design throughout the entire line provide for exceptional cutting loads with a high degree of repetitive accuracy.

Flexibility of tooling, assures efficient change-over from one job to another. Effective controls provide accurate duplication of limits on quantity production.

All-in-all machine tool versatility and a wide range of sizes and capacities place these machines as a factor in your manufacturing efficiency program.

## ...CONSIDER... INVESTIGATE



MACHINE TOOLS

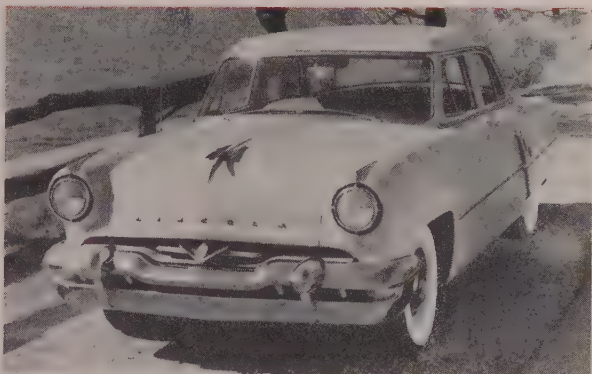
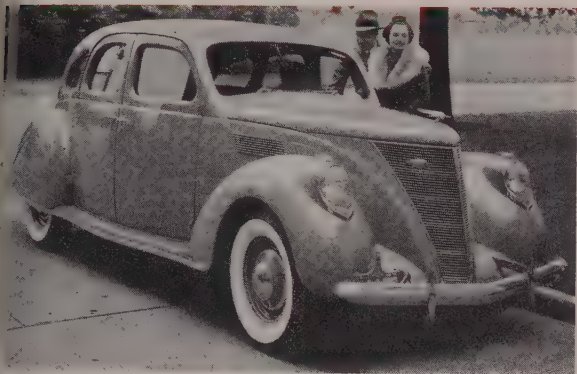
TIME SAVED  
IS MONEY EARNED

## THE BULLARD COMPANY

BRIDGEPORT 2, CONNECTICUT



# Mirrors of Motordom



Then and now in automotive streamlining

**What's happened to automotive streamlining? Americans want the living-room-on-wheels style, a fact that is behind the horsepower race and current box-like bodies**

## DETROIT

DO YOU remember streamlining? Streamlining as applied to automobiles first came into vogue shortly after the turn of the century. As late as the 1930s, the designers in their quaint old way figured that since the automobile moves through a sea of air it was well to shape the body of the automobile in such a fashion that the air was moved aside as effortlessly as possible.

**The Big Change**—But that, of course, was long before the auto companies knew the things they know today. Modern American autos are comfortable, reliable, luxurious and easy to drive. However, most of their bodies are covered with chrome that would shame a juke box and with few exceptions are styled much on the same pattern.

The strangest thing about the whole story is that Harry Horsepower, average motorist, hasn't even noticed the death of streamlining. A juke box, to Harry, would be streamlined if it had a sufficiently pointed hood ornament and a couple of chrome arrows to indicate which way it was going.

**Then and Now**—The pictures above, chivalrously supplied by Lincoln, illustrate a point which could be applied to most other makes equally well. Top speed of

the 1953 Lincoln is close to 110 mph and in achieving this speed the car utilizes a 205 hp engine. To achieve the same speed in the 1937 Lincoln Zephyr shown to the left, only 140 hp would be required. The one-third power saving is streamlining, and streamlining today is something reserved largely for aircraft and vacuum cleaners.

There have been a few exceptions. The 1950 Nash Airflyte had only one pound more air resistance than the 1937 Lincoln, but the new Nash probably has much more. The new Studebaker shows outstanding aerodynamic characteristics and perhaps there are a few others. But by and large cubism has taken over in auto design.

**The Reason Why**—How, you may well ask, did we get this way? The answer lies in a strange phenomenon, fostered by auto consumer research, best described as "the six bushels of apples" credo. That is, three bushels in the back seat and three in the trunk. For despite the fact that the average car is populated with only 1.8 persons, designers have been forced to go to more generous body dimensions in meeting the living-room-on-wheels demands.

The biggest lump on the designers' board is the mythical sixth passenger—the third person in the

back seat. This sixth seat alone, in the opinion of one prominent auto stylist, has cost five miles an hour in top speed, two to three miles per gallon in fuel consumption and 15 to 20 horsepower in parasitic drag. The reason is simply that with this extra passenger room the rear end of the automobile cannot be tapered.

**Sales Pressure**—The stylists would quickly leave passenger number six hitchhiking, but the sales departments hasten to advise them that the average motorist wants this added room he will practically never use. To maintain visibility with this added width in the rear of the car, a second windshield utilizing notched-back body design or built-in flaps is almost mandatory.

That's one reason for the added horsepower. A motorist wants to know his car will go 100 mph even though he'll never drive it that fast. Remembering that the wind resistance increases with the square of the speed and the horsepower required increases with the cube of the speed, the box-body school of automobile design is contributing mightily to the horsepower race. A bull-dozer could probably crack 100 mph if you could hang enough power on it and the basic inefficiency of most modern auto body designs in streamlining is hidden by their truly outstanding engines.

**First Reason**—The primary reason for the horsepower race, of course, is the need to maintain ac-

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celeration with increased body weight. Increased top speed under the circumstances is a byproduct of this energy and perhaps it's just as well that the modern car's box-like design tends to hold top speed down.

Be that as it may, consumer taste has dictated this inefficient design and there it is. Stylists aren't sure how they can get out of it and many are secretly wishing the Studebaker success in the hope that sales departments will permit tapered rear ends to go with the tapered front ends the advent of the V-8 makes possible.

But meanwhile among the automakers "style" has replaced "streamlining" as the number one tool to separate Harry Horsepower from his shekels.

## Car of the Week

Double whee and wow! If creamed competition at traffic lights is your dish, the Hudson Jet has the stuff. A week spent driving the new Super Jet with Twin-H Power left a score of startled drivers in the Detroit area trying to figure out what was the matter with the engines of their hopped-up Fords. When it was tried against all other comers in Detroit products, there simply was nothing at hand that could stay with it in a drag. With an approximate 0-60 mph acceleration figure of 11.5 seconds it's little wonder.

The Twin-H setup provides outstanding torque and the power-to-weight ratio is around 23.6 to 1, knocking on the door of the sports car class. The car rides comfortably and cornering is better than average. Visibility is excellent, road holding at speeds up to 75 mph is good with a reassuring absence of light car "float," and interiors bear the traditional Hudson touch of sparkle without garishness.

All is not peaches and horsepower with the Jet, however. The little gnomes under the floorboards that shift the Hydra-Matic transmission were particularly eager little gnomes and when they got the word they shifted with a vengeance. The result was a somewhat annoying spurt every time the gears changed. This occurred regardless of whether the accelera-

Auto, Truck Output		
U. S. and Canada		
	1953	1952
January	612,815	424,559
February	623,793	464,557
March	746,933	525,024
April		570,464
May		542,559
June		542,478
July		226,134
August		322,755
September		595,715
October		656,767
November		548,782
December		569,715
Total		5,989,509
Week Ended	1953	1952
Mar. 14	165,762	120,392
Mar. 21	169,923	125,347
Mar. 28	181,749	132,850
Apr. 4	170,567	125,668
Apr. 11	175,522	123,180
Apr. 18	170,000*	131,657

Sources: Automotive Manufacturers Association, Ward's Automotive Reports. \*Preliminary

tor was depressed or released and is perhaps to be expected in a car of this weight and power proportion.

The Jet is billed as a six-passenger automobile. That may be true for six thin people in love, but three in the front seat find themselves lighting each other's cigarettes—inadvertently. Two in the front is top baggage for any appreciable trip while the back would hold three kids in plenty of comfort.

Also on the wonderment side is the step-down design feature. Pulling alongside a Hudson Hornet at a traffic light reveals that the Jet occupant looks down several inches on his Hornet-brand brother. Step down is there, but the degree does not approach that of the other cars in the Hudson line.

But the Hudson Jet is an automobile that puts much of the fun back into driving. It gets in and out of traffic in a manner that would satisfy an expectant father, while retaining in a large degree the visibility and comfort Americans have come to demand from their cars.

## Exhaust Notes

This week the rumor mart is working overtime on the subject of

sports cars. Oldsmobile is reported to be on the verge of Fiesta sports car production. The car, as rumor has it, would sell for \$5175, which may come as news to Oldsmobile. Production would be coming late in the summer with Fiberglass body and a hopped-up Rocket power plant.

Studebaker is also reported to be near the sports car plunge. Basic styling of the very adaptable current line would be employed and a double overhead camshaft kit would assist in hopping the Commander's V-8 to over 200 hp. Hop-up kits to soup the mill to about 180 hp are already available, by the way, but sans overhead camshafts.

Also rumored to be considering production of sports cars now under test are Ford, Hudson, Dodge and just about anyone else you would care to mention. Undoubtedly the automakers are testing sports cars, but the step to production is another story. Maybe it's the spring weather influence.


There's a rather interesting thing you may have noticed. In 1951 the Chrysler went to the V-8, in 1952 Desoto took the step and in 1953 Dodge got the power pill. Next year will be 1954 . . . Incidentally, there's a rumor going the rounds that Chrysler will have a 220 hp version of the Firepower engine coupled with one of the finest automatic transmissions in the industry under its hoods next year.

Monroe Auto Equipment Co. announces a hydraulic power steering mechanism which replaces the drag link in conventional steering systems, thus making the unit adaptable to existing cars as an accessory. Slated to sell for about \$225, the unit also is undergoing tests by many of the automakers for possible installation as original equipment.

## Parade of Progress

The GM "Parade of Progress" in its newest version rolled out of Detroit last week on the first leg of a nationwide tour. The last Parade of Progress was halted in 1941 by the outbreak of war.

The educational show will be kept on the road indefinitely, says Harlow H. Curtice, GM president.



Copperweld has been growing since 1941. Recently more floor space has been added—blooming and bar rolling capacity increased—new furnaces added. Last year our output increased 30 per cent over what had been a good year.

Despite this however, we are still unable to serve our friends to the full extent of their requirements. Accordingly we have stepped up our expansion program. The results are not yet apparent in improved service on Aristoloy Steels—but we will soon be able to better meet your needs.

# More Steel Coming Up!



## ARISTOLOY STEEL

STANDARD STRUCTURAL ALLOY • BEARING QUALITY  
ALLOY TOOL • SPECIALTY • NITRALLOY • CARBON  
TOOL • AIRCRAFT QUALITY

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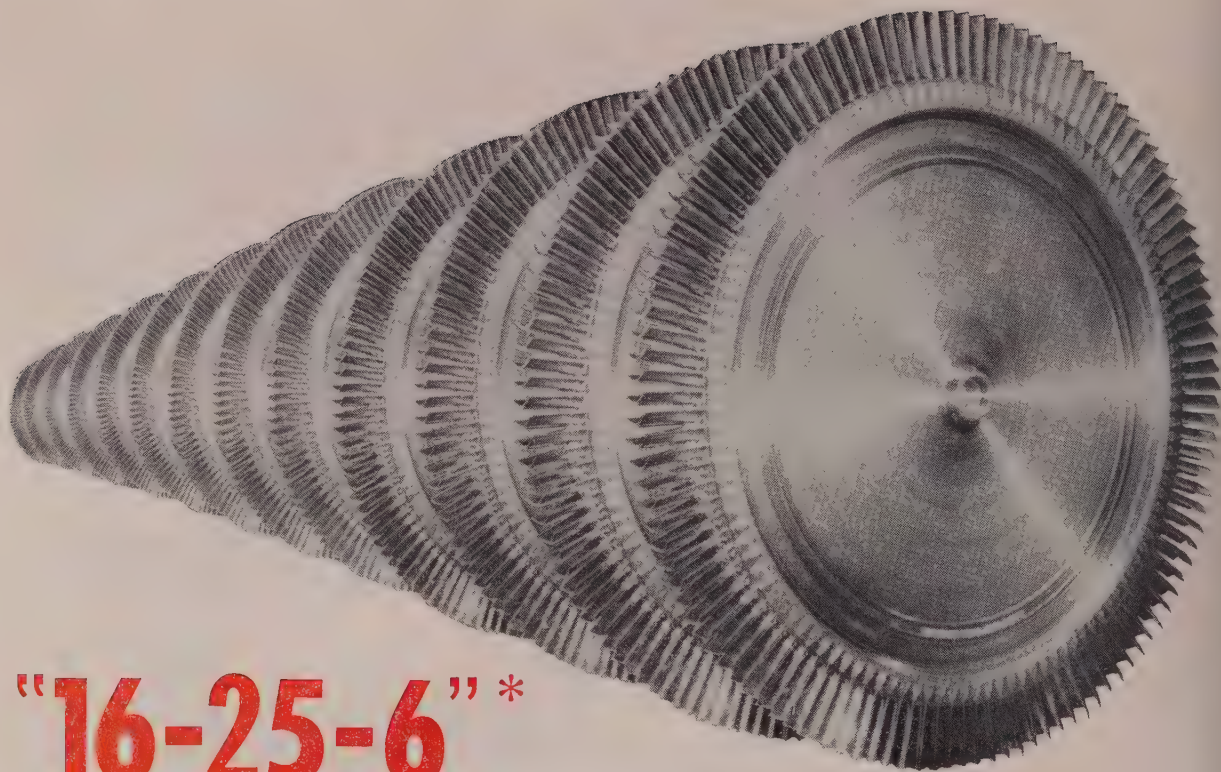
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# "16-25-6"\*

## ... the super-alloy that's used in more jet engine rotor wheels than all other alloys combined!

"16-25-6"\* is the super-alloy steel that helped make jet propulsion practical in America. Developed by the Timken Company during the last war, more of it is now used in jet engine rotor wheels than all other alloys combined!

"16-25-6"\* has the best combination of the three top requirements for jet engine rotors:

(1) It has good high temperature properties. Operating at extremely high temperatures, it retains high creep and stress rupture strength and has

excellent resistance to scaling and corrosion.

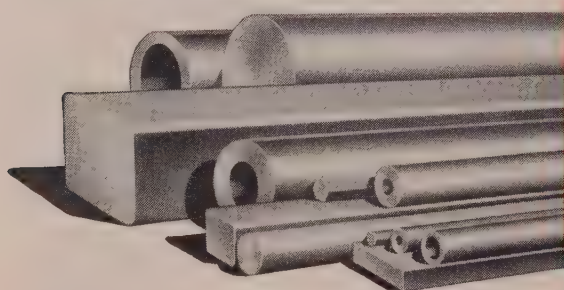
(2) "16-25-6"\* is relatively low in strategic alloys, and contains no cobalt or columbium.

(3) It has good machinability.

The Timken Company has many years of experience in high temperature steels. If you need help in choosing the proper steels for your high-temperature, high-stressed applications, write The Timken Roller Bearing Company, Steel and Tube Division, Canton 6, Ohio. Cable address: "TIMROSCO".

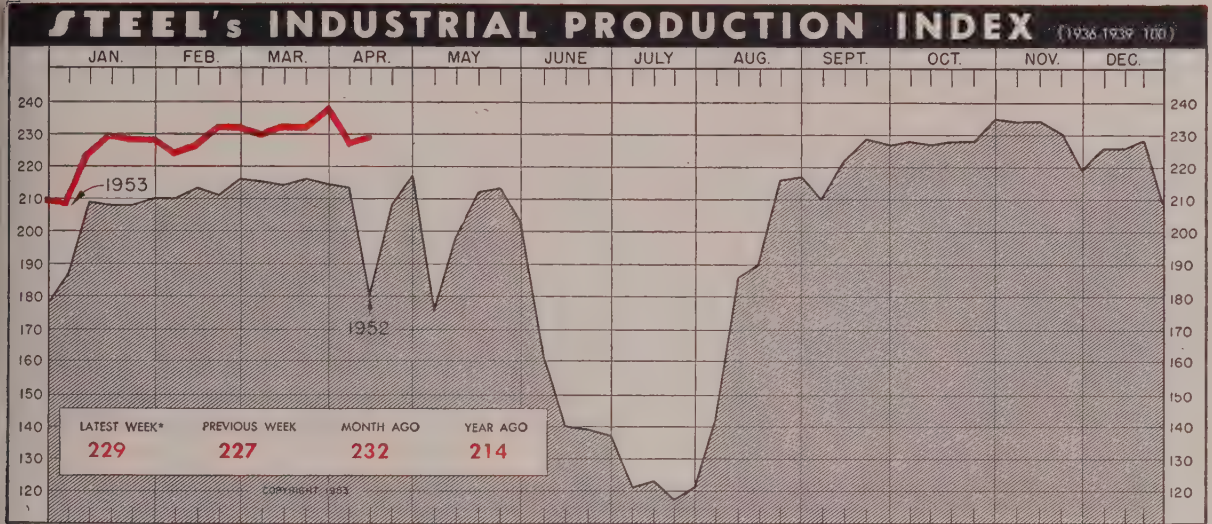
\*Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

YEARS AHEAD—THROUGH EXPERIENCE AND RESEARCH



SPECIALISTS IN FINE ALLOY STEELS, GRAPHITIC TOOL STEELS AND SEAMLESS TUBING





Based upon and weighted as follows: Steelworks Operations 35%; Electric Power Output 23%; Freight Car Loadings 22%; and Automotive Assemblies (Wards' Reports) 20%.

## Many metalworking companies are producing more civilian goods than immediate demand requires. Assembly lines may slow if consumer spending starts to level out

**METAL PRODUCTS** are flowing off assembly lines in such force that inventories are once again taking on added weight, despite the strongest civilian market for durables since the post-Korea buying rush.

Durables producers on Mar. 1 held inventories valued at \$24.5 billion, or about 5 per cent over their inventories on Mar. 1, 1952, says the Commerce department's Office of Business Economics. Wholesale supplies of durables increased 4 per cent over the year to \$5.3 billion, while retail inventories on Mar. 1 totaled \$9.8 billion in durables, or 2 per cent over a year earlier.

**Sales Bounce Up**—These over-the-year gains in inventories attain significance in the light of today's hefty market demand. Manufacturers of durables in February chalked up a \$12.2 billion sales volume, nearly 15 per cent over February, 1952. Retail sales of durables that month rose 13.8 per cent over the year to \$4.4 billion, while wholesale volume edged up 4 per cent to \$2.6 billion in the year ended Mar. 1.

The obvious meaning of this sales-inventory relationship is that

civilian metalworking companies are now maintaining their production above consumer needs. Many producers are wondering if their finished goods inventories are too high. Present output can be maintained only if demand continues to spiral upwards; any leveling off in demand is certain to curtail many production lines.

**Output Regained**—Industrial production hampered by scattered strikes, is slowly gaining some of the momentum lost in recent weeks. STEEL's industrial activity index rose 2 points in the week ended Apr. 11 to 229 per cent of the 1936-1939 average. Steel production rose 3 percentage points to 98 per cent of rated capacity on Jan. 1. Automotive operations, set back the previous week, gained nearly 5000 units, while electricity production continued its seasonal downtrend.

## Construction Awards Soaring...

Contractors and architects will do a record business volume in 1953, if awards for new construction continue to gather more momentum. F. W. Dodge Corp. says that contract awards in the 37 states east of the Rockies totaled

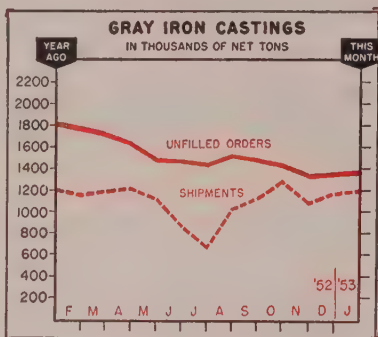
in the first quarter \$3.4 billion, up 11 per cent from the first three months of 1952. Residential awards rose 12 per cent over the year to \$1.5 billion, while nonresidential contracts rose 10 per cent to \$1.2 billion. Awards placed in the first quarter for heavy engineering projects totaled \$730 million, up 11 per cent from the January-March period of 1952.

## Auto Target Raised...

The automotive industry, unlike some other civilian producers, says it has a long way to go before demand for new passenger cars is met. Production of passenger cars in the third quarter is now scheduled at 1.9 million vehicles, or 100,000 units over previous expectations for the April-June period and the highest quarterly car volume in history, says *Ward's Automotive Reports*.

Behind the increased output lies the factor of surging demand. Dealers in March sold around 500,000 new passenger cars, 48 per cent more than a year earlier and the highest monthly turnover since March, 1951, when 542,100 cars were retailed. New car stocks rose to a 20-month high on Mar. 20, but aren't causing anxiety throughout the industry, says *Ward's*. Current production is running about 25 per cent over the top points of last year, while stocks average only





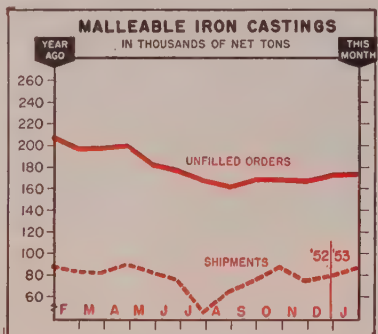
### Gray Iron Castings

Thousands of Net Tons

	Shipments		Unfilled Orders*	
	1953	1952	1953	1952
Jan. ....	1,162	1,199	1,333	1,801
Feb. ....	.....	1,155	.....	1,766
Mar. ....	.....	1,172	.....	1,711
Apr. ....	.....	1,205	.....	1,614
May ....	.....	1,101	.....	1,459
June ....	.....	835	.....	1,445
July ....	.....	638	.....	1,410
Aug. ....	.....	1,002	.....	1,513
Sept. ....	.....	1,119	.....	1,451
Oct. ....	.....	1,233	.....	1,392
Nov. ....	.....	1,061	.....	1,309
Dec. ....	.....	1,142	.....	1,316

Total .... 13,660

\* For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



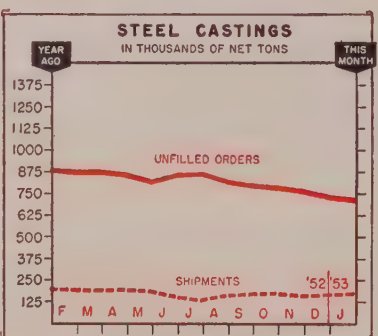
### Malleable Iron Castings

Thousands of Net Tons

	Shipments		Unfilled Orders*	
	1953	1952	1953	1952
Jan. ....	57.2	87.0	174.8	203.0
Feb. ....	.....	82.9	.....	193.1
Mar. ....	.....	81.0	.....	196.9
Apr. ....	.....	89.3	.....	198.2
May ....	.....	81.8	.....	180.4
June ....	.....	74.4	.....	173.4
July ....	.....	45.3	.....	166.6
Aug. ....	.....	63.7	.....	162.8
Sept. ....	.....	75.9	.....	168.4
Oct. ....	.....	88.1	.....	168.6
Nov. ....	.....	76.1	.....	167.8
Dec. ....	.....	80.6	.....	173.5

Total .... 926.1

\* For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



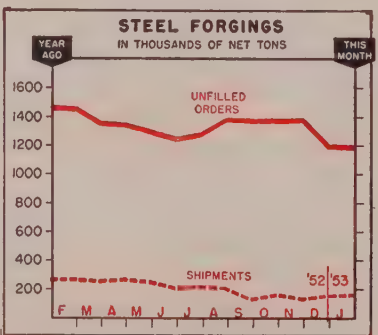
### Steel Castings

Thousands of Net Tons

	Shipments		Unfilled Orders*	
	1953	1952	1953	1952
Jan. ....	167.2	183.7	706.5	869.3
Feb. ....	.....	174.6	.....	856.9
Mar. ....	.....	173.7	.....	857.1
Apr. ....	.....	175.1	.....	843.0
May ....	.....	173.6	.....	804.7
June ....	.....	141.6	.....	846.5
July ....	.....	119.0	.....	855.0
Aug. ....	.....	150.2	.....	809.4
Sept. ....	.....	158.4	.....	781.9
Oct. ....	.....	165.2	.....	772.9
Nov. ....	.....	148.3	.....	751.7
Dec. ....	.....	161.7	.....	719.2

Total .. 1,925.1

\* For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



### Steel Forgings\*

Thousands of Net Tons

	Shipments		Unfilled Orders	
	1953	1952	1953	1952
Jan. ....	184	271	1,207	1,472
Feb. ....	.....	277	.....	1,464
Mar. ....	.....	266	.....	1,360
Apr. ....	.....	277	.....	1,349
May ....	.....	263	.....	1,319
June ....	.....	224	.....	1,248
July ....	.....	132	.....	1,290
Aug. ....	.....	121	.....	1,399
Sept. ....	.....	150	.....	1,392
Oct. ....	.....	173	.....	1,393
Nov. ....	.....	156	.....	1,399
Dec. ....	.....	181	.....	1,377

U. S. Bureau of the Census. \*Data based on reports from commercial and captive forge plants with monthly shipments of 50 tons or more.

8.82 new cars (45,191 total) per dealer, compared with 12 passenger cars per dealer earlier in the post-war period.

With market forecasts favorable, U. S. and Canadian plants produced in the week ended Apr. 11 some 175,552 passenger cars and trucks. This weekly total is 4955 units above production a week earlier but a little more than 6000 units under the two-year record set the week of Mar. 28.

## Personal Income Up ...

One reason why manufacturers of passenger cars, TV sets and other civilian goods tend toward optimism is the growth in personal income. The Commerce department says that personal income in January and February reached an annual rate of \$280.5 billion. This marks a 6 per cent increase over the like 1952 months. Individual income in February flowed at an annual rate of \$280.4 billion, about \$17 billion above the annual rate of February, 1952, but \$200 million lower than the seasonally adjusted annual rate attained in January.

## Freight Car Orders Lag ...

Unfilled orders for freight cars continue to rumble downhill as production outdistances incoming orders, nearly two to one. The American Railway Car Institute says that deliveries of new domestic freight cars in March totaled 6679 units, compared with 7780 in February and 8159 units in March, 1952. New orders for 3379 freight cars were placed in March, compared with 2284 units in February and 5619 cars ordered during March, 1952. The industry on Apr. 1 had unfilled orders for 68,553 cars compared with a backlog of 71,883 cars on Mar. 1 and 115,854 cars on order on Apr. 1, 1952.

## Tight Money Ahead ...

Indicative of a tight money market ahead is the only slight increase in dollars available for stepped-up business transactions. Bank clearings in the 25 leading U. S. cities totaled \$3.1 billion in March, an increase of 9.2 per cent over March, 1952, says Dun & Bradstreet Inc. Total value of

### Issue Dates on other FACTS and FIGURES Published by STEEL

Construction .....	Apr. 6	Gear Sales .....	Mar. 9	Ranges, Elec. ....	Apr. 13
Durable Goods ....	Mar. 30	Indus. Production ..	Feb. 16	Ranges, Gas .....	Mar. 30
Employ., Metalwk. ..	Mar. 30	Ironers .....	Apr. 13	Refrigerators .....	Feb. 2
Employ., Steel .....	Apr. 6	Machine Tools .....	Mar. 23	Steel Shipments .....	Nov. 3
Fab. Struc. Steel .....	Mar. 30	Pumps .....	Apr. 6	Vacuum Cleaners .....	Mar. 23
Foundry Equip. ....	Mar. 23	Prices, Consumer ..	Jan. 26	Wages, Metalwk. ....	Mar. 9
Freight Cars .....	Mar. 23	Prices, Wholesale ..	Apr. 13	Washers .....	Mar. 30
Furnaces, Indus. ....	Apr. 6	Radio, TV .....	Apr. 13	Water Heaters .....	Mar. 30

## BAROMETERS OF BUSINESS

INDUSTRY	PERIOD* LAST	WEEK PRIOR	AGO YEAR
Steel Ingot Output (per cent of capacity) <sup>2</sup> .....	98.0	95.0	62.0
Electric Power Distributed (million kwhr).....	8,000 <sup>1</sup>	8,018	7,154
Bituminous Coal Output (daily av.—1000 tons)...	1,179	1,356	1,366
Petroleum Production (daily av.—1000 bbl).....	6,325 <sup>1</sup>	6,341	6,366
Construction Volume (ENR—millions).....	\$195.1	\$342.0	\$228.5
Automobile, Truck Output (Ward's—units).....	175,522	170,567	123,180
TRADE			
Freight Car Loadings (unit—1000 cars).....	715 <sup>1</sup>	705	691
Business Failures (Dun & Bradstreet, number)...	140	171	184
Currency in Circulation (millions) <sup>3</sup> .....	\$29,780	\$29,754	\$28,526
Dept. Store Sales (changes from year ago) <sup>3</sup> .....	+8%	+11%	+11%
FINANCE			
Bank Clearings (Dun & Bradstreet, millions)....	\$15,705	\$18,123	\$16,477
Federal Gross Debt (billions).....	\$264.4	\$264.5	\$257.3
Bond Volume, NYSE (millions).....	\$20.9	\$14.3	\$11.0
Stocks Sales, NYSE (thousands of shares).....	10,273	9,826	4,939
Loans and Investments (billions) <sup>4</sup> .....	\$76.8	\$77.8	\$73.1
United States Gov't. Obligations Held (billions) <sup>4</sup>	\$29.5	\$30.6	\$31.2
PRICES			
STEEL's Weighted Finished Steel Price Index <sup>5</sup>	181.31	181.31	171.92
STEEL's Nonferrous Metal Price Index <sup>6</sup> .....	229.3	230.5	243.6
All Commodities <sup>7</sup> .....	109.8	109.8	112.5
All Commodities Other Than Farm and Foods <sup>7</sup> ...	113.3	113.3	114.2

\*Dates on request. <sup>1</sup>Preliminary. <sup>2</sup>Weekly capacities, net tons: 1951, 1,999,035; 1952, 2,077,040. <sup>3</sup>Federal Reserve Board. <sup>4</sup>Member banks, Federal Reserve System. <sup>5</sup>1935-1939=100. <sup>6</sup>1936-1939=100. <sup>7</sup>Bureau of Labor Statistics Index, 1947-1949=100.

U. S. currency in circulation, however, now stands at around \$29.8 billion, up only 4 per cent from a year ago.

### Stoker Sales Drop ...

Despite the present construction boom, sales of mechanical stokers are continuing to drop off. The U. S. Bureau of the Census says that factory sales of mechanical stokers in February fell 31 per cent under February, 1952, to 870 units. Residential stoker sales totaled 603 units, compared with 903 units in February, 1952. Apartment house and commercial units dropped to 241 units from 315 units of a year earlier. Large industrial stoker sales declined to 26 units from 57 stokers sold in February, 1952.

### Ranges Selling Faster ...

Manufacturers of electric ranges and refrigerators are boosting production over their volume of a year ago, but industry output is still lagging under that of early 1951. The National Electrical Manufacturers Association says that factory sales of household electric ranges in February totaled 114,465 units, compared with 63,063 units sold a year earlier and 121,585 units sold in February, 1951.

Refrigerator makers in February sold 377,605 units, compared with 259,838 in February, 1952. Two years earlier, in February, 1951, manufacturers' sales rose to the hefty total of 403,035 household electric refrigerators.

### Aluminum Output Increases ...

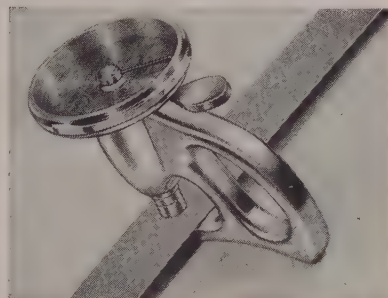
As demand soars for military aircraft, output of aluminum products is rising far above that of a year ago. The U. S. Bureau of the Census says that shipments of aluminum wrought products in February amounted to 186 million pounds, or 27 per cent over shipments in February, 1952.

Poundage of magnesium wrought products barely climbed over the year-ago figure. Shipments of this light metal totaled 1,768,000 pounds in February, compared with 1,759,000 pounds shipped in the corresponding month of 1952.

### Trends Fore and Aft ...

Combined radio-TV production in 1952 is valued at nearly \$1.3 billion . . . Minneapolis-Moline Co. says that its dollar sales of farm machinery in March rose 15 per cent over March, 1952 . . . Class One railroads spent less on fuel and supplies in 1952 than a year earlier, but more than in 1950 and 1949.

## Portable Cady Exact MICROMETERS



for Calipering thicknesses to 1/2"

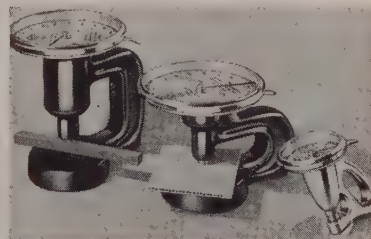
for on-the-spot calipering of sheet or bar stock. Designed to fit the hand; light weight, moderately priced. Horizontal glass covered dial gives direct reading without computation. Meets ASTM requirements. Special graduations can be made to order.



Graduated in 1/1000ths of an inch

for inspecting, comparing or checking thicknesses. Extremely accurate calibrations permit uniform method of measurement by personnel on the production line or on the road.

Also available in desk or laboratory sizes



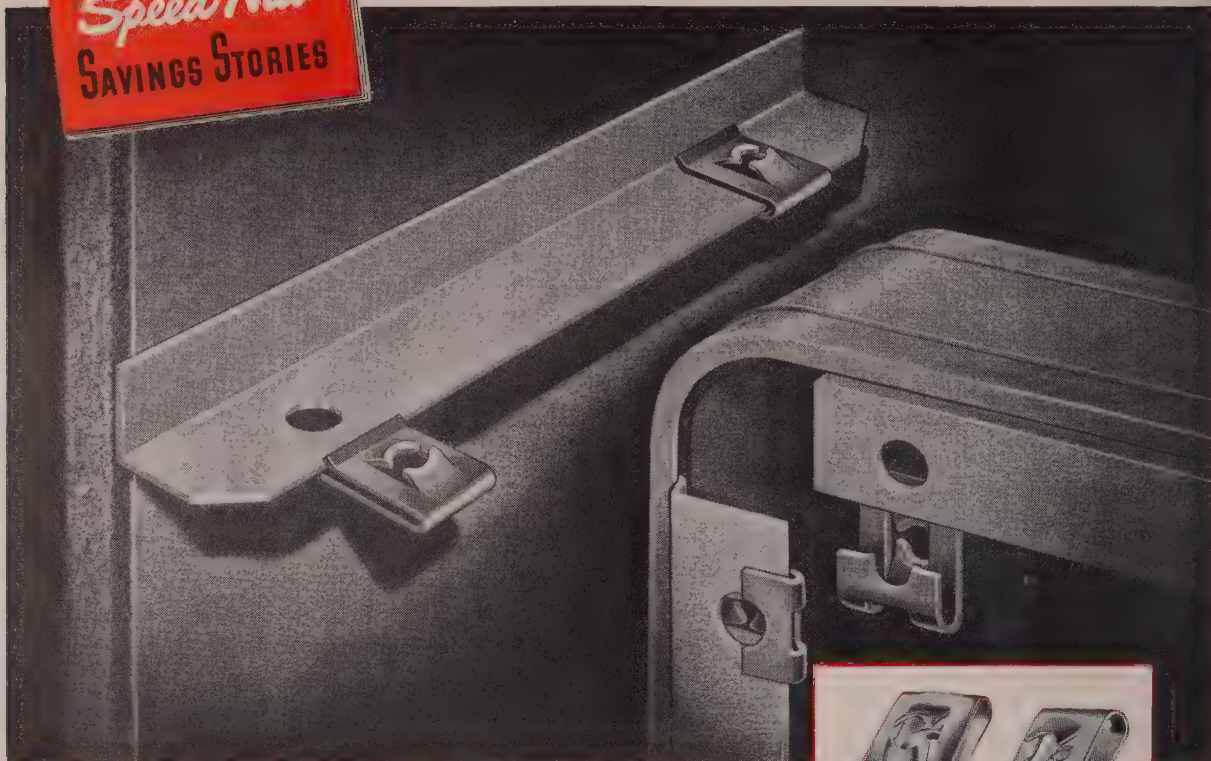
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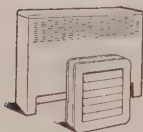


FASTEST THING IN FASTENINGS®



## SPEED NUTS Saved 6,144 Assembly Hours, Thousands of Production Dollars

Reports the Trane Co., LaCrosse, Wisconsin



"Every time we use a SPEED NUT, we save 14 seconds in production time", say Trane engineers. In one year, this leading manufacturer of air conditioning, heating and ventilating equipment netted 6,144 extra assembly hours, plus amazing savings in materials and materials handling. Misalignment of ventilator weld nuts and mounting holes slowed production continuously. Replacing them with "U" type SPEED NUTS, which snap in place by hand and provide floating alignment, ended this bottleneck. Costly installation of convector heater coil headers was overcome with "J" type SPEED NUTS. Snapped directly on frame members, they eliminated eight cast iron drilled and tapped ears and two welded support brackets. SPEED NUTS, applied after painting, eliminated masking or retapping of threads—licked rust problems.

Call in your Tinnerman representative for a FREE fastening analysis of your product . . . he may find comparable savings for you through greater fastening efficiency.



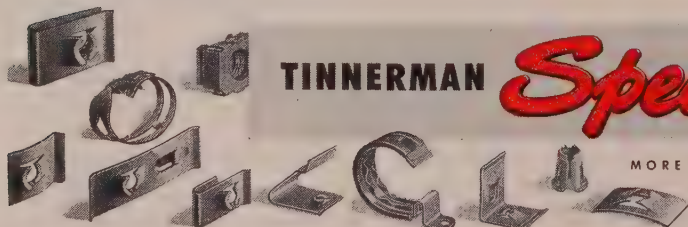
"U" TYPE

"J" TYPE

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are one-piece, self-locking, spring steel fasteners. Snap over panel edges or center hole locations . . . self retained in screw-receiving position for easier, faster assembly in "blind" locations. Available for a full range of screw sizes and panel thicknesses.

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**Speed Nuts®**

MORE THAN 8000 SHAPES AND SIZES



STEEL



# Men of Industry



**ALBERT J. McLAREN**  
... Cross Co. sales mgr.

**Albert J. McLaren** was appointed sales manager, **Cross Co.**, Detroit. He was sales engineer. Mr. McLaren joined Cross in 1947. He previously operated Mechanical Tool & Engineering Co.

**Rolled Alloys Inc.**, Detroit, appointed **Rollo W. Boring** sales manager.

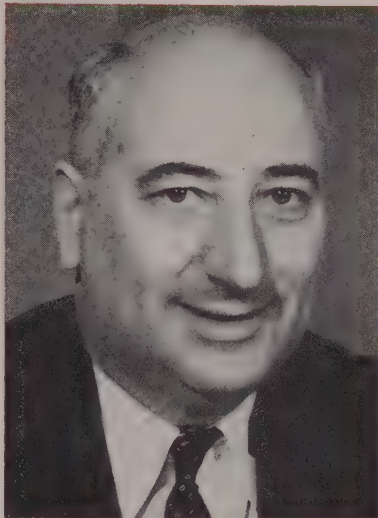
**Bliss & Laughlin Inc.**, Harvey, Ill., promoted **Carl A. Peterman** to director of purchases and **John Bosser** to purchasing agent.

**William B. Todd** retired as executive vice president, **Continental Foundry & Machine Co.**, Pittsburgh. He continues as a director and in an advisory capacity. **Arthur E. Murton**, vice president, was made manager of the Pittsburgh office to succeed Mr. Todd.

**S. L. Crenshaw** is the new president of **Amgears Inc.**, Chicago, Hupp Corp. subsidiary, and executive head of its Chicago operations.

**Brown-McLaren Mfg. Co.**, Hamburg, Mich., elected **William M. Warner** vice president.

**Newman-Crosby Steel Co.**, Pawtucket, R. I., elected **Paul L. Wing** vice president-sales and **Stuart A. Woodruff** vice president-production.



**NORMAN L. KREY**  
... Northwest mgr., Kaiser Aluminum

**Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corp.**, Oakland, Calif., appointed **Norman L. Krey** manager, northwest operations. Formerly manager of reduction operations, Mr. Krey will supervise development plans and industry relations for both the reduction and fabrication operations in the Northwest.

**Walter F. Greenwood**, formerly with the Air Material Command, U. S. Air Force, joined **Cleveland Welding Co.**, Cleveland, subsidiary of **American Machine & Foundry Co.**, as assistant to the president.



**WALTER F. GREENWOOD**  
... joins Cleveland Welding

From May, 1946, to May, 1947, he was sales manager, **Dynamometer Division**, **Clayton Mfg. Co.**

**Chicago Faucet Co.**, Chicago, elected **Earl E. Brown** president to succeed **Albert C. Brown**, retired; **Denis P. Ganey** vice president and **Harry E. Teichen** secretary-treasurer. **Howard W. Thomas** was appointed sales manager and **Edwin G. Ettswold** director of product engineering.

**W. S. Simpson** was elected vice president in charge of the **Raybestos Division**, **Raybestos-Manhattan Inc.**, Passaic, N. J. **M. A. Thompson** was made assistant comptroller.

**Joseph L. Geenens**, formerly superintendent of the **Alnico** permanent magnet section of **Carboloy** operations in **Schenectady, N. Y.**, was made manufacturing superintendent of the **Edmore, Mich.**, plant of **Carboloy Department**, **General Electric Co.**

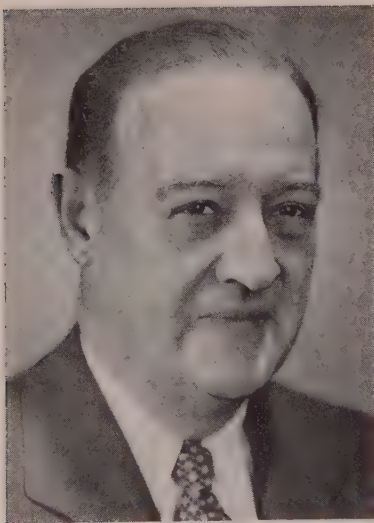
**C. B. Budinger** is general manager, **United Stove Co.**, Ypsilanti, Mich., subsidiary of **Gar Wood Industries Inc.** He was sales manager, stove and heater division, **Nesco Inc.**

**Ralph F. Merriam** was named director of purchases and **Edward W. Wehrle** purchasing agent at **Tinnerman Products Inc.**, Cleveland. Prior to joining **Tinnerman**



**RALPH F. MERRIAM**  
... Tinnerman purchasing director

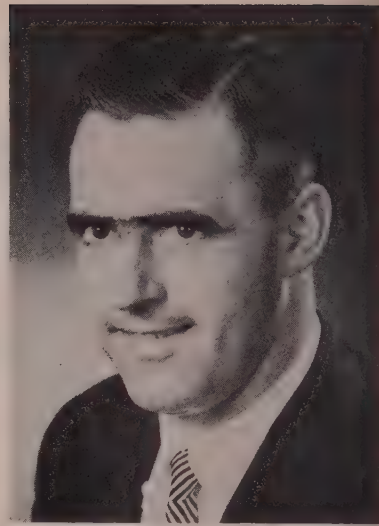




**ALBERT G. LINDSAY**  
... Rockwell export manager



**JOHN M. STEVENSON**  
... div. chief engineer at United Machine



**ROBERT N. GRIFFITH**  
... Berger Mfg. dept. mgr.

Apr. 1, Mr. Merriam was for ten years purchasing agent for Grand Industries Inc.

**Albert G. Lindsay** was named manager of the export and international divisions of **Rockwell Mfg. Co.**, Pittsburgh. For the last six years he has been in business for himself as an American manufacturers' representative and exporter-importer with offices in Argentina, Uruguay and Brazil.

At **Continental Steel Corp.**, Kokomo, Ind., **L. B. Alley** succeeds **F. A. Lewis** as sales manager, chain link and ornamental fence division. Mr. Lewis recently became sales manager, merchant trade division. **Jack E. Elliott** succeeds Mr. Alley as assistant sales manager, chain link and ornamental fence division.

**L. C. Pejeau** was appointed general sales manager, **Matthiessen & Hegeler Zinc Co.**, LaSalle, Ill.

**Automatic Spring Coiling Co.**, Chicago, appointed **Robert G. Lambrecht** assistant general manager, **Ruth M. Slafter** as buyer and **John E. Connell** as office manager.

**Elmer J. Keller**, assistant chief inspector at the Indiana Harbor, Ind., plant of **Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.**, was appointed superintendent of the pipe mills there to succeed **Eric Jansson**. **E. E. Holmgren** is assistant chief inspector.

**Pheoll Mfg. Co.**, Chicago, named **Fred W. Kuehn** purchasing agent to succeed **A. A. Schmid**, retired.

**John M. Stevenson** assumes duties of chief engineer, oil field equipment division, **United Machine Co.**, Ft. Worth, Tex., responsible for design, development and engineering of specialized equipment for the oil industry.

**John W. Averill** was appointed purchasing agent for **Stromberg-Carlson Co.**, Rochester, N. Y. He succeeds **David Rogers**, resigned to be a manufacturer's representative.

**Fabrication Division, Builders Structural Steel Corp.**, Cleveland, appointed **Walter Schneider** to the new post of contract manager. He will expedite contracts as well as supervise methods and plant expansion.



**WALTER SCHNEIDER**  
... div. contract mgr., Builders Structural

**Robert N. Griffith** was appointed manager, shelving sales department, **Berger Mfg. Division**, Republic Steel Corp., Canton, O. He succeeds the late **Clyde S. Bergert**. Mr. Griffith formerly was Indianapolis district sales manager.

**Clearing Machine Corp.**, Chicago, appointed **Charles J. Linduska** and **Howard W. Carlisle** as assistants to the sales manager. Mr. Linduska will be responsible for pricing policies. Mr. Carlisle will work with the field sales organization.

**William E. Ackerman**, assistant vice president, **Wheeling Steel Corp.**, vice president of **Wheeling Corrugated Co.** and president of **Ackerman Mfg. Co.**, Wheeling, W. Va., has announced his retirement.

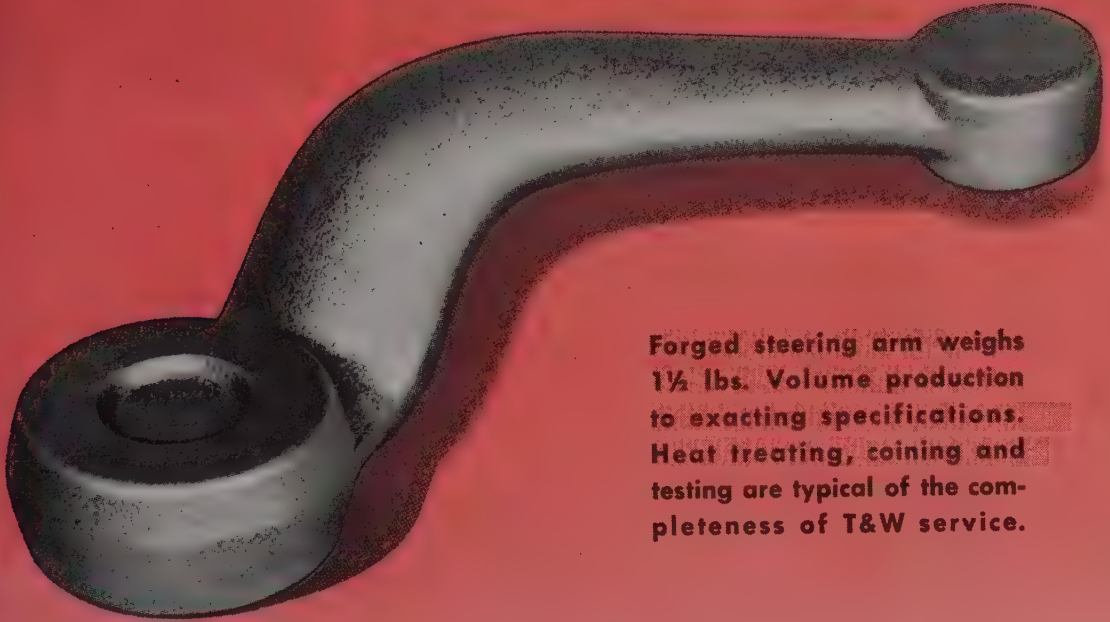
**Edward J. Horkey**, formerly chief engineer at **North American Aviation Inc.**, has joined **Pastushin Aviation Co.**, Los Angeles, as vice president in charge of engineering.

**Union Tool Corp.**, Warsaw, Ind., appointed **Lewis F. Luckenbill** special sales representative for Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri and western Indiana.

**Elmer Smith** was appointed director of purchases at the Grayslake, Ill., plant of **Fresh'nd-Aire Co.**, a Cory Corp. division. He was previously with **American Brass Division**, **Anaconda Wire & Cable Co.** and **Massey-Harris Co.** **John E. Finney** was made sales promotion

# TRANSUE FORGINGS

**USUALLY COST LESS AT  
THE POINT OF ASSEMBLY**



Forged steering arm weighs  
1½ lbs. Volume production  
to exacting specifications.  
Heat treating, coining and  
testing are typical of the com-  
pleteness of T&W service.

Consult our engineers when you  
are contemplating conversion to  
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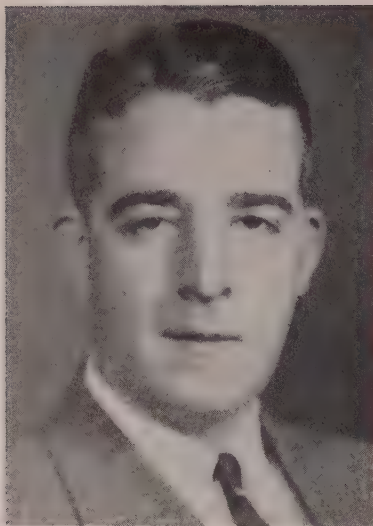
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STEEL FORGING CORPORATION • ALLIANCE, OHIO

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**OVER 50 YEARS OF FORGING PRODUCTION EXPERIENCE**





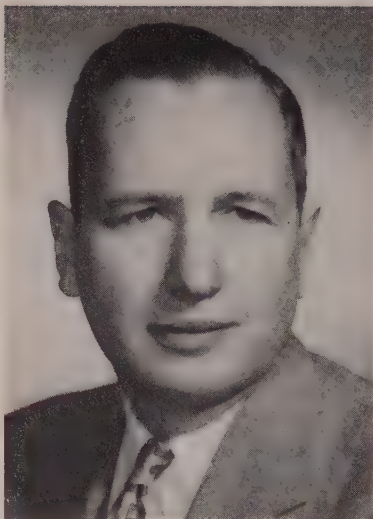
**N. GEORGE BELURY**  
... a v. p. of American Brake Shoe

manager of Autopoint Co., another Cory division.

N. George Belury was elected a vice president, American Brake Shoe Co., New York. He continues as president, Engineered Castings Division.

At Cleveland Frog & Crossing Co., Cleveland, Franklin P. Norman becomes manager of sales, assuming duties of Howard I. Prentice, vice president-manager of sales, who after 41 years' service with the company, wishes to relinquish a part of his duties. Richard W. Purdy was made sales engineer and Louis T. Norman treasurer.

Allen Parkington was made chief draftsman, Electric Regulator Corp., Norwalk, Conn.



**JAMES W. RIMMER**  
... a sales mgr. at Columbia-Geneva

James W. Rimmer becomes manager of sales for the Salt Lake City, Utah, sales office of Columbia-Geneva Steel Division, U. S. Steel Corp. James B. Black Jr. was named assistant manager of sales for the Denver office. They have been with the division's general sales offices in San Francisco.

L. B. McKnight, executive vice president, Chain Belt Co., was elected a director of Safway Steel Products Inc., Milwaukee, filling a vacancy left by the death of Irving R. Smith, president of Sterling Wheelbarrow Co.

Henry M. Schmidt was made purchasing agent, Johnson Service Co., Milwaukee. He succeeds Carl F. Rohrbach who continues in a consulting and advisory capacity.



**GEORGE E. STONE**  
... chief engineer, Basic Refractories

Basic Refractories Inc., Cleveland, named George E. Stone to succeed the late W. W. Patnoe as chief engineer. Mr. Stone joined the company in 1921. He became acting manager of the Ohio Works in 1952.

Pacific Airmotive Corp., Burbank, Calif., elected Edward H. Farmer vice president in charge of manufacturing. He formerly was works manager at Lockheed Aircraft Corp.

F. C. Stouffer was made general superintendent, aircraft fabrication department, Kaiser-Frazer Corp., Willow Run, Mich.

Raymond Concrete Pile Co., New York, elected George F. Ferris  
(Please turn to Page 169)

## OBITUARIES...

Walter A. Newman, 63, vice president, Hyman-Michaels Co., Chicago, died in Los Angeles Apr. 6. Mr. Newman was transferred to the West Coast several years ago.

Raymond L. O'Brien, president and general manager, Detroit Brass & Malleable Co., Detroit, died Mar. 24.

George J. Armstrong, 84, formerly a vice president, Columbus McKinnon Chain Corp., Tonawanda, N. Y., died Apr. 2.

Robert A. Sovik, district manager of Copperweld Steel Co. in Syra-

cuse, N. Y., and president of Central New York Wire Corp. of Syracuse, died Apr. 1 while vacationing in Bermuda.

George A. Castle, 59, senior partner in Speed Plating Works, Buffalo, died Apr. 6.

Frederick Moesser, retired general purchasing agent for Doehler Die Casting Co., died Apr. 8 in Florida.

Bernard Stevens, 41, a founder and vice president, Federal Bronze Products Co., Newark, N. J., died Apr. 11.

Gustave H. Kann, president, Pitts-

burgh Crushed Steel Co., Pittsburgh, and its subsidiaries, died Apr. 9.

Charles E. Simmons, 49, New York district contracting manager in charge of fabricated steel construction, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa., died recently.

Ralph L. Clark, 55, owner of Peerless Engineering Co. Inc., Los Angeles, died Mar. 24.

Thomas J. McIntyre, 64, for many years president and general manager, Macklin Co., Jackson, Mich., died recently.

TO MAKE  
MORE STEEL  
FASTER  
...WITH  
LESS FUEL

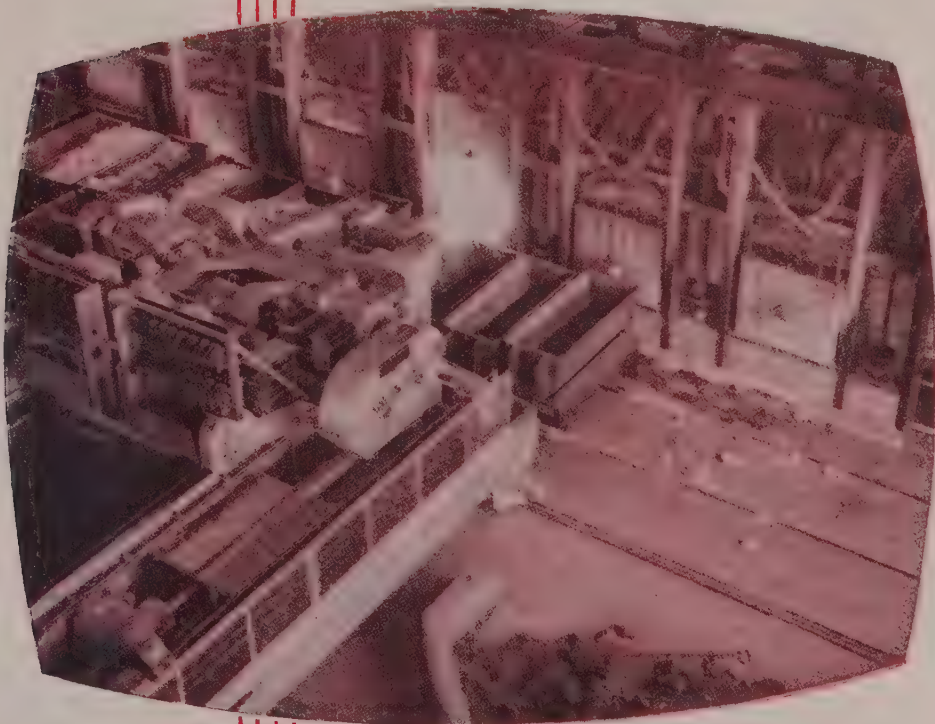
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THERM-O-FLAKE INSULATION has been used in most of the new open hearth furnaces built in the United States in the past five years!

USE... .. THERM-O-FLAKE INSULATION



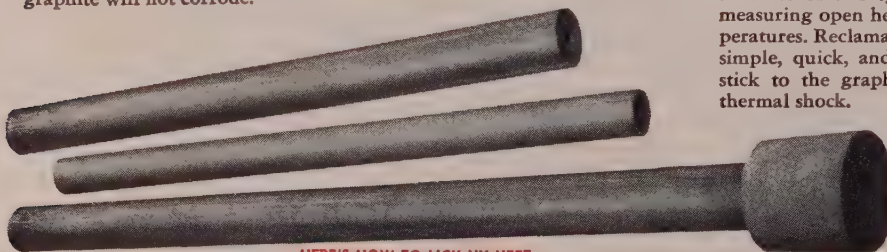
# In Furnace and Foundry...

**These  
SMALL  
PARTS  
do a  
BIG  
JOB**

High temperature applications of "National" Carbon and Graphite are not limited to big-tonnage items. A part of National Carbon's service is to develop any application, however small, where the unique properties of carbon and graphite assure a convenience and economy to the user. In the following two instances, a few pounds of graphite serve literally tons of metal ... efficiently and at a saving.

## "NATIONAL" GRAPHITE FLUXING TUBES

Can't be equalled by any other material for the introduction of purifying gases into molten metal. Graphite won't melt in the bath, can't contaminate the metal. Its low coefficient of expansion prevents cracking and spalling. Metal and dross do not adhere tightly to it. And whatever gases are used, graphite will not corrode.



HERE'S HOW TO LICK HY HEET



National Carbon Company  
30 E. 42nd Street  
New York, N. Y.

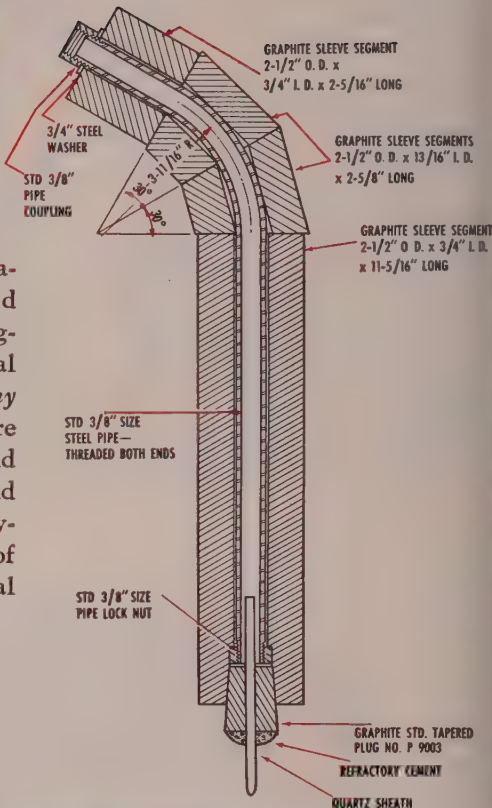
PLEASE SEND INFORMATION ON:

☐ Thermocouple Sheath Parts ☐ Fluxing Tubes

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

COMPANY \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_



## "NATIONAL" GRAPHITE-SHEATHED THERMOCOUPLE ASSEMBLY (Typical)

Only graphite could provide the degree of low-cost, trouble-free protection required by thermocouple assemblies of this type for the immersion method of measuring open hearth and electric furnace bath temperatures. Reclamation and maintenance for re-use are simple, quick, and economical. Molten metal won't stick to the graphite parts and they're immune to thermal shock.

The terms "National" and "Eveready" are registered trade-marks of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation

### NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY

A Division of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation  
30 East 42nd Street, New York 17, New York

District Sales Offices: Atlanta, Chicago, Dallas, Kansas City, New York, Pittsburgh, San Francisco

IN CANADA: National Carbon Limited  
Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg

### LOW LIGHT BILLS...

... mark phenomenal acceptance of "EVEREADY" No. 1050 Industrial Flashlight Batteries by a broad cross-section of industry. Delivering twice the usable light of any battery we've ever made before, it will not swell, stick or jam in the flashlight ... has no metal can to leak or corrode.



**BLAST FURNACE LININGS • BRICK • CINDER NOTCH LINERS • CINDER NOTCH PLUGS • SKIMMER  
BLOCKS • SPLASH PLATES • RUNOUT TROUGH LINERS • MOLD PLUGS • TANK HEATERS**

## Precision Metal Parts Source

Precision Castparts Corp. is organized in Northwest as investment casting firm

COMPLETE precision investment casting facilities for producing intricate small parts from both ferrous and nonferrous metals are available for the first time in the Pacific Northwest. Precision Castparts Corp. has placed its plant at 105 S. E. Thirteenth Ave., Portland, Oreg., in full commercial operation.

"Increasing need in the Pacific Northwest for an industrial source of precision small metal parts became apparent to us several years ago," says Joseph B. Cox, president of the new firm. "A pilot plant was set up in Portland as a subsidiary of Oregon Saw Chain Corp., manufacturer of Oregon chipper chain for power saws and various power saw accessories. Oregon Saw Chain requires small steel and alloy parts manufactured to close tolerances. . . and we determined that we could produce these parts in Portland more economically than we could procure them elsewhere. . . As our own need increased, and as other users of precision investment casting became interested in us as a source of supply in this area, we have increased our facilities and perfected our techniques, and have formed Precision Castparts Corp. to carry on our expanding activity as a general industrial investment casting firm."

The company's equipment includes wax injection machines, turn out furnaces, steel melting furnaces, tool and die equipment, grinding and finishing equipment. The plant operates its own metalurgical laboratory.

## Foundrymen's Dinner Postponed

Management dinner of the Philadelphia chapter of American Foundrymen's Society, previously scheduled for Apr. 21 at the Barclay Hotel, that city, has been postponed indefinitely.

## Rockford in Full Production

Rockford Spring Co., Rockford, Ill., organized in October, 1952, is now in full production. The new



## Prepare for Shipping Season

All winter, 200 men worked to prepare six self-unloaders of U. S. Steel's Michigan Limestone Division's fleet for the 1953 season. Among these ships at Rogers City, Mich., the newest and largest is the *John G. Munson*, second from right. The *Munson*, 666 feet long, has cargo capacity of 21,000 tons. Ship movement of limestone to steel plants and other users is now beginning

firm produces mechanical springs for industrial uses. Efforts are concentrated in the precision spring field.

## Forms Atomic Power Division

Babcock & Wilcox Co., New York, actively engaged in nuclear work since 1943, established an Atomic Power Division. The division will be headed by C. H. Gay, vice president of the company, who formerly was in charge of the manufacturing department, Boiler Division.

## Alvin Roberts Honored

Alvin S. Roberts of the Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia, was appointed national vice president of the Society of Industrial Packaging & Materials Handling Engineers.

John W. McReynolds, Kraft Foods Co., Chicago, is national secretary, succeeding Mr. Roberts.

## Novel Inventory Machine

W. S. MacDonald Co., Cambridge, Mass., produces a machine for stores in which keeping inventory is a difficult problem. Using no cards or tape, the "Magnefile" stores up information about as

many as 8000 items on a "memory drum." Costing \$20,000 to \$30,000 each, the machines are a maze of vacuum tubes, relays, resistors, magnetic drums and miles of wiring, operated from a keyboard.

## Sandvik Opens Detroit Office

Sandvik Steel Inc., New York, opened an office at 20005 James Couzens Highway, Detroit, for the distribution of Sandvik and Coromant tools. Butler C. Brewen, formerly with Vascoloy Ramet Corp., is manager of the Coromant Division and is located at the Detroit address.

## Alectra Completes Plant

Alectra Metals Inc., Ann Arbor, Mich., completed an electric furnace plant for production of steel abrasives.

## Acme To Build in California

Acme Electronics Inc., a subsidiary of Aerovox Corp., New Bedford, Mass., will construct a plant at 2424 Peck Rd., Monrovia, Calif., for manufacture of electronic components including filters, magnetic amplifiers and power supplies. The firm is presently located at 300 N. Lake Ave., Pasadena, Calif. Com-



pletion is scheduled by August, 1953.

### Engine Institute Names Officers

R. C. Wietersen, director of purchases, Buda Co., Harvey, Ill., was elected president of Internal Combustion Engine Institute, Chicago. Other officers are: J. E. Heuser, sales manager, Engine Division, Le Roi Co., Milwaukee, as vice president; R. H. Kerr, chief engineer, Climax Engine & Pump Co., Clinton, Iowa, as secretary; J. D. Cook, secretary and treasurer, Hercules Motor Corp., Canton, O., as treasurer.

### Leake Organizes New Company

An engineering organization in the metal stamping field was organized in Monroe, Mich. The new firm, Leake Engineering Co., will operate as an entirely separate unit from Leake Stamping Co. of that city.

### Michigan Tool Buys Building

Michigan Tool Co., Detroit, acquired a building at 1119 E. Ten Mile Rd. in the industrial area of Hazel Park, Mich., to house production facilities of its new Shear-Speed Chemical Products Division.

### Expansion at Solar

Solar Steel Corp. awarded a contract for a modern steel warehouse and offices in Cincinnati. James E. Allen of that city is the architect and the contract was awarded to Frank Messer & Sons Inc., Cincinnati.

The plant will have over 50,000 square feet of interior space. Solar will stock a complete line of flat-rolled, bar and tube steel products.

### Wheelco Moves Branch Offices

Wheelco Instruments Division, Earber-Colman Co., Rockford, Ill., announces new addresses and the men in charge of the following branch offices: W. Karslo, 338 E. 25th St., Baltimore; E. W. Hefernan, 435 Newtonville Ave., Newtonville, Mass.; H. F. Dahlke, 2561 N. Clark St., Chicago; G. H. Hatfield, 1951 Richmond Ave., Houston; Herb Proske, 66 Hudson St.,



### Ending His Career

After nearly 75 years of service in the steel industry, Wallace H. Rowland, 85, (right) retired on pension from Weirton Steel Co., Weirton, W. Va. Receipt of his final pay check from Glenn Gould, tin mill manager, concludes 43 years of employment with this division of National Steel Corp.

Hoboken, N. J.; J. W. Hancock, 1433 W. Erie Ave., Philadelphia; Vic Lathers, 1300 Rock St., Rockford, Ill.; H. C. Reimers, 3714 Fourteenth Ave., Rock Island, Ill.; Ken Coates, 1011 Ridgely Bldg., Springfield, Ill.; G. Knowler, 6693 Park Ave., Montreal, Que.

### Clarkson Opens Toledo Office

Clarkson Engineering (Canada) Ltd. established a sales and service office at 320 Ontario St., Toledo, O., under the name of Clarkson Inc. The company manufactures chucks and milling cutters.

### Honor GM's Safety Record

General Motors Corp. won an award of honor from the National Safety Council in recognition of GM's safety record in 1952. Of the more than 423,000 employees, 99.7 per cent lost no working time through occupational illness or injury.

### Fairfield Appoints Agent

Fairfield Engineering Co., Marion, O., appointed J. D. Wilson Co., Milwaukee, as its representative in Wisconsin. The firm will represent its Contract Division which designs, constructs and services

coal and ash handling equipment and bulk conveying and storage installations.

### New Plastics Enterprise

Monsanto Chemical Co., Springfield, Mass., will manufacture polyethylene plastics at a new plant. Annual capacity at first will be about 66 million pounds, with production to begin early in 1955. A 50 per cent increase is expected for 1957.

Site for the manufacturing unit has not been announced.

### Move District Office

Orr & Sembower Inc., Reading, Pa., maker of automatic boilers, moved its midwestern district office from Cleveland to 4809 N. Claremont Ave., Chicago.

### Offers To Buy Machinery Firm

Compo Shoe Machinery Corp., Boston, offers to acquire the outstanding stock of United Wood Heel Co., and Quirk Machinery Co., St. Louis.

### Electroplating Facilities Opened

Bart Mfg. Corp., Belleville, N. J., completed construction of a second new building on its property in Newark, N. J. The building will be used for precision electroplating of heavy industrial equipment being produced for Atomic Energy Commission projects. Additional buildings, totaling about 100,000 sq ft of space, are contemplated for the site where activities of the parent firm and its affiliated companies will be consolidated.

### Expansion Projects Approved

Optimism, rather than the pessimism voiced in some areas, is best expressed by the announcement that six Pittsburgh district companies have had their applications approved for rapid tax write-offs totaling more than \$4 million. Certificates of necessity were issued to the following metalworking companies: Firth-Sterling Steel Co., \$116,592 for special forgings and \$199,767 for tool steel; Hepenstall Co., \$88,171 for component military end items at New Brigh-



## DOWN GOES DOWN-TIME with Permanente 84!

In this report from a major steel mill you'll find convincing evidence that you can drastically reduce down-time for hot repair with Permanente 84 ramming and patching mix.

"Open hearths are operating well under usual heat times. Last month, heat time from tap to tap averaged seven minutes less than the previous best month on record. The use of Permanente 84 has helped cut delay time in half!"

Faster hot repair is possible with Permanente 84 because it's easy to use. Fewer repairs are needed between heats because it gives superior bottom performance.

*Act now!* Start using Permanente 84 for open hearth and electric furnace rebuilds as well as for bottom, bank and tap hole maintenance.

**SEND FOR BOOKLET** giving all the important advantages of Permanente 84 and the companion material, Permanente 165. Upon request, your Kaiser refractory engineer will promptly offer you research, design and installation service to help you obtain more steel tonnage per year, at lower bottom cost per ton. Call or write principal sales offices: Chemical Division, Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales, Inc., 1924 Broadway, Oakland 12, California. First National Tower, Akron 8, Ohio.



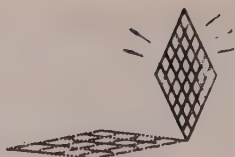
# Kaiser Chemicals

**Pioneers in Modern Basic Refractories**

Basic Refractory Brick and Ramming Materials • Dolomite • Magnesia • Magnesite • Alumina • Periclase



*Cheapest "Diamonds"  
You Can Buy*



## EXPANDED METAL

### "Air Conditioning"

#### FOR IRONING BOARDS

Experienced housewives prefer Ironing Boards with Penmetal Expanded Metal tops. They're stronger—lighter—non-warping for smoother ironing—"air-conditioned" to minimize pad scorching and accidental fire.

Dealers prefer them because they sell on sight—and for less.

Manufacturers prefer Penmetal Expanded Metal Mesh for countless applications. It's easily formed, shaped and welded... weighs less than solid sheets. Costs less, too.



**Rid-Jid**

Knee Room  
Adjustable All-  
Steel Ironing  
Table. Mfg. by:  
The J. R. Clark  
Co., Spring  
Park, Minn.

#### EXPANDED METAL MESH

OPEN TO LIGHT, HEAT AND AIR. PENMETAL expanded metal is the material of economy—for protecting, for screening, for lightweight yet strong construction.

MAKES A LITTLE METAL GO A LONG WAY. PENMETAL expanded metal is sheet metal which has been slit, then stretched to as much as 10 times original area.

CORROSION-RESISTANT METALS AVAILABLE, as well as carbon steel. Large or small mesh, light or heavy gauge. Each sheet is a unit without rivets or welds.

UP TO 80% LIGHTER than solid sheet of same dimensions. Diamond truss pattern adds rigidity and strength.



For more information,  
write for Free Bulletin EM50

### PENN METAL COMPANY, INC.

GENERAL SALES OFFICES • 205 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, PARKERSBURG, W. VA.,  
DETROIT, CHICAGO, DALLAS, LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE



### Sets Drilling Record

A record of drilling 101 oil wells, averaging 2671 feet deep, in 608 days was established by a rotary rig operated by Rex & Morris, Eldorado, Kans. Members of the crew prepare to add a new length of Spang drill pipe while on location with the rig

ton Pa., and \$250,000 for forgings at Pittsburgh; Jones and Laughlin, \$1,330,000 for rolled steel products at Aliquippa and \$601,950 for finishing facilities at Pittsburgh. Others are National Electric Products, \$445,464 for ordnance; American Shear Knife Co., \$237,763; and Pennsylvania railroad, \$819,890 for railway transportation.

### Dumas Steel Opens Warehouse

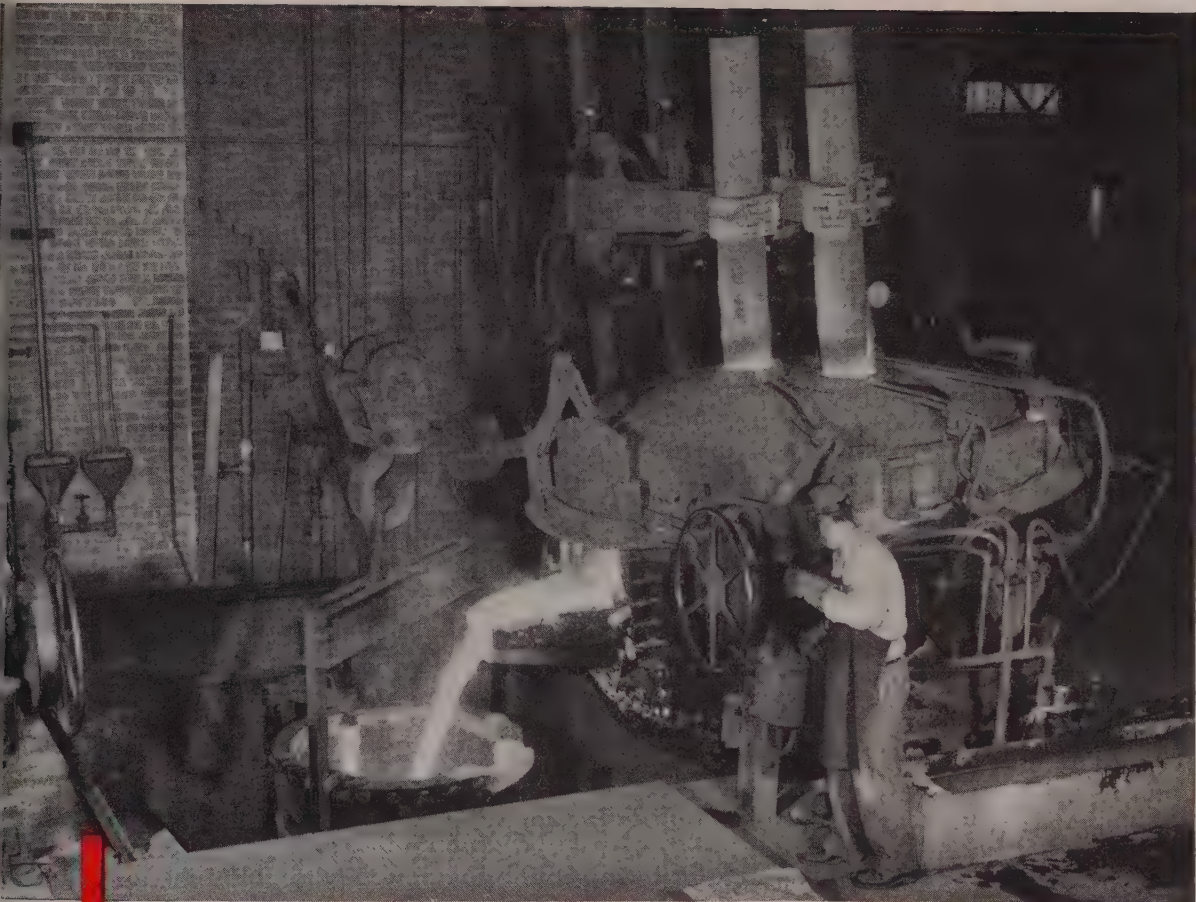
In recognition of the growing importance of the industrial Southeast, Dumas Steel Corp., Pittsburgh, opened a warehouse at Marietta, Ga. The new facility is located in the McNeal building on Sessions street.

### Englert Heads Association

Propeller Fan Manufacturers' Association, Detroit, elected the following officers: E. C. Englert, president; E. J. Stone vice president; L. O. Monroe, secretary-treasurer.

### Equipment Maker To Expand

Benson-Lehner Corp., Los Angeles, was granted a Small Defense Plants Administration loan of \$187,000 for the purchase of equipment needed in development



29-year-old Lectromelt Furnace still hard at work for Dibert, Bancroft and Ross Co., Ltd. of New Orleans, manufacturers of sugar mill machinery, dredge boat machinery and electric steel castings.

## "29-year-old Furnace performs like new"

"After 29 years of trouble-free service this Lectromelt\* C-18 Furnace looks only a year old. It performs as well as when installed, turning out 8-ton heats in three hours."

Today's Lectromelt Furnaces are masterpieces of engineering compared to this C-18. And you get even greater durability and dependability.

New Lectromelts, of course, are top-

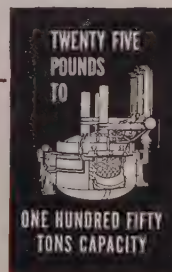
charged to save manpower, speed production, cut electrode consumption and give you added lining life. Power supply and power regulation equipment is specially engineered to fit your installation.

Write for Catalog No. 8, or ask to have an engineer call to discuss your requirements: Pittsburgh Lectromelt Furnace Corporation, 323 32nd St., Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania.

Manufactured in . . . CANADA: Lectromelt Furnaces of Canada, Ltd., Toronto 2 . . . ENGLAND: Birlec, Ltd., Birmingham . . . FRANCE: Stein et Roubaix, Paris . . . BELGIUM: S. A. Belge Stein et Roubaix, Bressoux-Liege . . . SPAIN: General Electrica Espanola, Bilbao . . . ITALY: Forni Stein, Genoa. JAPAN: Daido Steel Co. Ltd., Nagoya

\*REG. T. M. U. S. PAT. OFF.

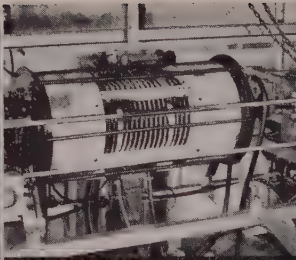
WHEN YOU MELT... **MOORE RAPID**  
*Lectromelt*



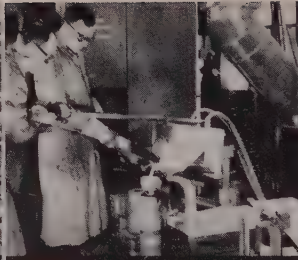




PRECISION CASTING



HOT PRESSING



BRONZES



HEAT TREATMENT



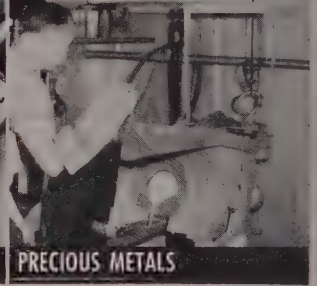
CARBIDES



STEELS



SHELL MOLDING



PRECIOUS METALS

**"In Production" — with Minimum Investment**

## AJAX-NORTHROP Converter-Operated FURNACES

The 20 kw. converter will melt 17 pounds of steel in 40 minutes. Maximum capacity is 30 pounds of steel or 60 pounds of bronze. The larger 40 kw. unit melts faster, will handle up to 50 pounds of steel. The 6 kw. unit melts a pound of steel in 8 minutes. Controlled temperatures to 4500 deg. F and higher make these furnaces ideal for sintering and hot pressing carbides.

Ajax-Northrup converters are compact and self resonating. They require no special foundation or wiring—and they're certified to meet F. C. C. regulations.

Thousands of these units are in daily use. Many of today's prominent industries actually got their start with an Ajax-Northrup 20 kw. converter. Write for bulletins.



20 KW  
CONVERTER

Since 1916



INDUCTION HEATING  
AND MELTING

AJAX ELECTROTHERMIC CORPORATION  
Ajax Park, Trenton 5, New Jersey

*Associated Companies*

AJAX ELECTROMETALLURGICAL CORP.  
AJAX ELECTRIC FURNACE CORPORATION  
AJAX ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.  
AJAX ENGINEERING CORPORATION



### Repairs to Cathedral

Twentieth-century repair techniques are applied to a 16th century cathedral at Beauvais, France. Stone cutters Rene Trunde and Francois Pensa work in modern steel scaffolding to repair sculptures on the Renaissance cathedral. Time, weather and war have caused damage to the stone

electromechanical devices for the Armed Services. The firm manufactures data reduction and data handling equipment, at 2340 Sawtelle Blvd., West Los Angeles, Calif.

### Raybestos Enters New Office

Raybestos-Manhattan Inc. moved into a newly constructed Chicago office and warehouse building at 1010 Northwest Highway.

### Lindberg Builds Plant


Lindberg Engineering Co., Chicago, established a plant at 11937 S. Regentview Ave., Downey, Calif. The company manufactures industrial furnaces.

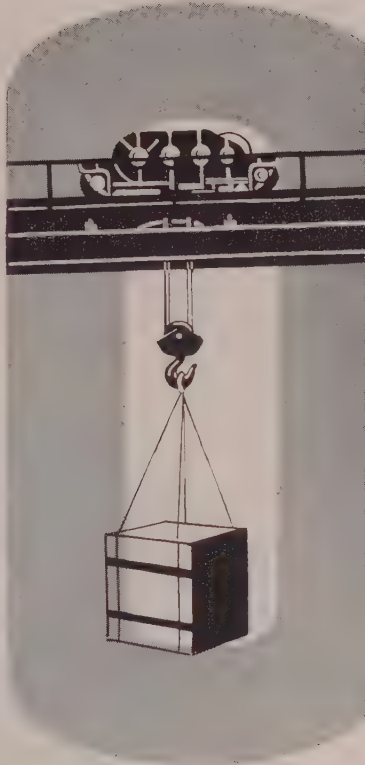
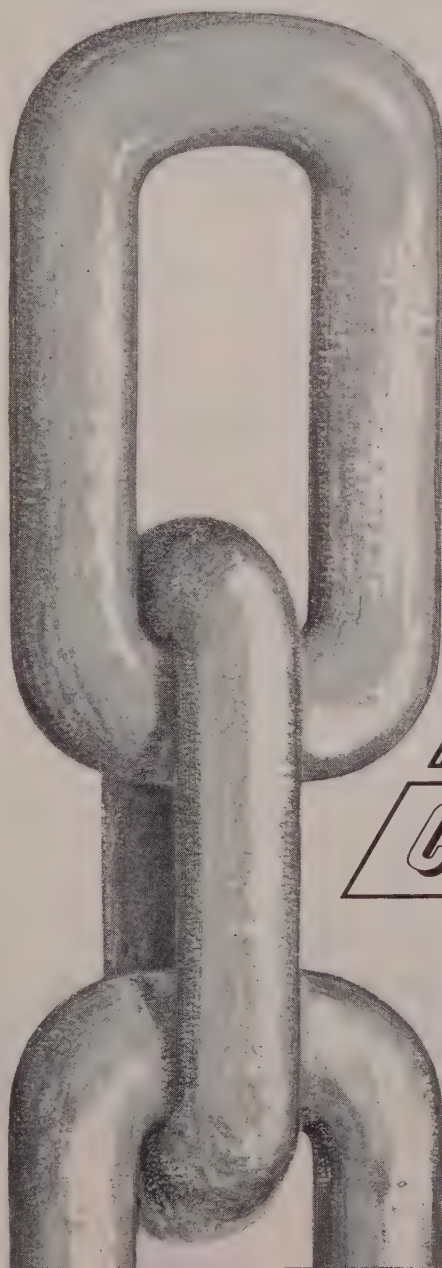
### Plastics Firm Opens Factory

Alladin Plastics Inc., Los Angeles, opened a \$1 million plant at 1771 W. 96th St. for manufacture of plastic toys and housewares.

### Steel Distributorship Formed

Brown Steel Supply Corp., distributor of flat-rolled products and structurals, was established with offices at 801 Union Bank Bldg.,

is this   
the **MISSING**  
**LINK?**



Strong link in your production chain can be a Conco Crane — custom-designed for a specific need. Conco Cranes are available in the capacity you need, the right lift, the right speed, the right clearances to serve a given station faster, at less cost, with less man power. Conco Cranes are backed by 36 years experience in the design of cranes, hoists, trolleys. Write for Bulletin 3000A illustrating and describing the Conco line.



### CONCO ENGINEERING WORKS

Division of H. D. Conkey & Company

70—14th Avenue, Mendota, Illinois

#### AFFILIATES:

Conco Engineering Works - Domestic Heating Equipment  
Conco Building Products, Inc., Brick, Tile, Stone



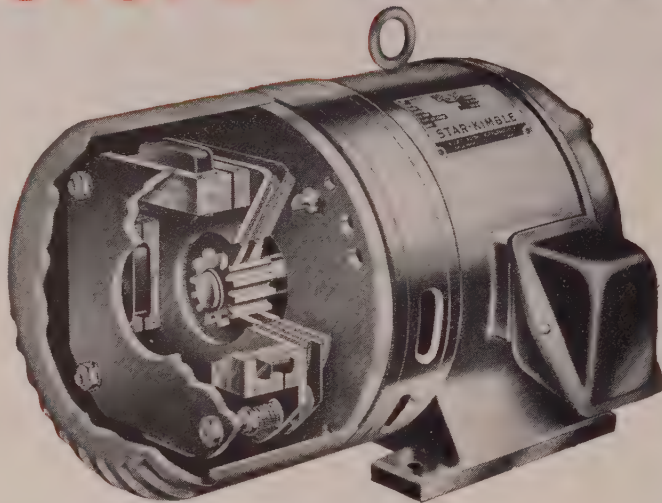
**STOP! START STOP! START STOP! START STOP!**

**START STOP! START STOP! START STOP! START STOP!**

**Instantaneous**

**Drag-free**

# STOPS! STARTS



**START STOP! START STOP! START STOP! START STOP!**

**STOP! START STOP! START STOP! START STOP!**

## minute after minute **YEAR AFTER YEAR** with Star-Kimble Brakemotors

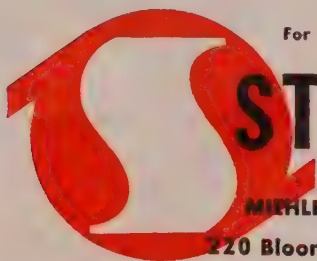
That extra-large brakelining area you see brings a Star-Kimble Brakemotor and its connected load to an extra-fast stop—as short as a fifth of a second from full speed to standstill if desired.

And the small air gap contributes to equally fast starts. Brake is released the instant motor current is switched on—equipment starts without drag.

That's the story of a single Star-Kimble stop-start cycle. And the experience of user after user proves that Star-Kimble Brakemotors maintain the same split-second stops, the same smooth starts, through hundreds of thousands of cycles. In reversing service, conventional plugging methods with a typical 5 hp motor allow only 3 starts per minute. With a Star-Kimble Brakemotor, the figure is boosted to 10!

Of course, every Star-Kimble Brakemotor is a compact, integral unit designed to save space—and give rugged, dependable performance. One manufacturer—one responsibility.

For the full story, write for Bulletin B-501-A



# STAR-KIMBLE

**MOTOR DIVISION**

**KIMBLE PRINTING PRESS AND MFG. CO.**

**220 Bloomfield Avenue Bloomfield, New Jersey**

Los Angeles. President is Philip Brown; vice president, James Brown; sales manager, L. W. Westerbeck.

### **Gets Foundry Association Post**

Charles T. Sheehan was appointed executive secretary of National Foundry Association, Chicago. He succeeds Edward J. Walsh who resigned to accept an appointment as executive director of Foundry Educational Foundation, Cleveland.

### **Forms Hamburg Machinery Co.**

Al Hamburg organized a new concern, Hamburg Machinery Co., which will deal in new and used machine tools, parts and accessories. Offices will be at 401 Broadway, New York.

### **Pioneer Pump Offices Moved**

Detroit Harvester Co., Detroit, transferred headquarters and sales offices of its Pioneer Pump Division to 2750 Guardian Bldg., that city, and transferred manufacturing operations to a new plant in Paris, Ky.

### **Westinghouse Opens Branch**

Westinghouse Electric Corp., Pittsburgh, established a branch office in San Francisco under the management of Harold G. Rethmeyer. The branch falls under the supervision of Walter J. Maytham, manager of the company's Pacific Coast district.

### **Expands Rocket Engine Project**

North American Aviation Inc., Los Angeles, leased a new building at 6329 E. Slauson Ave., Los Angeles, for work on the design, development and manufacture of rocket engines.

### **Hoyt Opens Wire Cloth Plant**

Hoyt Wire Cloth Co. is producing a line of aggregate wire screens and industrial wire cloth in its plant in Lancaster, Pa. The new company purchased its machinery from John A. Roebling's Sons Co., Trenton, N. J. Officers of the firm are F. G. Hoyt, president; W. Hobbs

# NEW SOLUTIONS FOR OLD FINISHING PROBLEMS

ENTHONE CAN SHOW YOU **HOW**  
TO DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

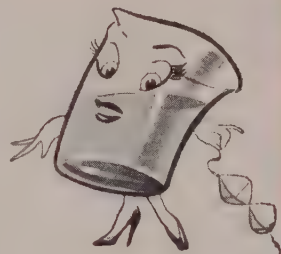


1. Remove rust and scale from steel in an alkaline solution *without any attack on the steel*

2. Strip nickel, lead, tin, solder, silver and copper from steel without any attack on the steel

3. Electroplate on aluminum for soldering

4. Remove excess silver solder from steel



5. Phosphate and clean steel in one operation

6. Prevent rusting of steel during drying or storage

7. Shorten alkali cleaning time to seconds.

8. Strip enamels from plastics

9. Remove heat scale from copper alloys without etching the base metal

10. Chromate zinc and cadmium for high salt spray resistance



**KEEP UP TO DATE.** Write for check list of Enthone literature on over 60 products and processes for better metal finishing.

**ENTHONE**  
INCORPORATED

442 ELM STREET  
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

METAL FINISHING  
PROCESSES

ELECTROPLATING  
CHEMICALS



# ORTON

## *Torque-Control*

MEANS

POWER CONTROL  
WEAR CONTROL

- NO JERKING, slip-clutching or racing engines!
- CUSHIONED SHOCK—only the exact amount of power needed to move the load!

SEND FOR CATALOG 54

ORTON

**ORTON CRANE AND SHOVEL COMPANY**

608 SOUTH DEARBORN STREET • CHICAGO 5, ILLINOIS

PATENTED



### Surmounts Traffic Snarls

Leapfrogging across the future extension of the Ramona Freeway in southern California, 11-ton bridge girders are raised for a street crossing in Alhambra. Fabricated in 90-foot sections, the 15 girders are of all-welder construction and were erected by Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp.

Jr., vice president and sales manager.

### Trent Heads Galvanizers Group

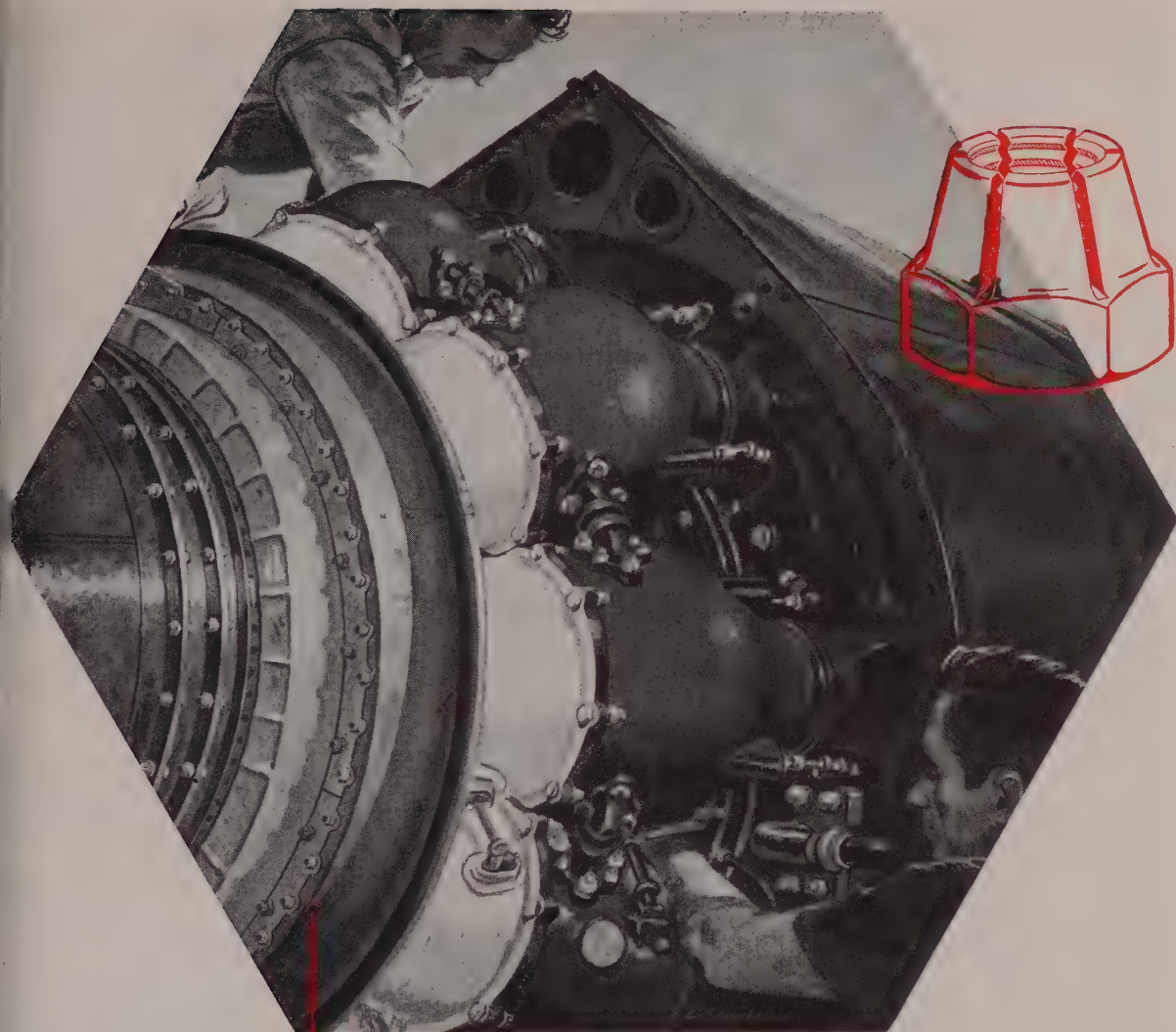
American Hot Dip Galvanizers Association, Pittsburgh, elected Bonnie E. Trent as its president for the term ending in March 1954. Mr. Trent is general foreman of the galvanizing and shipping section of the formed products department of Armco Steel Corp.'s Fabricating Division.

### Ross Carrier May Change Hands

Clark Equipment Co., Buchanan, Mich., may acquire a substantial interest in Ross Carrier Co., Benton Harbor, Mich. Michigan Power Shovel Co. is a subsidiary of the Ross firm, manufacturer of straddle trucks, power shovels, excavating equipment, and fork lift trucks.

### Open House at Heppenstall

Heppenstall Co., Pittsburgh steel forgings manufacturer, will hold a two-day open house beginning May 12. C. W. McQuiston, director of personnel, is chairman of the planning committee.



Type Z1200...extra length  
 locking beams. Recommended  
 for prolonged service at  
 temperatures up to 1200°F.  
 Superior locking effectiveness  
 assured on bolts at the tol-  
 erance limit of Class 3.

Every major aircraft engine  
 made today relies on the  
 vibration-proof holding power  
 of Elastic Stop Nuts.



**ELASTIC STOP NUT CORPORATION**  
**OF AMERICA**

Dept. N22-460, 2330 Vauxhall Rd., Union, N. J.

*Only ESNA manufactures a complete line of all types and sizes of self-locking nuts to meet  
 operating temperature requirements ranging from -65° F. to 1200° F.*





Sterling silver flatware pieces are punched out on an interlocking blanking machine as first production step



Bottom of a tray is "set" by means of a counterbalanced trip hammer which both levels and hardens the silver



Variety demanded in sterling silverware production is emphasized by more than 100 different pieces on this table

## Silverware for Moderns

**Machine-age production methods come slowly in the centuries-old craft of silversmithing**

SILVERSMITHS at Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass., practice an art that was ancient when Rome burned, but their products grace modern tables. The company, one of the oldest of the baker's dozen American firms which produce sterling flatware and hollow ware in volume, uses methods which have changed little from ancient times, although mass-production methods are creeping in.

Flatware—knives, forks and spoons—are now blanked out of silver stock by punch presses, but the finishing operations are still largely hand work. Hollow ware—bowls, goblets and plates—are still made almost entirely by hand, even to the initial forming of the pieces.



Hand chaser hammers a design into a sterling bowl filled with pitch to keep his punches from cutting too deeply



Inside surfaces of each fork tine must be individually polished by hand on an emery belt grinding machine



# CONTINENTAL

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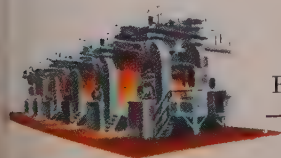
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rolls for all types of rolling mills

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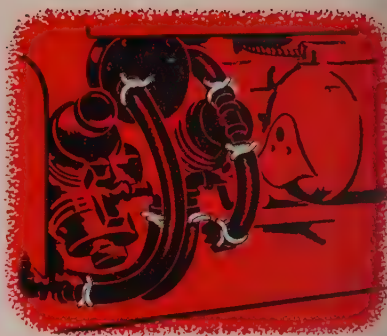


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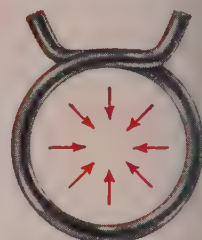




# How to design economy in your hose connections

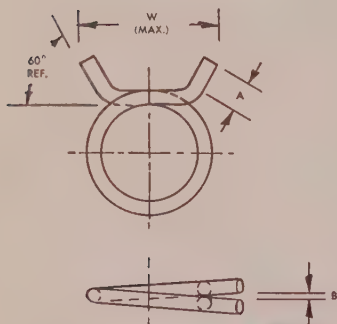
## Specify *Eaton Reliance* "HOZ-FAS-NERS"

Here's a new and easy method of fastening rubber, fabric or plastic hose to connections that is rapidly being adopted by many industries. Manufactured as a complete one-piece unit, Reliance Hoz-Fas-Ners are made from special spring steel, are low in unit cost and extend effective hose use—write for complete engineering facts today.



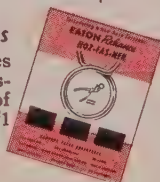
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"Built-in Uniform tension for constant tight seal"



Eaton Number	Size Hose O. D.	Wire Diameter	"A" Dimension	"B" Dim. (Max.)	"W" (Max.)
ER 6	$\frac{3}{8}$	.082	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
ER 10	$\frac{5}{8}$	.107	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	1
ER 13	$1\frac{3}{16}$	.117	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$
E 9	$1\frac{5}{16}$	.122	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$
E 10	1	.132	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$
ER 18	$1\frac{1}{8}$	.152	$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$1\frac{7}{16}$
E 16	$1\frac{3}{8}$	.162	$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$1\frac{3}{4}$
E 20	$1\frac{5}{8}$	.172	$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{64}$	$1\frac{7}{8}$
E 26	2	.177	$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$1\frac{5}{16}$
E 30	$2\frac{1}{4}$	.182	$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{32}$	$2\frac{1}{8}$

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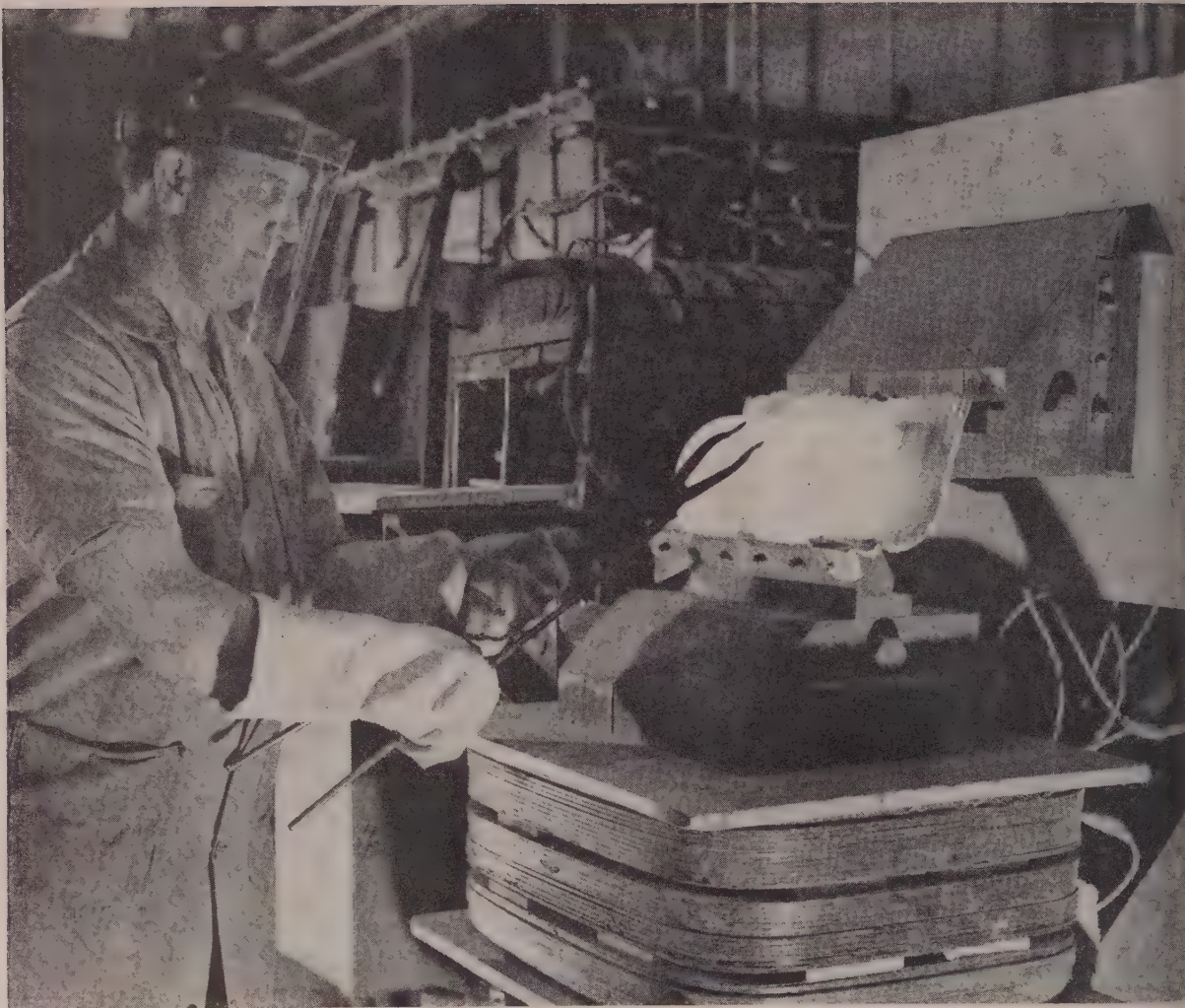
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The larger Alnico permanent magnets, produced by sand casting, are heat treated by this direct current electromagnet before they are magnetized

# Permanent Magnets Attract More Industry Attention

**Improved magnetic materials and powder metallurgy techniques have removed size and shape barriers. The current bottleneck is civilian shortage of nickel and cobalt**

By **ERNEST E. GEORGE**  
*Manager, Design and Application Engineering*  
Carboloy Department  
General Electric Co.  
Detroit

**PERMANENT MAGNETS** are steadily drawing more and more metalworking jobs into their magnetic field. By 1957 the pull of permanent magnets will be felt in the metalworking industry from the power plants and tool rooms of many factories to the major mining

areas of the nation; from manufacturing production control centers to highly automatic materials handling setups.

In spite of government restrictions on the metals employed in producing magnets in both World War II and the present Korean war,

magnet uses in industry are much wider than they were 10 years ago. One reason is that the major portion of permanent magnet development took place in recent years. More magnet materials were developed since 1939 than in all previous history.

**Not New**—Before 1930 magnetic properties of permanent magnets depended on the physical hardening of steel or its alloys. Since then magnets with vastly superior properties, hardened by other metallurgical methods, were developed. The modern magnet not only is produced in almost unlimited sizes and shapes but, if the metals involved in its production—aluminum, nickel, cobalt, iron, sometimes copper and titanium—are used in the correct ratio, the magnet, properly applied, retains its magnetic strength, not for a while, but permanently.

Today, because of the Korean action, expansion of permanent magnets into some newer metalworking fields is temporarily bottled up—not by the shortage of production capacity—but by the government's efforts to stretch out critical materials.

**Lots of Capacity**—Industry-wide, there is plenty of manufacturing capacity, especially for permanent magnets of the Alnico type. The picture looks even rosier for this spring when Carboly opens its new magnet production facilities in Edmore, Mich.

Materials-wise, the situation is a little tighter since both nickel and cobalt, used in the manufacture of magnets, are on the critical list. Although cobalt is becoming a little more plentiful, it still is restricted and allocated on request. Nickel is tighter: Like cobalt, it too is restricted and allocated on request. Although there are no signs now of added restrictions or shortages, regulations will be on for some time.

**Military First**—Currently about 80 per cent of the permanent magnets produced go into first line military applications—military radio, radar and other electronic applications. Television, commercial radio and industrial applications take the remaining 20 per cent. Some newer applications, some fully developed and others under development with government approval in the food and ore mining industries are beginning to take a greater share of the 20 per cent.

Today there are eight grades of permanent magnets of the Alnico type available for metalworking applications. These include proper-

#### FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

1. What magnet length and cross-sectional area will provide the necessary flux across the gap?
2. Will material selected fit into the space available?
3. Will circuit and magnet arrangement provide maximum output per unit volume of material?
4. Does the permanent magnet material have suitable physical properties?
5. Will magnet withstand demagnetizing influences to which it may be subjected?
6. What is the cost—considering both magnetic and mechanical requirements?

ties to meet a wide range of industry needs. Original development work on this particular family of alloys, the Alnico, was carried out by the General Electric Co.

**Castings or Powder**—To meet the various applications in the metalworking industry, permanent magnets are fabricated by two methods—by sand casting and by powder metallurgy. All grades may be cast to shape by the former method. It's the most economical for magnets of simple design and weighing over 15 grams.

Those produced by powder metallurgy, the sintered Alnico magnets, can be produced to relatively close tolerances without additional finishing. Although all eight grades of Alnico magnets may be cast, only Alnico 2, 4 and 5 are made commercially in sintered form.

**Sintered Better** — Magnets produced by the powder metallurgy method are fine grained, thus have more uniform flux distribution and greater mechanical strength than those cast. In many cases, the mechanical properties of sintered magnets make size considerations secondary. For example, Alnico rotors weighing about 25 grams and about 1-inch diameter, have been produced in large quantities and have given outstanding performance at speeds as high as 100,000 rpm.

Sintered magnets also are well adapted to mass production of small magnets with intricate shape.

They are made by pressing a mixture of constituent metal powders in a die to approximately the final shape of the magnet, and holes, slots or grooves are included in the same operation.

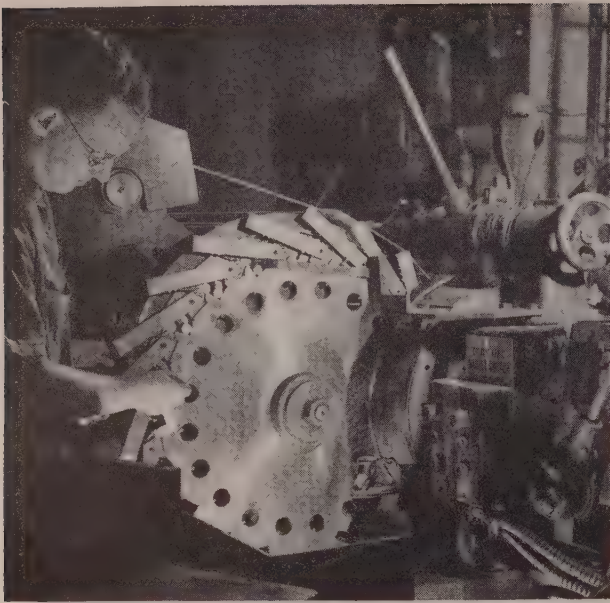
**Design Important** — Designing permanent magnets is a highly specialized field. Each end-use must be considered individually. There is little standardization in design except in a few instances such as speaker magnets and some sintered magnets of general purpose uses.

Since length of the magnet determines the available magnetomotive force, and the cross-sectional area limits the total flux, space requirements often dictate the material to be used.

Often the product designer wishes to improve an old design by substituting a high energy material for one of the earlier types of magnets such as chromium or cobalt steels. A radical reduction in magnet length is possible because the newer materials have a higher magnetomotive force per unit length.

**Tight Quality Control** — Besides being properly designed, permanent magnets must undergo quality control throughout production. Magnets properly processed are inherently very stable with respect to time unless acted on by a demagnetizing force in excess of that provided for in original application design. Some of the demagnetizing influences include heat, vibration or impact, stray magnetic fields or





In the grinding operation, both ends of the magnets are ground simultaneously by double-face grinder shown here



Actual job of magnetizing these small sintered permanent magnets is done by hand on this bench-type magnetizer

changes in the external magnetic circuit such as an increase in air gap length. Correct stabilizing treatments sometimes are necessary to insure permanency.

The effect of high temperatures on magnetic materials depends upon the internal structure and the metallurgical properties of the alloy used. The effect of vibration and impact is similar to that of high temperature in that it depends on the internal structure of the magnet material. Strains set up by vibration or impact produce varying amounts of magnetic instability of the molecular structure due to the breakdown of feebly oriented molecular groups.

There is a permanent demagnetization effect when a magnet is subjected to sufficient vibration or impact. The demagnetization effect of stray magnetic fields depends on the coercive force of the permanent magnet material.

**Flux Alterations**—If steel or other magnetic materials accidentally touch the sides or back of a magnet, they establish additional poles thereby altering the flux distribution of the magnets to some extent. Nonmagnetic covers are used in some cases to protect the surfaces of magnets.

Magnets that must withstand high heat can be initially subjected

to a temperature cycle that duplicates that encountered in actual use. Those that must resist vibration can be initially exposed to similar vibration ranges in operating conditions. Thus permanent magnet materials can be stabilized so that continued application of the demagnetizing influence has no further effect. Once so stabilized, they supply a constant and uniform source of magnetic energy indefinitely.

**All Shapes** — Holding magnets exist in a great variety of geometries for use in relays, novelties, armatures, magnetic chucks and latches. Fundamentally, the work that the magnet does is proportional to the volume of magnetic material used and available energy of the material.

The manner in which force and distance are used is controlled by the design of the holding structure. The contact pull on a piece of steel is a special case and depends solely on flux density squared, and area of pole contact.

In all holding and attracting applications, it is important to remember that the object to be attracted or held may be the limitation on the amount of attractive force that can be developed. Holding magnet performance is always contingent on the keeper being able

to conduct the total flux output of the magnet. For thin metal and small particles, the maximum force of attraction is inherently limited. A one-pound magnet can hold a razor blade with as much force as a 10-pound magnet.

**Good for Cleaning**—If you're a plant engineer, you probably are already familiar with the use of permanent magnets in separator applications—either in cleaning coolants in machining operations or picking up magnetic foreign material in cleaning sand or coal. Formerly, it was a daily chore to clean coolants in grinding and other machining operations. Many times cleaning was necessary during the production period, increasing down time for the department. Today, permanent magnets keep coolants so clean that machines run all week without a coolant change.

In the metalworking field, permanent magnets not only cut down product size and improve performance at less cost, but also serve to step up processing. One manufacturer of meters, for example, with increased know-how of magnet behavior redesigned its meters to take a more powerful magnet. The results were all on the plus side. The overall weight of the magnet itself was cut roughly by 35 per cent, cost dropped about one third



and the increase in the gap flux density provided a 15 per cent increase in the torque of the meter movement.

**Separate Sheets** — For years, manufacturers were troubled with the feeding of sheets into forming machinery. Often the rust preventing oil film between steel sheets exerts an adhesive force, strong enough to hold adjacent sheets together.

Today the problem of doubles is eliminated by a magnetic sheet steel separator. The job actually is done by an Alnico 5 magnet cast in aluminum. The aluminum covering protects the magnet from physical abuse as well as magnetic particles.

While a stack of steel sheets is in effect a solid steel mass, it is made up of several separate sheets. Each pole face of the separator magnet induces poles of opposite polarity on the edge of each sheet. Like poles are induced in a vertical direction, repelling each other and causing separations between sheets.

**Many Other Uses** — Permanent magnets also are used in conveying

or materials handling operations. They may be employed either as holding devices to keep work in alignment on conveying lines, or in place of hooks on overhead setups where light metal parts are being attached for conveyance to pickling, finishing or shipping areas.

They also are used in connection with fixtures, or as part of a fixture, for example, in holding several components in position for assembly; or for holding metal sheets in a rigid position without any sag during shearing operations. Plant layout work also is simplified by permanent magnets. Fastened to the bottom of templates or models, the latter are used on metallic layout boards and stay put unless purposely removed.

**User Problems**—One of the biggest problems confronting the user of permanent magnets is the choice of a method for assembling the magnet to its pole members or other steel parts. For a while, the problem limited applications. But with current fastening methods many new applications are falling into the magnetic field.

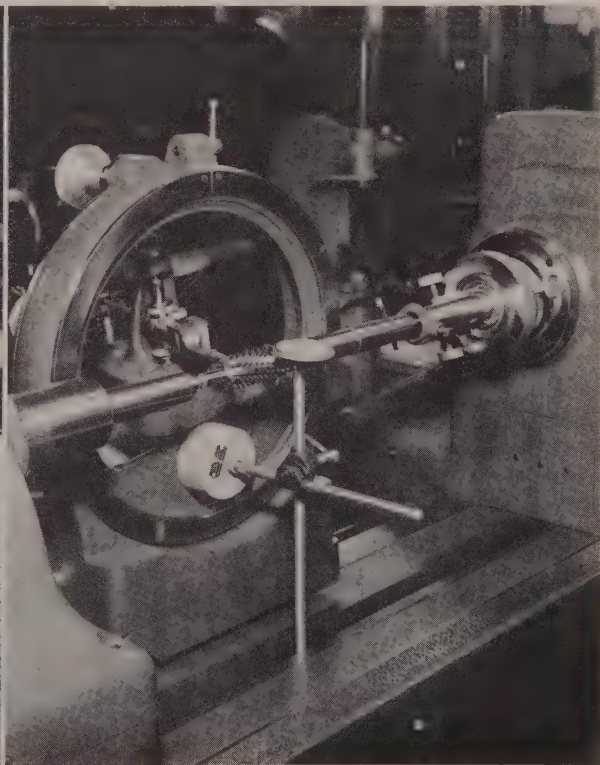
Mechanical clamping, soldering or cementing are the most popular means of fastening slots and holes, and provide a positive means of holding assemblies together. Simple brass straps around the magnet, which in turn are fastened to other parts of the assembly often can be used. Rotor type magnet assemblies for magnetos and generators, including the shaft, are commonly die cast together. Often the die metal completely surrounds the assembly, except for pole shoes, and acts as a shell that provides support at high rotational speeds.

Carboloy permanent magnets can be bonded successfully by solder providing the surfaces of the magnet are properly prepared. Each of the eight grades contain aluminum oxide on their surfaces. This must be removed, and the surface kept clean until solder is applied.

A process in which castings are dipped in a molten salt bath at 1000° F and electrolyzed, can be used in cleaning aluminum oxide from magnets. Magnets can also be plated with cadmium or copper.



Application of permanent magnets on this sheet steel separator prevents stamping or drawing of double sheets



In this application, a permanent magnet is being employed to hold a dial indicator on the measuring machine





Closeup view shows how wedge drive moving member of die in horizontal plane. Repeated blows do the trick.

Steel gear rim is formed on a press brake with a wedge-action die. Outboard roller support is shown at right.

# Steel Gears Produced in Short Lots

**Torch cutting, press brake with an ingenious die, and some welding prepare the gear blank for machining. It's a quick setup, low investment system for making large gears**



Hub, web and rim are located on a positioner. Automatic submerged flux welding machine welds three together.

SHORT-LOT jobs can be run efficiently but it sometimes takes a bit of old-fashioned ingenuity.

Fabrication of steel drive gears at Cincinnati Shaper Co., Cincinnati, is a good example. The whole sequence includes some flame cutting, welding, forming and machining.

**Cuts Webs** — First step in the gearmaking operation is burning the circular webs out of steel boiler plate. Two identical webs are burned out of a rectangular piece of plate and then the centers are burned out of these for the gear hub.

Next step is the forming of the steel rim in which the teeth will be cut. Here, Cincinnati's knowledge of their press brakes was put to work. The answer is a simple but effective wedge-action die.

**Horizontal Shove**—Hot-rolled 35-45 carbon steel bars with a 2 x 4-inch cross-section are fed horizon-

tally into the die. As the ram descends a wedge is driven into a recess in the die—translating vertical into horizontal motion.

This horizontal motion is actually the work stroke, and it permits the large rims to be formed in the horizontal plane. An outboard roller support helps the machine operator hold the steel bar in position and a circular steel table is fixed to the bed of the brake for supporting the bent rim as it feeds out of the die. A series of repeated blows forms a rim 35½ inches in diameter in less than 2 minutes.

Web, rim and hub meet in the weld shop for final assembly. Here they all are located on a positioner. Automatic submerged flux welding machine welds them into one unit.

Following welding the parts are stress relieved and then go on for the machining operations which turn them from blanks into large drive gears.





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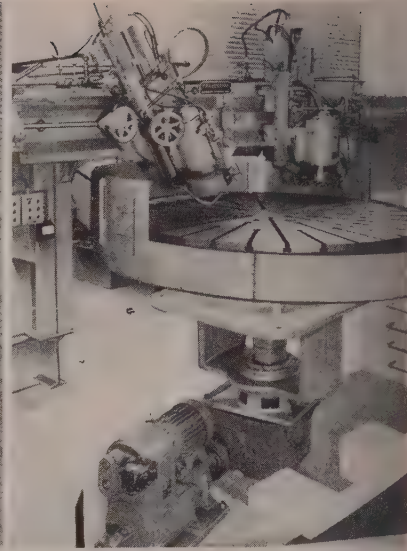
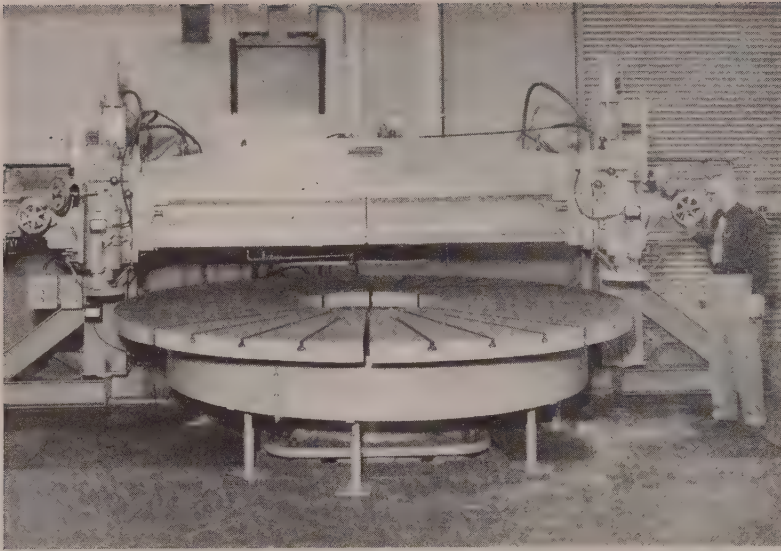
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# STEEL

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Grinder has 144-inch table and a total width of 28 feet. Grinding units are self-contained—operate independently

Table drive in pit is a self-contained infinitely variable speed unit. Standard table has maximum of 13.51 rpm

# Large Diameters Precision Ground

**Machine is the largest of its family. It will work to 0.0002-inch or better tolerances. Two grinding units work independently over the 144-inch table**

**LARGE GRINDER** soon to be installed in the Naval Ordnance Plant, Louisville, has the job of maintaining gage-maker tolerances over dimensions as large as 140 inches.

Built specifically for precision internal, external and surface grinding on large diameters, the machine will eliminate slow, tedious hand scraping or stoning of the big parts. It will also virtually obviate the individual fitting of the parts into assemblies.

Louisville machine has a 144-inch table. It's largest of the line of grinders made by the Frauenthal Division, Kaydon Engineering Corp., Muskegon, Mich.

**Two Pair**—Designed for the wide range of jobs it will have to handle in the ordnance plant, the machine will be one of four when the projected installation is complete. Two of these large 144-inch-table ma-

chines will be augmented by two others with 72-inch tables. They all will be used to grind gun mount bearings as well as many other heavy and large parts.

Table drive of the machines is a self-contained infinitely variable-speed unit equipped with a remote control dial speed indicator and pushbutton control. Change in speed is accomplished by holding the increase or decrease buttons down until the indicator registers desired table speed.

**Isolation** — Curtailing vibration and chatter, the superstructure is not an integral part of the main spindle housing. It consists of two upright columns anchored independently from the table assembly of the machine.

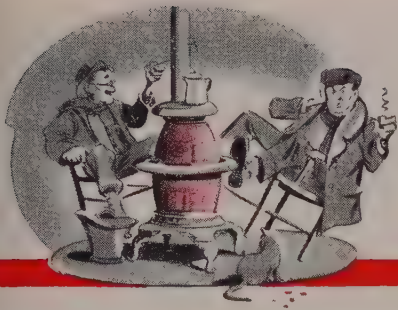
Grinding units are direct connected self-contained and are mounted on the vertical slides. They can be tilted independently

to provide many setup combinations.

**Family Tree** — Standard table speed range is from 2.25 to 13.51 rpm. Grinding wheel spindle drive is 1730 rpm, 7½-hp. Maximum wheel diameter is 14 inches. Maximum length strokes are 8 inches vertical and 36 inches horizontal.

First progenitor of these machines is one Kaydon built for themselves in 1942. At that time they held important orders for bearings to be used by the military. Super accuracy was required and the push was on for greater production.

When they were unable to buy a machine to do the work, they decided to go ahead and build one of their own. Customers saw the machine at work, asked for similar machines for their own shops, and Kaydon found itself in the machine tool business.



## THE BURLINGTON LIARS' CLUB SPINS ANOTHER YARN



# "BATTER UP!"

Old-time lumberjacks in Northern Wisconsin had their own way of getting a mess of fresh trout. A hungry, pint-sized Paul Bunyan, taking a plug of his favorite "chawin' t'baccy," would shave off a handful, rub it up real fine, and then scatter it over the surface of the stream. The trout, thinking a hatch of flies had come out, would rise and strike those particles of tobacco.

While the trout were enjoying their unexpected feast, the lumberjack would go back into the woods and cut himself a hickory club about the size of a baseball bat. Then he'd walk back and take his stand at the edge of the stream. And when those trout came up to spit, he'd clout them onto the bank!

Wisconsin lumberjacks didn't bother "fishing around" when they wanted a mess of trout. And you don't have to "fish around" when you want refractory dolomite—not if you remember the name BAKER'S MAGDOLITE... the original dead-burned dolomite.

The superior chemical, physical, and mineralogical composition of BAKER'S MAGDOLITE assures properly burned grain-sized particles, helping you get more uniform ingots, in greater numbers, at lower fuel costs, with less defective production material.

The next time you need refractory dolomite, don't "fish around." Order BAKER'S MAGDOLITE! It's always 5 ways better: Composition, Preparation, Strength, Economy, Quality.

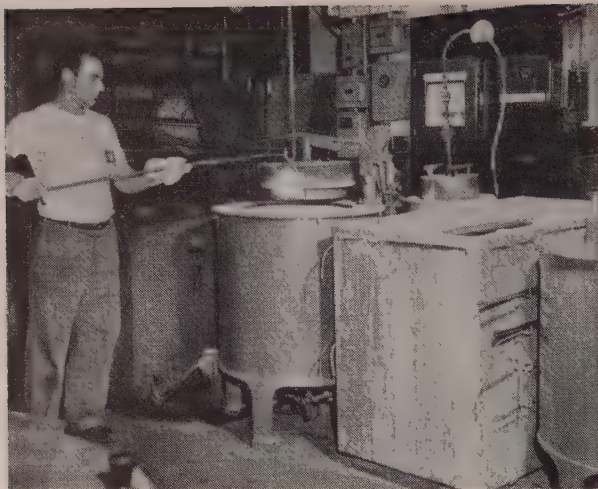


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**THE VAPOCARB-HUMP FURNACE** The Vapocarb-Hump method of hardening with Triple Control—control over atmosphere, rate of heating and quench point—gives the heat treater the precise controllability necessary for high-quality specification hardening.

In addition, the Vapocarb-Hump Furnace can be used to carburize and gas cyanide small loads.

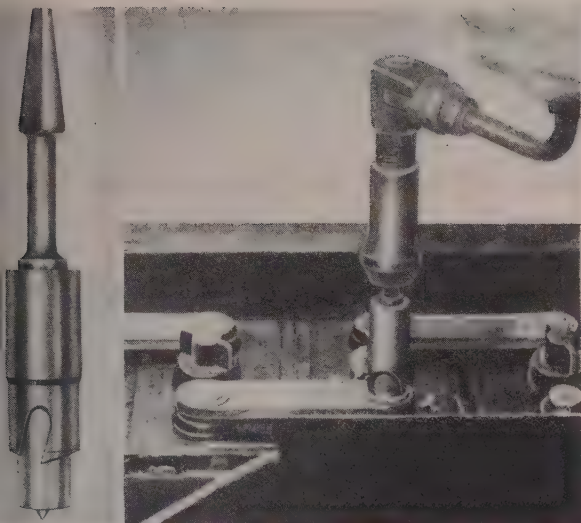
For these uses the equipment provides atmosphere control, automatic temperature control and a record of time and temperature . . . all the factors necessary to assure desired case depth.

**THE STEAM HOMO FURNACE** The Steam Homo Furnace can be used as an air atmosphere tempering furnace—with all the advantages of the Homo Method—or with a steam atmosphere, making it applicable to a great variety of other operations. Applications utilizing this steam atmosphere include steam-treating high speed steel cutting tools and bluing of iron and steel parts.

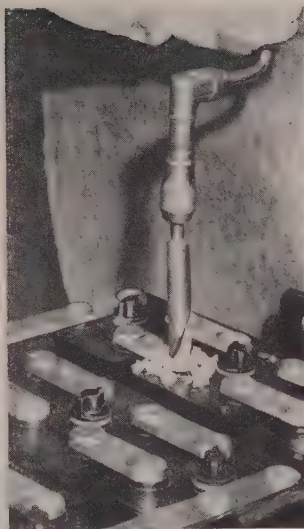
Non-ferrous applications include solution heat-treating of aluminum, precipitation hardening of beryllium copper and the annealing or stress relief of brass . . . all accomplished in the Steam Homo without scale, eliminating many expensive cleaning, buffing and pickling operations.

For complete information regarding this furnace team, write 4957 Stenton Ave., Phila., 44, Pa., or contact our nearest office.

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Special tool at left drills an annular hole so connectors and covers can be removed without disturbing post



An alternate method of drilling posts to permit removal of damaged cover involves use of a 15/16-inch drill



Pulling battery cover and element simultaneously is a technique Gould suggests when cover is not damaged

## ONE UP BATTERY REPAIR

# Right Tools, Proper Procedure Keep Truck Parts Alive

**Battery maker cites several techniques to follow when replacing cells or elements. Maintenance aptitude can mean worthwhile savings in extended life**

EXTENDING the life of an accidentally damaged industrial truck storage battery often requires removal of the cover for cell replacement or element repair. Done correctly, this relatively simple job can mean worthwhile savings for battery and truck maintenance departments. Trouble often arises, according to Gould-National Batteries Inc., Trenton, N. J., because proper procedure is not understood in many repair shops.

Covers of rubber-jar batteries have post openings lined with lead inserts integral with the hard rubber cover. These inserts or linings are welded to the lead battery posts to prevent leaks. To remove a damaged cover, it is necessary to drill out gaps between posts and inserts.

**Techniques** — To execute one method properly, the company devised a special drill for use among its repair equipment. The tool cuts

an annular hole and permits lead posts to remain solid, upright and at normal height after the cell connector and jar cover have been separated.

Another technique suggested by the company calls for drilling posts in the damaged cover to a 3/8-inch depth with a 15/16-inch drill. This frees the intercell connector. Drilling action can then be continued through the cover to free it in turn.

**Rebuilding Required** — This latter method requires rebuilding the posts before reassembling in a new cover to replace the broken member. Rebuilding is effected by a simple lead puddling, applying heat by a carbon electrode manipulated within the cavity of a simple post mold. Post molds are available as purchased items if the maintenance department doesn't make its own.

Certain battery designs provide greater clearance between the intercell connector and cover top. If

clearance is sufficient, the company suggests the first drilling can be eliminated by a horizontal saw cut under the connector.

**Basic Cell Repair** — In cases where the cover is not damaged, but both cover and elements are to be withdrawn from the jar for basic cell repair, it is necessary only to remove the intercell connector and lift cover and element as a unit. Chains are attached to hold-down clips and can be stepped on by repairmen as cover and element are lifted. Lifting tool in this case is a post cutter with cutting edges dulled.

During this type repair operation, Gould says it is not even necessary to remove the intercell connector from the post, providing a saw cut through that connector is permissible. The cut, says the company, should follow immediately above the junction line between the bad cell and its neighbor.



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methods

Your business, in mass production of parts or finished assemblies, is the problem of generating close tolerance sizes, of producing high surface finishes, of removing stock. The business of CARBORUNDUM is the exclusive ability to recommend and furnish you the specific type of abrasive product which will give you highest quality at lowest cost, on every operation you perform.

Take off-hand grinding, for instance. You can count at least 7 different abrasive methods of off-hand grinding. How can you be *sure* the method you are using is the best—the lowest in cost? By asking CARBORUNDUM...for CARBORUNDUM alone has a complete, branded line of grinding wheels *and* abrasive belts *and* tumbling and polishing grains. Only CARBORUNDUM can recommend without bias, on the sole basis of what's best for you.

Or suppose you manufacture fountain pens. You can finish and polish the barrels with abrasive belts or grinding wheels...you slit the points with a tiny grinding wheel...finish the clips with tumbling abrasives. CARBORUNDUM alone gives you *one-source control* of abrasive quality, on every type of abrasive you use...quality that's constant, identical, dependable—thus economical.

Several ways to do one operation? Call in CARBORUNDUM. Several processes on one part? Call in CARBORUNDUM. Either way, you win.

Call your **CARBORUNDUM Salesman or Distributor** today!

He's your best bet for complete stocks, prompt delivery...and best of all, experienced counsel on *every* new development in the *entire* field of abrasives. He's in the yellow pages under "Abrasives" or "Grinding Wheels." Phone him today—it's to your profit!

Ready now—your free copy of the new big COATED ABRASIVE SELECTOR catalog...containing detailed recommendations for both machine and hand sanding operations on tough and soft metals, glass, plastic, wood. Phone for it today.



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stripper cranes

- Special electrical counterweight (counter torque device developed by The Alliance Machine Company, prevents ingots from falling, inflicting damage to buggies and also automatically prevents slack cable during stripping operation.)
- Eliminates heavy, hazardous counterweights.
- Due to a unique lubricating device, the ample size bronze nut gives many years of trouble-free service.
- All gears are enclosed and run in oil.
- Cab provides operator with maximum visibility and safety.

There are many reasons why it pays to consult Alliance when you are planning to install material-handling equipment. Over half a century of experience building cranes and mill machinery is always at your disposal.

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Main Office, ALLIANCE, OHIO • Pittsburgh Office, 1622 OLIVER BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA.



# NEW

# PRODUCTS and equipment

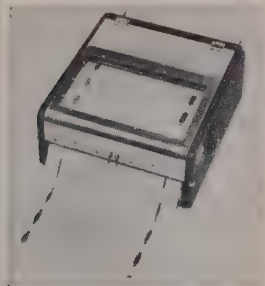
Reply cards on page 125 will bring you more information on any new products and equipment in this issue

## Portable Oscillograph

... records six channels

This portable oscillograph, model 226, is equipped with six Pentors for recording simultaneous six channels of instantaneous electric phenomena. It is also applicable for recording mechanical phenomena that can be converted electrical in the frequency range direct current to 100 cycles per second.

A large window at the instrument top permits viewing the chart



information is recorded. Controls provide starting, stopping and start speed selection of 5, 25 and 55 millimeter per second. As an accessory, a remote control box permits the operator to start and stop chart drive from remote locations. Equipment Division, Brush Electronics Co., Dept. ST, 3405 Perkins Ave., Cleveland 14, O.

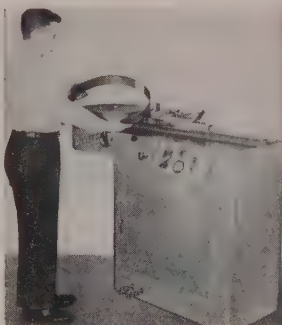
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 1

## Redesigned Hydraulic Bender

... minimized distortion, strain

Even distribution of stress and strain developed during bending, and minimized mechanical distortion are gained by redesign of this hydraulically-operated bending machine. Change in bending table

from fabricated steel to strongly-ribbed alloy casting provides greater strength during bending. It also allows integration of gear



housing into the casting, assuring positive alignment at all times.

Other improvements include addition of foot controls to free the operator's hands for handling and positioning. The previous 2 hp motor is replaced by a larger 3 hp unit. O'Neil-Irwin Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, 619—8th Ave., Lake City, Minn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 2

## Recoil Cylinder Test Stand

... pressures: 3000 - 5000 psi

This test stand is designed to check recoil cylinders for hydraulic pressures from 3000 to 5000 psi.



Stand is equipped with a telescopic lid and plexiglass window. Equipment includes Parker fittings and tubing, hose assemblies, Marsh

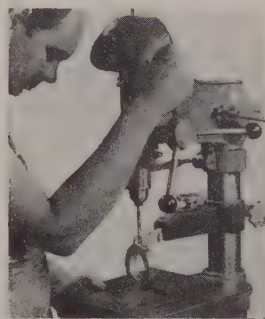
gages with a 30 gallon tank. J. N. Fauver Co. Inc., Dept. ST, 49 W. Hancock, Detroit 1, Mich.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 3

## Drill Press Clamp

... secures odd-shaped pieces

Designed to fit all popular drill press makes and models, the Stat-Put clamp holds virtually any shaped object square and secure for accurate drilling. It clamps on the drill press column and is quickly and easily adjusted. Manufactured



turer reports its fixture eliminates need for C-clamps, vises or V-blocks.

As a safety feature, the clamp is said to eliminate danger of damage to hands. Pressure fork is adjustable from 7¼ to 8¼ inches. Clark & Sawyer Inc., Dept. ST, 2012 E. 7th St., Los Angeles 21, Calif.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 4

## In-Plant Box Maker

... no need to stockpile

Savings on inventory, storage space and box costs are reported gained by this Rite-Size box-making machine, resulting in complete packaging service to individual plants. The machine is fully automatic, requires one operator to turn





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**BY FOLLANSBEE**

Follansbee Cold Rolled Strip is custom-made strip steel that fulfills most manufacturing needs. Regardless of the stamping or forming operations involved, the quality of Follansbee Cold Rolled Strip offers these real advantages:

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Rochester, N.Y.

Fairfield, Conn.



out a maximum 600 box blanks per hour. An idea of simplicity of its dimensional controls is seen from the fact that setup time for any box size is less than 1½ minutes. Pushbutton and scale control regulates length, width and depth, maintaining accuracy to 1/16-inch on any panel.

One effect of the unit is elimination of need for stockpiling special



size and shape cartons. Unit performs its box-making function in an area about 90 per cent smaller than that required for storage in many operations. Packaging Machinery Division, Colt's Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, Hartford 15, Conn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 5

**Contour Wheel Dresser**

... fits any horizontal grinder

Model KB11-3 contour dresser fits any horizontal surface grinder and dresses wheels to 3 inches wide, 20 inches diameter. The dresser is operated manually, requiring a minimum of operator skill. Diamond movement across the wheel is reduced from the enlarged template by means of an inclined plane and slide arrangement.

The dresser works to an accuracy of 0.0001-inch. It has magnetic-chuck mounting for short runs, permanent mounting at end of chuck for long runs. Its 50-pound weight permits movement from one machine to another.

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## Speed Reducers

O. James Gear Mfg. Co.—130  
s of continuous-tooth herringbone  
r speed reducers are listed in cat-  
g 40-C. It features informative  
a on reduction gears ranging from  
to 5000 hp and ratios from 2:1  
268:1.

## Pulverizers

tajac Engineering Co.—Jet pul-  
vizers for fine grinding, fuel pul-  
vizing, defiberization, drying and  
ring are described in illustrated  
age folder. Large cut-away draw-  
ings shows design features and opera-  
n. Processable materials are listed.

## Industrial Cut Gears

Industrial Gear Mfg. Co.—16-page  
bulletin 152A takes reader on a pic-  
tural tour of this company's plant  
and shows the myriad of machines  
used to generate spur, bevel, miter,  
internal, herringbone, helical, internal  
and worm type industrial gears.

## Double Angle Shears

Kling Bros. Engineering Works—  
bulletin 152A takes reader on a pic-  
tural tour of this company's plant  
and shows the myriad of machines  
used to generate spur, bevel, miter,  
internal, herringbone, helical, internal  
and worm type industrial gears.

## Temperature Controllers

Thermo Electric Co. — Electronic  
controlling temperature controllers of  
the resistance bulb type for use with  
ovens, tanks, molding and extruding  
machines, stills, kettles, constant  
temperature baths and similar equip-  
ment are subject of three illustrated  
bulletins which comprise catalog sec-  
tion 55.

## Clamps & Fixtures

Lodding Inc.—58 pages of dimen-  
sional drawings as well as specifica-  
tions are presented in catalog on  
Clamp Assemblies and Fixture De-

tails." All components necessary to  
standardizing tool engineering prac-  
tice are grouped for users' conveni-  
ence. Items cataloged include wash-  
ers, nuts, bolts, hand cams and  
wheels, screws, studs, knobs and  
lever clamps.

## 74. Engine Lathes

Cincinnati Lathe & Tool Co.—In-  
stallation, operation, and lubrication  
of model LT Cintilathes are covered  
in 46-page publication S-104. Ex-  
ploded view and parts listings for  
these models as well as older design  
lathes are included. Covered are 16,  
18, 20 and 24-in. sizes.

## 75. Industrial Construction

Commercial Contracting Corp. —  
24-page brochure describes com-  
pany's operations in constructing, in-  
stalling and equipping industrial, in-  
stitutional or commercial projects. It  
shows building operation from start  
to finish and lists 22 completed proj-  
ects. Teamwork is keynote expressed  
throughout.

## 76. Set Screws

Set Screw & Mfg. Co.—Setko and  
Zip-Grip set screws are described,  
illustrated with dimensional and  
price data in 20-page catalog No. 16.  
Variety of types and shapes are cov-  
ered.

## 77. Pitch Line Arbor

Splinemaster Products Co.—The  
Splinemaster pitch line concentricity  
arbor for internal or external gear  
application to production or inspec-  
tion is described and illustrated in 4-  
page bulletin PM-100. Various types  
and their applications are shown.

## 78. Automatic Millers

U. S. Tool Co.—"U. S. Multi-Mil-  
lers" is title of 8-page illustrated bul-  
letin 25 that details operation and  
applications of these machines. Cam  
controlled, Multi-Millers are designed  
for milling small parts which require  
extreme accuracy and intricate cuts.

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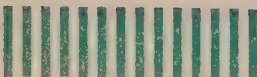


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6	16	26	36	46	56	66	76	86
7	17	27	37	47	57	67	77	87
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## 79. Hard-Facing

Stoody Co. — Completely revised, the "Stoody Hard-Facing Guidebook" deals with the rebuilding and hard-facing of all types of heavy equipment subjected to wear and corrosion. Various recommended methods of application as well as proper materials to be used are covered from the standpoint of maintenance and production.

## 80. Small Metal Parts

Torrington Co., Specialties Div. — Small precision metal parts listed in 4-page folder are pins and pivots; screwdriver blades; rotary swaged rods, wires and tubing; grinding wheel mandrels; abrasive points and polishing wheels; perforating punches; and tapered or pointed wires and rods.

## 81. Unit Heaters

United States Radiator Corp. — Features of U. S. unit heaters covered in 16-page illustrated bulletin A365 include lightweight attractive cabinet design, free-floating assembly to compensate for expansion, resiliently mounted motor for quiet vibrationless operation and aluminum fin heating coils. Units are applicable to wide range of steam heating systems.

## 82. Precision Castings

Sessions Foundry Co. — Tolerances of plus or minus 0.005-in. per dimensional inch, smooth as-cast surfaces, deep wear surface and other design and engineering features of Hyprecision castings are described in 8-page illustrated booklet.

## 83. Tin Plate

Wheeling Steel Corp. — "It's Wheeling Steel" is title of 16-page illustrated brochure on hot-dipped and electrolytic tin plate. Photos and text cover steps in processing and describe equipment used in making Ductillite tin plate.

## 84. Masonry Saw

Clipper Mfg. Co. — Difficult, intricate shapes can be cut from standard refractory stocks for application to furnaces, kilns and boilers by the dustless Clipper masonry saw. Described in illustrated circular, it makes smooth cuts with minimum of waste.

## 85. Dermatitis Control

West Disinfecting Co. — 32-page illustrated booklet "The Control of Dermatitis in Industry" presents prevention and control program for

guaranteeing personal cleanliness, protecting exposed skin areas, preventing clothing contamination and guarding against special hazards. Six-page chart shows types of dermatitis prevalent in various industries with preventive measures for each.

## 86. Large Compressors

Worthington Corp. — 32-page illustrated bulletin L-676-B1 entitled "Feather Valve Compressors" describes machines in ratings from 1 to 350 hp with angle design that requires minimum of space. Features are revealed in sectional photographs, and full information is given to aid in selecting the right compressor for given conditions.



**EDITORIAL  
REPRINTS:**

## 87. Fighting Corrosion

Cost of corrosion to industry appallingly high, however much can be accomplished with the latest scientific know-how. Dr. A. G. Gray, Technical Editor, summarizes some of this know-how in STEEL reprint entitled "How You Can Fight Corrosion."

## 88. The Blast Furnace

Here's another installment on E. Agnew's STEEL article "Don't Write Off the Blast Furnace." In this reprint of Part IV, author discusses how successful application of oxygen-enriched air in blast furnace practice is effected by recognizing variations in raw material thermal requirements and adjustment in operating practice.

## 89. Welding Stainless Steel

W. G. Blackwell of G-E's welding department presents some practical considerations in the welding of stainless steel in STEEL reprint "Welding Stainless Steels Has Its Problems." Author emphasizes proper regard to the metallurgical and mechanical peculiarities of these alloys.

## 90. Hydraulic Roll Lathe

A 60-in. hydraulic roll lathe, the first and largest thus far produced commercially, and installed at the new Fairless Works of United States Steel Co., is described in brief STEEL reprint "Hydraulic Roll Lathe Saves Time in Rough Machining."

...different forms on each  
...can be dressed by simple  
...change. Hoglund Engi-  
...ing & Mfg. Co. Inc., Dept. ST,  
...34 Snyder Ave., Berkeley Heights,  
...N. J.

...MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 6

## Stabilized Crane

...hoist swing eliminated

...usual swinging of a load as it is  
...ated or transported from one  
...to another is eliminated by  
...stabilized crane. A big help  
...bank dip operations, advantages  
...also indicated in various assem-



...jobs, because parts or assem-  
...s can be held solidly in position.

The crane has a simple arrange-  
...of hoisting ropes that form  
...triangular suspension. This per-  
...s a load to be held rigidly in  
...ce, eliminating longitudinal, lat-  
...and rotational sway. Cleveland  
...rrail Division, Cleveland Crane  
...Engineering Co., Dept. ST, Wick-  
...e, O.

...MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 7

## Centering Size Disks

...for small bore gages

A complete set of centering size  
...disks that permit the small bore  
...ge to measure any bore within  
...overall range of 1/4 to 3/8-inch  
...available. Set consists of 27  
...disks mounted on a rectangular  
...ate with the size of each one  
...ainly marked. Disks are inter-

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CITY \_\_\_\_\_

ZONE \_\_\_\_\_

STATE \_\_\_\_\_



changeable on the head and lock positively into position by a clamping nut. Standard Gage Co., Dept. ST, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 8

## Extended Space Heater Line

... suspended gas-fired units

Line of space heaters is expanded by addition of suspended gas fired units suitable for natural, manufactured, mixed, liquid petro-



leum, sewage or coke-oven gas. Meters are available with input capacities from 85,000 to 215,000 Btu per hour.

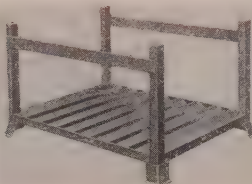
Model D has a standard fan; model DB, a squirrel-cage blower for short duct runs. Model DD, without blower, is designed as a heating unit to be built directly into air-conditioning duct systems. Dravo Corp., Dept. ST, 1203 Dravo Bldg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 9

## Skid-Type Handling Unit

... stacks, moves long items

Pipe, structural steel and other long items can be stacked and transported easily with this skid-



type handling unit. The model GC-50 is designed for stacking, not only on other similar units, but on three other materials handling pieces used in the manufacturer's co-ordinated load stacking system.

Extra rigidity of stakes is gained by a steel crosspiece joining the stakes on each side. Capacity is

4000 pounds; tiering capacity, 16,000 pounds. Phillips Mine & Mill Supply Co., Dept. ST, 2300 Jane St., Pittsburgh 3, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 10

## Water Wash Paint Booth

... eases cleaning, ups safety

Water wash spray painting booth is designed to ease cleaning but meets all health and safety requirements. To merit high health and safety rating, the booth uses a combination water washing and cen-



trifugal force. Resulting actions of scrubbing and impingement free exhaust air of pigment sufficiently to exceed all requirements.

The Dynaprecipitor booth employs self-scouring baffle plates located at the rear water curtain base. Plates trap any pigment that may escape prior washing or air whirling and remove free moisture in the exhaust air. High cleaning efficiency is obtained in less space than previous models. Binks Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, 3122 Carroll Ave., Chicago 12, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 11

## Link-Supported Furnace Wall

... no refractories in tension

Link-supported wall is designed so the weight of each refractory unit is transferred to the metal links. This eliminates refractories in tension, permitting use of lightweight and silica refractories, acid brick tiles or high alumina refractories as required for the particular installation.

Applications are seen in the forging industry, where an adjustable door that can be raised or lowered to suit size of bars being heated is advisable. Further ap-

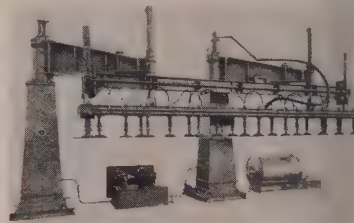
plications are seen among heat treaters, where it is desirable to divide furnaces into zones. The curtain wall is used here regardless of whether the furnace is circular or donut type, car-type annealing, slab heating, etc. Geo. J. Reintjes Co., Dept. ST, 2517 Jefferson St., Kansas City 6, Mo.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 12

## Vacuum Unpiler, Stacker

... moves three slabs a minute

This vacuum unpinning and stacking machine picks up and moves 24-foot slabs or plates from one table to the receiving table. The unit handles three slabs per minute. Stacker has a pickup beam 22 feet long, on which a series of suction



cups are mounted in staggered arrangement to handle all slab, plate or sheet widths up to 42 inches. Cups are spring-loaded to insure positive grab.

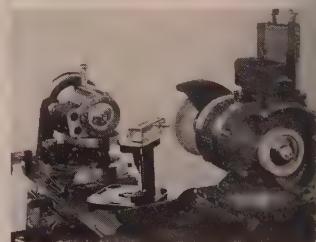
Pickup beam is actuated vertically by hydraulic cylinders. W. Rockwell Co., Dept. ST, 200 Elm St., Fairfield, Conn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 13

## Grinding Wheel Angle Dresser

... used on all cutter grinders

Grinding wheel angle dresser has a graduated base and 5-minute vernier to permit precision setup and dressing. Its diamond tool is



mounted in a hardened steel block and dressing is accomplished by sliding the block across the hard-

## ANACONDA WELDING RODS

**PROD MANUFACTURER.**  
 Er Rulf points to weld  
 e with ANACONDA-  
 (Low Fuming) Rod  
 ide piece of generator  
 e made of steel tub-  
 None of the 2,880,000  
 ds made on these frames  
 ever pulled apart.



# 2,880,000 welds

## ... without one customer complaint

IN four years, we've turned out 96,000 generator frames," says Er Rulf, President, Eldon Mfg. Engr. Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wis-



**DON'S WELDER, JACK CORBETT,** uses ANACONDA-997 (Low Fuming) Rod to make of 30 braze connections the frame needs. Eldon also brazes lawn-mower and chain w handles, flexible tube for air ducts.

consin. "Each steel-tube frame requires 30 braze connections. On this job alone, we figure we've made 2,880,000 welds — all with ANACONDA-997 (Low Fuming) Bronze Welding Rods. We haven't heard a single complaint.

"ANACONDA-997 Bronze Rods give strong, sound welds every time. They have a low melting point, tin easily and flow freely. Work needs less preheating, too. We do the job faster and at lower cost—with no danger of warping or cracking. Our welds are cleaner, better looking and the welds are far easier to finish."

Badger Welding Distributors, who supply Eldon with all their ANACONDA Rods, hear many such

success stories. Your distributor can tell you how ANACONDA Rods can boost your own production efficiency. ANACONDA Welding Rods for many types of repair and production jobs are available from distributors throughout the United States and Canada. For latest tips on welding, write for Booklet B-13 to: *The American Brass Company, Waterbury 20, Connecticut. In Canada: Anaconda American Brass Ltd., New Toronto, Ont.*

65164

*brazing or weld with confidence—*

**ANACONDA<sup>®</sup>**  
 welding rods



ened ground surface of the dresser plate.

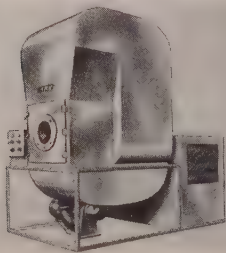
This plate can be set to any desired angle, and inverted T slide permits dressing the wheel on either side. Designed for use on a bench model radial relief grinder, the dresser can be used on almost all other cutter grinders and tool room OD grinders. Royal Oak Tool & Machine Co., Dept. ST, 29800 Stephenson Highway, Royal Oak, Mich.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 14

## Sand and Dust Tester

... lowers power requisite

Sand and dust environmental tester is designed for streamlined air flow that makes it possible to cut power needs for moving air. Other effects are reduced floor



space and minimized air side pressure drop.

Another feature is automatic temperature and dust density control which permits tests to be set up for long term runs without constant manual regulation. Air velocity is maintained constantly throughout the run at preset speed. Humidity indication is also provided for preconditioning equipment. American Research Corp., Dept. ST, Bristol, Conn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 15

## Equalizing Sling

... with locking device

Model 52 Adjust-A-Leg equalizing sling is available in a range of nine sizes from  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 28-ton capacities. It features an easily adjusted locking device that enables the wire rope legs to be frictionally locked in place. When not in use lock does not interfere with regular sling operations. Sling has a safety factor of 5 to 1 at 45 degree

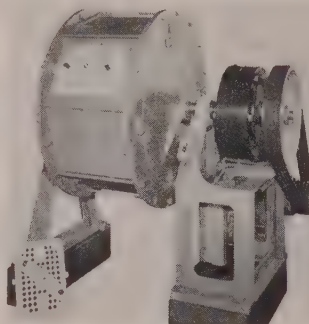
angle. Caldwell Co., Dept. ST, Rockford, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 16

## Improved Barrel Finisher

... has high, vertical design

Burnishing, deburring and cutting down operations can be handled efficiently by this improved barrel finishing unit. The finisher is built around the manufacturer's high, vertical barrel design. Power



is supplied by an electric motor mounted on the pedestal.

Precision speed control is maintained by a reduction drive attached directly to the barrel shaft. Linkage between motor and reduction unit is provided by V-belts and sheaves. Unit is controlled by push-button safety switch. Other features include interchangeability of parts to add versatility and economy, and finish in color-dynamic painting. Abbott Ball Co., Dept. ST, Railroad Pl., Hartford, Conn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 17

## Welding Transformer

... current-range: 40-500 amp

This 400-amp single-phase ac welding transformer with 60-per cent duty cycle can be used with



a variety of electrode sizes for repair, maintenance and construction work. It provides current

range of 40 to 500 amp. The transformer incorporates arc-stabilizing capacitors that make it easier for operators to strike and maintain an arc.

Wide current range allows use on applications from light-duty low-current sheet metal jobs to high-current industrial work. Range switch permits quick change from high to low current. General Electric Co., Dept. ST, Schenectady 5, N. Y.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 18

## Exhaust Head Purifier

... no moving parts or filters

Steam and vapor particles, such as troublesome oil and process liquors, which attack machinery buildings and create a nuisance are cleaned up by an industrial stack exhaust head. The head has no moving parts or filters, leaving



ing nothing to wear and nothing to clog. Entrainment-laden vapor enters the purifier, is engaged by a stationary centrifugal element that imparts controlled rotational motion to the vapor.

This action guides all dirt particles, oil and water outward to the purifier wall where it is drained to and ejected out the drain. Effectiveness is guaranteed at 99 per cent. V. D. Anderson Co., Dept. ST, 1935 W. 96th St., Cleveland 2, Ohio.

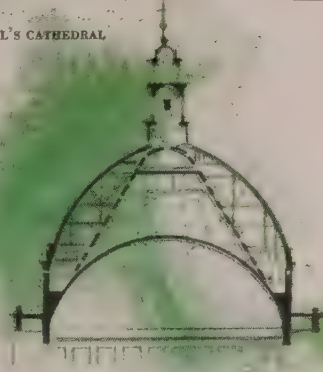
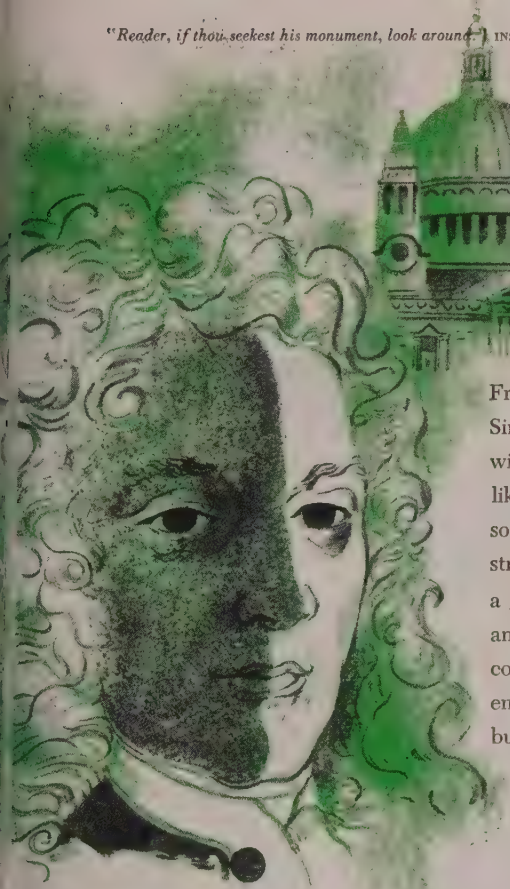
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 19

## High-Temperature Brazing Flux

... greater film strength

Extra penetration and protection for high temperature brazing and hard soldering of ferrous and non-ferrous metals is provided by Kwik-flux No. 94. Good film strength eliminates island formation, prevents oxidation and scale, and protects and cleans metal surfaces

"Reader, if thou seekest his monument, look around." INSCRIPTION ON SIR CHRISTOPHER WREN'S TOMB IN ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL

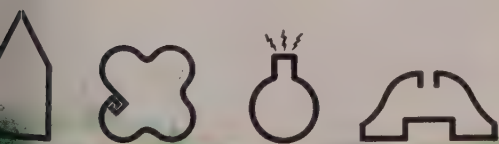
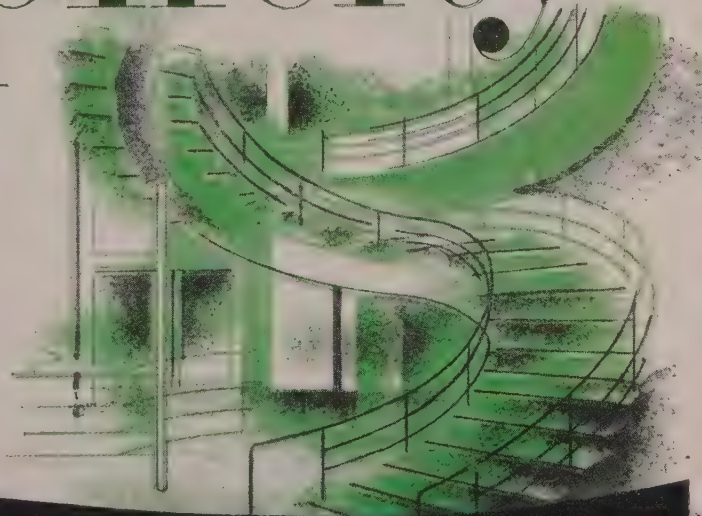


From the ashes of the Great Fire in 1666 emerged Sir Christopher Wren's masterpiece—St. Paul's Cathedral—with its soaring central dome "rising from the mists of London, like an Alpine peak". ★ In designing the dome, Wren solved with amazing simplicity one of the most difficult structural problems in architecture—how to support a great central dome without using excessively heavy and constricting crossing piers. ★ This same simplicity, combined with unusual structural engineering knowledge, enabled Wren to produce diverse effects in his many buildings without expensive elaboration.

# simplicity

Whether hidden from sight doing a functional job, or exposed to view just looking pretty, Van Huffel metal shapes and tubing simplify a lot of today's building problems.

★ Architects, designers and engineers know they can incorporate in their designs strength without excessive weight . . . economy without sacrificing quality . . . and simplicity without complicated assembly. That's why they are continually thinking up new uses. That, too, is why they keep coming to Van Huffel—where ideas take shape—in metal.



• LOCK SEAM • OPEN SEAM • BUTTED TUBING  
• METAL SHAPES • MOULDINGS

## Van Huffel

TUBE CORPORATION • WARREN, OHIO



# **GRAVER** PROCESS VESSELS

## **FOR THE REFINING, CHEMICAL AND PETROCHEMICAL INDUSTRIES**

Graver-built process vessels in steels, alloys or clads have remarkable service records for long, trouble-free operation. Graver's high standards of fabrication...plus unexcelled facilities for heat-treating, stress-relieving and radiographing — assure full conformity with the most exacting requirements. ... Consult your nearest Graver representative.

*Contact towers and settling tank at East St. Louis refinery of Socony-Vacuum Oil Co.*

**GRAVER TANK & MFG. CO., INC.**  
*East Chicago, Indiana*

NEW YORK • PHILADELPHIA • PITTSBURGH • ATLANTA • CHICAGO • CLEVELAND  
DETROIT • HOUSTON • CATASAUQUA, PA. • SAND SPRINGS, OKLA. • CASPER, WYO.

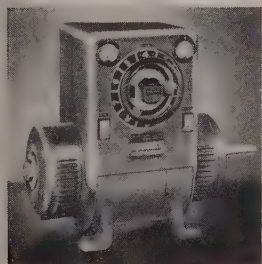
**GRAVER**

on brazing at high temperature. The product is non-spattering. Special Chemicals Corp., Dept. ST, 30 Ring Place, New York 3, N. Y.  
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 20

## **Welding Generator Series**

**... forms low-cost arc units**

Direct current welding generator line is made for direct coupling to gasoline engine, electric motor or belt drive from a motor or line



raft to form a low cost arc welder. The 200-amp generator is recommended for general welding applications. It has 40 to 250-amp range and handles a maximum 16-inch electrode for continuous welding. It requires an engine with 10-hp at 2200 rpm, or motor with 10-hp rating at 2200 rpm.

The 300 amp model has 40 to 300-amp range and includes an auxiliary power outlet of 1 kw capacity for use in operating small electric tools and lights. It requires an engine with 50-hp rating at 1800 rpm, or motor with 20-hp rating at 1800 rpm. Hobart Bros. Co., Dept. ST, Troy, O.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 21

## **Storage Battery Line**

**... greater capacity, same space**

Twenty per cent greater capacity packed into the same space in this line of T-H Exide Ironclad batteries. Polyethylene nonoxidizing slotted plastic tubes keep active material in constant contact with rigid spines, but permit free electrolyte penetration throughout the active material. Another feature is polyethylene acid-proof tube-sealer fitted to the bottom of the positive plate to seal in the active material.

Grids contain corrosion-resistant

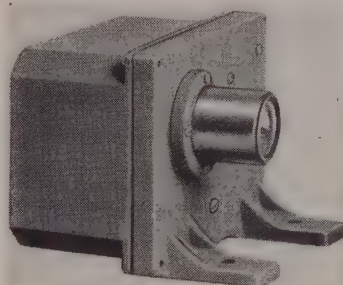
Silvium, a contributor to longer life. Positive plates are larger, balanced by extra-heavy negative plates. Trays are sprayed with a plastic coating that is both acid-resistant and possesses high insulating qualities. Electric Storage Battery Co., Dept. ST, 42 S. 15th St., Philadelphia 2, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 22

## **Photoelectric Light Source**

**... uses dual-filament lamp**

Positive protection against shutdowns due to failure of light source is provided through an improved dual-filament lamp in this photoelectric unit. When one filament fails, the other is activated automatically to prevent interruption of photoelectric control. Simultane-



ously, a signal light warns the operator the lamp should be replaced.

Another feature designed to further increase lamp and tube life is an extra-low voltage connection for use when distance between light source and photo-amplifier is less than 5 feet. Autotron Co., Dept. ST, Box 722-U, Danville, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 23

## **Power Impact Tools**

**... for standard power tools**

Power impact sockets, extensions, adapters and drivers for use with any standard air or electrically powered tool are available. Sockets are made in square or hexagonal openings for nut sizes ranging from 3/16 to 3 1/2 inches with drive sizes from 1/4 to 1 1/2 inches. Extensions have 1/4 to 1 1/2-inch drive sizes in standard lengths. Adapters are obtainable to permit interchanging of sockets with other drive sizes of impact power tools. Cornwell Quality Tools Co., Dept.

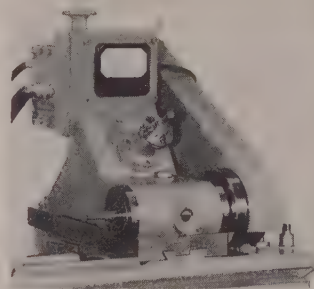
ST, 1053 Cleveland Ave., Mogadore, O.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 24

## **Hydraulic Thread Miller**

**... variable speed to 3000 rpm**

Hydraulic group of thread milling machines is available in four sizes: 4 x 9, 10 x 24, 15 x 30 and 20 x 48 inches, with bed lengths to meet requirements. Design pro-



vides speeds infinitely variable up to 3000 rpm. Application of adjustable-speed hydraulic motors to the cutter spindle drive and work spindle drive permits balancing of cutter speed and work feed. This produces good cutting condition and permits use of carbide cutters where applicable.

Adjustments are possible instantly during the operating cycle. Feeds range from 6 seconds to 1 minute per revolution. All actions are automatic except handling of workpieces. Hanson-Whitney Division, Whitney Chain Co., Dept. ST, Hartford, Conn.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 25

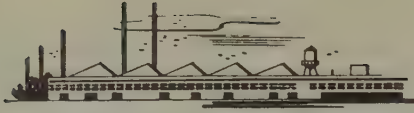
## **Furnace Reversing Control**

**... two instruments in one**

Fast, accurate regenerative furnace reversal is available with this combined temperature recorder and temperature-difference controller. In one instrument instead of the conventional two the controller provides continuous checker temperature recording, simultaneous temperature-difference measuring between regenerators and either automatic furnace reversal or warning for manual reversal when pre-set difference is reached.

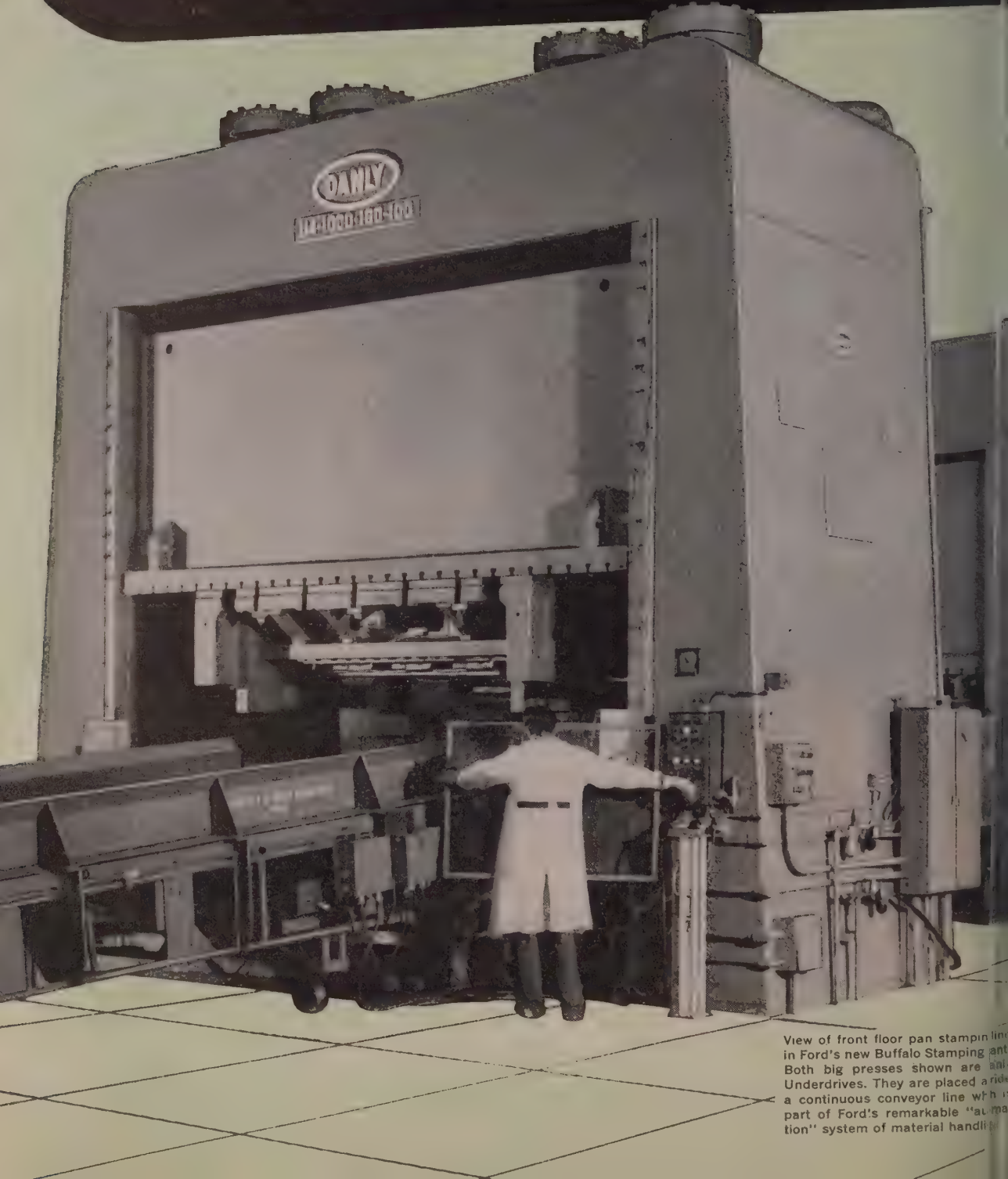
Controller draws a two-point continuous record of temperature checkers at opposite ends of the





*the "ANCHOR MEN" of the production*

# DANLY PRESSES help A



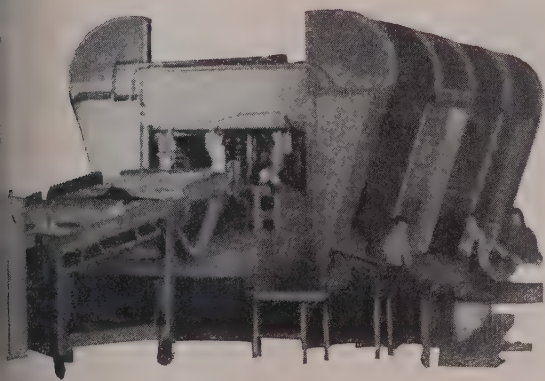
View of front floor pan stamping line in Ford's new Buffalo Stamping plant. Both big presses shown are Danly Underdrives. They are placed alongside a continuous conveyor line which is part of Ford's remarkable "automation" system of material handling.

## *maintain uninterrupted output*

Non-stop production is the watch word in Ford's huge new Buffalo Stamping Plant. Approximately 40% of all Ford stampings come from here . . . the result of peak capacity, minimum cost operation.

Up and down all 19 major stamping lines you'll find Danly Presses . . . each one a vital link in the chain of uninterrupted production. With exclusive features like the Cool Running Clutch and automatic oil lubrication, it's no wonder you see so many Danly Presses in leading stamping plants throughout the country.

Built for top performance, Danly Presses are always ready and able to help you set new *continuous* production records.



*It costs less to run a DANLY PRESS*



Single Action  
Straight Side



Autofeed



Underdrive  
Single, Double  
Triple Action



Gap Frame

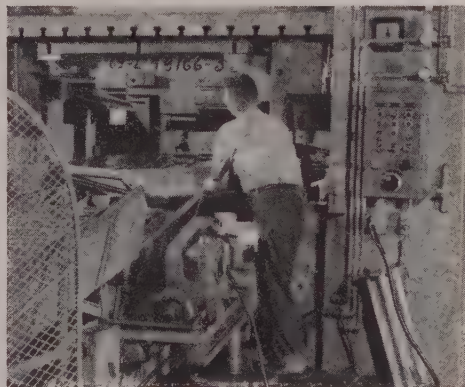


Double Action  
Straight Side

MECHANICAL PRESSES . . . 50 TO 3000 TONS  
HYDRAULIC METALWORKING EQUIPMENT



Looking into the dies of a Danly Underdrive Press on the front floor pan stamping line. Note the "iron hand" ready to remove the part after trimming operation is complete. Pneumatically powered and activated by a limit switch, the "iron hand" places the piece on a conveyor for transportation to the next press.



Inner door panels are being fed into this Danly Press where trimming and piercing operations are performed. Note how die block hanging on press behind operator is chained to plug in control circuit. Press cannot be inadvertently operated when block is in die opening. Conveyor is controlled by operator's foot switch.



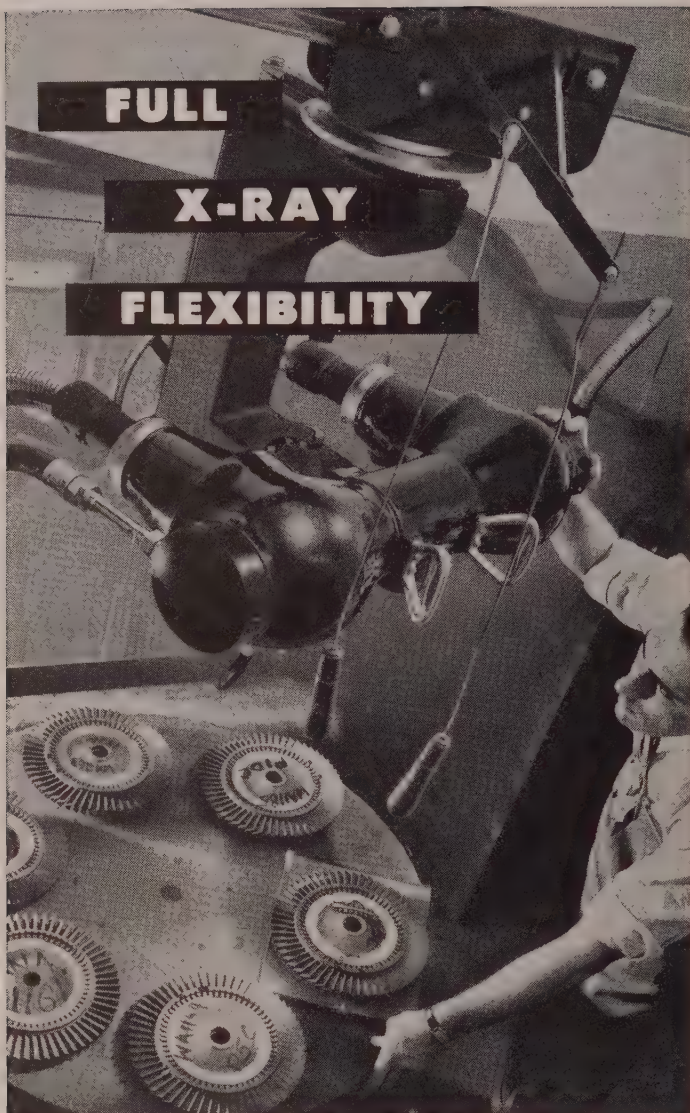
View of inspection operation at end of front floor pan stamping line. Locations of pierced holes in pan are being checked against master profile fixture with plug gauges.



**DANLY**

**DANLY MACHINE SPECIALTIES, INC.**  
2100 South Laramie Avenue, Chicago 50, Illinois





### WESTINGHOUSE 250 KV JIB CRANE X-RAY UNIT

Curtiss-Wright uses Westinghouse X-ray equipment for non-destructive testing of vital parts of their outstanding aircraft engines. Here, they're examining critical welds on gas turbine booster rotors. Prime reason for selection of Westinghouse equipment was *flexibility*—since *flexibility* results in more radiographs per shift.

Kilovoltage on this unit varies from 30 to 250, with greater X-ray output per KV because of constant potential high voltage

generator. Result: unit is capable of inspecting materials ranging from  $\frac{1}{8}$ " aluminum to 4" steel.

Jib crane tubestand and X-ray tubehead flexibility allows maximum ease of positioning in radiographing parts of all sizes and shapes. Result: time is saved, output is stepped up.

Call in the Westinghouse X-ray representative, or write Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Industrial X-ray Section, 2519 Wilkens Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland.

T-08265

**YOU CAN BE SURE...IF IT'S**

# Westinghouse

## NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

furnace. It does not record temperature-difference as such, but plots a record of high and low temperatures with width of recorded



band between them showing temperature difference. Leeds & Northrup Co., Dept. ST, 4934 Stenton Ave., Philadelphia 44, Pa.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 26

### Carbon Dioxide Extinguishers

... feature squeeze type valves

Fyre-Freeze portable carbon dioxide fire extinguishers feature squeeze type valves. Valve requires only normal hand pressure to actuate the extinguisher after safety pin has been removed. To recharge, the valve is squeezed open to permit recharge gas to enter cylinder. It is made in five sizes—2½, 5, 10, 15 and 20 pounds. Walter Kidde & Co. Inc., Dept. ST 260 Madison Ave., New York 16 N. Y.

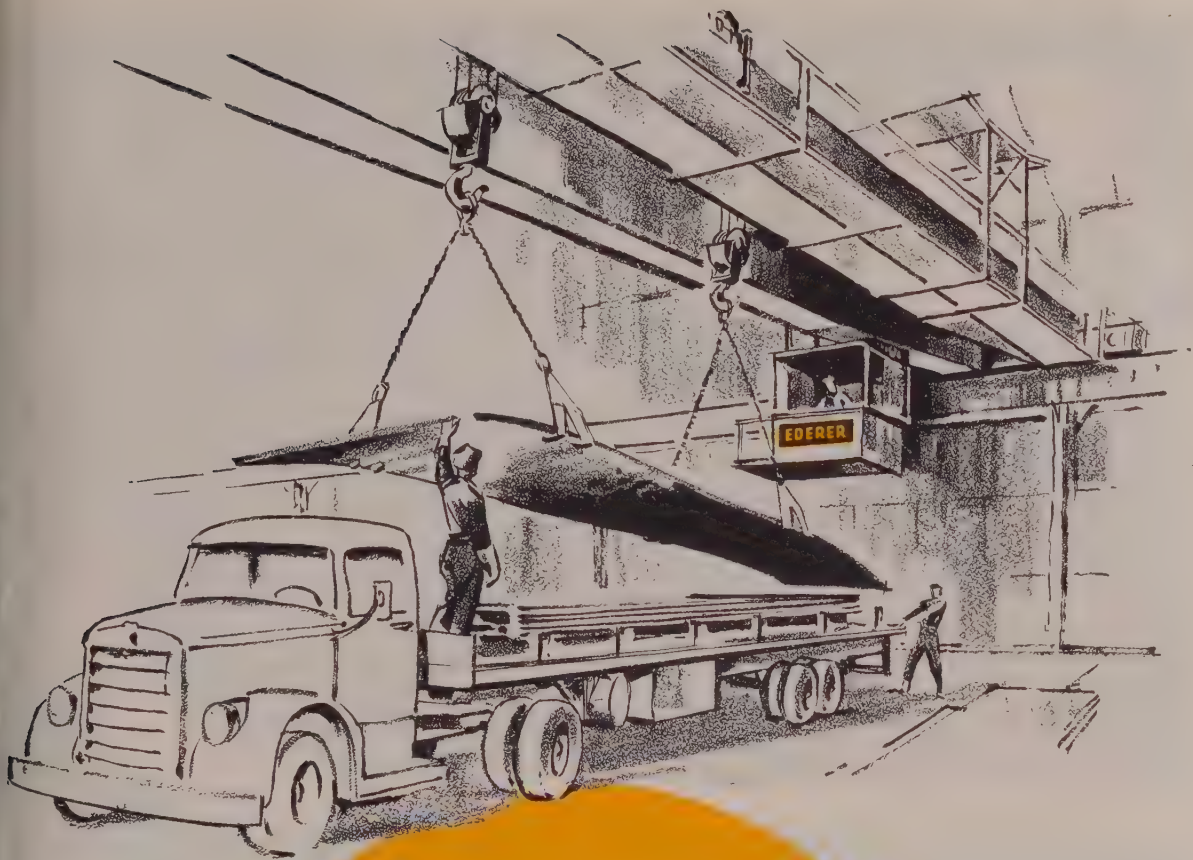
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 27

### Packing Compound

... has nonoxidizing lubricant

Molyseal is a self-molding packing compound that carries molybdenum sulphide as a nonoxidizing dry lubricant in its formula. It comes in Plasticks which are compressed into stuffing box by glantakeup. Pressure generated in this operation will induce cold flow and compound will assume shape of stuffing box. Molyseal will not leak or dry out in service over period of years. Surveys Inc. Dept. ST, 219 Euclid Ave., Trenton 9, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 28



## For steel warehouse service

Materials handling in a steel warehouse calls for a versatile, fast-operating crane. For one of A. M. Castle's warehouses, EDERER "job-engineered" this two-trolley, 10-ton, 70-foot span crane to handle steel plate rapidly and economically. This crane is typical of hundreds of cranes engineered and built by EDERER to meet exacting job requirements.

Whatever your industry, you have your particular handling requirements. EDERER—one of the largest crane manufacturers in the WEST—can "job-engineer" a crane to meet them. Delivery can be made to meet your schedule for plant expansion or new construction.

Write for Crane Bulletin CR-500

213C53

# EDERER

# CRANES

EDERER ENGINEERING COMPANY • 2931 First Ave. So. • Seattle 4, Wash.

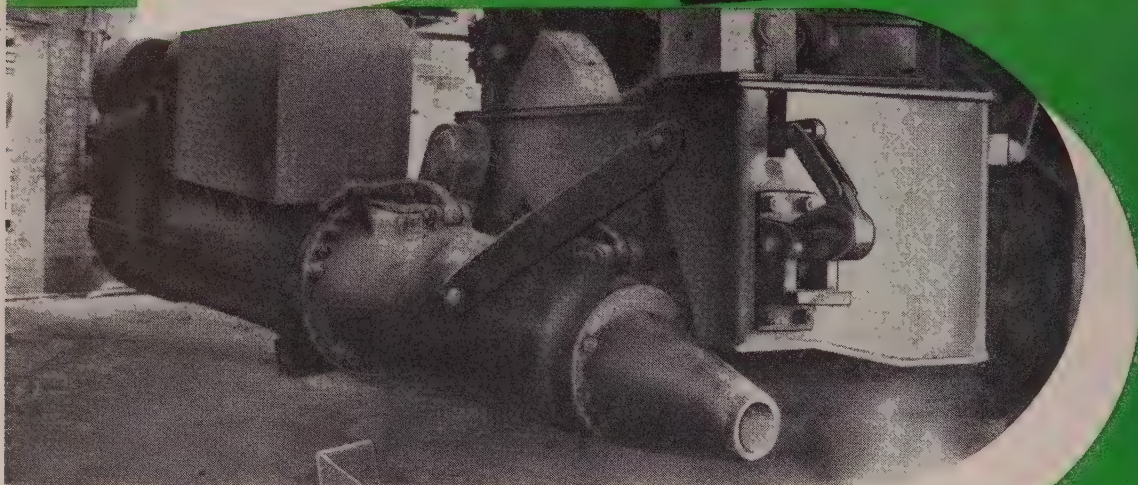
Export Division: 301 Clay St., San Francisco 11, Calif.

50 YEARS "JOB ENGINEERING" CRANES FOR INDUSTRY



# Power...

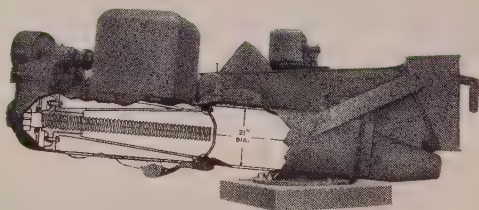
EXACTLY WHERE  
AND WHEN YOU  
NEED IT TO MAINTAIN  
LONG TAPPING HOLES



## Bailey

## CLAY GUN

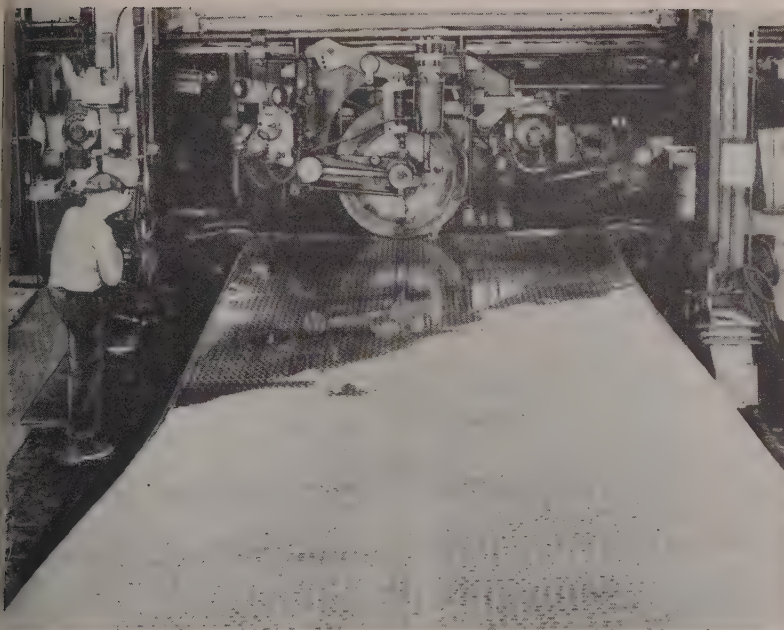
Here is the means to best results and safety in plugging blast furnace tapping holes. Positive closing every time the gun is used is assured by the exclusive Bailey pedestal support and lever mechanism. Operated by two separate motor drives, the gun is quickly, accurately and solidly positioned when the tap-hole is to be closed. Ample power to maintain long tapping holes is provided by an electrically-driven piston which develops a clay pressure of 600 pounds per square inch.



The Bailey Clay Gun is of the plunger type, in which the plunger is driven by a highly efficient power screw and double reduction gear drive.







First application of Hastelloy's new alloy F is in a paper and pulp digester tank. Thin alloy lining was spot-welded to the carbon steel backing

# New Alloy Tough on Corrosion

**Complex solid solution of nickel, chromium, molybdenum and iron handles oxidizing and reducing solutions with equal ease. Strength and workability are good**

LONG RANGE research program of Haynes Stellite Co., division of Union Carbide & Carbon Corp., Kokomo, Ind., to discover an alloy which would withstand attacks of acids and alkalis, both reducing and oxidizing, has met with success. Called Hastelloy alloy F, the new metal is a tough nickel, molybdenum, chromium, iron mixture which exhibits excellent corrosion resisting characteristics.

Development stemmed from research aimed at producing an alloy intermediate in price, corrosion resistance, and workability between the austenitic stainless steels and the nickel-molybdenum alloys. Approximately 250 different alloys were tested before one was found which withstood reducing solutions and oxidizing solutions.

**Corrosion Testing** — Corrosion portion of the program consisted of testing the alloys in 65 per cent nitric acid at the boiling point—

a strongly oxidizing acid; boiling 10 per cent sulphuric acid—a typical reducing acid; and a 10 per cent solution of aerated hydrochloric acid—a strongly reducing acid. Resistance to pitting was evaluated by testing the alloys, at room temperature, in a 5 per cent ferric chloride solution containing 10 per cent sodium chloride. A few tests were conducted in wet chlorine at room temperature and in hypochlorite bleach solutions.

Nickel and molybdenum were considered essential ingredients if the alloy was to resist reducing conditions. However, these elements reduce the effectiveness of an alloy in oxidizing solutions. Chromium, an essential element for handling oxidizing solutions, lessens the resistance of an alloy in reducing conditions. Chromium and molybdenum were both needed to resist the pitting action in the ferric chloride solutions. Further

improvement in pit resistance was gained when small amounts of columbium and tantalum were introduced into the alloys.

## Physical-Mechanical Properties—

Alloy F is stronger and about as tough as the austenitic stainless steels. It is ductile enough for intricate cold-forming operations but requires more power to deform than do the austenitic stainless steels. Strength does not change significantly after furnace cooling from temperatures in the 1000 to 2000° F range. Ductility is at its lowest in the 1300 to 1600° F range.

Density is similar to comparable nickel-base alloys. Its electrical resistance is somewhat higher than 18-8 and its thermal expansion characteristics are about 10 per cent lower. It is nonmagnetic and has a modulus of elasticity approaching that of steel. Thermal conductivity has not been fully determined, but indications are that it will be about the same as that of 18-8 stainless steel.

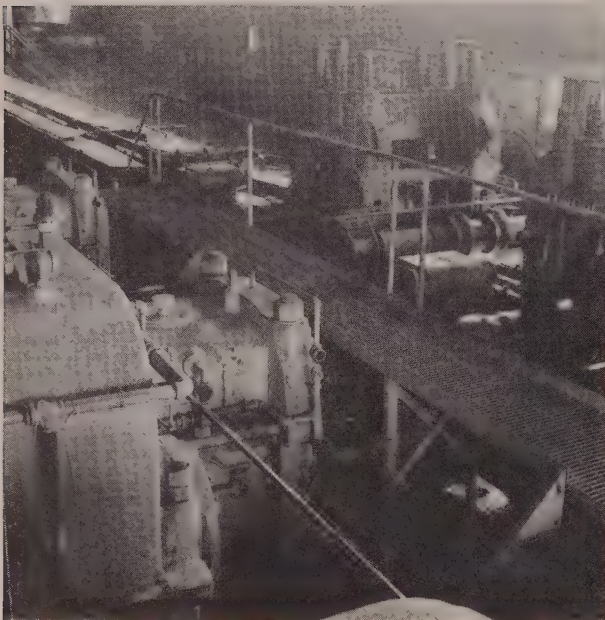
## Galvanic Action Barred

Stainless-steel wire thread inserts are preventing galvanic action between dissimilar metals in portable resistance-welding guns made by Progressive Welder Sales Co., Detroit.

Welding current is supplied to the welding gun yoke, which is made of a lightweight aluminum alloy developed by the manufacturer. Current follows a path from the cable attaching lug to the moving tip holder through a jumper made of electrolytically pure copper. Because of the high welding currents involved—5000 to 10,000 amp at 5 to 10 v—galvanic action might occur where copper jumper is secured on cast aluminum-alloy yoke.

To preclude formation of an insulating layer of copper and aluminum oxides, an extremely tight assembly is required. When reinforced with wire inserts, threads tapped directly in comparatively soft aluminum alloy provide thread loading strengths substantially higher than unprotected threads. Use of the Heli-Coil Corp. inserts permits application of high installation torque to cap screws securing the copper jumper to the aluminum yoke on each welding gun.





Bloom starts through the first stand of the billet mill where it will be reduced to a 2¼-inch square by 350 feet. From ingot to bloom to billet requires only 3 minutes



Another view shows the three rolling stands and three gear reduction units operated by a single motor. Runout trough carries billet 470 feet to the billet shear house

# Last of the MERRY-GO-ROUNDS

**Keystone retires its repeater table in favor of a modern billet mill. Old mill will eventually end up in company open hearths, but not without fond memories**

WHAT was the last repeater table in America used to produce billets is in retirement. Its replacement is the new 21-inch three-stand continuous billet mill that recently went into production at Keystone Steel & Wire Co., Peoria, Ill.

The old "merry-go-round" had served Keystone since 1917 when the mills were constructed. Though no longer operating, it has not yet been dismantled and can be used as stand-by. In fact, on several occasions it has already served a good purpose helping to iron out minor difficulties in starting up its successor.

**Needed Capacity**—Until recently, 2-inch billets were produced directly from 19 x 19-inch ingots on a 35-inch blooming mill. Now the

35-inch mill is delivering a 4 x 3-inch bloom produced from a 7000-pound ingot to the billet mill. The billet mill operating single strand reduces this bloom to a 2¼-inch square in three passes at an average output of almost 50 tons of billets per hour.

The new mill is expected to increase production of finished wire products by 15 per cent. Although this increase has not yet been attained there are definite indications that it should be realized in the near future.

**Tricky Installation**—One of the major problems encountered while installing the new billet mill was maintaining production through the old "merry-go-round" to the shear house, and being able to de-

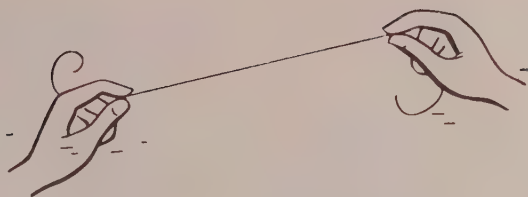
liver a billet from the new mill to the same shear house when it was ready to operate.

This was accomplished by installing a duplicate runout trough which, it was obvious, would have to be on a slight angle. Putting a slight bend in the long bar leaving the billet mill was soon overcome by adding a hold down device in the runout trough.

New mill is equipped with roller twist guides, and after making some further slight changes in the guide boxes and entering guides a considerable saving in roll and pass change time will be attained. Present plans are to tear out the old repeater table during the annual repair period in June.

**Rebuilt Drive**—A single 1750 hp

# FROM BANJO STRINGS

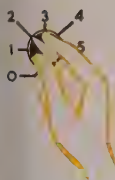


# TO AIRPLANE WINGS



you can test practically anything with a

## RIEHLE UNIVERSAL TESTING MACHINE



Every Riehle Pendomatic Universal Testing Machine has 5 standard scale ranges, so that it is actually the equivalent of 5 testing machines in one.

You can test small specimens with a relatively low-rupture-point (banjo strings, for example) or large high-yield-point specimens (like airplane wings) all on the same Riehle machine. No accessories are needed; all you do is turn the selector knob to the desired range. Guaranteed accuracy is within  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1%.

### Hydraulic and Screw Power Types

Riehle Universal Testing Machines are built both with hydraulic loading unit and with screw power loading unit. Each type is available in a variety of sizes, with capacities up through 400,000 lbs. Ask your

Riehle representative or write our factory for illustrated catalogs.



400,000 lbs. capacity Riehle Hydraulic Universal Testing Machine illustrated.

## RIEHLE TESTING MACHINES

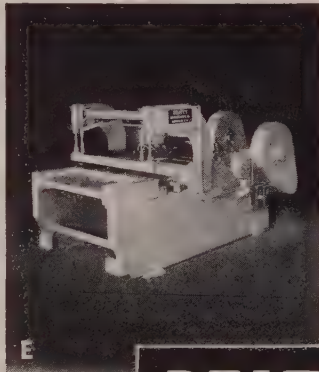
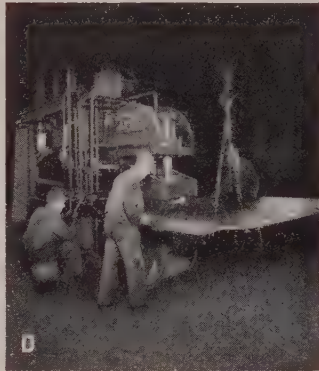
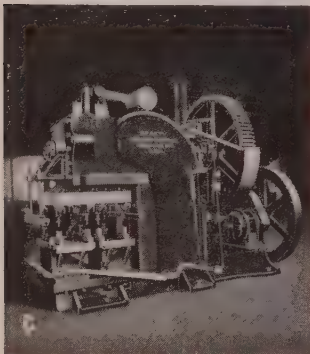
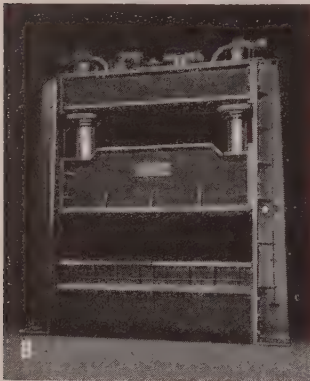
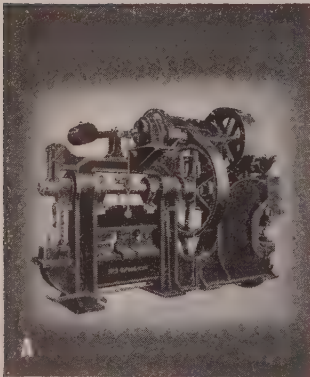
Division of AMERICAN MACHINE AND METALS, INC.  
East Moline, Illinois

"ONE TEST IS WORTH A THOUSAND EXPERT OPINIONS"



## CRYSTAL-GAZER

You don't consult the occult when buying new equipment for industry. We're not fortune-tellers but we'll predict a bright future for any plant where BEATTY machines are added to the production lines. If one of the machines shown doesn't answer your particular needs, we'll design and build one that will. Call a BEATTY engineer for experienced help whenever production problems are considered.



**BEATTY**  
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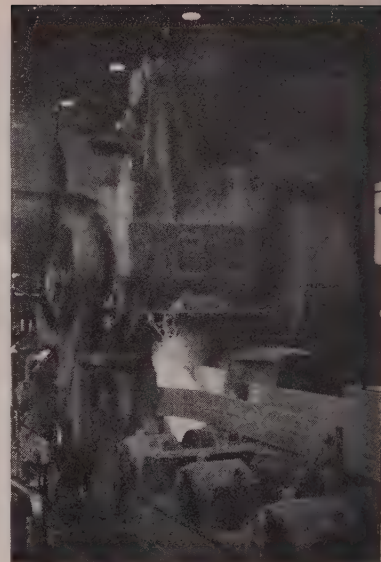
A. BEATTY Co-Pun-Shear, one unit that does coping, punching and shearing without changing tools.

B. BEATTY Vertical Hydraulic Bulldozer for hot and cold pressing and forming of heavy metal.

C. BEATTY Heavy Duty Punch that handles steel up to 65 ft. long. Punches webs, and flanges.

D. BEATTY Press Brake and Flanger handles any type of bending, forming, flanging, pressing.

E. BEATTY Horizontal Multiple Punch for line punching of vertical flanges.



Big factor in increasing output of the entire line is this bloom crop shear. Crop falls into a crop car which is submerged in water. The entire operation is done electrically.

2300 volt, 300 rpm slip ring motor drives the new mill. This motor was originally used at Keystone as a 2000 hp, 450 rpm unit to operate a motor generator set for the main drive of the blooming mill. Under direction of the chief electrical engineer, the motor was rebuilt and rewound to operate the new mill.

Important addition to the improved blooming mill operation is the electrically operated crop shear. Fast shear of the bloom helps speed rolling time on the line to match the increased speed of the new billet mill. Bloom crops slide into an electrically operated crop car beneath the shear, and the bloom goes on to billet stands.

**Final Epitaph**—While extremely happy with their new mill, Keystone officials are nostalgic over the close of the repeater table era. Not only was its operation somewhat spectacular, they report that it produced an unusually high quality product. The mill's ultimate end, not too far away, will be a scrap to charge company open hearth furnaces.

The mill replacement is another step in Keystone's expansion program of the last 18 months. Building of a fourth open-hearth furnace, enlarging of the soaking pit and modernization in blooming and billet mills have all taken place at that time.



# SuVeneer<sup>®</sup>

STAINLESS  
CLAD METAL

*Wonderful for Cooking*

★ Heats Easily

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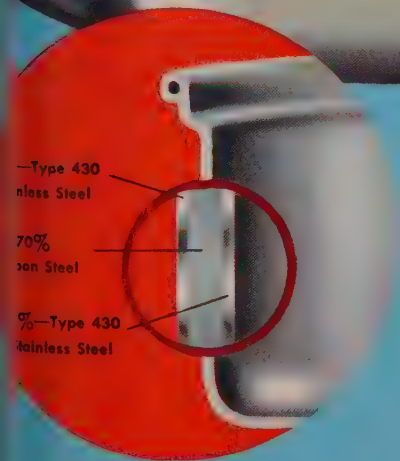
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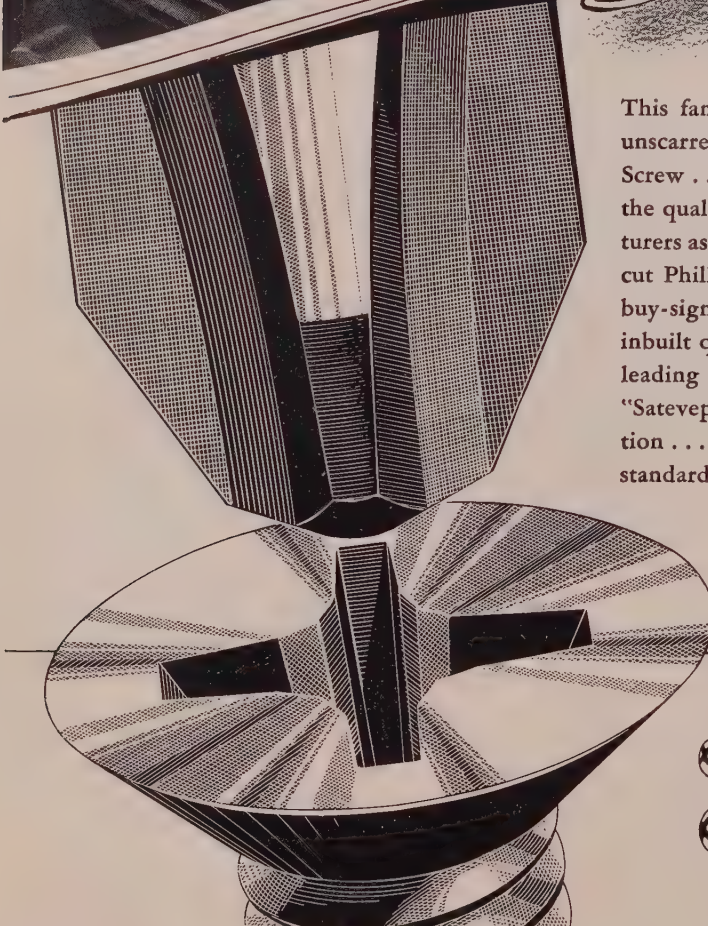




# THE AMERICAN STORY

## CHAPTER EIGHT

### The Clue that Clinches



This famous "Clue to Quality" . . . the goodlooking, unscarred head of an American Phillips Recessed-Head Screw . . . is being searched for more, every day, by the quality buyer. Long accepted by leading manufacturers as a guardian *both* of costs and quality, the clean-cut Phillips Recess has also become a national retail buy-sign. It's a readily recognized outward mark of inbuilt quality, underscored by national advertising in leading trade and consumer magazines, including the "Satevepost". Yes, you not only step up your production . . . *you step up your sales as well* . . . when you standardize *all* assemblies on American Phillips Screws.



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# CALENDAR OF MEETINGS

April 20-22, **Metal Powder Association:** Annual meeting and exhibit, Hotel Cleveland, Cleveland. Association address: 420 Lexington Ave., New York 17. Secretary: Robert A. Ziegfeld.

April 20-22, **AIME Blast Furnace, Coke Oven & Raw Materials Committee and National Open Hearth Steel Committee:** Annual conference, Hotel Statler, Buffalo. Institute address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18.

April 20-23, **American Management Association:** National Packaging Exposition: Navy Pier, Chicago. Association address: 330 W. 2nd St., New York 36. Information: Donald S. Keen.

April 20-23, **National Screw Machine Products Association:** Spring meeting, Hotel St. Moritz, New York. Association address: 2860 E. 130th St., Cleveland 20. Secretary: Orrin S. Wernitz.

April 20-23, **Society of Automotive Engineers:** Aeronautic production forum; national aeronautic meeting, and aircraft engineering display, Hotels Governor Clinton & Statler, New York. Society address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Secretary: John A. C. Warner.

April 21-23, **Caster & Floor Truck Manufacturers Association:** Spring meeting, Edgewater Beach hotel, Chicago. Association address: 27 E. Monroe, Chicago. Secretary: H. P. Dolan.

April 22-23, **American Institute of Steel Construction Inc.:** Spring engineering conference, Detroit Engineering Society Bldg., Detroit. Institute address: 101 Park Ave., New York. Executive vice president: L. Abbott Post.

April 25, **American Society for Metals, Indiana Chapters:** Annual spring symposium, Purdue University, W. Lafayette, Ind. Information: A. D. Carvin, Joslyn Stainless Steels, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

April 26-30, **American Ceramic Society:** Annual meeting, Hotel Statler, New York. Society address: 2525 N. High St., Columbus 2, O. Secretary: Charles S. Pearce.

April 27-28, **American Zinc Institute Inc.:** Annual meeting, Hotel Statler, St. Louis. Institute address: 60 E. 42nd St., New York 17. Secretary: E. V. Gent.

April 27-28, **Galvanizers Committee, American Zinc Institute:** Annual meeting, Hotel Statler, St. Louis. Institute address: 60 E. 42nd St., New York 17. Secretary-Treasurer: E. V. Gent.

April 27-28, **Independent Petroleum Association of America:** Midyear meeting, St. Louis. Association address: Box 1019, Tulsa, Okla. President: Charlton H. Lyons.

April 27-28, **Copper & Brass Research Association:** Annual meeting, Drake hotel, Chicago. Association address: 1420 New York Ave. NW, Washington 5. Corresponding secretary: Mrs. Elizabeth Dyer.

April 27-May 2, **Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute:** Annual spring meeting, The Carolina, Pinehurst, N. Carolina. Institute address: 38 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 3. Managing director: H. C. Delzell.

April 27-May 8, **British Industries Fair:** Castle Bromwich, Birmingham, and Earls Court, London, Eng. Information: Larry Nixon, 575 Madison Ave., New York 22.

April 28-30, **American Society of Mechanical Engineers:** Spring meeting, Deshler-Wallick hotel, Columbus, O. Society address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Secretary: C. E. Davies.

April 28-May 1, **Boston Section, American Institute of Electrical Engineers:** North eastern district meeting, Hotel Sheraton Plaza, Boston. Institute address: 33 W. 39th St., New York.

April 29-May 1, **Radio-Television Manufacturers Association:** Electronic components symposium, Shakespeare Club, Pasadena, Calif. Information: Suite 1011, 621 S. Hope St., Los Angeles 17.

May 3-7, **Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association:** Annual meeting and exhibit, Hotel Conrad Hilton, Chicago. Association address: 11 S. LaSalle St., Chicago 3. Secretary: Arthur C. Kreutzer.

May 4-6, **National Small Businessmen's Association:** Annual meeting, Hotel Mayflower, Washington. Association address: Evanston, Ill. Vice president: A. W. Kimball.

May 4-6, **Automotive Engine Rebuilders Association:** Annual spring meeting, Netherland Plaza hotel, Cincinnati. Association address: 419 N. Capitol Ave., Indianapolis. Executive vice president: R. G. Patterson.

May 4-8, **American Foundrymen's Society:** Annual meeting, Chicago. Society address: 616 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago 5. Secretary: W. W. Maloney.

May 6-7, **National Metal Trades Association:** Mid-Atlantic assembly, Bellevue-Stratford hotel, Philadelphia. Association address: 549 W. Randolph St., Chicago. Secretary: Louie W. Silvis.

May 6-8, **American Society of Training Directors:** Annual meeting, Sheraton Plaza hotel, Boston. Society address: 2020 University Ave., Madison 5, Wis. Secretary: Russell L. Moberly.

May 6-8, **Porcelain Enamel Institute:** Mid-year divisional meetings, Edgewater Beach hotel, Chicago. Institute address: 1346 Connecticut Ave. NW, Washington 6. Secretary: John C. Oliver.

May 7-8, **The Wire Association:** Regional meeting, Mt. Royal hotel, Montreal. Association address: 453 Main St., Stamford, Conn. Executive secretary: Richard E. Brown.

May 8, **American Society for Metals:** New England regional meeting, Hotel Bond, Hartford, Conn. Information: Walter E. Borin, Underwood Corp., Hartford 6, Conn.

May 7-8, **Industrial Fasteners Institute:** Annual meeting, Westchester Country Club, Rye, N. Y. Institute address: 3648 Euclid Ave., Cleveland. Secretary: James D. Eggers.

May 11-13, **Rail Steel Bar Association:** Annual meeting, The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Association address: 38 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 3. Secretary: W. H. Jacobs.

May 11-14, **American Mining Congress:** Annual meeting and exposition, Public Auditorium, Cleveland. Congress address: 1102 Ring Bldg., Washington 6. Executive vice president: Julian D. Conover.

May 14, **Conference, Instrumentation in Water, Sewage and Industrial Waste Treatment:** Manhattan College, New York. Information: Joseph McCabe, Civil Engineering Dept., Manhattan College.

May 14-15, **National Association of Sheet Metal Distributors:** Spring meeting, Deshler-Wallick hotel, Columbus, O. Association address: 1900 Arch St., Philadelphia 3. Secretary: Thomas A. Fernley Jr.

May 14-16, **American Coal Sales Association:** Annual spring meeting, The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Association address: 1625 Eye St. NW, Washington. Executive vice president: W. W. Bayfield.

May 14-16, **American Institute of Mining & Metallurgical Engineers:** Pacific Northwest metals and minerals conference, Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Seattle. Institute address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Secretary: E. H. Robie.

May 18-19, **National Fluid Power Association:** Organization meeting, Bedford Springs hotel, Bedford Springs, Pa. Association address: 1618 Orrington Ave., Evanston, Ill. Temporary executive secretary: Barrett Rogers.

May 18-19, **Association of Iron & Steel Engineers:** Spring meeting, Hotel Statler, Buffalo, N. Y. Association address: 1010 Empire Bldg., Pittsburgh. Secretary: T. J. Ess.

May 18-20, **Industrial Furnace Manufacturers Association:** Annual meeting, The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va. Association address: 420 Lexington Ave., New York.

May 18-22, **Material Handling Institute:** National Material Handling Exposition, Convention Hall, Philadelphia. Institute address: 811 Clark Bldg., Pittsburgh 22. Managing director: R. Kennedy Hanson.

May 18-22, **Conference, Cam Design and Tool Selection:** Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, N. Y. Information: Robert D. Pease, associate director, RIT.

May 20-22, **Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association:** Annual meeting, The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Association address: 60 E. 42nd St., New York 17. Secretary: H. Leigh Whitelaw.

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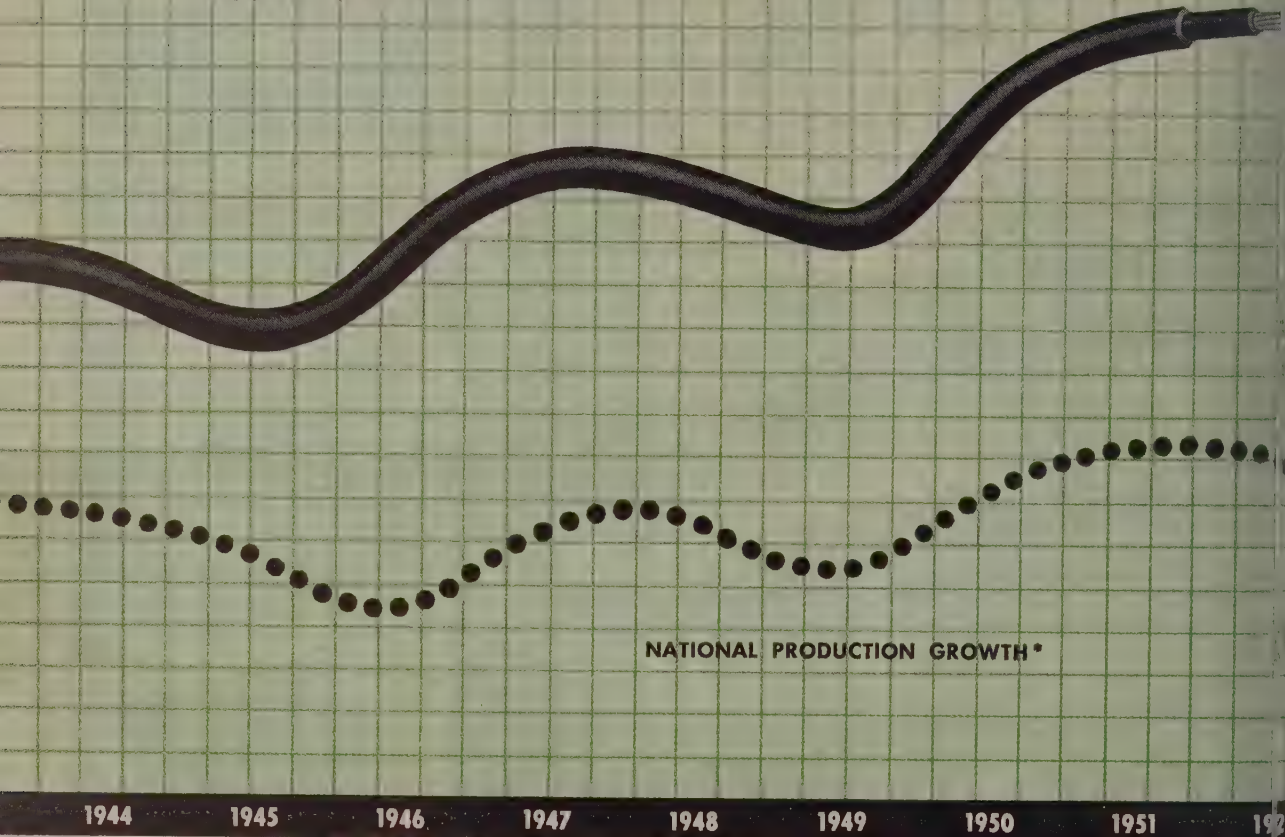
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FOR USE WITH PRODUCTS PRODUCED

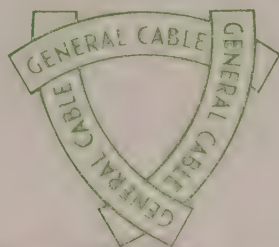


NATIONAL PRODUCTION GROWTH\*

\*Federal Reserve System Data



**ATIONAL PRODUCTION...**

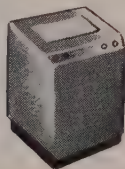


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Stove Bolt Nuts  
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Cap Nuts  
and other fasteners

## Enamel Prolongs Tube Life

TRoublesome and costly pitting and scaling of radiant tubes in heat treating furnaces is effectively combatted by coating the tubes with special vitreous enamel developed for jet engine parts, reports Lindberg Engineering Co., Chicago.

The effect of carbon from the rich carburizing gases and sulphur from cutting oils which occasionally appears on parts to be carburized or nicarbed has cut short the life of these tubes. Even the Inconel tubes, installed to prevent



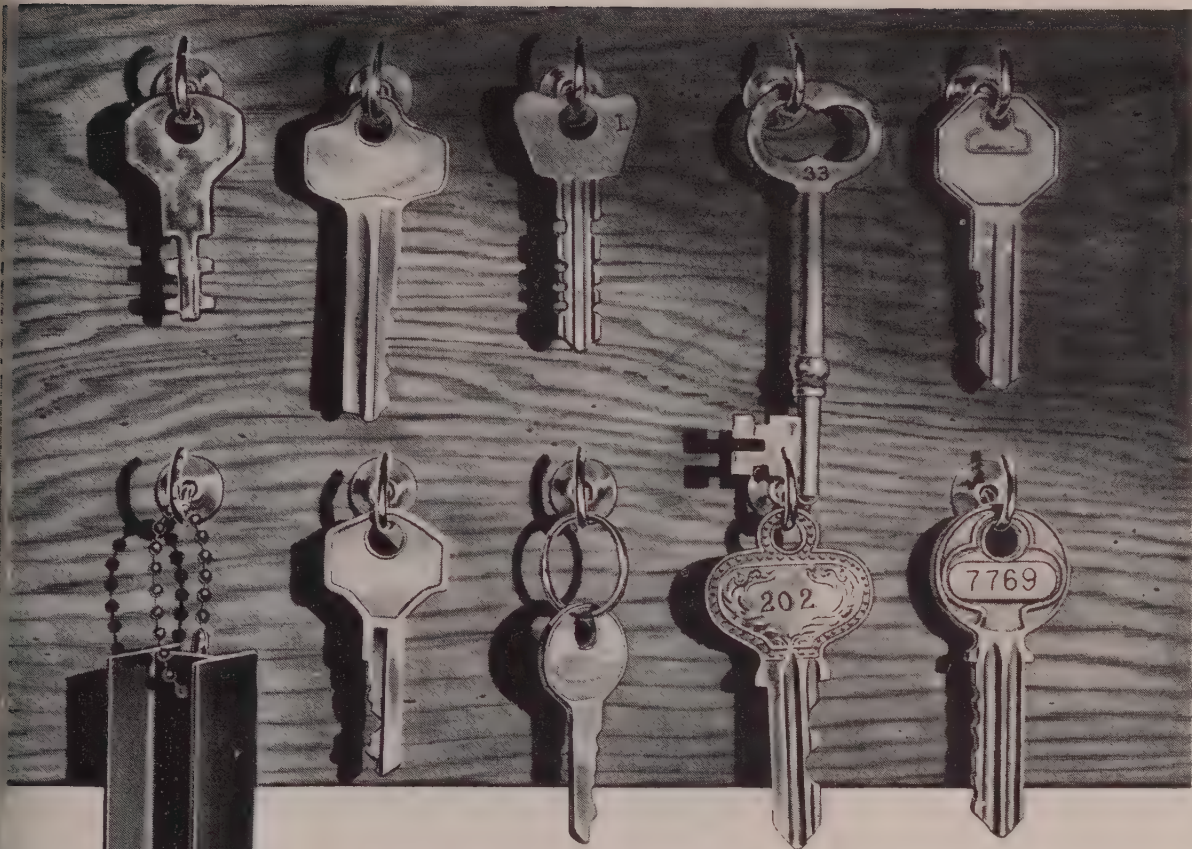
**CARBON AND SULPHUR SCALE**  
... ceramic protects the tubes

temperature attack, eventually deteriorate in the rich atmospheres.

**Accelerated Test**—Tubes in the above picture were exposed to particularly severe service for four months. The two left hand tubes were not coated and the end tube was enameled both inside and out and fired at 1900° F. Pitting, very apparent on the left hand tubes, caused by sulphur; and the white streaks and scabs are caused by carbon attack.

The right hand tube, however, shows no evidence of either effect. Additional applications of enamel coatings in other furnace parts, including thermocouple tubes, are being investigated. Company officials believe that enameling of alloys is highly beneficial to the protection against chemical action and that other alloys of lower nickel content will prove satisfactory when treated with this protective coating.





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Production of Wide Flange Beams by Kaiser Steel—the first produced west of the Mississippi—is a new key factor in the expansion of western industry.

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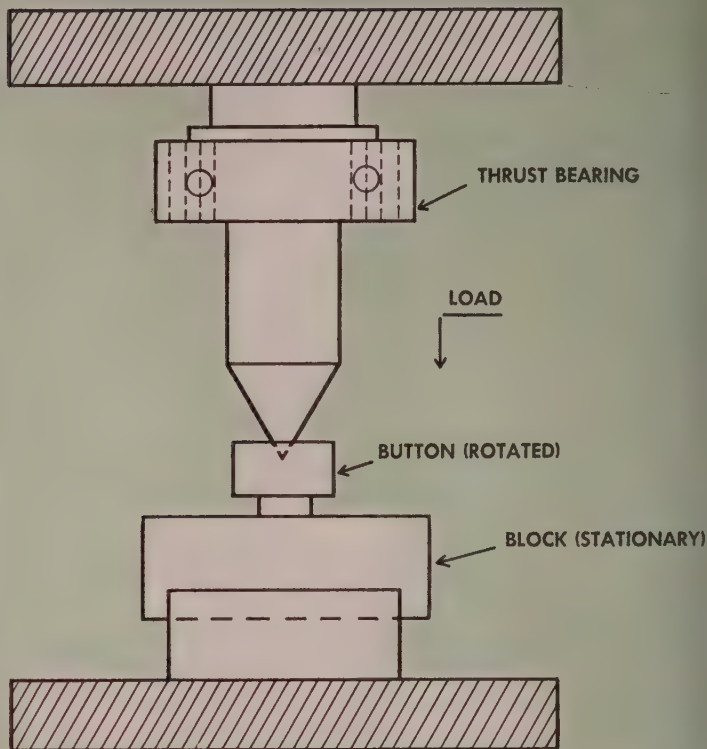
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By H. TANCZYN  
Armco Steel Corp.  
Middletown, O.

New testing method at Armco establishes galling load points for most stainless alloys. Graphical data will take the guesswork out of selecting proper steel



Arrangement for galling test shows how test blocks are loaded and rotated on the stationary block. Blocks are examined for galling after each turn.

## Stainless Steel Galling Characteristics Checked

PREVENTION of galling and seizure of stainless steel surfaces moving over one another is a unique problem. Ordinary lubrication methods are not usually practicable for stainless equipment due to the hazards of product contamination. Yet, little published information has been available to manufacturers who have often applied stainless steels on the basis of their experience with carbon steels.

An investigation, conducted in the research laboratories of Armco Steel Corp., Middletown, O., developed both a testing method and the galling characteristics of various stainless steels. Work was limited to study of relatively slow and restricted movements of stainless steel surfaces over one another.

**Several Methods Tried** — Galling test described in this article was adopted after a number of methods involving the use of torque wrenches, strain gages, and nut and bolt assemblies had been studied. The polished base of a cylinder section is rotated under pressure against a polished block surface for one revolution. A series of assemblies is compressed under increasing loads until galling occurs.

Test specimens were cleaned with fresh acetone before testing. Loading control was adjusted to maintain constant load during rotation, but a slight drop-off usually occurred during tests. After testing, both specimens were examined for galling at 30 x magnification and the

galling load converted to psi based on contact area. Data were reproducible to within 125 psi at loads under 1000 pounds and within 250 psi at higher loads.

**Surface Influence** — Where specimens were prepared with machined surfaces, results of the preliminary tests were not reproducible. With machined surfaces, one member of the assembly usually ploughed through the second piece like a cutting tool. Small torn areas on machined surfaces locked together during testing to produce galling.

Test specimens finished with 360 metallographic polishing paper, however, gave reproducible data. More experimenting was done with smoother surfaces produced

shing on cloth-covered wheels. considerable difficulty was entered in maintaining a plane face on the specimens so the 3/0 paper finish was used for all further tests.

**Test Results**—The data obtained from the galling tests are summarized in the bar graphs. Brinell hardness values are given with the grade designation.

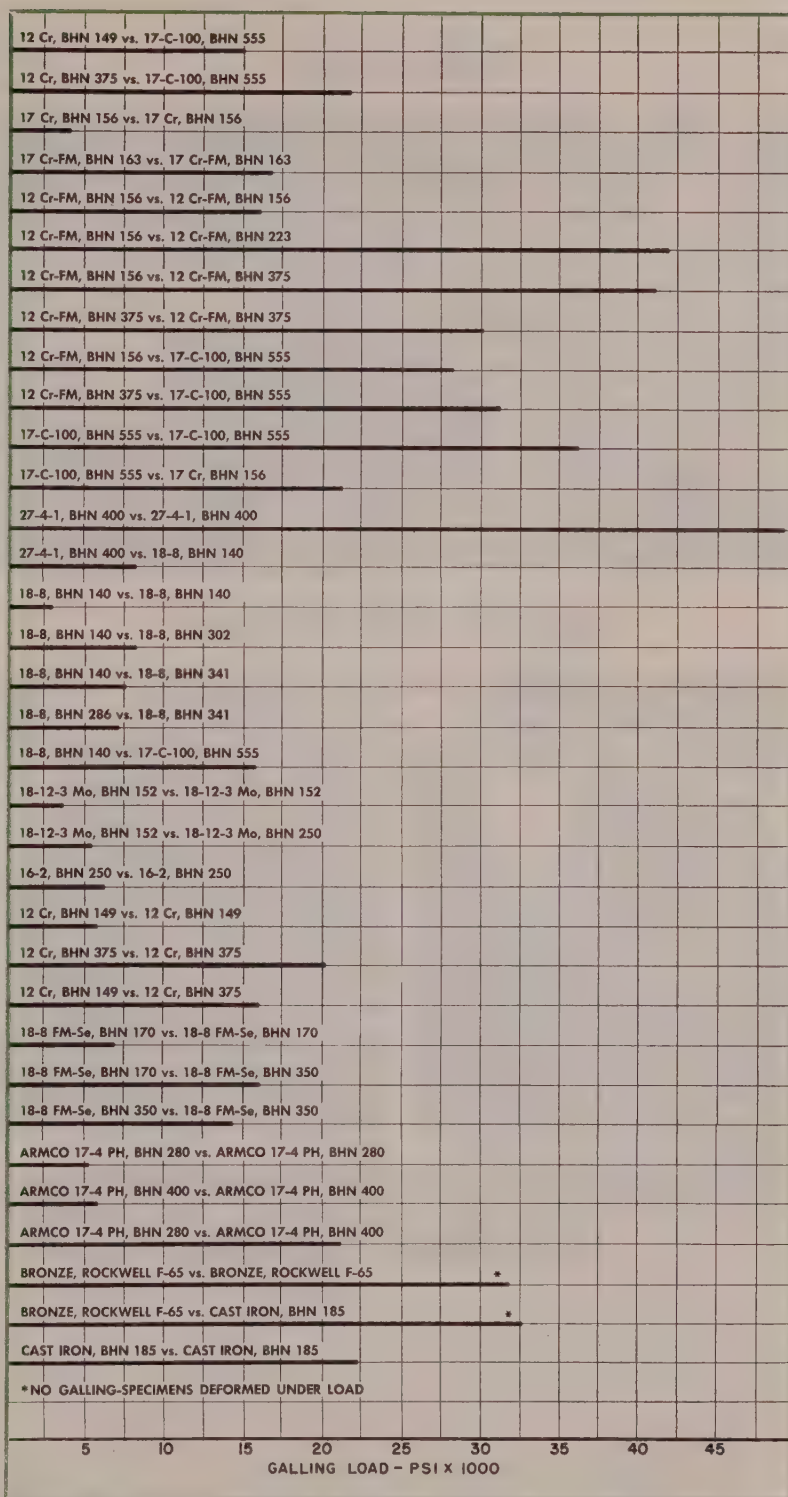
Influence of sulphur and selenium additions on the galling resistance of stainless steels is easily seen. The added sulphur and selenium reduce the frictional forces between the stainless steel specimens.

Merchant and Zlatin<sup>1</sup> report that the coefficient of friction for type 303-S stainless steel is about 10 per cent of that for type 304 stainless steel. Apparently the sulfides are smeared over the stainless steel surfaces to form a low shear strength film which interferes with the metal-to-metal contact.

**Hardness Is Factor**—Generally, stainless steel sections at a relatively high hardness level, or with a substantial difference in hardness, exhibit better resistance to galling than the combination of two soft members. Since there may be no change in chemical composition, this relationship between hardness and resistance to galling probably due to the difference in mechanical properties of the hardened and soft specimen.

Here Bowden and Tabor<sup>2</sup> offer an explanation that the hardened sections deform elastically near the contact points under loading, while the softer, weaker pieces yield plastically for a significant distance beneath the contact points. During movement, hardened surfaces may recover elastically with a decrease in pressure and this motion tends to sever any metallic bonding. Yet in the case of the soft specimens, the surfaces probably continue to adhere closely during the movement of the specimens with relatively little elastic recovery and separation.

**Some Oxides Good**—The exceptionally good resistance to galling exhibited by type 329 stainless steel is very likely traceable to a combination of a suitable oxide surface film and the hard backing.



These data on the galling loads for the various alloys are reproducible to within 125 psi at loads under 1000 pounds and within 250 psi above that

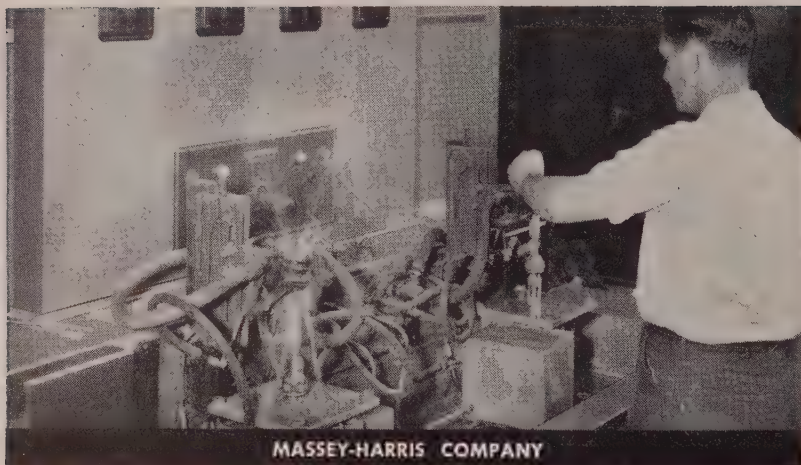
Oxide films significantly influence the galling characteristics of metals. Recent work reported in the literature<sup>3</sup> indicated that while a film of  $Fe_3O_4$  increased the resist-

ance of mild steel to galling, a film of  $Fe_2O_3$  did not benefit the steel for this purpose.

A relatively new precipitation hardening stainless steel, Armco

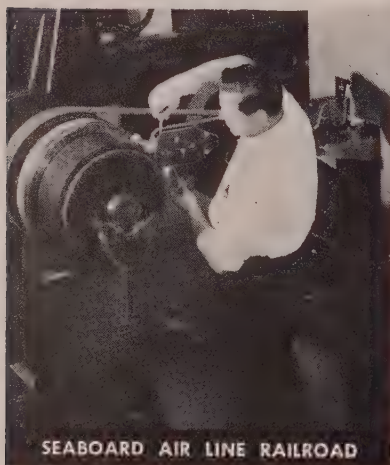


# Industries

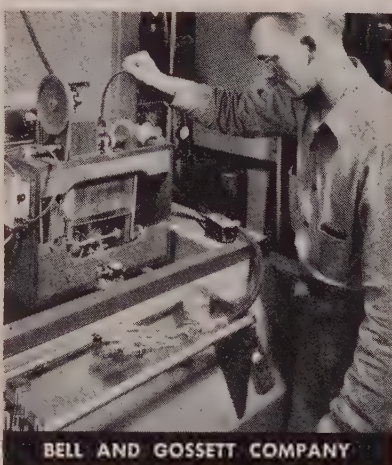


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17-4 PH, is considered to be a useful substitute for type 304 stainless steel in applications involving galling, particularly if used in two conditions to obtain the desired differential in hardness between components.

The data from these tests should be useful to manufacturers in selecting stainless steels for applications where galling occurs, especially in limited, relatively slow movement of stainless steels over one another, such as in valves and threaded assemblies.

### REFERENCES

1. M. Eugene Merchant and Norman Zlati: "Basic Reasons for Good Machinability of 'Free Machining' Steels. *Trans. Am. Soc. Metals* (1949) Vol. 41, p. 663
2. F. P. Bowden and D. Tabor: "The Friction and Adhesion of Sliding Metals *Journ. Applied Physics*. (1943) Vol. 14, p. 90
3. R. L. Johnson, D. Godfrey and E. Bisson: "Friction of Solid Films on Steel at High Sliding Velocities. *NACA Technical Note* No. 1578 April, 1948, p. 6

## AF Eyes Casting Potential

KEEPING its eye on the casting industry for cost-cutting possibilities, the Air Force has set up at the Air Materiel Command, Wright-Patterson Field, Dayton, O., a project known as Casting Potentials. Goal is to "determine the extent to which castings can replace more expensively fabricated parts of airframes".

According to Brig. General William T. Hefley of the Air Materiel Command, guided missiles open a whole new field to the foundry industry. He adds, "for quantity production, we will be shopping for the cheapest disposable container that will do the job—and everything points to the foundry industry as a logical place to get it."

**One-Piece Wings**—Possibilities for casting the wings of the F-100 all-weather interceptor in one piece are under study. Single-piece fabrication here is vital, for each wing tip when flying at 600 mph, must support a dead weight of 150 tons—very close to the weight of a diesel locomotive. At present these wings are produced by hogging them out of solid slabs of aluminum.

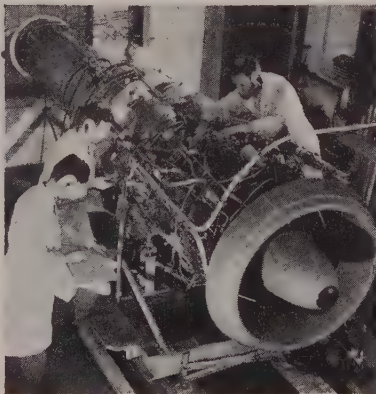
The Air Force, with Northrop Aircraft and Aluminum Co. of America, says General Hefley, is working on a 16-foot wing section of exacting tolerances with the idea of casting it from AZ-2

# MAKE IT ALLOY

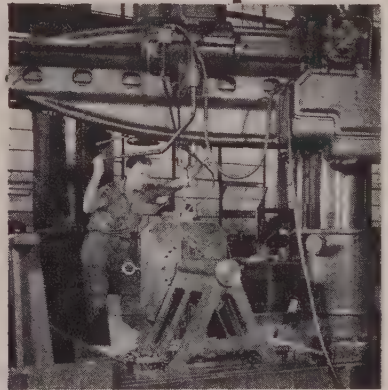
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**Construction Alloy Steels**—For greater strength and hardness in crankshafts, springs, transmission gears, countershaft pins, sway eliminator bars, through-hardened bearings and other critical parts, much of the alloy steel used by makers of automotive and farm equipment now contains chromium.



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# **GAS FIRED FURNACES CONSERVE CRITICAL ALLOYS**

at SPANG-CHALFANT DIVISION,  
The National Supply Company

Continuous Gas-fired heat-treating quench and draw line at Spang-Chalfant plant, Ambridge, Pa. High-heat section brings tubing to temperature required for quench; second section of Gas-fired furnaces performs draw, or tempering operations.

- In production of more than 80,000 tons of deep oil-well casing, critical alloys have been saved as follows:
- over 300,000 pounds molybdenum
- almost 1,500,000 pounds manganese

## **PHYSICAL PROPERTIES FOR N-80 CASING**

MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH... 80,000 PSI.  
MINIMUM ULT. TENSILE ST... 100,000 PSI.  
MINIMUM ELONG. IN 2"... 16%

## **ANALYSIS OF STEEL BEING USED**

CARBON.....0.30 TO 0.40  
MANGANESE.....0.60 TO 0.90  
PHOSPHOROUS.....0.04 MAX  
SULFUR.....0.05 MAX  
SILICON.....0.25 MAX

For five years, plain carbon steel has been used at Spang-Chalfant Division of The National Supply Co. to make deep oil-well casing, grade N-80. Usually this casing is made with normalized-and-drawn high Mn-Moly steel. This new process gives the necessary characteristics to the casing by means of continuous Gas-fired heat-treating quench and draw line.

Physical properties of the steel show it to be at least equal to the high Mn-Moly casing formerly made.

The heating units, designed by Selas Corporation of America, are composed of twelve radiant Gas-fired furnaces, divided into two sections of six furnaces each. First section brings pipe to quenching temperature of about 1600° F. Second section maintains temperatures of 1050 to 1250° F, depending upon the metallurgical structure of the pipe. Other equipment includes eight carburetors which

deliver pre-mixed fuel under pressure to burners, automatic temperature control and recording devices, annular orifice quench head with pumps and filtering equipment.

Two rows of Gas burners on each side of these furnaces permit extremely fast heating. Ceramic burner tips can be replaced while the furnace is operating.

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magnesium alloy. In the development stage are magnesium casting alloys that show possibilities for replacing stainless steel in many medium temperature applications.

**Compressors Too**—The Air Force is optimistic about casting the compressor stage of jet engines in a new zirconium-thorium-magnesium alloy which has shown promise of standing up under extremely high temperatures. Now in development stage is production of aluminum airframe castings capable of withstanding pressures of 70,000 psi.

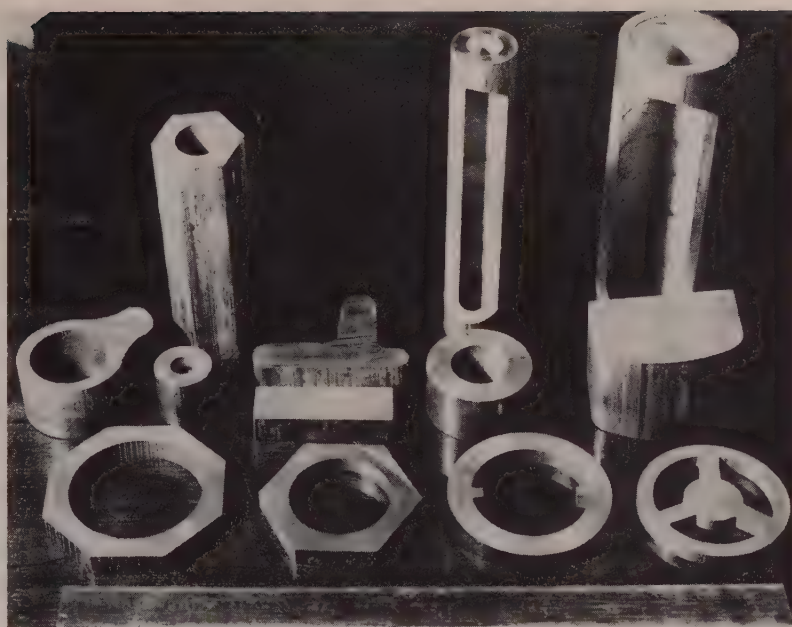
## Drill Collar Reclaiming

JAL welding machine used at J. & W. Machine Works, Great Bend, Kans., is reclaiming drill collars in about half the time formerly required. The added speed has made it unnecessary to purchase another jig or provide any additional space.

Two Linde Unionmelt type D welding heads mounted on a single carriage deposit a layer of metal on small-diameter cylindrical pieces, using submerged melt welding with pulsed bead technique. Distance between the two electrodes is adjusted so after one revolution the bead from the second electrode is laid down beside that from the first. The complete layer of metal is deposited on the collar by making three passes with the welding machine.

**No Overheating**—According to the machine company, the installation's main advantage is increased speed. The two heads do the job twice as fast. In addition, electrode spacing setup avoids overheating the metal. The composition does not stick to the collar as might if higher current and a single electrode were employed. Little difficulty is encountered in controlling the molten metal during the process.

The firm reports welding conditions are rather critical for a smooth job. Collars are rotated 1 rpm; speed of travel is 2 3/8 inches per minute. These values are chosen so total number of beads will fit collar circumference exactly. Welding current applied to each head is 50 amp at 28 to 30 v.



Ability of the continuous cast process to produce shapes close to required contours results in large reduction in scrap losses and overall machining

## Continuous Cast Copper on Tonnage Basis

**Asarco plant produces over 500 tons of precision-cast rods, tubes and shapes every month. Brass mills and foundries are not competitors; they're the best customers**

CONTINUOUS CASTING of copper alloy rod, tube and shapes has emerged from its 16-year old development cocoon as a million-pound-a-month operation at American Smelting & Refining Co., Barber, N. J.

Back in 1937 Asarco started work on continuous casting of phosphor-deoxidized copper billets with large cross section. In 1944 it began semi-pilot plant production of copper alloy products and in 1947 built the plant at Barber for commercial production. Six years and 50 million pounds of metal later, the company believes its products can compete with cast bronze bar stock and some types of individual sand, permanent-mold or centrifugal castings.

**Best Customers** — Continuous cast products compete only to a limited degree with brass mills and foundries. Actually these two are Asarco's best customers. About 40 per cent of today's output goes

to brass mills, 37 1/2 per cent to foundry and special orders, and 22 1/2 per cent to stock bushing alloys (83 copper, 7 tin, 7 lead, 3 zinc). In terms of products, 55 per cent is rod, 35 per cent tube and 10 per cent shapes, says J. L. Kimberly, continuous cast product's sales manager.

Company claims that its process is the only continuous casting method in commercial use producing copper-base alloy stock ready for machining or other fabricating operations. With about 18 patents existing and more on application—most on the tapered graphite die, heat of the process—the company is considering licensing in Britain, France and possibly Canada.

**Close Tolerances**—Close dimensional control, uniformity and non-porosity are top features of the process. Tolerances can be held to plus 0.004 and minus 0.006-inch on outside diameter, with tube concentricities within 1.5 per cent of



wall thickness. Size limits in rod, tube and shapes are from 7/16 to 5½-inch diameter in lengths to 20 feet.

In its three-floor plant at Barber, continuous casting starts with batch charge weighed and charged into Detroit rocking electric melting furnaces—nose pour type with retractable electrodes. Company allows 85 per cent operation and 15 per cent downtime, though lines have run over 90 per cent for long periods.

## Keep Silica Content Down

EXPERIENCE and research in efficient boiler operation at high pressures indicates the importance of maintaining silica contents in boiler salines at low levels, not over 5 parts per million.

In a paper presented at the American Power Conference in Chicago, on March 27, Martin E. Gilwood, research director at Permutit Co., New York, reported, "Higher silica levels result in solu-

tion of silica in the steam and subsequent deposition of silica on the turbine blades in the low pressure stages of the turbine."

**Less Than 1 ppm**—The author predicted in his paper "Mixed Bed vs Two-Step Demineralization of High Pressure Boiler Feedwater" that in the near future at pressures 1800 to 2400 psi and higher, maximum silica content permitted would be less than 1 ppm. He said, "Since make-up water is concentrated many times in the boiler, it has become common practice to specify that the treated make-up water should contain no more than 0.1 ppm of silica."

These and other conclusions were discussed in the presentation. Mixed bed and two-step demineralization by ion exchange are two processes that can be used to reduce the dissolved silica and solids to meet exacting specifications for high pressure boiler feedwater. Mr. Gilwood says the dissolved silica can be reduced to 0.01 ppm.

**Future Installations**—Summarizing, he told his audience, "Commercial development of high capacity ion exchange demineralizing apparatus now offers the possibility of producing economically, water low in both electrolyte content and dissolved silica. In the majority of future installations, low-cost demineralization by ion exchange will be used in place of expensive evaporators for the treatment of high pressure boiler feedwater."

## Evaluates Alloying Data

Results of world-wide research into the effects of adding various metals to iron and steel are now being readied for publication. *Alloys of Iron Research*, 29 W. 39th St., New York. *Aluminum in Iron and Steel*, by S. L. Case and K. Van Horn, will be released in June.

The new monograph series will provide metallurgists, engineers and other researchers with concise but comprehensive summaries of foreign and domestic data on the effects of selected metals on carbon steel, simple and complex alloy steels and cast iron. Four monograph volumes, to be published about six months apart, are in preparation. They will cover the effects on iron and steel of: Nickel; manganese; titanium; and columbium, zirconium, boron, tantalum and calcium.



### DIFFERENTIAL PRODUCTS INCLUDE:

Locomotives, mine cars, mine supply cars, rock larries, mantrip cars, air dump cars, dumping devices and complete haulage systems.

Over a quarter century ago the first (and original) double-trunnion dump car was placed in service by Differential on the L & N. Sound engineering and careful workmanship were such that this car is still in service — still earning money for its owners.

Such details as hardened, self-lubricating pins in door mechanisms, rolled steel weldments instead of castings (making repairs easier when repairs are necessary)—these are examples of details that put Differential in the lead more than 25 years ago — and keep it there!

Send for Bulletin 56 and get more information on this pioneering air dump car.

# DIFFERENTIAL STEEL CAR COMPANY

FINDLAY, OHIO

SINCE 1915 — PIONEERS IN HAULAGE EQUIPMENT



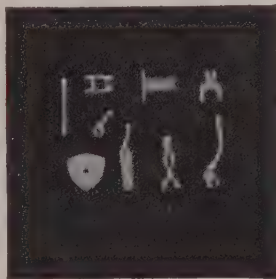
## Accumet Precision Castings for *all* industrial uses

With Accumet Precision Castings, Crucible has developed a process of producing precision investment castings in intricate designs with the smooth, fine finish and closely-held dimensions characteristic of "lost wax" castings. Casting tolerances

start at plus or minus 0.005" although under certain circumstances closer tolerances can be held. This relatively new metal forming process solves many difficult problems in design, tooling and production of metal components.

### *Fuel injectors from precision castings*

Fuel injectors and carburetors for aircraft are mechanisms containing a variety of peculiarly shaped component parts. The usual procedure is to use hardenable, chrome stainless steels, Types 416 and 440F, which are most adaptable to easy machining. However, to save costs in machining from bars, stocks and forgings, Crucible applied Accumet Precision Castings. The close size control and good surface finish of the castings eliminate many costly machining operations — saving manpower, machine time and tooling expense.



### *More information available on castings*

Being a leader in the development of precision investment castings, Crucible offers you the services of an alert metallurgical staff to help you profitably apply these specialty steels to your operation. Write

us for more detailed information. CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA, General Sales and Operating Offices, Oliver Building, P. O. Box 88, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania.

# CRUCIBLE

first name in special purpose steels

53 years of *Fine* steelmaking

## PRECISION CASTINGS

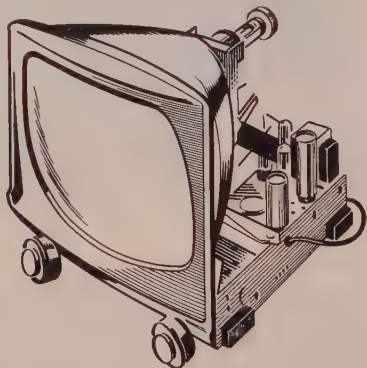
EX HIGH SPEED • TOOL • STAINLESS • ALLOY • MACHINERY • SPECIAL PURPOSE STEELS



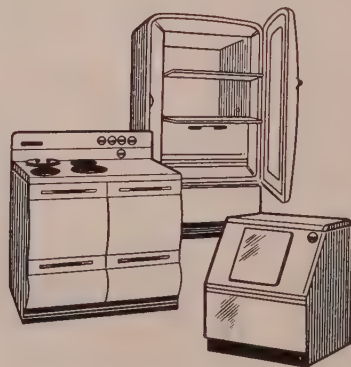


UNBRAKO SELF-LOCKING SOCKET SET SCREWS feature the following advantages: knurled cup point that won't work loose; accurate hex socket for

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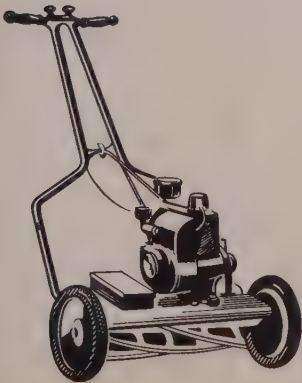
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TAPECOAT has proved its dependability for gas and oil companies, railroads, telephone companies, air lines, ship builders and operators, water and sewage works, chemical and industrial plants, engineers and contractors... In combating corrosion both underground and above ground.

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SERVICE  
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**Originators of Coal Tar Tape Protection**

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## Wanted: Finger-Tip Facts

**Punched card accounting proves economical in a small plant if tailored to fit job size**

By **RICHARD G. BRUMBY**

*President  
Brumby Metals Inc.  
Decatur, Ga.*

DETAILED FACTS, a principal ingredient in management decisions, are available readily to executives in charge of large business. It is the administration of a young and growing enterprise that frequently lacks means for obtaining all the detail it needs.

Employment of large clerical staffs for detail work obviously is too costly. Generally dismissed on the same count is a sound punched-card accounting setup. So the average small operator impedes his own progress by managing without adequate controls.

Considering our own position with respect to accounting controls, we found a survey unnecessary to point up a glaring need for getting more facts faster. We wanted better sales analysis, closer control over labor and indirect costs, plus better office procedure to meet increasing production demands.

**Intricacies Multiply** — Brumby Metals Inc. started business after World War II as a metal stamper turning out a variety of products. Bearing out our small plant classification, there were only three people in the office and 15 or 20 plant employees. But defense subcontracts pushed production curves upward, creating a need for thorough checks all down the line from materials orders to payroll. The work force grew to about 150 in the plant, plus 21 in the office, including engineering and administration.

Our varied list of products mean cost operations follow a complex pattern. Some products are assemblies of several fabricated parts; others are metal stampings. Still others involve machining.

**Shaping a Solution**—These were the elements of our accounting problem: A need for records to cover a variety of materials, processes and products as well as facts to indicate sales and promotion effectiveness. The solution turned out to be as fundamental as a rub-

ber stamp—we installed a punched card accounting system tailored to fit our small operation.

The punched-card equipment has operated since August, 1950, beginning with a Remington Rand model 2 Numeric. At the same time we installed that company's filing cabinets for our tabulating cards, plus their model 98 printing calculator and an electric typewriter with carbon ribbon attachment. Heart of the installation is the Synchronic accounting machine synchronized with the tabulating card punch.

Production of cards is almost



**HEART OF THE SYSTEM**

*... synchronized tabulating*

cost-free operation. By-product reports further justify this comparatively negligible cost item.

**Limitations, Advantages**—While lack of alphabetic information poses a limitation in use of our present equipment, the setup can handle the job in thorough fashion until we grow even more. We code such items as customer and product names numerically. Within 45 columns on the accounts receivable card, we record number of units, coded description of item, unit price, terms and discount rate, extension of unit price, coded customer name and salesman. Most of this information also is placed on the sales card.

Payroll also has been applied to this equipment. For hourly-rated payroll, a labor cost distribution is summarized daily and weekly. Separate cards are punched for gross

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fire protection*

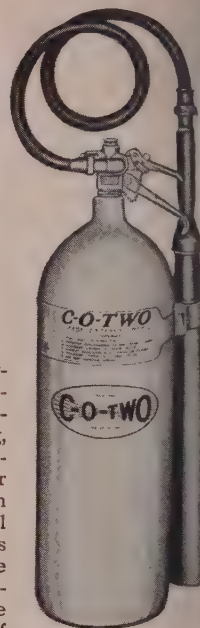


**DRY  
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TYPE**

With C-O-TWO Dry Chemical Type Fire Extinguishers the heat-shielding dry chemical is a non-conducting, non-abrasive, non-toxic, finely pulverized powder compound . . . blankets fire instantly . . . exceedingly effective on flammable liquid, gas and electrical fires, as well as surface fires involving ordinary combustible materials. The exclusive inverting design renders constant free flowing dry chemical, assuring faster, more effective and complete discharge.

Convenient 4, 20 and 30 pound hand sizes . . . no syphon tubes or valves within the cylinder to

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DIOXIDE  
TYPE**



With C-O-TWO Squeeze-Grip Carbon Dioxide Type Fire Extinguishers the penetrating carbon dioxide is a clean, dry, non-damaging, non-conducting inert gas . . . smothers fire in seconds, leaves no after fire mess . . . highly effective on flammable liquid and electrical fires, as well as some surface fires involving ordinary combustible materials. The C-O-TWO Squeeze-Grip Valve is the greatest single contribution to the releasing of carbon dioxide for first aid fire fighting . . . just squeeze lever to open . . . release to close.

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become clogged or inoperative . . . discharge horn and squeeze type discharge nozzle remain empty until actuation takes place . . . one piece removable top assembly. Also, convenient 150 pound wheeled size . . . sturdy, wide-faced wheels . . . discharge hose and two position discharge nozzle having soft or solid stream fully enclosed in protection casing . . . footrail and dual bar handles provide easy inverting.

Act now for complete free information on the fast, positive fire extinguishers. Remember fire doesn't wait . . . get the facts today!



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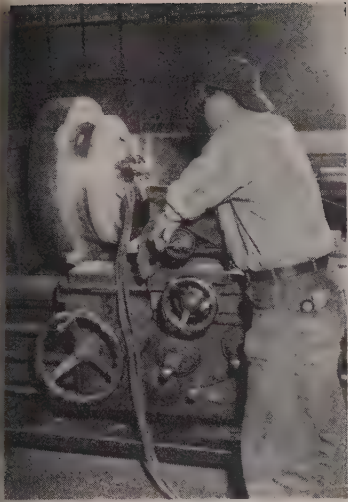
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Turbine engine diaphragms are repaired by metallizing in this Eastern shipyard. Sealing edge, 25 inches diameter and 1 inch wide, is undercut 0.050-inch, threaded and prepared with equipment supplied by Metallizing Engineering Co. Inc., New York. After sandblasting, diaphragms are metallized 0.035 to 0.040-inch over original diameter and finish machined

pay, FICA and withholding tax deductions and a miscellaneous card for other deductions. With these cards filed in rotation, we run a payroll check and earning record for each employee, then type names after checks are run.

**Controlled Inventory** — Another advantage is found in recording perpetual inventory on punched-card equipment. We control about 200 items from raw material and work in process through finished goods. Requisitions and receiving reports provide punching media for this application. Part of the by-product reports produce facts for controlling purchasing.

### Manual Outlines Die Jobs

A new header die manual that tells how to drill, assemble and finish series HN rough-colored header die nibs employing grade 190 tungsten carbide is announced by Carboloy Department, General Electric Co., Detroit. Besides outlining applications of grade 190 tungsten carbide, the publication includes information on nib standards, heading die design, shop equipment and other data.

*the Process that Helped to*



## SPEED UP JET ENGINE PRODUCTION



MICROCAST parts are structurally sound, dimensionally uniform and smooth of surface.

Complicated power blades and buckets for jet engines require the use of high-melting-point alloys that are slow and costly to produce by ordinary methods of manufacturing. The Microcast Process of investment casting produces these parts for use as cast, reducing machining and grinding operations to an absolute minimum. This process is particularly well suited to similar applications requiring the use of high-temperature alloys. Let us show you how MICROCAST parts can fit into your product's design.

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BALDWINS**

The use of six continuously operating Baldwin-Westinghouse diesel switching locomotives by the Sharon Steel Corporation at their Roemer Works reduced operating costs. Here is Sharon Steel's report:

● "We have found that operating costs are lower with the Baldwin-Westinghouse diesels than they were with steam locomotives.

"There is a reduction in operating delay at each turn change time, because refueling and resanding is done only once every three days. Formerly, we took on water, coal, sand and cleaned the fires at each turn change.

"The installation of diesel locomotives has been a large step forward in our air purification program. The elimination of smoke and dirt produced by the steam locomotives entering buildings has greatly improved working conditions. Another improved feature over steam locomotives is the ability of the Baldwin diesel to rapidly generate more air pressure for our air dumped cars."

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## Two-Stage Blast Job

**Abrasive cleaner halves manpower, doubles output. Casting surface improves**

**WIRELESS BLASTING** for cleaning heavy steel castings in two stages. The condition is reducing overall cleaning costs 50 per cent at Electric Steel Castings Co., Indianapolis. About 200 tons of castings each month, weighing up to 3000 pounds each, are cleaned in American Wheelabrator & Equipment Co.'s swing table cabinet, both in the green stage and after annealing. This makes total cleaning work total 400 tons.

Machine has a rotating table 86 inches diameter mounted on the



**HEAVY CASTING CLEANER**

... about 200 tons per month

Cabinet door for easy loading and unloading. When the door opens, the table automatically comes out to the room, then retracts as the door is closed. In the cabinet, the table rotates castings under a metallic abrasive blast from three rotating bladed wheels mounted in the top of and walls. Because a considerable portion of production involves rockets and wheels, one abrasive cleaning wheel is positioned especially to clean cored hubs.

**One Shift Job**—Cleaning time for an average load of green castings with heavy sand accumulation is reported at 5 minutes. According to the company, annealed castings are descaled in 2 minutes. Entire cleaning job, on both green and

annealed work, is handled by one operator and a helper in one 8-hour shift. The casting firm says this is a substantial improvement over its old method, which required two men on each of two shifts.

Another advantage cited by the company is improved surface cleanliness. They report increased grinding wheel life because of green castings' sand-free condition. Inspection is rapid and thorough, with defects immediately apparent.

**Abrasive Re-used**—Metallic abrasive in the machine is used over and over. After striking the castings, abrasive particles fall into a pit beside the machine, then are moved by a screw conveyor into an elevator and back to the top of the machine. There good abrasive is separated from sand and scale, then fed into wheels for reuse. Contaminants are piped off to a dust collector which also ventilates the blasting compartment.

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But here are some other important advantages you'll get when you specify Jal-Tread, the only true checker-board floor plate.

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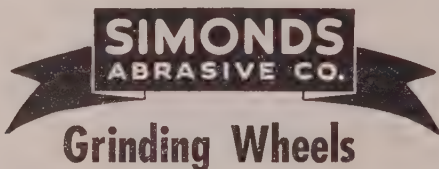
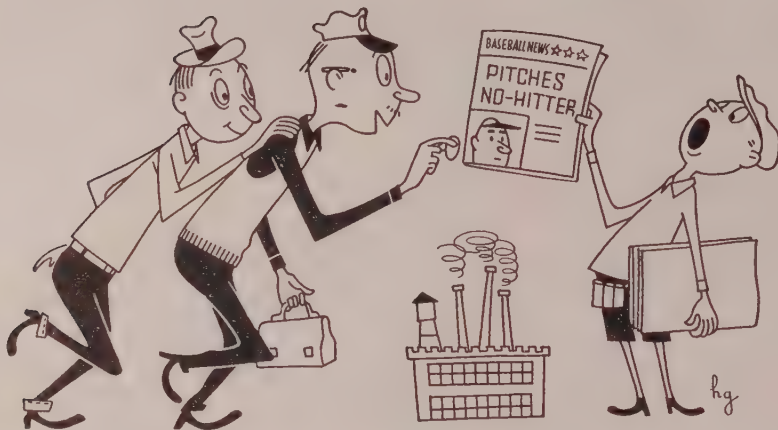
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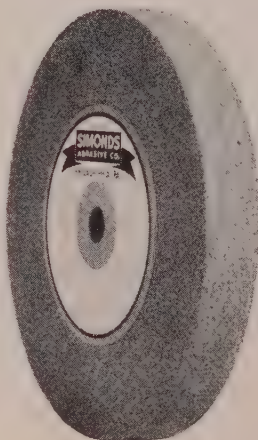
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STEEL**



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in grinding too!*



Take Simonds Wheels, for instance! They're quality-controlled for top performance. And this is *complete* quality control. It begins with the raw materials used in the wheels. It continues throughout the screening, mixing, pressing, firing and finishing operations. It governs the minute, but essential variations in the relationship between bonds and cutting particles. It is backed by research and maintained by modern facilities to give you consistently superior results on roughing, finishing, cutting-off, polishing and sharpening. Free data book gives details on complete line. Write for it, and name of your Simonds distributor.



## Firming Production Bogs

Four-pronged analysis picks out production soft spots, spreads materials properly

SIMPLE, fast production line analysis method employed by the armed forces is functioning effectively to spot bottlenecks and keep schedules up to pitch.

The method has consistently fingered weak spots that required attention in some 31 plants producing aircraft, amphibious tanks, guided missiles and other military end-items. It proves particularly valuable in picking out future trouble spots, so early preventive action can be taken.

According to Office of Navy Materials, one of the sponsoring units, the system was developed at Goodyear Aircraft Corp. prior to World War II when that company was working on Bureau of Aeronautics contracts. A brief history of the efficiency-plus approach shows that its founder, a Goodyear employee named George Fouch, was shipped to Washington at the war's outset, equipped with a Navy commission and ordered to apply the method to other contractors. When the Korean war started, the project was reactivated and spread with good effect to the Army and Air Force.

**Graphic Analysis**—Naval Materials office says the graphic production analysis—proper name for the method—has four basic functions: 1. It isolates and identifies materials, components and parts in short supply early in the production cycle. 2. It isolates government-supplied items in excess of production requirements so they can be transferred to other Navy contractors needing similar items. 3. It increases accuracy of delivery estimates. 4. It provides a guide to the contractor's performance, status of government-furnished material allocations and serves as a basis for terminating production in an economical and informed manner.

**Five-Man Teams**—The production analysis is applied by five-man teams that go directly to the plant where the method is to be used. After a conference with plant production executives to

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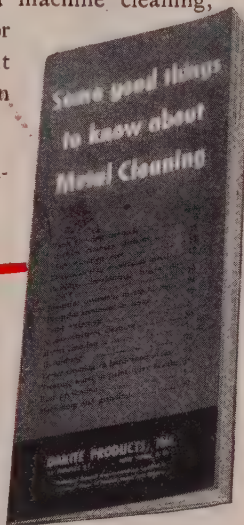
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A HEAVY PHOSPHATE COATING  
ON 90 MM. SHELLS?**

**HOW CAN WE GET  
BETTER ELECTROCLEANING  
AT LOWER COST?**

These are two of the simplest questions on metal-cleaning we answer every day. Hundreds of tougher ones are asked of the 180 Oakite Technical Service Representatives throughout the country, or come to us through the mail.

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MATERIALS • METHODS • SERVICE

clarify the team's activities to men fan out to collect data on specific phases of operation. They include assembly line layout, content, processes, lead time, stock positions, and quantities purchased, subcontracted, planned, manufactured and government manufactured materials and assemblies. Once the system is established, it can be kept up to date by one or two men making summary reports.

Data are then converted into graphic displays that show the separate but interrelated diagrams on a single chart depicting essential facts that bear on production. One diagram shows planned, estimated and actual deliveries; another is a schematic of the manufacturing assembly line with lead times and assembly positions of selected materials and components superimposed. The third diagram is a bar chart that shows availability of materials and components that control quantity and production rate.

**Job Shops Next**—The production line analysis can be applied in any plant that has a production-line manufacturing system. However, the technique has never been used in job shops.

That this dividing line may disappear soon is suggested by the Navy's report on production analysis work proceeding now in an important job shop program.

## Glass Coating Cuts Corrosion

A glass instead of a silver lining is proving the answer to cloudy corrosion and stainless steel corrosion problems in several Navy applications. Pfaulder Co., Rochester, N. Y., says it is providing glass coatings, inside and out, on steel and alloy equipment bound for service on snorkel submarines, PT boats and other fighting craft.

The special-formula glass is sprayed on and fused to steel and other metals under extremely high temperatures. The firm reports it is more resistant to water and acids than stainless steel. The technique is used on submarine exhaust piping and for mufflers on PT's and Coast Guard craft. According to the company, the glass will not crack or spread and cannot be damaged only at point of considerable impact.

## MEN OF INDUSTRY

(Continued from Page 92)

resident to succeed William V. Mc-  
nimen, elected vice chairman of  
board.

new directors of Babcock & Wilcox  
Co., New York, are Edward L.  
Cochrane, J. H. King and Luke E.  
Wyer. Mr. Cochrane is dean of  
engineering, Massachusetts Insti-  
tute of Technology, Mr. King is vice  
president in charge of the com-  
pany's boiler division, and Mr.  
Wyer is vice president in charge  
of the tubular products division.

Cummins Electric Department,  
General Electric Co., Plainville,  
Conn., named J. E. Kerby manager  
of its newly created west central  
district with headquarters in Kan-  
sas City; A. P. McGraw manager,  
northwest district, Houston; and  
E. Van Effen manager of the  
west Cleveland district with head-  
quarters in Columbus, O.

the Asbestos Products Division,  
National Gypsum Co., Millington,  
Ill., Patrick H. Ryan was appoint-  
ed sales manager and William U.  
Henderson commodity manager.

James F. Atkins is division comp-  
roller, Texas Division, Bell Air-  
craft Corp., at Ft. Worth, Tex.

I. Burdick joined Willys-Over-  
land Motors Inc., Toledo, O., as di-  
rector of industrial engineering. He  
was a staff engineer with Dana  
Corp.

Aclede Arch Co., St. Louis, ap-  
pointed Francis L. Parrick design  
engineer.

Joseph R. Zelenka, vice president-  
treasurer, Thatcher Furnace Co.,  
joined Pyrene Mfg. Co., Newark,  
N. J., as comptroller succeeding  
Thomas A. Mulvaney, retired.

P. Cryer of Lansdowne, Pa., was  
appointed eastern territory repre-  
sentative for Lintern Corp.

George D. Klick was made advertis-  
ing manager, Lebanon Steel Found-  
ry, Lebanon, Pa.

Mercer Tube & Mfg. Co. and Saw-  
mill Mfg. Co., Sharon, Pa., appoint-  
ed J. E. McFate district sales man-  
ager for their Michigan territory,  
with office in the Buhl building,  
Detroit.



MAJ. LOUIS G. BURNS  
... Chandler-Evans chief pump engineer

Chandler-Evans Division, Niles-Bement-Pond Co., West Hartford, Conn., appointed Maj. Louis G. Burns chief pump engineer. Follow-  
ing service with the Air Force he  
returned in 1946 to Pesco Prod-  
ucts Division, Borg-Warner Corp.,  
as chief research engineer. In 1950  
he joined Aero Supply Mfg. Co.  
Inc. as director of engineering. He  
was recalled to active duty in 1951,  
assigned to the Air Research &  
Development Command at Wright  
Patterson Air Force Base. During  
this period he was active in re-  
search and development of ad-  
vanced fuel systems, pumps and  
components for jet aircraft.

Richard N. Mathews was elected  
vice president, Kewanee-Ross of  
Canada Ltd., and placed in charge  
of its new general offices at 57  
Bloor St. W., Toronto.

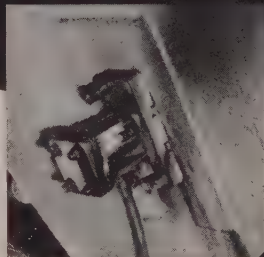
A. C. Brown Jr., regional manager,  
Air Reduction Sales Co., New York,  
was appointed general sales man-  
ager there. He is succeeded by J. H.  
Keeney who in turn is succeeded  
as administrative assistant in Pitts-  
burgh by J. H. Hart. R. A. Jamie-  
son becomes Detroit district man-  
ager.

H. J. Simmons was appointed man-  
ager, Richmond, Calif., packaging  
branch of Hall-Scott Motors, sub-  
sidiary of ACF-Brill Motors Co.

District sales managers assigned to  
Iron Fireman Mfg. Co.'s northwest  
region include: Arthur Kuhn, Du-  
buque, Iowa; Fletcher Poole, Sioux  
Falls, S. Dak.; and Robert S. Bean,

# BIN

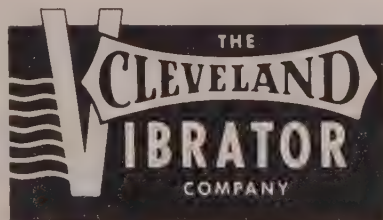
## STUCK LATELY?



The CLEVE-  
LAND vibrator  
will move ore,  
sinter, flue dust  
and other ma-  
terials through  
bins, hoppers,  
chutes, swing-  
ing spouts, car  
dumpers and  
other handling  
devices. Positi-  
vely elimi-  
nates arching,  
bridging  
and sticking economically  
and quickly. Speeds pro-  
duction. Saves your bins.

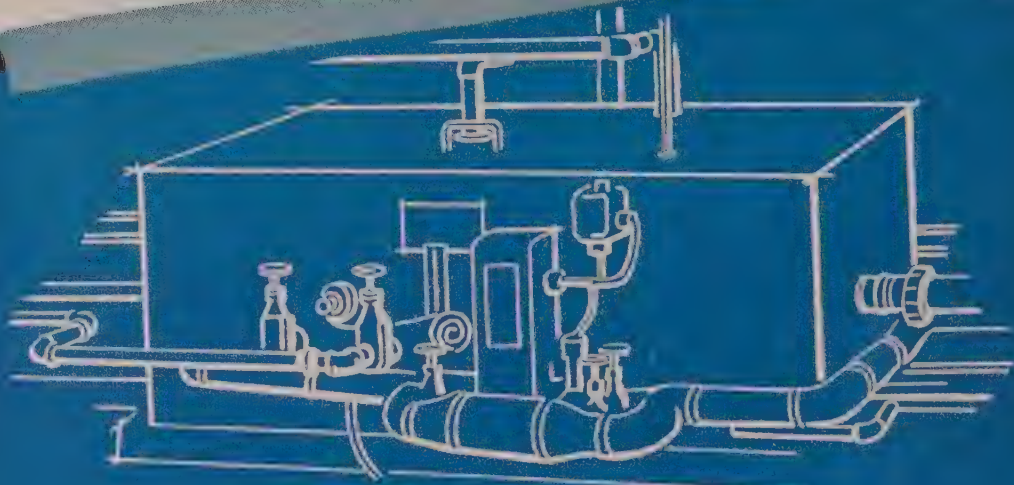
Save with air!

WRITE FOR CATALOG 105 TODAY.



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In 19 Years of Lubricating  
in CIRCULATING OIL SYSTEMS

**BROOKS**

**\* LEADOLENE**

"LEADOLENE... the 'I. P. Lubricant'  
(Indestructible pH-ilm) ... for  
Industrial Needs

**NEVER HAS BEEN REPLACED BECAUSE  
OF BECOMING ACID OR SLUDGING...**

Among our most satisfied customers are those who use LEADOLENE in circulating oil systems. Since our laboratory checks a sample from each system every month, we know that the efficiency of none of them has been reduced because of becoming acid or sludging.

Since water does not affect the efficiency of LEADOLENE, costly centrifuging and other purifying methods are not necessary. This lubricant, with its "Indestructible pH-ilm Strength," has served for years in applications where the water content frequently reaches 35% and seldom is less than 10%. Practically all companies which use LEADOLENE in circulating systems adopted the product after some other lubricant failed.

Assure yourself of low lubricating costs and vastly increased gear and bearing life . . . by standardizing on Brooks LEADOLENE for circulating oil systems.

**WRITE FOR a 20-page brochure, "The Brooks Oil Story" . . .  
or for consultation with a Brooks Engineer.**

#### **CASE HISTORY NO. 187**

Since 1934 LEADOLENE has been used in a certain system lubricating the finishing stand pinions of a hot strip mill. Despite severe water conditions, the original lubricant still is in use after 19 years of service.

**THE BROOKS OIL CO.**

Since 1876

Executive Offices and Plant . . . . . Cleveland, Ohio  
Executive Sales Offices . . . . . Pittsburgh, Pa.  
Canadian Offices and Plant . . . . . Hamilton, Ontario  
Cuban Office . . . . . Santiago de Cuba

**Warehouses in Principal Cities**

Minneapolis. **B. B. Magee** transfers to Minneapolis as western sales manager, administrative head for the Northwest and Pacific Coast regions.

**Henry T. Bodman** was elected to the board of **Detroit Steel Products Co.**, Detroit, as a replacement for the late **Walter S. McLucas**.

**Guy V. Bennett** joins **T. C. Jarrett Co.**, Denver, in sales and engineering of **C. I. Hayes Inc.** line of heat treating furnaces and related equipment.

**I. J. Service** was made manufacturing manager for the accessory turbine section of **General Electric Co.**'s aircraft gas turbine division, Lynn, Mass.

**Herbert F. Boettler** of St. Louis succeeds **William P. Hemphill**, retired, on the board of **Laclede-Christy Co.**, St. Louis.

**Ernest W. Shell**, treasurer of **Algoma Steel Corp.**, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., since 1917, has retired. He is succeeded by **W. E. Morley**, formerly assistant treasurer.

**William P. Gallant** fills the new position of human relations director at **Cross Co.**, Detroit.

**Robert S. Sloan** and **E. E. Morton** will operate out of San Francisco as, respectively, manager of consumer products and manager of apparatus and supplies for **Westinghouse Electric Supply Co.**'s northern California district.

**James P. Creech** was appointed southwest regional representative for **Consolidated Industries Inc.**, located at Dallas.

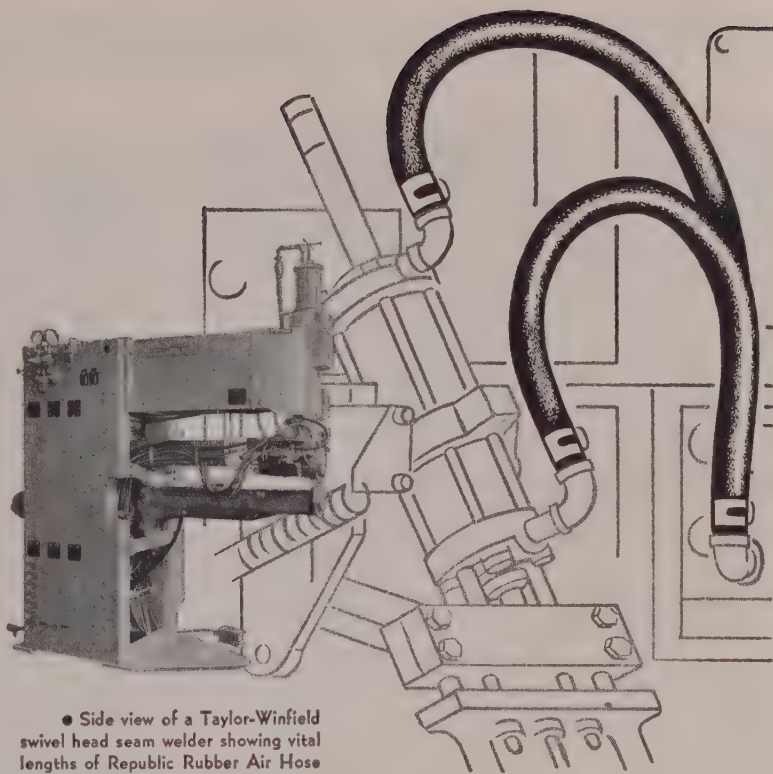
**Robert E. Nixon** joins **Adamas Carbide Corp.**, Harrison, N. J., as service engineer. He formerly was at **Union Twist Drill Co.**

**Harry A. Neff**, Ft. Wayne, was named district sales representative for **C. A. Norgren Co.** in Indiana, and **W. H. Nash** in Michigan, with headquarters in Detroit.

**A. C. Lawson** was appointed secretary, **Canadian Car & Foundry Co.**, Ltd., Toronto, Ont. He had been assistant comptroller.

Appointed assistant engineers to **Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.**'s plant en-

*Please turn to Page 175*



● Side view of a Taylor-Winfield swivel head seam welder showing vital lengths of Republic Rubber Air Hose and Water Hose.

# Rubbernecks

...for swivel head resistance welders

● Lack of backbone pays off big in the resistance welding field. Here, as in many industries, it's flexibility that counts, and in this department Republic Air Hose and Water Hose are real rubbernecks.

Despite constant flexing, stretching, cramping and sudden pressure changes, measured amounts of air, water and coolants get through the smooth inner tubes of Republic Hose.

And the delivery keeps up longer . . . long after ordinary hose has become exhausted!

Republic Hose is built with tougher covers . . . has specially braided carcasses made of finer twisted cords, specially treated to stand up better on the job. And Republic Hose costs less to use.

Your local Republic Distributor is an expert in the many applications of industrial rubber products. He can help you to select the right type of hose for your operation. Yes, for any operation in any industry. Why not check with him today? Or write direct for information. Remember, Republic Rubber has been the specialist in the manufacture of industrial rubber products for nearly half a century.



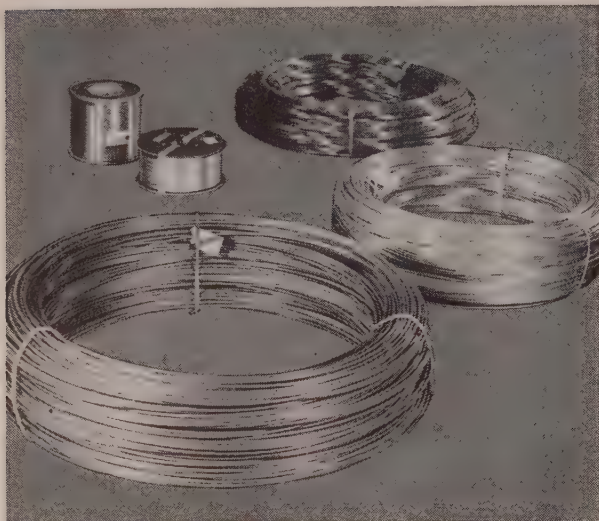
## REPUBLIC RUBBER DIVISION

LEE RUBBER & TIRE CORPORATION, YOUNGSTOWN 1, OHIO

INDUSTRIAL RUBBER PRODUCTS

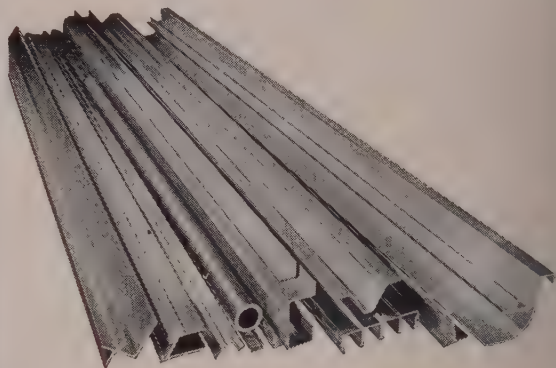


# KAISER ALUMINUM PRODUCTS



## Wire

Supplied as round drawn wire, hexagonal wire, rivet wire, welding wire, screen wire, EC wire, redraw wire.

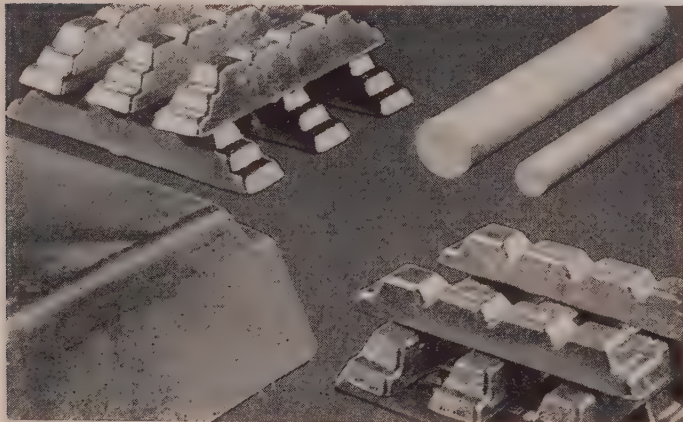
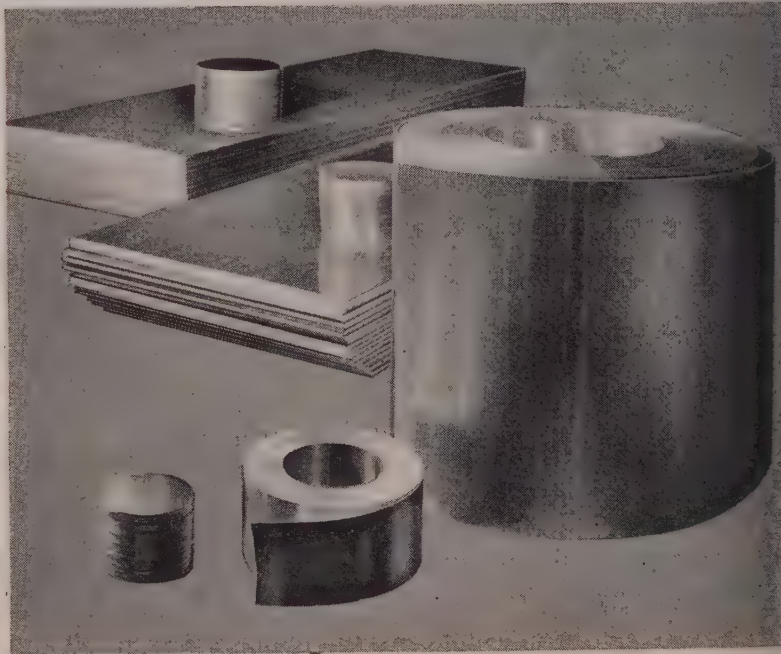


## Extruded Shapes

Available in solid, rod, bar, semi-hollow and hollow shapes in all standard alloys. Also available in tubing.

## Sheet and Plate

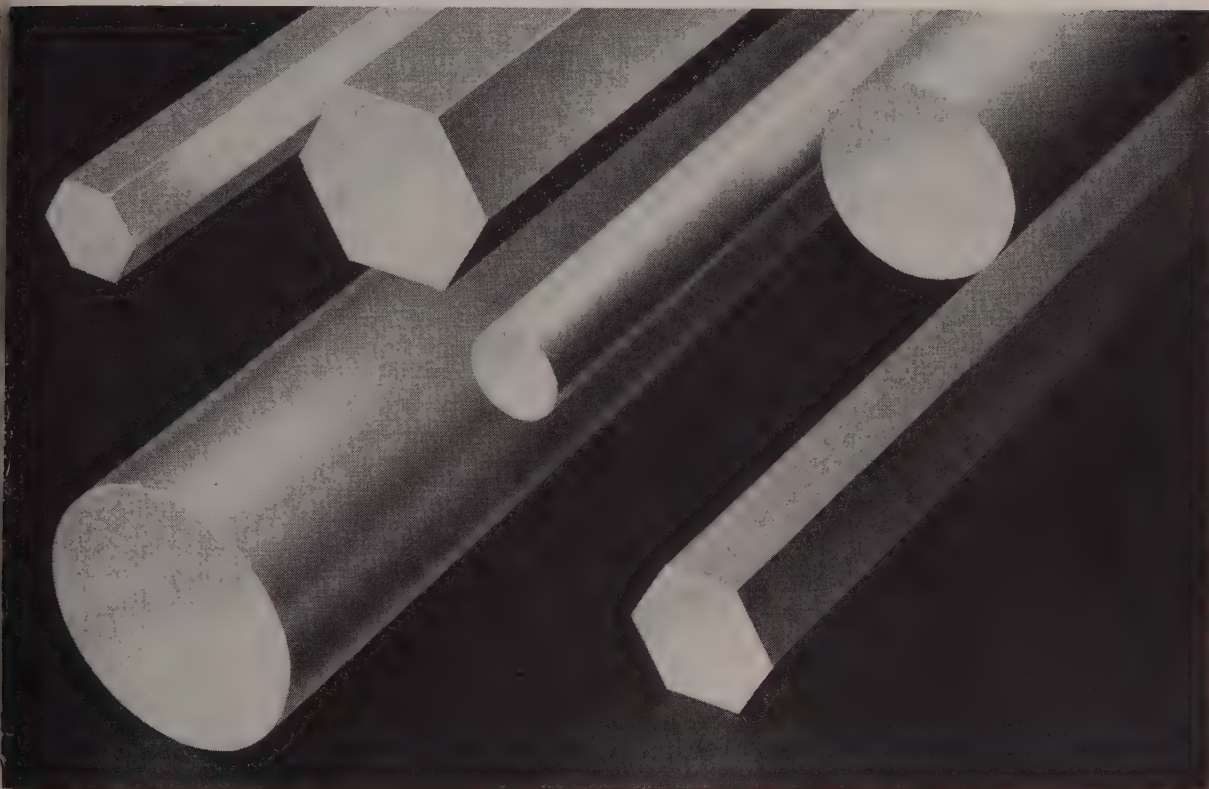
Supplied as flat sheet, plate, coil sheet, circles in a complete range of alloys, sizes and tempers. Specialty sheets also produced to fill volume requirements.



## Pig, Ingot and Billets

Kaiser Aluminum Produces Pig, Ingot and Extrusion Billets in a range of alloys and sizes to meet your specific requirements.

# for you...the nation's fabricators



## Rod and Bar to meet your specifications

Available in a wide range of alloys in rolled and cold finished rod and bar, round and hexagonal standard screw machine stock, hexagonal bar, redraw rod, rivet rod and round forging stock. In addition, Kaiser Alumi-

num provides the services of its experienced engineers who will be glad to work closely with you in selecting proper alloys for your applications to help improve production methods.

**TO SUPPLY** you and thousands of other fabricators with aluminum in the forms in which it can be used most economically, Kaiser Aluminum produces a broad line of basic and semi-finished mill products.

More than 85 per cent of Kaiser Aluminum's total production is sold in the form of these mill products for fabrication by customers. It's the highest percentage in the industry.

Kaiser Aluminum has earned an unsurpassed reputation for promptness, dependability, and helpful service in providing these products.

Included among Kaiser Aluminum service facilities are: the Sales Engineering Department, the Development Division, and the Metallurgical Research Division—all invaluable sources of experienced assistance and technical data to users of Kaiser Aluminum.

For complete information, call or write any Kaiser

Aluminum sales office. Located in principal cities. See our catalog in Sweet's Product Design File or write for copy. Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales, Inc., Oakland 12, California.

**Other Kaiser Aluminum products include:** Industrial foil, and electrical conductor. Kaiser Aluminum also supplies household, freezer and broiler foil for home uses, Shade Screening and Siding for the building industry and corrugated Roofing Sheet for farm and industrial buildings.

### MAIL COUPON FOR FREE HANDBOOK

Send for the new Sheet and Plate Handbook. 152 pages. A "must" for every fabricator of aluminum.

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Please send my free copy of "Sheet and Plate Product Information."

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setting the pace—in growth, quality and service



# Use the free air to make your own LOW COST OXYGEN and NITROGEN

## 2-in-1 Tonnage GENERATORS

Standard models with  
oxygen capacities to  
1000 TONS PER DAY  
Nitrogen capacities larger

A typical Air Products Tonnage Oxygen-Nitrogen Generator in operation since February, 1951. Oxygen capacity, 450 tons per day.

**AIR PRODUCTS TONNAGE GENERATORS** for oxygen, nitrogen *unlimited!* Standard models or specially designed. High or low pressure cycles according to requirements. Generators for production of oxygen and nitrogen, gas or liquid, in virtually *any* quantity, of *any* purity and at *any* pressure.

**AIR PRODUCTS HIGH-PURITY GENERATORS** slash oxygen costs *and* inert gas costs. Make *both* with *one* generator—produce super high-purity oxygen and nitrogen *simultaneously* or individually. Make *what* you want *when* you want it: compressed oxygen, high or low pressure nitrogen, liquid oxygen, liquid nitrogen.

*What are your requirements? Write to*

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Dept. N , Box 538, Allentown, Pa.

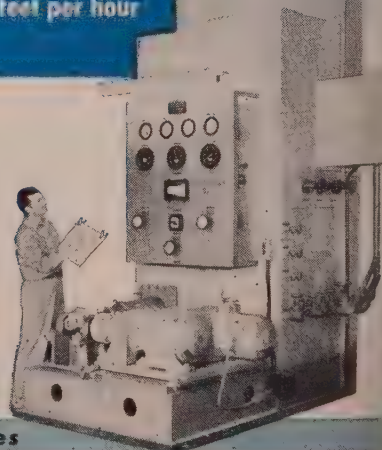
## 2-in-1 High-Purity GENERATORS

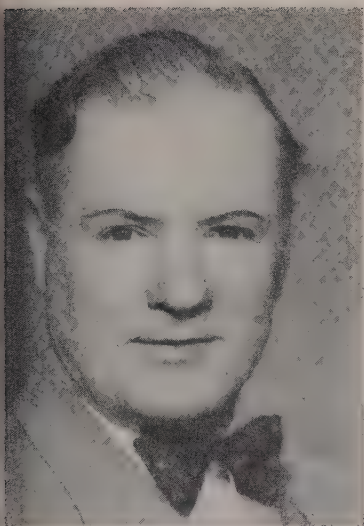
**OXYGEN to 99.9% Purity**  
Capacities to 12,000 cubic feet per hour

**NITROGEN to 99.99% Purity**  
Capacities to 36,000 cubic feet per hour

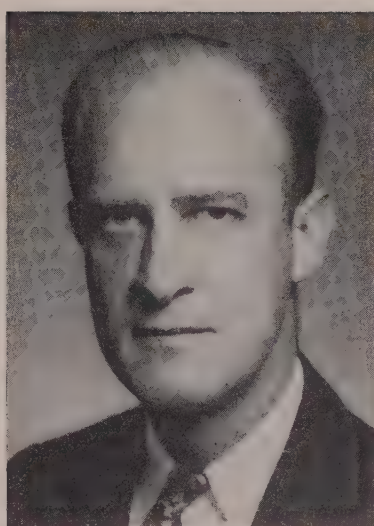
**Air Products**  
INCORPORATED  
**OXYGEN-NITROGEN  
GENERATORS**

Specialists in Gas Separation by Low-Temperature Processes





**A. R. McNEIL**  
... MacDermid New England sales mgr.



**L. R. McCLARY**  
... Olin Industries dept. mgr.

(Continued from Page 171)

gineering department are **W. F. Bartholomew Jr.**, **F. W. Eaton Jr.**, **H. R. Lange** and **T. F. Tiefenthaler**.

**MacDermid Inc.**, Waterbury, Conn., appointed **A. R. McNeil** New England sales manager. For the last nine years he has been Bridgeport sales service representative for the company. **Richard Nyquist** of the sales laboratory joined the field force as sales service representative. **Allen Ferguson**, former chief chemist of **Electrolux Corp.**, joined the sales service laboratory.

**Bliss & Laughlin Inc.** soon starts operations at its new plant in the Detroit area and has named the following salesmen to that territory: **Theodore Ranney**, who transfers from the Chicago sales office; **John Patterson**, formerly with **Detroit Steel Corp.**; and **Charles H. Scott**, formerly with **Columbia Steel & Shafting Co.** and **Solar Steel Co.**

**D. E. Dallman** was appointed manager, Minneapolis district, **Air Reduction Sales Co.** He replaces the late **M. M. Weist**.

**M. G. Manker** was appointed district sales manager, **Copperweld Steel Co.**, Steel Division's Warren, O., district sales office located at 803 Loew Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

**C. L. Rambolt** was made chief methods engineer, **Cory Division**, **Cory Corp.**, Chicago.

**L. R. McClary** was appointed manager, commercial evaluation department, of the general research organization of **Olin Industries Inc.**, East Alton, Ill.

**Sterling Engine Co.** named **G. R. Vasbinder** factory manager of its plant, Niagara St., Buffalo. He recently was with **Curtiss-Wright Corp.**

**Louis L. Potomac** now is president of **Reflin Co.**, Los Angeles. He formerly headed **Alsynite Co.** of America.

**George L. Wilcox** was elected vice president of sales and a director of **Westinghouse Electric International Co.**, New York.

**William Turner** was appointed manager of **General Electric Co.**'s communications equipment plant in Utica, N. Y., to succeed the late **G. Wesley Nutter**.

**Galion Allsteel Body Co.**, Galion, O., appointed **R. H. Tomlinson** regional representative in Kentucky, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas.

Sales offices for coke and chemical sales of **Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp.** are now located in the **C. A. Johnson** building, Denver. **K. B. Stuart** was appointed general manager, coke and chemical sales; **M. P. Drummond** manager of coke sales; and **F. P. Jasper** manager of chemical sales.

**J. C. West**, Seattle, was appointed

West Coast divisional manager for **Easy Washing Machine Corp.** to succeed **Fred S. Fenton**, retired.

**Harry P. Neher Jr.** was appointed assistant manager, central staff sales department, **Koppers Co. Inc.**, Pittsburgh. **Thomas M. Cable** was made manager, sales methods section, and **George C. Miller** as manager, international product sales section. Mr. Neher takes the position made vacant by appointment of **Donald MacArthur** as manager, Washington office.

**Scaife Co.**, Oakmont, Pa., appointed **John McGowan** to the New York sales staff.

**Russell A. Kawell** is director of production planning at the **Cory Division**, **Cory Corp.**, Chicago.

**Robert G. Morgan** was made district manager, Moline, Ill., office, and **Robert L. Williams**, district manager, St. Thomas, Ont., office, industrial division, **Timken Roller Bearing Co.**

**Harry I. Dixon** was appointed New England representative of **Alloy Precision Castings Co.**, Cleveland. He has established an office at 1199 Beacon St., Brookline, Mass.

**Jack D. Langer** was appointed vice president, **Southwest Steel Corp.**, Pittsburgh. He was branch manager for **Luntz Iron & Steel Co.** and previously owned **M. B. Speer Co.** and **Langer Iron & Steel Co.**

**Enos & Anderson Co.**, Buffalo, mill supplies, appointed **Donald A. Scholz** office manager. He continues purchasing industrial supplies.

**Mason H. Jones** was named executive assistant to the president of **Tempel Mfg. Co.**, Chicago. He has been with **Chicago Molded Products Corp.** since 1947.

**Ben D. Mills** was named assistant general manager, aircraft engine plant, Chicago, **Ford Motor Co.** **C. O. Slight** was made assistant general manager in charge of procurement and customer relations.

**Palmer-Bee Co.**, Detroit, appointed **Gerald H. LaPiner** advertising manager.

**Charles J. Guimbarda** was appointed design engineer for **Laclede Arch Co.**, St. Louis. He was project engineer for the U. S.



Navy's jet engine plant in Detroit. **James W. Bennett**, previously sales manager for Penn Industrial Instrument Co., also joins Laclede as a design engineer.

**Electric Furnace Co.**, Salem, O., appointed **J. V. Burrell** Michigan district sales representative, with headquarters in Detroit. He has been with Electric Furnace Co.

Personnel changes in **Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.**'s warehouse division include **R. W. Burton** as

manager of general services, Pittsburgh; **L. C. McGillicuddy** as manager, New York warehouse; **H. B. Asquith**, sales manager, Detroit warehouse; **C. J. Pistor**, resident salesman at Indianapolis for the Chicago warehouse; and **T. E. Snyder**, salesman, Cincinnati warehouse.

**Evans Products Co.**, Plymouth, Mich., appointed **Oscar A. Pratt** production control manager and **F. H. Harl** superintendent of main plant production.



**JOSEPH L. WALKER**  
... joins Heyl & Patterson

**Joseph L. Walker** joined **Heyl & Patterson Inc.**, Pittsburgh, as contracting engineer. His duties will be sales and service of the American line of **Reineveld** centrifuges and separators. He previously was associated in an engineering capacity with **Eastern Gas & Fuel Associates** and **Rimersburg Coal Co.**

**Clyde H. Haynes** was made manager, patent department, **Nelson Stud Welding Division**, **Gregory Industries Inc.**, Lorain, O.

**R. E. Horton** was made manager of branch office operations at **Bryant Heater Division**, **Affiliated Gas Equipment Inc.**, with headquarters in Cleveland. **M. J. Fortier** is the new manager of **Bryant's** St. Louis branch.

**Ralph W. Mowry** was appointed assistant manager, flat rolled sales, **Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.** Youngstown, to succeed **L. E. Arnold**, now manager, flat rolled sales.


**Robert L. Goodyear** was appointed chief engineer, accessories engineering division, **Marquardt Aircraft Co.**, Van Nuys, Calif.

**Philip H. Fisher** succeeds **H. Everett Smith**, resigned, as treasurer of **Wilcox-Gay Corp.**, Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Leonard Schnall** heads a new field sales and service office in Syracuse, N. Y., established by **General Controls Co.**, Glendale, Calif.

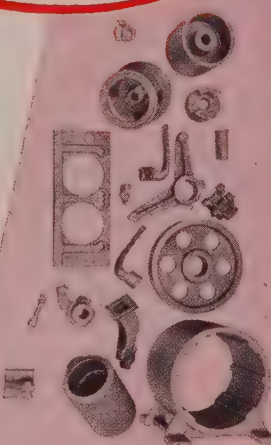
# DUCTILE IRON

## NEW ENGINEERING MATERIAL



Ductile Iron casting  
has replaced steel for this die  
shoe used on press forming  
automobile parts.

- **TENSILE STRENGTH**  
60,000 PSI, to 115,000 PSI
- **ELONGATION**  
As cast: approx. 3%  
Annealed: 15% to 22%
- **YIELD STRENGTH**  
45,000 PSI to 65,000 PSI



A variety of Ductile Iron castings


A pioneer in the production of this remarkable metal, the **BELOIT FOUNDRY** conducts a constant program of research and analysis to meet the growing demand for Ductile Iron. We will gladly answer inquiries about applications of Ductile Iron (or our other irons) to your products.

## BELOIT FOUNDRY CO.

High test Iron, Alloy Irons, and Ductile Iron  
Castings from a fraction of a pound thru 50 tons  
BELOIT, WISCONSIN

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# Pressure Processing

... whoever uses it in their  
production is a customer  
or potential customer of **H-P-M**



## Taming Temperamental MAGNESIUM . . . a Cinch with All-Hydraulic H-P-Ms!

The Emerson Electric Mfg. Co., St. Louis, draws thin magnesium alloy sheets to a depth of 30". To meet the demands of this difficult job, which calls for accurate control of heat, speeds and pressures, H-P-M designed and built this 600-ton *all-hydraulic* press incorporating an extreme range of accurate, stepless speeds (0" per min. to max.) and pressure controls.

When it comes to solving tough production problems . . . it will pay you well to talk shop with an H-P-M engineer about *all-hydraulic* pressure processing and H-P-Ms. Write today!



### THE HYDRAULIC PRESS MFG. CO.

1044 Marion Road, Mount Gilead, Ohio, U. S. A.

Process for Every Pressure Processing Application



SANDVIK COLD ROLLED, HARDENED, TEMPERED AND BLUE POLISHED SPRING STEEL 6/10,000THS OF AN INCH THIN. The ultra-thin precision-rolled Sandvik steel shown here was a highlight of the Sandvik exhibit at the 1952 National Metal Show.

# This kind of SANDVIK Super-Precision Stretches Your SPRING STEEL Dollars

.0006"

Here's evidence of Sandvik's ability to give you longer pounds of steel by cutting down "within-tolerance waste."

Sandvik Super-Precision does more than just keep gauge within specified tolerances. It consistently brings the strip closer to the exact size. This minimizes oversize waste . . . gives you more parts per pound . . . more production per dollar.

Remember too, that Sandvik's uniform physical characteristics from lot to lot means longer tool life plus better performance of the finished part.

Sandvik cold rolled high carbon strip steel is available:

- Precision-rolled in thickness to fit your requirements.
- In straight carbon and alloy grades.
- In special analysis for specific applications.
- In more than 800 stock sizes.
- Annealed, unannealed or hardened and tempered.
- Polished bright, yellow or blue.
- With square, round or dressed edges.

Ask your nearest Sandvik office for further information or technical assistance.

**SOME SANDVIK SWEDISH SPECIALTY STRIP STEELS** Steel for Textile Machine Parts • Band Saw Steels; Metal Band, Wood Band and Butcher Band • Camera Shutter Steel • Clock and Watch Spring Steels • Compressor Valve Steel • Doctor Blade Steel • Feeler Gauge Steel • Knife Steels • Razor Blade Steel • Reed Steels • Shock Absorber Steel • Sinkers Steel • Spring Steels • Trowel Steel • Vibrator Reed Steel, etc.

**THIS FREE FOLDER . . .**

CONTAINS A SAMPLE OF SANDVIK'S SUPER-PRECISION SPRING STEEL. COLD ROLLED TO .0006" . . . LESS THAN 1/5th THE THICKNESS OF A PAGE OF YOUR NEWSPAPER.

Write for your free copy.

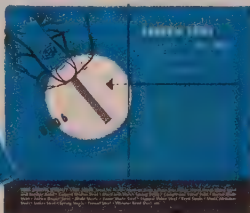
**SANDVIK STEEL, INC.**

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1736 Columbus Rd., Cleveland 13, Ohio, Cherry 1-2303

SANDVIK CANADIAN LTD., P. O. BOX 40, Station O, Montreal 9, P. Q.



**PRESSURE** for higher steel prices is mounting.

For some time the steel industry has felt its prices should be higher. Now, significantly, some of the industry's principal figures are openly saying steel prices are too low.

**TRIAL BALLOONS**—In a talk at an industrial convention Benjamin F. Fairless, chairman of U. S. Steel Corp., the nation's largest steel producer, lamented the "financial malnutrition" of the steel industry and pointed out that since 1940 his company's employment costs have soared 155 per cent, the cost of goods and services have risen 138 per cent but that the price of steel has gone up only 87 per cent.

Coincidentally, Ernest T. Weir, chairman of National Steel Corp., the country's fifth largest steel producer, expressed concern in a press conference at Pittsburgh that the steel industry's earnings are too low for the safety of the industry, and asserted that steel prices are and have been too low.

**CAUSE FOR ALARM**—Helping to inspire steel executives to speak out on prices are steel companies' annual reports for 1952. A compilation of salient statistics from these reports, STEEL's 28th Annual Financial Analysis of the Steel Industry (opposite p. 74 of this issue) shows that 30 steel producers representing 94 per cent of the country's steelmaking capacity made in 1952 a net profit of only 4.91 cents per dollar of sales, compared with 5.71 cents in 1951. The 1952 rate is the lowest since the 5.46 figure of 1946, and, as everyone knows, a cent is worth less today than it was in '46.

**BIGGEST LOSER**—Responsible partly for the decline in earnings in 1952 was the steelworkers' strike. Largest loser from the strike was Uncle Sam. His take in federal income and excess profits taxes from the steel companies was \$1 billion less than it would have been had there been no strike.

Even though steel companies are dissatisfied with their earnings, they will be cautious, perhaps even reluctant, in considering a general increase in prices.

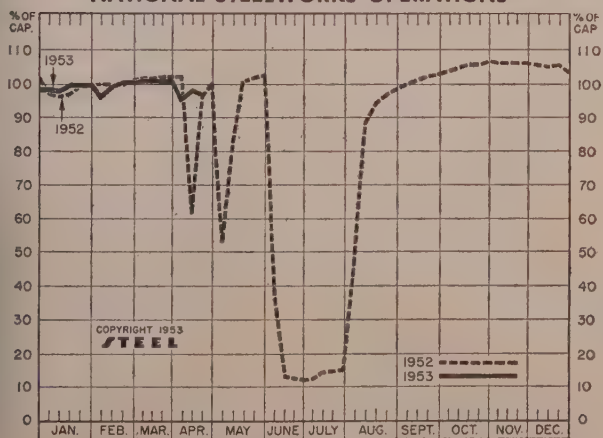
The steelworkers' union plans to ask the companies in a few weeks for a wage increase. Even though a steel price increase is justified on the basis of present conditions, the union would use it as additional leverage in their wage demands. Also, steel companies will not be inclined to do anything price-wise that would embarrass the new administration at Washington, under which industry gained freedom from price controls only recently.

**THE CUSTOMER COUNTS**—Another deterrent to a general price increase on steel is the movement, slow though it may be, toward a balance between supply and demand in steel. One of many examples of this is the report from San Francisco that steel buyers are getting into a "shopping" mood. For the first time in recent years, they are beginning to put the price factor above the delivery factor. They are turning down promises of immediate delivery to shop around for a better price. Shopping sometimes pays dividends because of the differences in freight charges.

**STRONG MARKET**—While sales resistance is growing in some areas and on certain products, over-all demand for steel continues strong. The key to how long the strong demand will exist is held by the automobile industry, which is leaving no wheel unturned in its effort to reach its high production goals. This zeal is levying an inordinate demand on the light, flat-rolled steel products. At the same time, military needs for ammunition is keeping a heavy demand on large bars. In contrast, the call for galvanized sheets has waned to the point that one producer is operating only half of its galvanizing facilities.

**OUTPUT EASES**—Even though over-all demand for steel exceeds supply, the industry was unable to operate at quite as high a rate in the week ended Apr. 18 as in some of the weeks earlier this year. Steel for ingots and castings was produced at a rate of 97 per cent of capacity. Preceding week's rate was 98 per cent.

## NATIONAL STEELWORKS OPERATIONS



## DISTRICT INGOT RATES

(Percentage of capacity engaged at leading production points)

	Week Ended Apr. 18	Change	Same Week 1952	1951
Pittsburgh .....	97.5	0*	102	102
Chicago .....	105	- 1*	94	109
Mid-Atlantic .....	96.5	0	93	100.5
Youngstown .....	95	-10.5	95	106
Wheeling .....	100.5	- 0.5	101.5	97
Cleveland .....	103.5	- 0.5*	97	103.5
Buffalo .....	106.5	0	104	104
Birmingham .....	101	0	102	100
New England .....	87	- 4	85	91
Cincinnati .....	94	- 4.5	94	105
St. Louis .....	75.5	+ 4	90	95
Detroit .....	108	- 3	107	105
Western .....	110.5	+ 0.5	89.5	100.5
Estimated National rate .....	97	- 1	98.5	103

\* Change from preceding week's revised rate.

Based on weekly steelmaking capacity of 2,254,459 net tons in 1953; 2,077,040 tons in 1952; 1,999,034 tons in 1951.



## Composite Market Averages

FINISHED STEEL PRICE INDEX:	Apr. 14	Apr. 7	Month	March
Bureau of Labor Statistics	1953	1953	Ago	Average
(1947-1949=100)	130.7	130.7	130.7	130.7

## AVERAGE PRICES (BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS)

Week Ended Apr. 14, 1953

Units are 100 lb except where otherwise noted below in parentheses.  
For complete description of products see insert following p. 28, STEEL, Sept. 8, 1952.

Rails	\$3.775	Sheets, C.R. carbon	\$5.275
Track spikes	6.650	Sheets, galv.	6.765
Track bolts	9.953	Strip, C.R., carbon	5.100
Tie plates	4.775	Strip, C.R. stainless (lb)	0.333
Joint bars	4.925	Pipe, black, buttweild (100 ft.)	7.090
Plates, carbon	4.150	Pipe, galv., buttweild (100 ft.)	8.778
Structural shapes	4.200	Boiler tubes (100 ft)	31.663
Bars, tool steel (lb)	1.576	Tin plate (100 lb base box)	8.950
Bars, 8120 alloy	6.685	Terne plate (100 lb base box)	7.750
Bars, stainless (lb)	0.153	Wire, carbon, merchant	8.075
Bars, carbon	4.100	Wire, fence, galv.	8.425
Bars, reinforcing	4.050	Nails (100 lb kegs)	7.410
Bars, C.F. carbon	5.925	Wire, barbed (80 rod spool)	5.880
Sheets, H.R. carbon	4.125	Woven wire fence (20 rod roll)	13.629

## FINISHED PRICE INDEX, Weighted:

Calculated by STEEL\*

	Apr. 16	Week	Month	Year	5 Yrs.
	1953	Ago	Ago	Ago	Ago
Index (1935-39 av.=100)	181.31	181.31	181.31	171.92	135.91
Index in cents per lb.	4.912	4.912	4.912	4.657	3.682

## ARITHMETICAL PRICE COMPOSITES:

Calculated by STEEL\*

Finished Steel NT	\$110.98	\$110.98	\$110.98	\$106.32	\$81.14
No. 2 Fdry, Pig Iron, GT	55.04	55.04	55.04	52.54	39.65
Basic Pig Iron, GT	54.66	54.66	54.66	52.16	39.18
Malleable Pig Iron, GT	55.77	55.77	55.77	53.27	40.26
Steelmaking Scrap, GT	43.42	43.75†	44.17	43.00	40.42

\* For explanation of weighted index see STEEL, Sept. 19, 1949, p. 54;  
of arithmetical price composite, STEEL, Sept. 1, 1952, p. 130. † Revised.

## Comparison of Prices

Comparative prices by districts, in cents per pound except as otherwise noted. Delivered prices based on nearest production point.

FINISHED MATERIALS	Apr. 16	Week	Month	Year	5 Yrs.
	1953	Ago	Ago	Ago	Ago
Bars, H.R., Pittsburgh	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.70	2.90
Bars, H.R., Chicago	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.70	2.90
Bars, H.R., del Philadelphia	4.502	4.502	4.502	4.223	3.356
Bars, C.F., Pittsburgh	4.925	4.925	4.925	4.55	3.55
Shapes, Std., Pittsburgh	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.65	2.80
Shapes, Std., Chicago	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.65	2.80
Shapes, del., Philadelphia	4.13	4.13	4.13	3.913	2.963
Plates, Pittsburgh	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.70	2.95
Plates, Chicago	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.70	2.95
Plates, Contosville, Pa.	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.15	3.45
Plates, Sparrows Point, Md.	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.70	2.95
Plates, Claymont, Del.	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.15	3.45
Sheets, H.R., Pittsburgh	3.775	3.775	3.775	3.60-75	2.80
Sheets, H.R., Chicago	3.775	3.775	3.775	3.60	2.80
Sheets, C.R., Pittsburgh	4.575	4.575	4.575	4.35	3.55
Sheets, C.R., Chicago	4.575	4.575	4.575	4.35	3.55
Sheets, C.R., Detroit	4.775	4.775	4.775	4.55	3.71
Sheets, Galv., Pittsburgh	5.075	5.075	5.075	4.80	3.95
Strip, H.R., Pitts.	3.975-4.225	3.975-4.225	3.975-4.225	3.75-4.00	3.05
Strip, H.R., Chicago	3.725	3.725	3.725	3.50	2.80
Strip, C.R., Pittsburgh	5.10-5.80	5.10-5.80	5.10-5.80	4.65-5.35	3.80
Strip, C.R., Chicago	5.35	5.35	5.35	4.90	3.65
Strip, C.R., Detroit	5.30-6.05	5.30-6.05	5.30-6.05	4.85-5.60	3.71
Wire, Basic, Pitts.	5.475-5.225	5.475-5.225	5.475-5.225	4.85-5.19	3.775
Nails, Wire, Pittsburgh	6.35	6.35	6.35	5.90-6.20	5.80
Tin plate, box, Pittsburgh	\$3.95	\$3.95	\$3.95	\$3.70	\$3.70

## SEMIFINISHED

Billets, forging, Pitts. (NT)	\$70.50	\$70.50	\$70.50	\$66.00	\$54.00
Wire rods, $\frac{3}{8}$ "- $\frac{1}{2}$ ", Pitts. . .	4.425	4.425	4.425	4.10-30	3.175

## PIG IRON, Gross Ton

Bessemer, Pitts.	\$55.50	\$55.50	\$55.50	\$53.00	\$40.00
Basic, Valley	54.50	54.50	54.50	52.00	39.00
Basic, del. Phila.	59.25	59.25	59.25	56.61	42.004
No. 2 Fdry, Pitts.	55.00	55.00	55.00	52.50	39.50
No. 2 Fdry, Chicago	55.00	55.00	55.00	52.50	39.00
No. 2 Fdry, Valley	55.00	55.00	55.00	52.50	39.50
No. 2 Fdry, del. Phila.	59.75	59.75	59.75	57.11	42.504
No. 2 Fdry, Birm.	51.38	51.38	51.38	48.88	37.88
No. 2 Fdry (Birm.) del. Cin.	58.93	58.93	58.93	55.49	42.23
Malleable, Valley	55.00	55.00	55.00	52.50	39.50
Malleable, Chicago	55.00	55.00	55.00	52.50	39.50
Charcoal, Lyles, Tenn.	68.50	68.50	68.50	66.00	55.00
Ferromanganese, Etna, Pa.	228.00	228.00	228.00	188.00	151.00*

\* F.O.B. cars, Pittsburgh.

## SCRAP, Gross Ton (including broker's commission)

No. 1 Heavy Melt, Pitts.	\$44.00	\$44.00	\$44.00	\$44.00	\$40.25
No. 1 Heavy Melt, E. Pa.	43.50	44.50	46.00	42.50	42.00
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Chicago	42.75	42.75	42.50	42.50	39.00
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Valley	42.75	44.25	44.25	44.00	40.25
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Cleve.	42.75	44.25	44.25	43.00	39.75
No. 1 Heavy Melt, Buffalo	45.50	47.00	43.50	43.00	43.00
Rails, Renolding, Chicago	52.00	56.00	56.00	52.50	49.50
No. 1 Cast, Chicago	42.50	44.00	44.00	49.00†	69.00

† F.O.B. shipping point.

## COKE, Net Ton

Beehive, Furn, Connslv.	\$14.75	\$14.75	\$14.75	\$14.75	\$12.50
Beehive, Fdry, Connslv.	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.50	14.875
Oven Fdry, Chicago	24.50	24.50	24.50	23.00	18.00

## PIG IRON

F.O.B. furnace prices as reported to STEEL. Minimum delivered price are approximate and do not include 3% federal tax. Key to products companies on pages 184-185.

## PIG IRON, Gross Ton

	Basic	No. 2 Foundry	Malleable	Bessemer
Bethlehem, Pa. B2	\$56.50	\$57.00	\$57.50	\$58.00
New York, del.	60.78	61.28	61.28	61.00
Newark, del.	59.52	60.02	60.52	61.00
Philadelphia, del.	59.25	59.75	60.25	60.70
Birmingham District				
Alabama City, Ala. R2	50.88	51.38	51.38	51.38
Birmingham R2	50.88	51.38	51.38	51.38
Birmingham S9	50.88	51.38	51.38	51.38
Woodward, Ala. W15	50.88	51.38	51.38	51.38
Cincinnati, del.	58.93	58.93	58.93	58.93
Buffalo District				
Buffalo R2	54.50	55.00	55.50	55.50
Buffalo H1	54.50	55.00	55.50	55.50
Tonawanda, N.Y. W12	54.50	55.00	55.50	55.50
No. Tonawanda, N.Y. T9	54.50	55.00	55.50	55.50
Boston, del.	65.15	65.65	66.15	66.15
Rochester, N.Y., del.	57.52	58.02	58.52	58.52
Syracuse, N.Y., del.	58.62	59.12	59.62	59.62
Chicago District				
Chicago I-3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Gary, Ind. U5	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Indiana Harbor, Ind. I-2	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
So. Chicago, Ill. W14	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
So. Chicago, Ill. Y1	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
So. Chicago, Ill. U5	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Milwaukee, del.	56.67	57.17	57.17	57.67
Muskegon, Mich., del.	61.30	61.30	61.30	61.30
Cleveland District				
Cleveland A7	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Cleveland R2	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Akron, O., del. from Cleve.	57.11	57.61	57.61	58.11
Lorain, O. N3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Duluth I-3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Erie, Pa. I-3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Everett, Mass. E1	59.50	59.50	59.50	59.50
Fontana, Calif. K1	60.50	61.00	61.00	61.00
Granite City, Ill. G4	56.40	56.90	57.40	57.40
St. Louis, del. (inc. tax)	57.15	57.65	58.15	58.15
Ironton, Utah C11	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Geneva, Utah C11	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Lone Star, Tex. L8	50.50	*51.00	51.00	51.00
Minnequa, Colo. C10	56.50	57.50	57.50	57.50
Rockwood, Tenn. T3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Pittsburgh District				
Newfield, Pa. P8	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Pitts. N.&S. sides, Ambridge	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Altoona, Pa. del.	56.37	56.37	56.37	56.37
McKees Rocks, del.	56.04	56.04	56.04	56.04
Lawrenceville, Homestead	56.66	56.66	56.66	56.66
Wilmerding, Monaca, del.	57.19	57.19	57.19	57.19
Verona, Trafford, del.	57.45	57.45	57.45	57.45
Brackenridge, del.	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Bessemer, Pa. U5	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Clarksburg, Rankin, So. Duquesne, Pa. U5	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
McKeesport, Pa. N3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Monaca, Pa. P7	56.50	57.00	57.00	57.50
Sharpsville, Pa. S9	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Steelton, Pa. B2	56.50	57.00	57.50	58.00
Swedeland, Pa. A3	56.50	57.00	57.50	58.00
Toledo, O. I-3	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Cincinnati, del.	59.97	60.47	60.47	60.47
Troy, N.Y. R2	56.50	57.00	57.50	58.00
Youngstown District				
Hubbard, O. Y1	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Youngstown Y1	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Youngstown U5	54.50	55.00	55.00	55.50
Mansfield, O., del.	59.15	59.65	59.65	60.15

\* Low phosph. southern grade.

## PIG IRON DIFFERENTIALS

Silicon: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.25% Si or percentage thereof over base grade, 1.75-2.25%, except on low phosph iron on which  $\phi$  is 1.75-2.00%.

Phosphorus: Deduct 38 cents per ton for P content of 0.70% and  $\phi$  Manganese: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.50% manganese over  $\phi$  or portion thereof.

Nickel: Under 0.50% no extra; 0.50-0.74%, incl., add \$2 per ton and each additional 0.25%, add \$1 per ton.

## BLAST FURNACE SILVER PIG IRON, Gross Ton

(Base 6.0-6.50% silicon; add \$1.50 for each 0.5% Si)  
Jackson, O. G2, J1 ..... \$65.00  
Buffalo H1 ..... (75)

## ELECTRIC FURNACE SILVER PIG IRON, Gross Ton

(Base 14.01-14.50% silicon; add \$1 for each 0.5% Si to 18%; \$1.00 each 0.5% Mn over 1%; \$2 per gross ton premium for 0.045% m.a.p.)  
Niagara Falls, N.Y. P15 ..... \$0.00  
Keokuk, Iowa, Openheart & Fdry, frt. allowed K2 ..... 1.50  
Keokuk, OH & Fdry., 12½ lb piglets, 16% Si, frt. allowed K2 ..... 1.50  
Wenatchee, Wash., OH & Fdry., frt. allowed K2 ..... 1.50

## CHARCOAL PIG IRON, Gross Ton

(Los phos semi-cold blast; differential charged for silicon over base grade; also for hard chilling iron Nos. 5 & 6)  
Lyles, Tenn. T3 ..... \$1.50

## LOW PHOSPHORUS PIG IRON, Gross Ton

Cleveland, Intermediate, A7 ..... \$1.50  
Steelton, Pa. B2 ..... 1.50  
Philadelphia, delivered ..... 1.50  
Troy, N.Y. R2 ..... 1.50

## NONFERROUS METALS

(Cents per pound, carlots, except as otherwise noted)

## Primary Metals

Electrolytic 30.00c-32.00c, Conn. Valley; Lake 33.00c, delivered, nom.; foreign electrolytic, del. 32.00c-36.50c.

Ingot: 85-5-5-5 (No. 115) 27.50c; 10-2 (No. 215) 37.75c; 80-10-10 (No. 305) 00c; No. 1 yellow (No. 405) 22.75c.

Prime western 11.00c; brass special 25c, intermediate 11.50c; East St. Louis; B grade 12.55c, and special high grade 50c delivered.

Common 12.30c; chemical 12.40c; coring, 12.40c, St. Louis.

Primary Aluminum: 99% plus, ingots 20.50c, 21.50c. Base prices for 10,000 lb and over. Freight allowed on 500 lb or more but in excess of rate applicable on 30,000 lb orders.

Secondary Aluminum: Piston alloys 24.00-75; No. 12 foundry alloy (No. 2 grade) 00-23.50; steel deoxidizing grades, notch res, granulated or shot: Grade 1, 24.00-26.00; Grade 2, 23.25-24.50; Grade 3, 22.50-23.50; Grade 4, 21.00-22.50.

Magnesium: Commercially pure (99.8%) standard ingots, 10,000 lb and over 27.00c, f.o.b. export, Tex.

Grade A, prompt RFC, 121.50c; outside market, 95.00c, nom.

Antimony: American 99-99.8% and over but meeting specifications below 34.50c; 99.8% over (arsenic 0.05% max., other impurities 0.1% max.) 35.00c, f.o.b. Laredo, Tex.; bulk shipments.

Nickel: Electrolytic cathodes, 99.9%, base sizes refinery, unpacked, 60.00c; 25-lb pigs, 65c; "XX" nickel shot, 63.65c; "F" nickel shot or ingots, for addition to cast iron, 60.00c. Prices include import duty.

Nickel: Open market, spot, New York, \$195-97, per 76-lb flask.

Beryllium-Copper: 3.75-4.25% Be, \$37.72 per lb of contained beryllium, f.o.b. Reading, Pa. "Regular" straight or flat forms, del; special or patented shapes \$2.15.

Ball: 97.99%, \$2.40 per lb for 500 lb (kegs); 42 per lb for 100 lb (case); \$2.47 per lb for 100 lb.

U. S. Treasury, \$35 per ounce.

Open market, New York 85.25c per oz. Aluminum: \$90-\$93 per ounce from refineries.

Aluminum: \$23-\$24 per tray ounce.

Aluminum: \$175-\$185 per tray ounce.

Titanium (sponge form): \$5 per pound.

## Rolled, Drawn, Extruded Products

COPPER AND BRASS

Cents per pound, f.o.b. mill, effective Apr. 1, 1953. Listings are lowest quotations.)

Copper: 50.48; yellow brass 42.87; commercial bronze, 95% 49.89; 90% 48.76; red brass, 85% 47.11; 80% 45.99; best quality, 43; nickel silver, 18%, 59.84; phosphor bronze grade A, 5%, 70.50.

Copper, hot-rolled 48.83; cold-drawn .08; yellow brass free cutting, 38.68; commercial bronze 95% 49.58; 90% 48.45; red brass 85% 46.80; 80% 45.68.

Seamless Tubing: Copper 50.42; yellow brass .78; commercial bronze, 90%, 51.32; red brass, 85%, 49.92.

Yellow brass 43.16; commercial bronze, 50.18; 90%, 49.05; red brass, 85%, 40.80; 80%, 46.28; best quality brass, 44.72.

(Base prices, effective Apr. 1, 1953)

Copper Wire: Bare, soft, f.o.b. eastern mills, 10,000 lb lots, 37.46; 30,000 lb lots, 37.58; 131.38.03. Weatherproof, 100,000 lb, 37.85; 10,000 lb, 38.10; l.c.l., 38.60. Magnet wire 4, 15,000 lb or more 43.93; l.c.l., 44.68.

Aluminum: 10,000 lb and over, f.o.b. mill, effective Apr. 1, 1953. Listings are lowest quotations.)

Copper: 50.48; yellow brass 42.87; commercial bronze, 95% 49.89; 90% 48.76; red brass, 85% 47.11; 80% 45.99; best quality, 43; nickel silver, 18%, 59.84; phosphor bronze grade A, 5%, 70.50.

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ALUMINUM  
(30,000 lb base; freight allowed on 500 lb or more, but not in excess of rate applicable on 30,000 lb c.l. orders, Effective Jan. 22, 1953.)

Thickness Range	Widths or Diameters, In., Inc.	Flat Sheet	Coiled Sheet	Coiled Sheet
Inches		Base*	Base	Circle†
0.249-0.136	12-48	32.9	...	...
0.135-0.098	12-48	33.4	...	...
0.095-0.077	12-48	34.1	31.8	38.3
0.076-0.061	12-48	34.7	32.0	38.5
0.060-0.048	12-48	35.0	32.2	38.8
0.047-0.038	12-48	35.5	32.6	37.1
0.037-0.030	12-48	35.9	33.0	37.8
0.029-0.024	12-48	36.5	33.3	38.3
0.023-0.019	12-36	37.1	34.0	39.0
0.018-0.017	12-36	37.9	34.6	39.9
0.016-0.015	12-36	38.8	35.4	41.1
0.014	12-24	39.8	36.4	42.4
0.013-0.012	12-24	40.9	37.1	43.4
0.011	12-24	41.9	38.3	45.0
0.010-0.0095	12-24	43.1	39.4	46.6
0.009-0.0085	12-24	44.3	40.7	48.5
0.008-0.0075	12-24	45.8	41.9	50.3
0.007	12-18	47.3	43.4	52.6
0.006	12-18	48.9	44.8	57.6

\* Lengths 72 to 180 inches. † Maximum diameter, 26 inches.

Screw Machine Stock: 5000 lb and over.

Dia. (in.)	—Round—	Hexagonal
or distance across flats	17S-T4	17S-T4
0.125	56.8	...
0.156-0.188	48.0	...
0.219-0.313	45.3	...
0.375	43.7	52.4
0.406	43.7	...
0.438	43.7	52.4
0.469	43.7	...
0.500	43.7	52.4
0.531	43.7	...
0.563	43.7	49.2
0.594	43.7	...
0.625	43.7	49.2
0.688	43.7	49.2
0.750-1.000	42.6	46.4
1.063	42.6	44.8
1.125-1.500	41.0	44.8
1.563	40.5	...
1.625	39.8	43.2
1.688-2.000	39.8	...

LEAD  
(Prices to jobbers f.o.b. Buffalo, Cleveland, Pittsburgh) Sheets: Full coils, 140 sq ft or more \$17.50 per cwt; add 50c cwt 100 sq ft to 140 sq ft. Pipe: Full coils \$17.50 per cwt. Traps and bends: List prices plus 43%.

ZINC  
Sheets 23.00c, f.o.b. mill 36.000 lb and over. Ribbon zinc in coils, 19.50-20.50c, f.o.b. mill, 36,000 lb and over. Plates, not over 12-in., 20.75-21.75c; over 12-in., 20.75-21.75c.

"A" NICKEL  
(Base prices f.o.b. mill, effective Mar. 9, 1953) Sheets, cold-rolled 86.50c. Strip, cold-rolled 92.50c. Rods and shapes, 82.50c. Plates, 84.50c. Seamless tubes 115.50c.

MONEL  
(Base prices f.o.b. mill, effective Mar. 9, 1953) Sheets, cold-rolled 67.50c. Strip, cold-rolled 70.50c. Rods and shapes, 85.50c. Plates 66.50c. Seamless tubes, 100.50c. Shot and blocks, 57.00c.

MAGNESIUM  
Extruded Rounds 12 in. long, 1.31 in. in diameter, less than 25 lb 58.00c-65.00c; 25 to 99 lb, 48.00c-55.00c; 100 lb to 5000 lb, 44.00c.

TITANIUM  
(Prices per lb, 10,000 lb and over, f.o.b. mill) Sheets, \$15; sheared mill plate, \$12; strip, \$15; wire, \$10; forgings, \$8; hot-rolled and forged bars, \$6.

## Plating Materials

Chromic Acid: 99.9% flakes, f.o.b. Philadelphia, carloads 27.00c; 5 tons and over 27.50c; 1 to 5 tons, 28.00c; less than 1 ton 28.50c.

Copper Anodes: Base 2000 to 5000 lb; f.o.b. shipping point, freight allowed; Flat, rolled, 42.18c; oval 41.85c.

Nickel Anodes: Rolled, oval, carbonized, carloads 81.00c; 5000 to 29,99 lb, 83.00c; 500 to 4999 lb, 85.00c; 1 to 499 lb, 89.00c, f.o.b. Cleveland.

Nickel Chloride: In 100 lb bags; 10,000 lb and over, 37.00c; 5000 to 9900 lb, 38.00c; 400 to 4900 lb, 40.00c; 300 lb, 42.00c; 200 lb, 43.00c; 100 lb, 45.00c, f.o.b. Cleveland.

Sodium Stannate: 25 lb cans only, less than 100 lb to consumers \$1.10 per lb; 100 or 350 lb drums only, 100 to 600 lb 71.60c; 700 to 1900 lb, 69c; 2000 to 9900 lb 67.3c. Freight allowed east of Mississippi and north of Ohio and Potomac rivers. Based on \$1.215 tin.

Tin Anodes: Bar, 1000 lb and over, \$1.42; 500 to 999 lb, \$1.425; 200 to 499 lb, \$1.43; less than 200 lb, \$1.445. Freight allowed east of Mississippi and north of Ohio and Potomac. Based on \$1.215 tin.

Zinc Cyanide: 100 lb drums, less than 10 drums 54.30c, 10 or more drums, 52.30c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Niagara Sulphate: 100 lb kegs or 400 lb bbl. less than 2000 lb \$1.11; more than 2000 lb \$1.09. Freight allowed east of Mississippi and north of Ohio and Potomac rivers. Based on \$1.215 tin.

Stannous Chloride (Anhydrous): In 400 lb bbl. \$1.25; 100 lb kegs \$1.26, f.o.b. Carteret, N. J., freight allowed on 100 lb or more. Based on \$1.215 tin.

Scrap Metals

Brass Mill Allowances  
(Prices in cents per pound for less than 20,000 pounds, f.o.b. shipping point; on lots over 20,000 pounds at one time, of any or all kinds of scrap, add 1 cent per pound. Prices effective Apr. 1, 1953)

	Clean	Red	Clean
	Ends	Turnings	
Copper	28.625	28.625	27.875
Yellow Brass	21.375	21.125	19.625
Commercial Bronze			
95%	27.250	27.000	26.500
90%	26.125	25.875	25.375

Red Brass

85% 25.125 24.875 24.375

80% 24.125 23.875 23.375

Best Quality (71-80%) 22.500 22.250 21.750

Muntz metal 20.000 19.750 19.250

Nickel silver, 10% 25.250 25.000 12.625

Phos. Bronze, A 30.625 30.375 29.375

Naval Brass 20.000 19.750 19.250

Manganese Bronze 20.000 19.750 19.250

REFINERS' BUYING PRICES  
(Cents per pound, delivered refinery, carload lots)

No. 1 copper 24.75c; No. 2 copper 22.25c; light copper 21.75c; refinery brass (60% copper) per dry copper content 21.50c, nom.

INGOT MAKERS' COPPER AND BRASS  
SCRAP BUYING PRICES  
(Carlots, delivered)

No. 1 copper, nom. 24.00c; No. 2 copper, nom. 22.00c; light copper, nom. 20.00c; No. 1 composition borings, 19.00c; No. 1 composition solids, 20.00c; radiators, 15.50c; heavy yellow brass solids, 15.50c; yellow brass turnings, 14.50c.

SMELTERS' BUYING PRICES FOR  
SCRAP ALUMINUM  
(Carlots, delivered)

2S aluminum clippings, 16.00-17.00c; mixed clippings, 15.00-15.50c; old aluminum sheet, 13.00-14.50c; old aluminum cast, 13.50-14.50c; borings and turnings, 13.50-15.00c.

DEALERS' BUYING PRICES  
(Cents per pound, New York, in ton lots)

Copper and brass: Heavy copper and wire, No. 1 23.00-24.00c; No. 2 21.00-21.50c; light copper 19.00-19.50c; No. 1 composition red brass 19.00c; No. 1 composition turnings 18.50c; mixed brass turnings 13.50c; new brass clippings 19.50c; No. 1 brass rod turnings 17.00c; light brass 12.50c; heavy yellow brass 14.50c; new brass rod ends 17.50c; auto radiators, unsweated 15.00c; cocks and faucets 17.00c; brass pipe 17.50c.

Aluminum: Clippings 2S 13.00c; old sheets 10.00c; crankcase 10.00c; borings and turnings 8.00c; pistons and struts 6.50c.

Tin: No. 1 pewter 60.00c; block tin pipe 85.00c; No. 1 babbitt 45.00c.

Lead: Heavy 9.25-9.75c; battery plates 4.75-5.00c; linotype and stereotype 11.00-11.50c; electrotype 9.25-9.50c; mixed babbitt 12.00-12.75c.

Zinc: Old zinc, 5.00c; new die cast scrap, 5.00c; old die cast scrap, 4.00c.

Nickel: Sheets and clips 58.00-60.00c; rolled anodes 58.00-60.00c; turnings 58.00-60.00c; rod ends 58.00-60.00c.

Monel: Clippings 33.00c; old sheet 30.00c; turnings 25.00c; rods 33.00c.



## Price weakness continues to dominate nonferrous metals market. Much of the lethargy stems from depressed markets in London

PRICE WEAKNESS still dominates much of the market, in the throes of a psychological letdown.

Much of the trouble stems from unduly depressed London markets, where bears are in the saddle. Buyers are cautious and won't extend themselves while uncertainty continues. Producers know industry is using plenty of metal, but is only placing orders to take care of immediate needs. Depressants, once set in motion, tend to continue the vicious circle, making the picture darker than it really is.

**Soft Ground**—Lead and zinc, despite all their troubles, still haven't found firm footing. Tin hasn't come out of its nosedive yet. Copper prices can't stay in the clouds forever. Secondary copper is logically inching back to the primary price level and scrap prices are due for a tumble. Brass and bronze ingots slid off 1 to 6 cents a pound last week.

Not all the metals are on the skids. Aluminum, nickel, magnesium and a number of the minor metals are firm. Nickel will stay strong because of intense demand. Aluminum men have played a shrewd game by holding price steady under the demand avalanche, putting all their chips on a big-volume future. Magnesium people want to get more competitive but can't until volume is built. Conversely, they find it tough to build the necessary volume with the price where it is.

**Happy Thoughts**—One trend is emerging that will gladden fabricators' hearts. Metal merchants from here on in will have to go out and interest customers instead of sitting back and waiting for orders.

### Inside Story on Tin

Here's the real reason for tin's sudden disintegration. The inside story has industry fuming and could well have political ramifications.

Several weeks ago the government decided to end tin stockpiling except for present purchase contracts, which run into 1955. Since the stockpile has absorbed excess production over the last few years, one of the biggest markets for the metal would be wiped out, and the artificially high price would certainly be undermined.

Instead of announcing the plan gen-

erally, the State department is reported to have told foreign tin producers only. With advantage of this inside knowledge and time, they immediately started selling short, knowing the market would break sharply when the government's plans were made public. Trade knew they couldn't lose, and heavy offerings pushed the price over the cliff and out of sight. It hasn't hit bottom.

Industry is said to have lost millions on the deal. U. S. buyers of tin, who were never overly fond of the government buying-selling setup, are enraged.

The U. S. stockpile contains an estimated 200,000 tons of metallic tin and concentrates today.

### Copper Output Sets Records

March copper output set a number of new records. Crude output—99,932 tons—was highest since the war, according to Copper Institute figures. Secondary production as expected, shot skyward, the 17,719-ton output nearly doubling the February figure. Refined production hit 112,016 tons, up over 10,000 tons. Fabricators' deliveries amounted to 133,462 tons, a gain of 16,258 tons. Producers' stocks dipped 5000 tons to 55,807 tons. March stockpile take was about 6000 tons.

### Brass, Bronze Ingots Down

Brass and bronze ingot makers slashed prices 1 to 6 cents last week, with the tin-containing 88-10-2 group in foreground. No. 115 grade is now 27.50, No. 225 (Navy G metal) 38.50, No. 245 (Navy M metal) 32.75, No. 305 is 32.00, No. 405 yellow brass is 22.75, and No. 421 is 27.50.

### Bridgeport Plans Plant

Bridgeport Brass Co., Bridgeport, Conn., is planning construction of a new brass and copper tube processing plant on the Housatonic river in Connecticut. Cost is estimated by Herman W. Steinkrauss, president, at \$4 million to \$5 million. Possibility of a merger by Bridgeport was also hinted at by Mr. Steinkrauss. The company at present owns a 40 per cent interest in Noranda Mines Ltd., a Canadian copper company.

## Lead Drops Again

Lead again succumbed to London weakness. Domestic prices fell half-cent to 12.50 New York, lower since August, 1950. Lead products and oxides followed suit. Full sheet and pipe are now quoted at 17.5 cents.

At the Lead Industries Association's annual meeting, most users of lead fortified products estimated the consumption would hold strong in 1953. Battery makers expect production to climb 7.5 per cent this year, using about 415,000 tons. Second biggest use is for tetraethyl lead, and 10 per cent more lead will be needed this year.

It's getting to be a habit each year for some one to tell the group's annual meeting that one of their markets is falling by the wayside. Last year it was linotype, this year cathode sheathing.

### Kaiser Mill in Full Stride

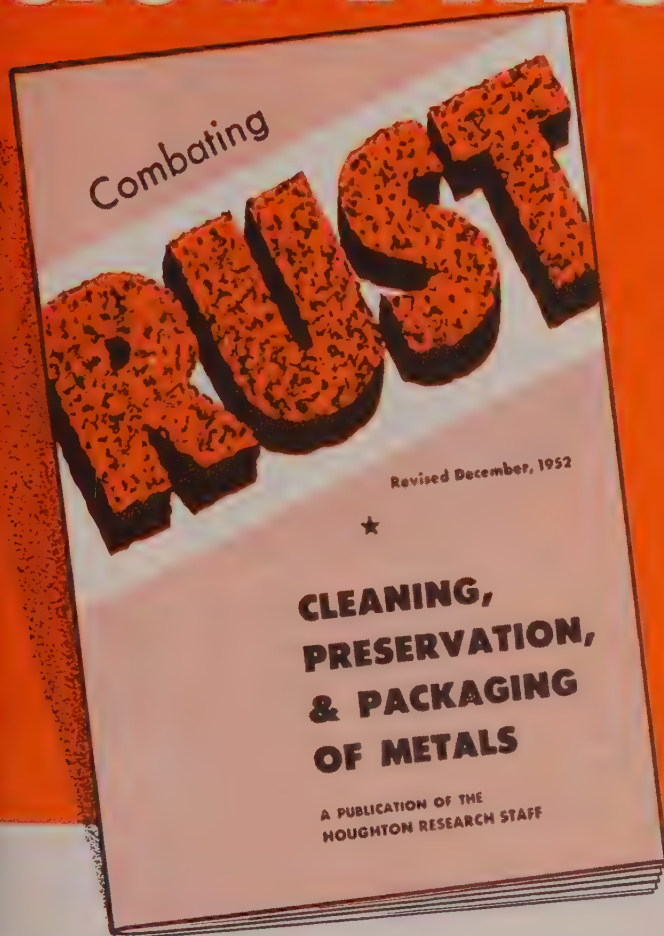
All Kaiser aluminum pig production in the Northwest is now fabricated there. The company's Trentwood rolling mill at Spokane, Wash., hit full stride in March, turning out more than 15,000 tons of fabricated semifabricated aluminum. A \$5 million expansion program at Trentwood has stretched the plant's capacity 60 per cent from the original monthly rating of 10,000 tons. Because power shortage cut primary production at the Mead Works nearly 50 per cent for four months, nearly 40 per cent of the pig aluminum used had to be shipped from the new Chalmette, La., reduction works and other sources outside the Northwest. Backlog of unshipped orders at Trentwood is highest it has ever been, says Works Manager A. H. Branstad.

### Uses Outstep Production

New applications of titanium to aircraft components are developing more rapidly than can be met by expanding production. The Air Force temporarily has discontinued its practice of allocating quantities of the metal to its air frame contractors to enable them to get acquainted with it.

In the meantime, contractors rapidly are getting accustomed to working titanium—so that there may be no further need for "educational" allocations.

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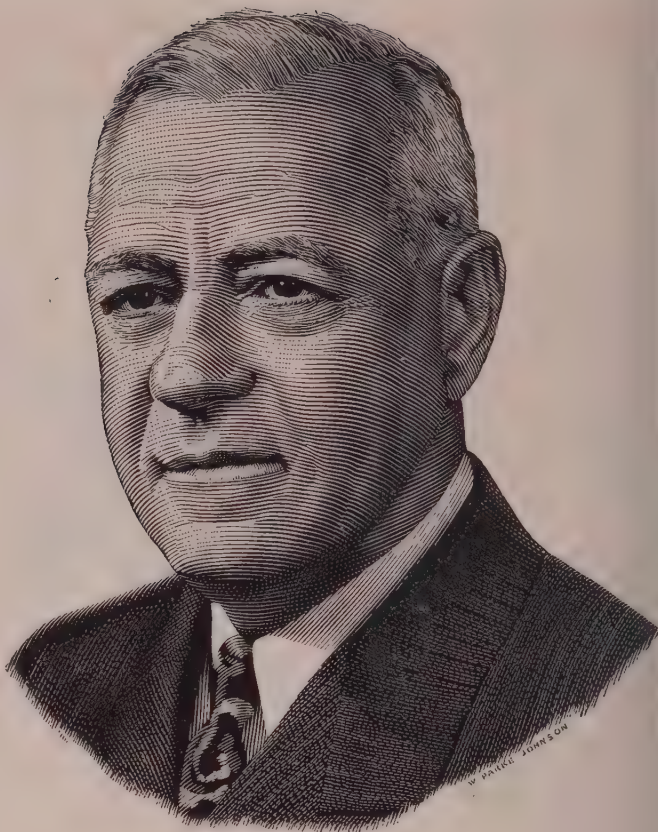
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***"... More than 6,000  
of our employees  
are now participating ..."***

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Chairman of the Board, National Gypsum Company



***"The Payroll Savings Plan for Bonds provides a convenient and profitable way for America's wage earners to save. Millions of Payroll Savers have become proud owners of homes purchased with Bonds bought this way. It also helps our national government with its problems of managing the public debt. We in National Gypsum urge the stimulation of the Payroll Savings Plan and are proud to report that more than 6,000 of our employees are now participating."***

Here's another success story of a person-to-person canvass:

In the Wahoo (Nebraska) ordnance plant of the National Gypsum Company, employee participation in the Payroll Savings Plan was a very low 1.73%.

In September of last year, with the whole-hearted encouragement of top management, the 3,000 employees of Gypsum's Ordnance Plant organized to conduct a person-to-person canvass to put a Payroll Savings Application Blank in the hands of every employee.

90% of the employees signed up in the opening days of the campaign. By September 12th, employee participation was 93.7%. On October 2nd, participation was almost 97%—and still going up.

To quote from National Gypsum's printed report of the Payroll Savings campaign:

• "Did we use fancy charts! Did we use advertisements? Did we have long-winded meetings. Did we

give prizes for production? The answer is No! We put the proposition squarely to the people, and we reported to the people once a week in bulletin form to let them know where they stood in relation to other departments as well as to the plant total. Once the spirit of competition and teamwork caught fire, once it became a matter of personal pride; a successful conclusion was only a matter of time and effort."

Justifiably proud of its sponsorship of the Payroll Savings Plan and the 97% enrollment of its employees, National Gypsum Company prepared a very interesting folder, "Bombs and Bonds for National Defense. The Savings Bond Program of the National Gypsum Company." Savings Bond Division, U. S. Treasury Department, Suite 700, Washington Building, Washington, D.C., will be glad to send you a copy. Read how easy it is to build *your* Payroll Plan to 90% or more participation.

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**STEEL**

**The Weekly Magazine of Metalworking**



# Demand Pressure for Sheets Unabated

Mills booking orders for third quarter but anticipate substantial carryover tonnage. Some may blank out portion of period to care for overflow

Sheet and Strip Prices, Page 201 & 204

**Boston**—Straight chromium stainless narrow strip is one of the most extended of flat-rolled products. Some producers are booked into September, automobile orders leading. Cold-rolled carbon strip July schedules are filling with more open-end tonnage available. Carbon sheet schedules are also filling for third quarter with some producers offering less volume, notably for July with carryovers a factor. Sheet-strip mills reducing light plate need the capacity for normal sheet production, but return to sheet may be delayed due to recent losses in production of light plates by a leading producer.

**New York**—Some sheet sellers in opening books for third quarter on commercial tonnage have virtually blanked out July. This is not only true in the case of hot and cold-rolled sheets but also in certain of the specialties, including enameling stock and electrical sheets.

One producer of a special zinc sheet reports arrearages, despite the fact that in the more common grades of galvanized sheets supply and demand appear in fair balance. Reflecting seasonal influences, demand from manufacturers of stamped sanitaryware and air conditioning equipment is being stepped up appreciably.

**Philadelphia**—Hot and cold-rolled sheets remain in tight supply with producers confronting more demand than they can handle for as far into third quarter as they care to accept tonnage. Certain mills are virtually blanking out July in anticipation of substantial carryover at the end of this quarter.

Despite the strong outlook for third quarter, the trade is somewhat puzzled. Automotive demand is admittedly the key to high level activity in sheets over the next several months. Reports out of Detroit remain highly optimistic, and the policy of leading automakers in lining up all the tonnage they can get, including no little premium steel for acceptance in third quarter as well as currently, appears to support this optimism.

Nevertheless, new cars in this district at least do not appear to be moving too well, and as for the used car market there has been an appreciable lag for some time past. The situation boils down to the question—Will makers be able to sell all the cars they are building? Car sales in May and June may provide the answer.

**Pittsburgh**—Allocations for third quarter are not out, but strong demand is predicted for the period. The military is expected to make a strong bid for tonnage although not to the extent it will seriously affect availability for other sheet consumers. A big factor will be automotive demand.

**Cleveland**—Sheetmakers anticipate no letdown in pressure for tonnage until fourth quarter at earliest, unless there are wholesale cutbacks in defense production.

Demand pressure is unusually strong from the automotive industry. Appliance manufacturers also are actively seeking tonnage, and warehouse demand is insatiable. Meanwhile, military and defense needs show no sign of letdown though some sellers anticipate a slackening should a Korean peace be arranged.

Indicative of the unusually pressing demand for hot and cold-rolled sheets, premium price sellers are reported obtaining up to 16 cents per pound for prompt shipment tonnage. Not much is moving at this price but what little is being taken, is considered significant.

Galvanized sheets, which have been in plentiful supply for some time past, are moving a little more actively, reflecting seasonal pickup in demand. Instances are reported where consumers, desperate for plain sheets, have purchased galvanized and decoated them.

**Cincinnati**—Consumers give every indication they will be ordering as much sheet and strip tonnage for third quarter as in second quarter.

**St. Louis**—Sheetmakers have opened third quarter books, but supply will be limited by Granite City Steel Co.'s decision to shut down for parts of July and August for change-over to new rolling equipment.

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**Los Angeles**—With more than 60 to 90 days arrearages, Kaiser Steel Corp. opened third quarter sheet order books. Demand is strong for all flat-rolled products except galvanized which is sluggish.

## Fasteners . . .

Bolt, Nut, Rivet Prices, Page 205

**Cleveland**—New bolt, nut and rivet discount lists are being published by the various producers incorporating advances of from 2 to 5 per cent. The upward movement was initiated a week or so ago in a move at bringing prices into line with production costs.

In the case of rivets some makers are quoting small rivets at 30 per (Turn to page 186)

## Steel Output Sets Monthly Record in March

MARCH, 1953, goes into the record books as the period of the greatest monthly steel output in history. A total of 10,153,000 net tons of ingots and steel for castings was poured.

The first quarter's production, 28,981,137 net tons, outweighed last year's first quarter output, 27,197,518 net tons, by 6.6 per cent, despite a slightly lower operating rate for the first quarter of 1953. The difference is explained by steelmaking capacity which has been added since the first of last year. Continued increases in capacity are also reflected

in the 256,000-net-ton margin in March, 1953, over the record January, 1953, output.

American Iron & Steel Institute says the steel made in the first 10-million-ton month (March, 1953) would yield almost twice as much in finished steel products as was shipped to makers of guns, tanks, ammunition and associated products during the years 1951 and 1952 combined. Those shipments were about 3.3 million net tons, mostly in products having a low yield from ingots. Other production figures follow.

	OPEN-HEARTH		BESSEMER		ELECTRIC		TOTAL		Calculated	No. of
	Net tons	% of capacity	Net tons	% of capacity	Net tons	% of capacity	Net tons	% of capacity	production (net tons)	weeks in mos.
1953										
January	8,841,679	101.4	350,200	88.9	704,748	81.1	9,896,627	99.1	2,234,002	4.43
February	7,939,299	100.8	329,389	92.6	662,822	84.4	8,931,510	99.0	2,232,877	4.00
March	9,036,000	103.6	355,000	90.1	762,000	87.6	10,153,000	101.7	2,292,000	4.43
1st Qtr. 1952	25,816,978	101.9	1,034,589	90.5	2,129,570	84.4	28,981,137	100.0	2,253,588	12.86
March	8,401,140	104.4	378,861	83.1	624,190	89.5	9,404,191	102.2	2,122,842	4.43
1st Qtr.	24,207,329	102.5	1,168,871	87.4	1,821,318	89.0	27,197,518	100.7	2,092,117	13.00

Note—The percentages of capacity in 1953 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,969,275 net tons open hearth, 88,934 net tons bessemer and 196,250 net tons electric ingots and steel for castings, total 2,254,459 net tons; based on annual capacities as of Jan. 1, 1953, as follows: Open-hearth 102,677,980 net tons, bessemer 4,637,000 net tons, electric 10,232,490 net tons, total 117,547,470 net tons. The percentages of capacity operated in 1952 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,816,637 net tons open-hearth, 102,926 net tons bessemer and 157,477 net tons electric ingots and steel for castings, total 2,077,040 net tons; based on annual capacities as of Jan. 1, 1952, as follows: Open-hearth 94,973,780 net tons; bessemer 5,381,000 net tons; electric 8,232,890 net tons; total 108,587,670 net tons.

† Preliminary figures, subject to revision.



## WAREHOUSE STEEL PRODUCTS

(Representative prices, cents per pound, subject to extras, f.o.b. warehouse. City delivery charges are 20 cents per 100 lb except: New York, 3 cents; Philadelphia, 25 cents; Birmingham, Cincinnati, San Francisco, St. Paul, 15 cents.)

	SHEETS			STRIP		BARS		Standard Structural Shapes	PLATES	
	H.R. 18 Ga., Heavier*	C.R.	Gal. 10 Ga.†	H.R.*	C.R.*	H.R. Rds.	C.F. Rds.‡		Carbon	Floor
Baltimore .....	5.81	7.17	8.27	6.42	...	6.41	7.18	11.27	6.47	7.70
Boston .....	6.51	7.35	8.39	6.55	...	6.42	7.49	12.37	6.58	7.98
Buffalo .....	5.80	6.65	8.31	6.21	...	5.90	6.95	11.07	6.08	7.67
Birmingham ...	5.80	6.65	7.70*	5.80	...	5.80	7.85	...	5.95	8.15
Chicago .....	5.80	6.65	7.90	5.83	...	5.83	6.80	10.65	5.95	7.18
Cincinnati .....	6.13	6.72	8.21	6.14	...	6.13	7.16	10.97	6.42	7.60
Cleveland .....	5.80	6.65	8.04	6.00	...	5.89	6.90	10.79	6.28	7.51
Detroit .....	6.23	6.46	8.44	6.08	7.495	6.12	7.10	10.92	6.42	7.52
Houston .....	6.74	...	8.67	6.89	...	6.98	...	...	6.82	8.16
Jersey City, N.J..	6.26	7.27	8.32	6.56	...	6.59	7.53	9.54	6.39	8.01
Los Angeles ...	6.60	8.45	9.50	6.75	11.20	6.60	8.65	12.05	6.60	8.90
Milwaukee .....	5.97	6.82	8.07	6.00	...	6.00	7.07	10.82	6.12	7.35
Moine, Ill. ....	6.16	7.00	8.30	6.19	...	6.18	6.91	...	6.30	...
New York .....	6.26	7.37	8.32	6.56	...	6.69	7.63	11.14	6.49	8.11
Norfolk, Va. ...	7.60	...	...	...	...	6.44	8.70	...	7.25	7.33
Philadelphia ...	6.16	7.18	7.70	6.50	8.30	6.47	7.50	10.89	6.22	7.42
Pittsburgh .....	5.80	6.65	7.90	5.97	...	5.83	6.90	10.65	5.95	7.18
Portland, Oreg..	7.80	9.05	9.75	7.60	...	7.35	9.40	...	7.30	9.25
Richmond, Va. .	6.14	6.95	8.68	6.53	...	6.30	7.63	...	6.58	7.80
St. Louis .....	6.10	6.94	8.20	6.14	...	6.13	7.20	10.95	6.35	7.53
St. Paul .....	6.47	7.31	8.61	6.50	...	6.49	7.32	...	6.61	7.64
San Francisco..	6.85	8.15	9.45	6.70	...	6.60	8.65	12.00	6.45	8.85
Seattle-Tacoma..	7.36	8.24	9.40	7.40	...	7.08	9.37	12.00	6.83	9.10
Spokane (city)..	7.80	9.40	10.15	7.15	...	7.10	9.70	11.90	7.00	9.15
Washington .....	6.31	7.61	8.90	6.89	...	6.90	8.03	...	6.93	8.17

Prices do not include gage extras; † prices include gage and coating extras, except Birmingham (coating extra excluded) and Los Angeles (gage extra excluded); ‡ includes 25-cent special bar quality extra; § as rolled; ¶ as annealed. Base quantities, 2000 to 9999 lb except as noted. Cold rolled strip, 2000 lb and over; cold-finished bars, 2000 lb and over; \*—500 to 1499 lb; †—1000 to 1999 lb.

(Concluded from page 185)

cent off the standard list. Others, however, are quoting 40 per cent off based on a 1000 piece order unit. It is understood those makers following the old pricing policy are considering a change to the 1000 piece policy, but since a number of changes in manufacturing and packaging departments are required it will be some time before the practice is uniformly observed in the industry.

## Warehouse . . .

Warehouse Prices, Page 186

**Boston**—District warehouses are gradually getting into better inventory balance. Stocks of a fewer number of products are short, carbon sheets, heavy wide plates and wide flanged beams being exceptions. Some distributors have curtailed their ordering of products in balanced supply, including galvanized sheets, smaller cold-finished bars, larger alloy bars and light strip mill plates. Demand from normal warehouse buyers is running slightly ahead of last year.

**New York**—Warehouses distributing specialties are building inventories faster than general line industrial distributors. The latter are hampered by lack of heavier sizes in plates, bars and structurals. Specialty warehouses in some cases have built up stocks to better than 65 per cent of normal. Since decontrol of prices, some producers have acquired more nickel scrap, slightly improving supply of nickel-bearing bars.

**Philadelphia**—Warehouse volume is well sustained with orders smaller on the average, but more numerous. One leading distributor reports business so far this month, on a dollar basis, as being fully comparable with that of a year ago, as well as with

that of last month. Hot and cold-rolled sheets, shapes, bars and plates are moving actively. Galvanized sheets are in a little better demand, but they are in plentiful supply.

**Pittsburgh**—Product balance seems distant to warehouse operators in this district. For the present, there is little likelihood of accumulating much inventory on large diameter bars and hot and cold-rolled sheets. Receipts of cold-rolled sheets have improved, but they are matched by stronger demand. Hot-rolled sheets can be sold as quickly as obtained. One warehouse sold a shipment from its branch in the South at the usual price plus transportation. Heating and air conditioning contractors are confronted with new union demands and seem to be willing to ride out the storm. As a result, galvanized sheets are less actively sought. Overall, warehouses look for strong second and third quarters.

**Cleveland**—Slight slackening in order volume was reported by several warehouses here last week. Overall demand, however, continues strong, especially for those items which are in tight supply.

Distributors' inventories have been improving steadily for some time past, but recent production suspensions at certain mills in Pittsburgh and Youngstown due to labor trouble have resulted in a slowing down in receipts the past couple weeks. It will take some time to make up this lost tonnage. Meanwhile, warehouse stocks continue unbalanced with hot and cold-rolled sheets in unusually short supply.

Large size bars, heavy plates and structurals also are tight. Supply conditions in sheets are described as very severe with reports circulating of cold-rolled sheets being moved by premium price sellers at 12 cents to 16 cents per pound.

**Cincinnati**—Demand is as brisk as ever. Distributors are predicting that a number of consumers are going to be disappointed after the Controlled Materials Plan expires as the demand is going to be great. Mills are reporting third quarter tonnage is sold out. The warehouses have been unable to build up stocks.

**Los Angeles**—Warehouse sales are steady at the March level. Steel is moving from producers to distributors in greater tonnage, raising inventories to as much as 75 to 80 per cent of normal.

**San Francisco**—Heavy demands are being made on warehouses for structurals, plates, light gage tubing, seamless tubing and large diameter rounds. On the other hand, demand has softened for welded pipe and galvanized sheets.

**Seattle**—Warehouse sales volume is satisfactory, demand continuing strong. If the strike at metalworking plants in this area is prolonged, however, warehouses will suffer. Plates and sheets are critically short and heat-treated alloy steel also is tight.

## Reinforcing Bars . . .

Reinforcing Bar Prices, Page 200

**Boston**—Bulk of large outstanding reinforcing tonnages has been placed. Less tonnage is being estimated, but outstanding are several thousand tons for Westover Field and the Boston Terminal Market. Bridge estimating is slow. Distributors have heavier volume of bars and inventories in general are improved.

**Seattle**—Capacity production of reinforcing bars is reported by district rolling mills. Order backlogs are down but considerable construction is up for bidding and sizable steel awards are expected soon.

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pressure off  
hydraulic press  
maintenance  
with

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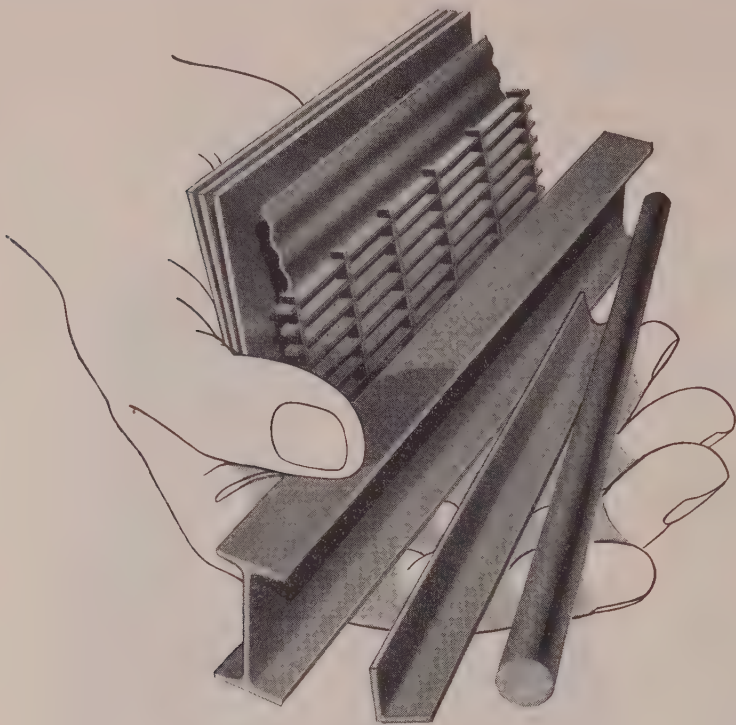
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# Levinson

## STEEL SALES COMPANY

PITTSBURGH, PA.—South 20th and Wharton Sts.

GALION, OHIO—387 South Market St.

## Steel Bars . . .

Bar Prices, Page 200 & 201

**Cleveland**—Anticipated third quarter increase in large bar requirements on shell account is seen as eliminating any possibility of increased supplies soon for commercial customers. Investigation of the alleged munitions shortage in Korea is expected to result in stepped-up pressure on the mills over the remainder of the year unless a truce is arranged which would make a cutback on stretchout possible.

Small sizes are increasingly plentiful, but large sizes such as hexagons, 1 1/16 inch, are described as worthy their weight in gold they are so scarce. One bolt and nut maker here was informed last week by its mill source that delivery on an order placed for first quarter shipment will not be forthcoming until some time in third quarter.

**Boston**—Heavy bars in all grades are under pressure but commercial demand for third quarter is not as urgent. Military tonnage account for sizable volume, including small sizes and alloys, for armament. Cold-finished carbon bars in the smaller sizes are easing with both warehouses and consumers. Converter of cold-finished are confronted with allotments covering only higher military orders in third quarter.

**New York**—Most bar sellers are anticipating a strong market in the third quarter, especially should steel requirements expand as indicated. This shell work will affect particularly the larger sizes of hot carbon and also the medium sizes of cold-drawn bars, such as are needed for fuses.

**Philadelphia** — Prospect for still heavier military set-asides in the third quarter points to continued stringency in large bar rounds for commercial work; also to a tighter situation than contemplated in cold-drawn bars required for shell fuses. Meanwhile, the supply outlook continues promising in most of the smaller sizes of hot carbon bars. Drop forgers are pressing hard for hot to quality steel up to 2 1/2 inches.

**Pittsburgh**—Demand for large and small diameter bars currently is strong. The shell program, calling principally for larger diameters, is showing renewed strength, and for the smaller diameter bars, war houses, fabricators, and bolt and nut makers are trying to build stocks.

**Cincinnati**—Warehouses have numerous holes in their alloy bar inventories. Stock is not coming in as fast as desired. The machine tool industry is not ordering so heavily but other consumers have taken up this slack so that demand has remained steady. Consumers of carbon bars can't get what they want.

**Chicago**—The intense pressure for bars, cold-finished as well as hot rolled, from automobile builders combine with military requirements to produce a tightness in supply that extends solidly through third quarter. Civilian goods manufacturer it is indicated, will remain under quotas indefinitely. Easing of pressure seemingly depends upon some scaling down of tonnage going into new automobiles.

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BARS  
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aids in cold forming of metals

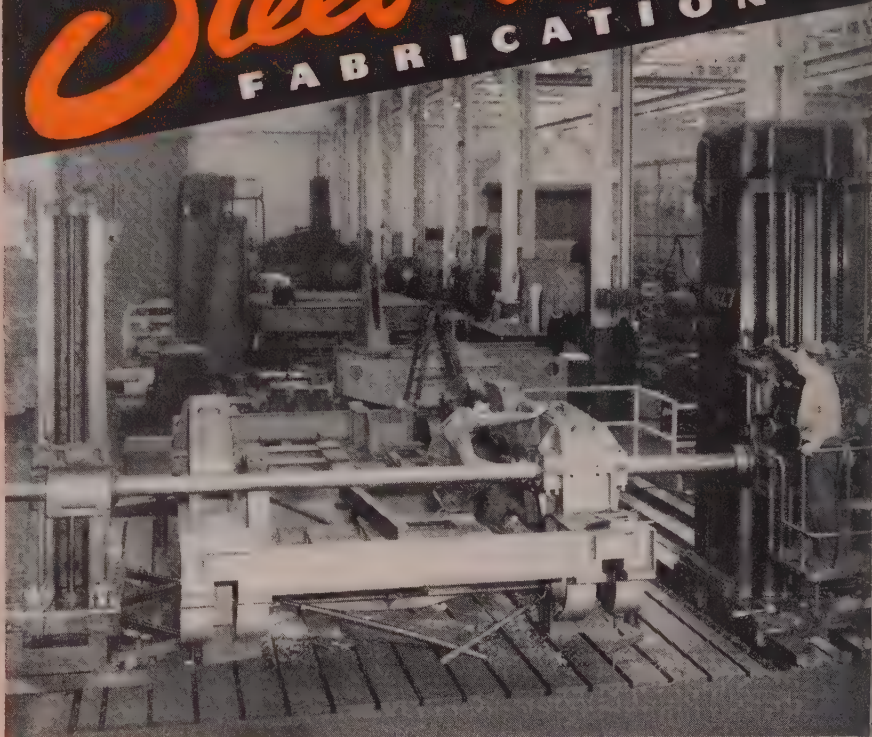
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# Steel-Weld

## FABRICATION



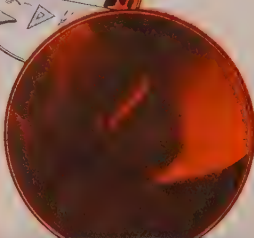
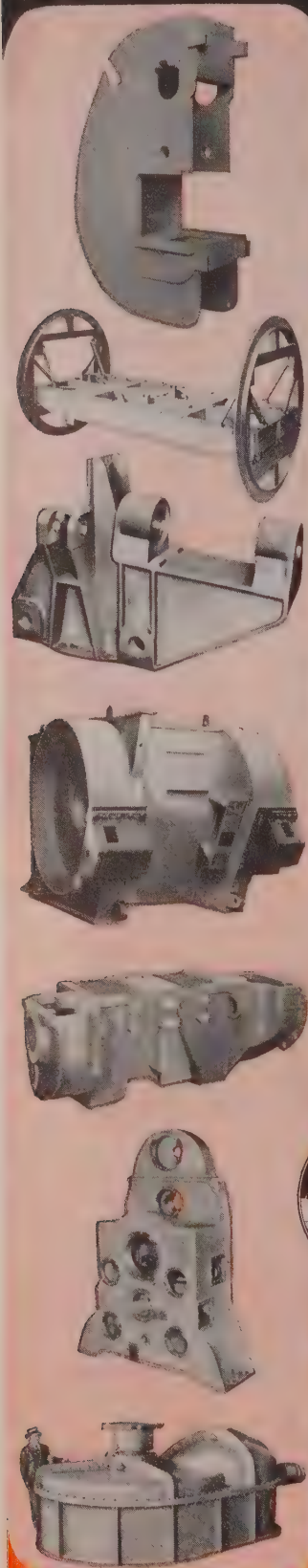
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with Less Weight!

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# MAHON





## Plates . . .

Plate Prices, Page 200

**Philadelphia** — One district plate mill, which for some time has been lagging well behind schedule due to the installation of new equipment and difficulties attending attainment of efficient operation, expects to become current with orders by the end of May. Only recently it opened books for June.

Some customers have been able to pick up tonnage from other sources at the mill has had no difficulty in finding out schedules. In fact, it could dispose of much more tonnage if it were in position to handle it.

A further squeeze on plate supply is resulted from labor difficulties of the leading Pittsburgh producer and continued suspension of one of its open-hearth departments, which in the past supplied considerable steel or plates. This interest only last week was able to open books on commercial work for third quarter, and then only on a rather limited basis.

**Boston**—Distribution of plates for third quarter is being revised as result of the loss of tonnage by a leading Pittsburgh district producer. This mill will have difficulty meeting its third quarter commitments. Some other mills are assuming part of the blame, but the production loss is not entirely made up because of the reluctance of distant producers to return to this market. Also, because of possible over-selling on the part of one or two mills the pinch will be especially acute in wide and heavy plates with possibly some tightening of light and narrow plates which, of late, have shown signs of getting to balance with demand.

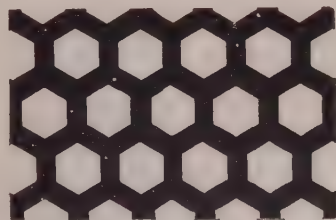
**New York** — All eastern plate mills, except one, are accepting commercial tonnage for delivery in third quarter. The exception is a mill that has been installing new equipment and is only now beginning to get caught up with arrearages. Most producers will have little capacity available for new civilian tonnage in July. Thereafter they should be fairly current, although indications point to brisk demand throughout third quarter.

**Pittsburgh**—Demand is slackening slightly for lighter gage plates. Military tonnage is being booked for third quarter and regular civilian orders are expected to be considered in about two weeks. Producers are waiting official word on military set-asides. From all indications they will be the same as in second quarter, but civilian deliveries will be on a more current basis. One reason for this is the lag in car building in second quarter. Car builders are currently quoting on deliveries for that time. No car shops are closing for lack of material. Mainly they are working one shift. They lack orders, a condition which is expected to be rectified during third quarter.

**Los Angeles** — While plates are more abundant at the distributor level, fabricators who buy plate and keep in mill quantities, say they are getting only 50 per cent of flat-rolled needed.

**Seattle**—Large tonnages of plates for Atomic Energy Commission projects at Arco, Idaho, are reported

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placed with an unstated Phoenix, Ariz., firm by Utah Construction Co., general contractor.

## Tin Plate . . .

Tin Plate Prices, Page 201

**Pittsburgh** — Tin plate producers expect strong demand throughout second quarter. The market is stronger than it was two months ago. Third quarter prospects are promising. Full order books are expected barring unexpected setbacks in early crops. Producers are showing interest in marketing fresh milk in cans, which now is being done for commercial purposes on the West Coast. In Wisconsin six ounce cans of fresh milk are being turned out for vending machines in the New York city area. The military is a prospective large user of canned fresh milk.

## Wire . . .

Wire Prices, Page 204

**Boston**—Upholstery spring wire orders extend into third quarter. Users of cold-heading wire have used up all second quarter tickets and are looking for additional open-end tonnage for June to improve inventories. For further conversion after June 30, reduced rod allocations will cover higher rated military defense, balance being mill allotments.

Fully 90 per cent of wire consumers will be down one or two weeks in July, some co-ordinating with mill suspensions for vacations. This combined, with undetermined carry-over for some wire products, will mean lower July shipments.

Soft spots in wire schedules include fine wire specialties, and rope wire.

**New York**—Depending on the product, demand for finished wire is spotty. Heaviest buying is by the automobile industry, valve spring and upholstery grades. Some orders have been booked beyond July. There are scattered openings, mostly finer specialties, for late second quarter. Rope wire is slow, but several suspension bridge projects account for large tonnages.

**Philadelphia**—Business in nails and merchant wire is picking up, reflecting seasonal influences. No scarcity is developing, nor are there any indications of such in the market. But there is an upturn in the movement of these items which have been moving sluggishly for months. Trading in manufacturers wire is sustained at high level.

**Cleveland** — Some improvement in demand for merchant wire products is reported, reflecting largely seasonal pickup after several months of comparatively sluggish movement. Farm needs are expanding and building activities are increasing. Manufacturers wire continues to move at active pace and no letdown is in sight into third quarter.

**Seattle**—Federal Supply Service is purchasing seasonal requirements for various agencies. Recent placements include 80 tons of barbed wire, divided between Bethlehem Steel Co. and Columbia-Geneva Steel Division of U. S. Steel Corp.

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customer-attracting finishes...



Beverage cooler manufactured by Mundean Mfg. Co., Columbus, Ohio, using Republic Electro Paintlok Sheets for the enamel-finished exterior and the natural-finish inner liner. Trim is Republic Enduro Stainless Steel.

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The makers of this beverage cooler estimate that its bright red finish still will be pulling in customers after 10 years of service, outdoors or in.

The body and inside liner of the cabinet are Republic Electro Paintlok . . . the zinc-coated steel sheet that is chemically treated to *take* paints, lacquers, and synthetic enamels *smoothly* . . . and *hold* them for years, even under hard service and severe exposure.

What's more . . . the tight zinc coat helps protect the steel and the enameled finish from creeping rust and corrosion even if the painted surface should be scratched.

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## ORES-COKE-REFRACTORIES

Prices as reported to STEEL; changes shown in italic.

### ORES

#### Lake Superior Iron Ore

(Prices effective for ore delivered up to and including June 30, 1953; gross ton, 51.50% iron natural, rail of vessel, lower lake ports.)  
Old range bessemer ..... \$10.10  
Mesabi bessemer ..... 9.95  
Mesabi nonbessemer ..... 9.70  
Open-hearth lump ..... 10.95  
High phosphorus ..... 9.70  
The foregoing prices are based on upper lake rail freight rates, lake vessel freight rates, handling and unloading charges, and taxes thereon, which were in effect on Dec. 31, 1952, and increases or decreases after such date for buyer's account.

#### Eastern Local Iron Ore

Cents per unit del. E. Pa.  
Foundry and basic 56-62% concentrates contract ..... 17.00

#### Foreign Iron Ore

Cents per unit, c.i.f. Atlantic ports  
Swedish basic, 60 to 68%: .....  
Spot ..... nom.  
Long-term contract ..... 22.00  
North African hematites (spot) ... 26.00-28.00  
Brazilian iron ore, 68-69% (spot) ... 25.00

#### Tungsten Ore

Net ton unit, duty paid  
Foreign wolframite and scheelite, per net ton unit ..... \$65.00  
Domestic scheelite, mines ..... 65.00

#### Manganese Ore

Manganese, 48% nearby, \$1.18-1.21 per long ton unit, c.i.f. U. S. ports, duty for buyer's account; shipments against old contracts for 48% ore are being received from some sources at 90c-93c.

#### Chrome Ore

Gross ton, f.o.b. cars, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, S. C., plus ocean freight differential for delivery to Portland, Oreg., or Tacoma, Wash.

#### Indian and African

48% 2.8:1 ..... \$40.00-\$42.00  
48% 3:1 ..... 44.00-46.00  
48% no ratio ..... 32.00-34.00

#### South African Transvaal

44% no ratio ..... \$27.00-\$28.00  
48% no ratio ..... 34.00-35.00

#### Brazilian

44% 2.5:1 lump ..... nom. \$32

#### Domestic

(Rail nearest seller)

48% 3:1 ..... \$39.00

#### Molybdenum

Sulphide concentrates per lb. molybdenum content, mines ..... \$1.00

### REFRACTORIES

#### Fire Clay Brick

High-Heat Duty: Pueblo, Colo., \$89.00; Ashland, Grahn, Hayward, Hitchins, Haldeman, Olive Hill, Ky., Athens, Troup, Tex., Beech Creek, Clearfield, Curwensville, Lochhaven, Lumber, Orviston, West Decatur, Pa., Bessemer, Ala., Farber, Mexico, St. Louis, Vandalia, Mo., Ironton, Oak Hill, Farral, Portsmouth, O., Ottawa, Ill., Stevens Pottery, Ga., Woodbridge, N. J., \$99.30 Salina, Pa., \$104.55; Niles, O., \$109; Los Angeles, Pittsburg, Calif., \$132.30.

#### Silica Brick

Standard: Alexandria, Claysburg, Mt. Union, Sproul, Pa., Ensley, Ala., Portsmouth, O., \$99.30; Hays, Pa., \$105.10; Niles, O., \$107; E. Chicago, Ind., Joliet, Rockdale, Ill., \$109.70; Cutler, Utah, \$116.55; Los Angeles, \$122.85.

#### Insulating Fire Brick

2300° F: Massillon, O., \$178.50; Clearfield, Pa., \$179.55; Augusta, Ga., Beaver Falls, Zelonople, Pa., Mexico, Mo., \$186.90.

#### Ladle Brick

Dry Pressed: Bessemer, Ala., \$41.60; Alev, Ill., Chester, New Cumberland, W. Va., Freeport, Johnstown, Merrill Station, Pa., Wells-

ville, O., \$89.30; Mexico, Mo., \$73.50; Clearfield, Pa., Portsmouth, O., \$83; Perla, Ark., \$92.40; Los Angeles, \$110.25; Pittsburg, Calif., \$111.30.

#### Sieves

Reesdale, Pa., \$127; Johnstown, Pa., \$127.30; Clearfield, Pa., \$135; St. Louis, \$138; Athens, Tex., \$140.90.

#### Nozzles

Reesdale, Pa., \$203.20; Johnstown, Pa., \$208.40; Clearfield, Pa., \$219.45; St. Louis, \$224.65; Athens, Tex., \$225.20.

#### Runners

Reesdale, Pa., \$158.20; Johnstown, Pa., \$161.70; Clearfield, Pa., \$168.60; St. Louis, \$170.30; Athens, Tex., \$174.40.

#### High-Alumina Brick

50 Per Cent: Clearfield, Pa., St., Louis, Mexico, Mo., \$166.30; Danville, Ill., \$169.30.  
60 Per Cent: St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., \$210.20; Danville, Ill., \$213.20.  
70 Per Cent: St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., \$244.85; Danville, Ill., \$247.85; Clearfield, Pa., \$252.

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Price per net ton

#### Beehive Ovens

Connellsville fur. .... \$14.50-15.00  
Connellsville fdry. .... 16.50-17.50  
New River foundry ..... 20.80  
Wise county foundry ..... 15.95  
Wise county, furnace ..... 15.20

#### Oven Foundry Coke

Kearney, N. J.ovens ..... \$24.00  
Everett, Mass., ovens New England, del. .... \$26.05  
Chicago ovens ..... 24.50  
Chicago, del. .... 26.00  
Terre Haute, ovens ..... 25.25  
Milwaukee, ovens ..... 24.25  
Indianapolis, ovens ..... 28.12  
Cincinnati, del. .... 25.85  
Painesville, O.ovens ..... 25.50  
Cleveland, del. .... 27.43  
Erie, Pa., ovens ..... 25.00  
Birmingham, ovens ..... 21.65  
Cincinnati, del. .... 28.58  
LoneStar, Tex., ovens ..... 18.50  
Philadelphia, ovens ..... 23.95  
Swedeland, Pa., ovens ..... 23.85  
St. Louis, ovens ..... 26.00  
St. Louis, del. .... 24.00  
Portsmouth, O.ovens ..... 26.62  
Cincinnati, del. .... 25.50  
Detroit, ovens ..... 26.50  
Detroit, del. .... 26.50  
Buffalo, del. .... 28.08  
Flint, del. .... 28.23  
Pontiac, del. .... 27.08  
Saginaw, del. .... 28.58  
\*Or within \$4.55 freight zone from works.

### COAL CHEMICALS

Spot, cents per gallon, ovens

Pure benzol ..... 36.00  
Toluol, one deg. .... 30.00-33.00  
Industrial xyol ..... 30.00-33.50

Per ton, bulk, ovens

Sulphate of ammonia ..... \$44.45  
Birmingham area ..... \$49.50

Cents per pound, ovens

Phenol, 40 (carlots, nonreturnable drums) ..... 17.25

### FLUORSPAR

Metallurgical grade, f.o.b. shipping point, in Ill., Ky., net tons carloads, effective CaF<sub>2</sub> content 70%, \$43; 60%, \$40.  
Imported, net ton, duty paid, metallurgical grade, \$30-\$35.

you cut costs—  
improve your products  
with

## pre-coated Thomas Strip

Costs go down—product quality goes up, when you use Thomas *pre-coated* strip in stamping and drawing light-metal parts. Savings show up in almost every direction.

It has a clean, smooth-surface finish which eliminates the cost of preparation before fabrication. In many instances, all that is necessary is to fabricate and assemble, as cleaning, plating, and buffing operations are not necessary. Often the tightly adhering, non-ferrous coating serves as the final finish. The coating also acts as a die lubricant, increases die life, reduces wear and cuts re-tooling costs. It protects the base metal during manufacturing processes.

In addition to these many cost saving advantages, *pre-coated* Thomas Strip improves products by providing a uniform finish on products inside and out. It adds substantially to product life and appearance, at low cost.

To lower operating costs and increase product acceptance use *pre-coated* Thomas Strip. For assistance in selecting the most desirable coating for your products from the wide variety listed below, write today.

*Cold-rolled strip steel electrolytically pre-coated with Zinc, Copper, Brass, Nickel, Lead-Alloy and Chromium in Natural, Planished and Buffed Finished—Hot Dip Tin and Lead Alloy Coated—Lacquer Coated in Colors—Annealed Spring Steel—Alloy Strip Steel—Uncoated Strip Steel. Carefully produced to your specifications.*

# Thomas Strip

a product of

## Pittsburgh Steel Company

Thomas Strip Division • Warren, Ohio





## CURRENT FERROALLOY QUOTATIONS

Prices as reported to STEEL; changes shown in *italic*

## MANGANESE ALLOYS

Spiegeleisen: (19-21% Mn, 1-3% Si). Carlot per gross ton, \$85, Palmerton, Pa.; \$85, Pittsburgh and Chicago; (16% to 19% Mn) \$1 per ton lower.

Standard Ferromanganese: (Mn 78-82%, C 7% approx.) Carload, lump, bulk \$225 per gross ton of alloy, c.i. packed \$237; gross ton lots, packed, \$252; less gross ton lots, packed \$269; f.o.b. Sheridan, Pa., Alloy W. Va., Niagara Falls, N. Y., Ashtabula, Philo or Marietta, O., Lynchburg, Va. Base price: \$227, Johnstown, Pa.; \$228, Etna, Pa.; \$226, Anaconda, Mont.

Shipment from Pacific Coast warehouses by one seller, add \$33 to above prices f.o.b. Los Angeles, Oakland, Portland, Oreg. Shipment from Chicago warehouse, ton lots \$267; less gross ton lots, \$284, f.o.b. Chicago. Add or subtract \$2.80 for each 1% or fraction thereof, of contained manganese over 82% and under 78%, respectively.

Low-Carbon Ferromanganese, Regular Grade: (Mn 85-90%). Carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.07% C, 27.95c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 28.7c, ton lots 29.8c, less ton 31.0c. Delivered. Deduct 0.5c for max. 0.15% C grade from above prices, 1c for max. 0.30% C, 1.5c for max 0.50% C, and 4.5c for max 75% C—max 7% Si. Special Grade: (Mn 90% min, C 0.07% max, P 0.06% max). Add 0.5c to the above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

Medium-Carbon Ferromanganese: (Mn 80-85%, C 1.5% max). Carload, lump, bulk 21.35c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 22.1c, ton lot 23.2c, less ton 24.4c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Manganese metal, 2" x D (Mn 96% min, Fe 2% max, Si 1% max, C 0.2% max): Carload, lump, bulk, 36.2c per lb of metal; packed, 36.95c; ton lot 38.45c; less ton lots 40.45c. Delivered. Spot, add 2c.

Electromanganese: Carload, 30c; ton lots, 32c; 250 to 1999 lb, 34c. Premium for hydrogen-removed metal, 1.5c per pound, f.o.b. cars Knoxville, Tenn. Freight allowed to St. Louis or to any point east of Mississippi.

Silicomanganese: (Mn 65-68%). Contract, lump, bulk, 1.50% C grade, 18-20% Si, 11.4c per lb of alloy, carload packed, 12.15c, ton lots 13.05c, less ton 14.05c. Freight allowed. For 2% C grade, Si 15-17%, deduct 0.2c from above prices. For 3% C grade, Si 12-14.5%, deduct 0.5c from above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

## TITANIUM ALLOYS

Ferrotitanium, Low-Carbon: (Ti 20-25%, Al 3.5% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Contract, ton lots 2" x D, \$1.50 per lb of contained Ti; less ton \$1.55. (Ti 38-43%, Al 8% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Ton lot \$1.35, less ton \$1.37, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to St. Louis. Spot add 5c.

Ferrotitanium, High-Carbon: (Ti 15-18%, C 6-8%). Contract \$177 per net ton, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to destinations east of Mississippi river and north of Baltimore and St. Louis.

Ferrotitanium, Medium-Carbon: (Ti 17-21%, C 2-4.5%). Contract, \$195 per ton, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

## CHROMIUM ALLOYS

High-Carbon Ferrochrome: Contract, c.i., lump, bulk 24.75c per lb of contained Cr; c.i., packed 25.65c, ton lot 26.80c, less ton 28.20c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome: (Cr 67-72%) Contract, carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.03% C, 37.60c per lb contained Cr, 0.04% C, 35.60c, 0.06% C, 34.50c, 0.10% C, 34.00c, 0.15% C, 33.75c, 0.20% C, 33.50c, 0.50% C, 33.25c, 1% C, 33.00c, 1.50% C, 32.85c, 2% C, 32.75c. Carload packed add 1.1c, ton lot add 2.2c, less ton add 3.9c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Foundry Ferrochrome, High Carbon: (Cr 62-66%, C 5-7%) Contract, c.i. 8 M x D, bulk, 26.25c per lb of contained Cr, c.i., packed 27.15c, ton 28.50c, less ton 30.25c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Foundry Ferrochrome, Low Carbon: (Cr 50-54%, Si 28-32%, C 1.25% max.) Contract, carload, packed, 8 M x D, 18.35c per lb of alloy; ton lot 19.2c; less ton lot, 20.4c, delivered; spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome Silicon: (Cr 34-41%, Si 42-49%, C 0.05% max.) Contract, carload, lump, 4" x down and 2" x down, bulk, 25.75c per lb of contained chromium plus 12.4c per pound of contained silicon; 1" x down, bulk 25.90c per pound of contained chromium plus 12.60c per pound of contained silicon, f.o.b. plant; freight allowed to destination.

Ferrochrome Silicon, No. 2: (Cr 38-39%, Si 26-39%, Al 7-9%, C 0.05% max.) 25.75c per lb of contained silicon plus 16.4c per lb of contained silicon plus aluminum 3" x down, delivered.

Chromium Metal: (Min 97% Cr and 1% Fe) contract carload, 1" x D; packed, max 0.50% C grade, \$1.12 per lb of contained chromium, ton lots \$1.14, less ton \$1.16. Delivered. Spot, add 5c; prices on 0.10 per cent carbon grade, up 4c.

## CALCIUM ALLOYS

Calcium-Manganese-Silicon: (Ca 16-20%, Mn 14-18% and Si 53-59%). Contract, carload, lump, bulk 20.0c per lb of alloy, carload packed 20.8c, ton lot 22.3c, less ton 23.3c. Delivered. Spot add 0.25c.

Calcium-Silicon: (Ca 30-33%, Si 60-65%, Fe 1.50-3%). Contract, carload, lump, bulk 10.0c per lb of alloy, carload packed 20.2c, ton lot 22.1c, less ton 23.6c. Del. Spot add 0.25c.

## SILICON ALLOYS

25-30% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 20.0c per lb of contained Si, packed 21.40c; ton lot 22.50c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

50% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 12.40c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 14.0c, ton lot 15.45c, less ton 17.1c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.45c.

Low-Aluminum 50% Ferrosilicon: (Al 0.40% max.) Add 1.3c to 50% ferrosilicon prices. 75% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 14.3c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 15.6c, ton lot 18.75c, less ton 18.0c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.8c.

90-95% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 17.0c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 18.2c, ton lot 19.15c, less ton 20.2c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Metal: (Min 97% Si and 1% max Fe) C.i. lump, bulk, regular 18.5c per lb of Si, c.i. packed 19.7c, ton lot 20.6c, less ton 21.6c. Add 0.5c for max. 0.10% calcium grade. Deduct 0.5c for max 2% Fe grade analyzing min 96% Si. Spot, add 0.25c.

Alsilfer: (Approx. 20% Al, 40% Si, 40% Fe) Contract, basis f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., lump, carload, bulk, 9.90c per lb of alloy, ton lots packed 11.30c, 20 to 1999 lb 11.65c, smaller lots 12.15c.

## ZIRCONIUM ALLOYS

12-15% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 12-15%, Si 30-43%, Fe 40-45%, C 0.20% max.) Contract, c.i. lump, bulk 7.0c per lb of alloy, c.i. packed 7.75c, ton lot 8.5c, less ton 9.35c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

35-40% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 35-40%, Si 47-52%, Fe 8-12%, C 0.50% max.) Contract, carload, lump, packed 20.25c per lb of alloy, ton lot 21c, less ton 22.25c. Freight allowed. Spot add 0.25c.

## VANADIUM ALLOYS

Ferrovanadium: Open-hearth Grade (V 25-55%, Si 8-12% max, C 3-5.5% max.) Contract, any quantity, \$3.10 per lb of contained V. Delivered. Spot, add 10c. Crucible-Special Grades (V 35-55%, Si 2-3.5% max, C 0.5-1% max), \$3.20. Primos and High Speed Grades (V 35-55%, Si 1.50% max, C 0.20% max) \$3.30.

Grainal: Vanadium Grainal No. 1, \$1 per lb; No. 6, 68c; No. 79, 50c, freight allowed.

Vanadium Oxide: Contract, less carload lots \$1.28 per lb contained V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, freight allowed. Spot, add 5c.

## TUNGSTEN ALLOYS\*

Ferrotungsten: (70-80%). 10,000 lb W or more, \$4.85 per lb of contained W; 2,000 lb W to 10,000 lb W, \$4.95; less than 2,000 lb W, \$5.07, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.

\*Government ceiling prices, effective May 7, 1951, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., basis.

## BORON ALLOYS

Ferrobore: (B 17.50% min, Si 1.50% max, Al 0.50% max, C 0.50% max.) Contract, 100 lb or more, 1" x D, \$1.20 per lb of alloy. Less than 100 lb \$1.30. Delivered, spot, add 5c. F.o.b. Washington, Pa., prices, 100 lb and over, are as follows: Grade A (10-14% B) 75c per pound; Grade B (14-18% B) \$1.20; Grade C (19% min B) \$1.50.

Borosit: (3 to 4% B, 40 to 45% Si), \$5.25 per lb contained B, delivered to destination.

Bortam: (B 1.5-1.9%). Ton lots, 45c per lb smaller lots, 50c per lb.

Carbortam: (B 1 to 2%) contract, lump, carload 9.50c per lb, f.o.b. Suspension Bridge, N. Y. freight allowed same as high-carbon ferrotitanium.

## BRIQUETTED ALLOYS

Chromium Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3% Mn each and containing exactly 2 lb of Cr). Contract, carload, bulk, 14.50c per lb of briquet carload packed 15.2c, ton 16.0c, less ton 16.9c. Del. Add 0.25c for notching. Spot, add 0.25c.

Ferromanganese Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Mn). Contract, carload, bulk 12.45c per lb of briquet c.i. packaged 13.25c, ton lot 14.05c, less ton 14.95c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notching. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicomanganese Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3 1/2 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Mn and approx. 1/2 lb of Si). Contract, c.i. bulk 12.65c, per lb of briquet, c.i. packed 13.45c, ton lot 14.25c, less ton 15.15c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notching. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Briquets: (Large size—weighing approx. 5 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Si). Contract, carload, bulk 6.95c per lb of briquet c.i. packed 7.75c, ton lot 8.55c, less ton 9.45c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

(Small size—weighing approx. 2 1/2 lb and containing exactly 1 lb of Si). Carload, bulk 7.1c, c.i. packed 7.9c, ton lot 8.7c, less ton 9.6c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notching, small size only. Spot, add 0.25c.

Molybde-Oxide Briquets: (Containing 2 1/2 lb of Mo each) \$1.14 per pound of Mo contained, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.

## OTHER FERROALLOYS

Ferrocolumbium: (Cb 56-60%, Si 8% max, C 0.4% max.) Contract, ton lot, 2" x D, \$4.90 per lb of contained Cb, less ton \$4.9. Delivered. Spot, add 10c.

Ferrotantalum-Columbium: (Cb 40% approx, Ta 20% approx, and Cb and Ta 60% min, 0.30% max) ton lots, 2" x D, \$3.75 per lb of contained Cb plus Ta, del.; less ton lot \$3.80.

Silicaz Alloy: (Si 35-40%, Ca 9-11%, Al 6-8%, Zr 3-5%, Ti 6-11%, B 0.55-0.75%). Carload, packed, 1" x D, 45c per lb of alloy, ton lot 47c, less ton lot 49c. Delivered.

SMZ Alloy: (Si 60-65%, Mn 5-7%, Zr, 5-7%, Fe 20% approx.) Contract, carload, packed, 1/2" x 12 M, 17.5c per lb of alloy, ton lot 18.25c, less ton 19.5c. Del. Spot, add 0.25c.

Graphidox No. 4: (Si 48-52%, Ca 5-7%, Ti 11%). C.i. packed, 18c per lb of alloy; ton lots 19c; less ton lots 20.50c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.; freight allowed to St. Louis.

V-5 Foundry Alloy: (Cr 35-40%, Si 17-19%, Mn 8-11%). C.i. packed, 15c per lb of alloy, ton lots 16.50c; less ton lots 17.75c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls; freight allowed to St. Louis.

Simalan: (Approx. 20% each Si, Mn, Al; 8% Fe) Lump, carload, bulk 15.50c, packed 15.50c, ton lots, packed, 15.75c; less ton lots, packed 16.25c per lb of alloy, delivered to destination within United States.

Ferrophosphorus: (23-25% based on 24% content with unitage of \$3 for each 1% of above or below the base); carloads, f.o. sellers' works, Mt. Pleasant, Siglo, Tenn., \$1 per gross ton.

Ferromolybdenum: (55-75%). Per lb, contained Mo f.o.b. Langeloth, \$1.32 in all sizes except powdered which is \$1.41; Washington, Pa., furnace, any quantity \$1.32.

Technical Molybde-Oxide: Per lb, contained Mo, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa., \$1.14, in cans; bags, \$1.13, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.; Washington, Pa., \$1.13.



*"Mother's asleep now, son," Dad told him. "She'll be asleep a long, long time. It's kind of like going away. We'll have to learn to get along without her, Johnnie."*

## To a statistic named Johnnie

Who's Johnnie? Just one of the 175,000 children under eighteen here in the United States who have lost a mother to cancer.

Statistics are a little too big for a boy this small to understand. Even the hopeful ones about cancer—and there are more every year.

**More and more today—  
cancer can be cured**

*Patients are being cured who could not have been saved—even five years ago. In 1952, some 70,000 with cancer were saved.*

*And this number could have been doubled, if treatment in all the cases had been begun in time.*

Your contributions to the American Cancer Society helped make such hopeful statistics possible. And they can make the story even brighter tomorrow.

Not for Johnnie, to be sure.

But for all the other children—they might be yours—who still have their mothers and fathers. If only one tenth of the millions of people

like you who have such good intentions would actually take the time to send us their contributions! And would do it now—instead of turning the page . . .

### AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY

Gentlemen:

Please send me free literature about cancer. Enclosed is my contribution of \$\_\_\_\_\_ to the cancer crusade.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

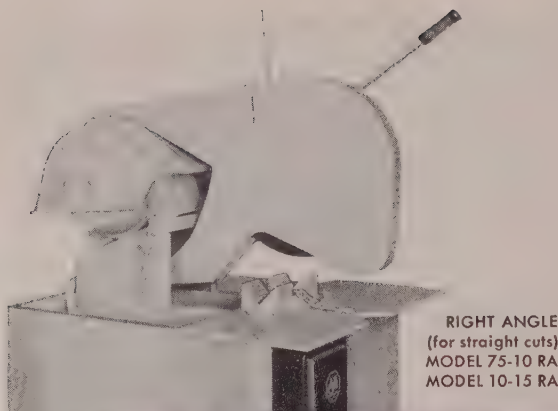
Simply address the envelope:  
"Cancer," c/o Postmaster, Name of Your Town

**CANCER STRIKES ONE IN FIVE**

**Strike back—give to the American Cancer Society**







RIGHT ANGLE  
(for straight cuts)  
MODEL 75-10 RA  
MODEL 10-15 RA

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Give you **FASTER CUTS** with  
**MAXIMUM WHEEL LIFE**

### GREATER POWER IS THE SECRET

Wise saws are power packed with 7 1/2 or 10 h.p. HEAVY DUTY motors. This permits faster cuts with extra hard 18" or 20" wheels. These wheels last longer and, in turn, produce more cuts per wheel dollar!

Wise saws also cost less than similar capacity saws—much less! Construction throughout is heavy duty. Designed to meet the needs of all industries. New safety guard is unmatched. Number 2 Magnetic Starter is standard equipment.

### RIGHT ANGLE OR SWING HEAD TYPES

Both saws have the same outstanding construction and power features. WILL CUT UP TO 6" PIPE AND 8" CHANNEL IN ONLY A MATTER OF SECONDS!

SWING HEAD  
(head swings for  
90° to 45°  
mitre cuts)  
MODEL 75-10 SH  
MODEL 10-15 SH

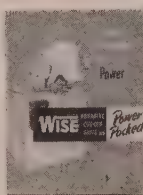
Write for free descriptive folder No. WS-1000-4.  
Provides valuable data on recommended wheel grades for different types of cutting.

## HENRY H. WISE CO.

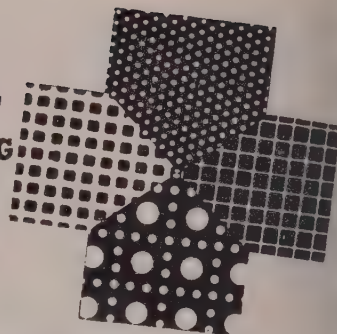
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Manhattan Abrasive Wheels.

Territories Open  
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STEAM CLEANERS

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Clark Township (Raritan), New Jersey

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## Structural Shapes . . .

Structural Shape Prices, Page 200

**Chicago**—Structural fabricators report an upturn in industrial inquiries. Some time these had been lagging. There now is optimism that shop facilities will be well committed the next several months. Structural mills will be obliged to accommodate customers on a quota basis in third quarter the same as previously. Some of the easing recently anticipated may not develop.

**Boston**—On limited volume of edge tonnage estimated, prices for fabricated structural steel are more competitive and below those in the same period last year. Of other finished steel products entering into bridges, grid flooring is relatively easy, delivery under 60 days, but piling and sheet piling are somewhat more extended. Schools lead in public building construction. Structural mill backlogs are more extended. Fabricating shops are hampered by shortages in heavier plate steel.

**New York**—While still light in relation to public construction, commercial structural activity is improving. This latter includes a fair sprinkling of industrial work.

**Philadelphia**—Structural awards are light, but indications are volume will improve as an increasing amount of work is being figured. Some jobs that have been pending for some time appear on the point of being ordered. Public demand still dominates the market, not only from the standpoint of size of projects, but number as well. The ratio over private work is not pronounced, however, and as the latter includes more small jobs, small fabricating shops are encouraged.

**Pittsburgh**—Some lag in delivery of structural steel seems in the offing. Slightly longer delivery schedules are indicated for third quarter as result of the shutdown of No. 3 open hearth at the Homestead works of U. S. Steel Corp. To what extent structural deliveries will suffer has not been determined, but it is agreed the tonnage loss will place greater burden on other structural facilities in the district.

**Seattle**—Large and small fabricating shops were idled recently by a machinists' strike. The interruption as a blow to Alaskan military construction. Several important structural tonnages remain unplaced.

## Semifinished Steel . . .

Semifinished Prices, Page 200

**Youngstown**—Strike on the railroad serving two U. S. Steel Corp. plants here ended last midweek after the mills had been closed down for about a week. Something like 60,000 tons of ingots are expected to be cast before the steelworks and mills are again in full operation. Resumption of production followed quickly upon the strike settlement though it took a couple days for blast furnaces, open hearths and rolling mills to regain full operating schedules. District ingot operations last week averaged 95 per cent of capacity. This compares with the 106 per cent rate

that had been in effect for many weeks prior to the shutdown.

## Metallurgical Coke . . .

Metallurgical Coke Prices, Page 199

**Cleveland**—Oven coke supplies are adequate to support current spotty foundry operations without difficulty. Sellers, however, are disposing of their tonnage to regular customers with the result there is no surplus on the market.

**Chicago**—Foundry coke supply is in pretty fair balance with demand. Consumers' stocks are reasonably good and sellers are under no great pressure to speed up deliveries.

**Hamilton, Ont.**—The Steel Co. of Canada Ltd. has given the first "warming" to a new battery of 47 coke ovens at its Hamilton Works. The ovens are scheduled to go into production about June 7. The battery will give the plant a total of 191 coke ovens, turning out about 3500 tons of coke daily.

## Western Buyers "Shopping"

**San Francisco**—Steel buyers are getting into a "shopping" mood. For the first time in years they are beginning to put the price factor above delivery. In other words, they are turning down immediate delivery promises to shop around.

Shopping around sometimes pays dividends because of the differences in freight charges. Mills far removed from the local scene are finding themselves at a disadvantage. On

competitive items they find themselves above western mill prices because of the freight differential.

This has not made big inroads in eastern mill sales in the territory so far, but the trend is establishing. Eastern mills, however, have a big edge on western producers because of their wider diversification and heavier volume of products.

The freight differential is expected to become a more important factor as time goes on and the trade would like to see steps taken toward equalization.

## Pig Iron . . .

Pig Iron Prices, Page 180

**Philadelphia**—Following suspension for relining, a blast furnace at Steelton, Pa., is back in operation. Currently producing basic iron, it is expected to be placed on low phos around Apr. 24. A slight gain is noted in gray iron foundry operations, but there is little improvement in soil pipe production.

Nancy blast furnace at the Fairless works, Morrisville, Pa., is scheduled to resume production in the week of Apr. 20, following suspension for relining. Hazel furnace, the second Fairless works stack, is scheduled to go into blast later.

**Boston**—Pig iron shipments are in small lots at a rate enabling consumers to maintain inventories at a level adequate for the current melt. The district blast furnace is stocking

(Turn to page 202)



**4-L CHAMP SAYS...**

**INSURE SAFE DEPOSITS—  
BANK ON  
CHAMPION**

WELDING ELECTRODES

BOY, IT'S JUST LIKE PUTTING MONEY IN THE BANK USING  
**CHAMPION ELECTRODES!**  
SOUND, SAFE DEPOSITS  
MORE WELD FOOTAGE!!!

BROTHER, I AGREE... THERE'S NOTHING LIKE 'EM FOR FAST WORK!

FOR TOP QUALITY WELDS  
**CHAMPION ELECTRODES**  
DELIVER THAT EXTRA FACTOR OF SAFETY! THERE IS A DEPENDABLE  
**CHAMPION ELECTRODE**  
FOR ANY WELDING APPLICATION.

**THE CHAMPION RIVET CO.**  
CLEVELAND, OHIO      East Chicago, Ind.



## Semifinished and Finished Steel Products

Mill prices as reported to STEEL, cents per pound except as otherwise noted. Changes shown in italics.  
Code numbers following mill prices indicate producing company; key on pages 200-201.

INGOTS, Carbon, Forging (NT)  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....\$31.00  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....54.00  
Seattle S24 .....75.00  
INGOTS, Alloy (NT)  
Detroit R7 .....\$57.00  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....83.00  
Houston S5 .....65.00  
Midland, Pa. C18 .....57.00  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....57.00

BILLETS, BLOOMS & SLABS  
Carbon, Rerolling (NT)  
Bessemer, Pa. U5 .....\$59.00  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....59.00  
Ensley, Ala. T2 .....59.00  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....59.00  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....78.00  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....59.00  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....59.00  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....59.00  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....59.00  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....59.00  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....59.00

Carbon, Forging (NT)  
Bessemer, Pa. U5 .....\$70.50  
Buffalo R2 .....70.50  
Canton, O. R2 .....70.50  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....70.50  
Cleveland R2 .....70.50  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....77.50  
Detroit R7 .....73.50  
Ensley, Ala. T2 .....70.50  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....70.50  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....89.50  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....70.50  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....70.50  
Houston S5 .....78.50  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....70.50  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....70.50  
Los Angeles B3 .....89.50  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....70.50  
Seattle B3 .....89.50  
So. Chicago R2, U5, W14 .....70.50  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....70.50  
So. San Francisco B3 .....89.50

Alloy, Forging (NT)  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....\$76.00  
Buffalo R2 .....76.00  
Canton, O. R2 .....76.00  
Canton, O. T7 .....78.60  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....83.00  
Detroit R7 .....79.00  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....95.00  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....76.00  
Houston S5 .....84.00  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. Y1 .....76.00  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....76.00  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....76.00  
Los Angeles B3 .....96.00  
Massillon, O. R2 .....76.00  
Midland, Pa. C18 .....76.00  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....76.00  
So. Chicago R2, U5, W14 .....76.00  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....76.00  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....76.00  
Warren, O. C17 .....76.00  
ROUNDS, SEAMLESS TUBE (NT)  
Buffalo R2 .....\$87.50  
Canton, O. R2 .....87.50  
Cleveland R2 .....87.50  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....105.50  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....87.50  
Massillon, O. R3 .....87.50  
So. Chicago, Ill. R2 .....87.50  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....87.50

SHEET BARS (NT)  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....\$93.18

SKELP  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....3.65  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....3.55  
Warren, O. R2 .....3.55  
Youngstown R2, U5 .....3.55

WIRE RODS  
Akron, Ill. L1 .....4.70  
Alabama City, Ala. R2 .....4.325  
Buffalo W1 .....4.325  
Cleveland A7 .....4.325  
Donora, Pa. A7 .....4.325  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....4.325  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....5.125  
Houston S5 .....4.725  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....4.325  
Joliet, Ill. A7 .....4.325  
Kansas City, Mo. S5 .....4.665  
Los Angeles B3 .....5.125  
Minneapolis, Colo. C10 .....4.575  
Monessen, Pa. P7 .....4.525  
No. Tonawanda, N.Y. B11 .....4.325  
Pittsburgh, Calif. C11 .....4.975  
Portsmouth, O. P12 .....4.525  
Roebeling, N. J. R5 .....4.425  
So. Chicago, Ill. R2 .....4.325  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....4.425  
Sterling, Ill. (1) N15 .....4.325  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....4.325  
Torrance, Calif. C11 .....5.125  
Worcester, Mass. A7 .....4.625

SHEET STEEL  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....4.675  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....4.675  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....4.675  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....4.675

STRUCTURALS  
Carbon Steel Stand. Shapes  
Alabama City, Ala. R2 .....3.85  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....3.85  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....3.85  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....3.90  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....3.85  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....3.85  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....4.50  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....3.85  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....3.85  
Houston S5 .....4.25  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....3.85  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....3.90  
Kansas City, Mo. S5 .....4.45  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....3.90  
Los Angeles B3 .....4.45  
Minneapolis, Colo. C10 .....4.30  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....3.85  
Niles, Calif. (22) P1 .....4.95  
Phoenixville, Pa. P4 .....4.95  
Seattle B3 .....4.50  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5, W14 .....3.85  
So. San Francisco B3 .....4.40  
Torrance, Calif. C11 .....4.45  
Weirton, W. Va. W6 .....4.10

Wide Flange  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....3.90  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....3.85  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....5.05  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....3.90  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....3.85  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....3.85

Alloy Stand. Shapes  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....4.725  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....6.125  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....4.725  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....4.725  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....4.725

H.S., L.A. Stand. Shapes  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....5.80  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....5.80  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....5.80  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....5.80  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....5.80  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....6.45  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....5.80  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....5.80  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....5.80  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. Y1 .....6.30  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....5.80  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....5.80  
Los Angeles B3 .....6.35  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....5.80  
Seattle B3 .....6.40  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....6.30  
So. San Francisco B3 .....6.30  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....6.30

H.S., L.A. Wide Flange  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....5.80  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....5.80  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....5.75  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....5.75

BEARING PILES  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....3.85  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....3.85  
PLATES, High-Strength Low-Alloy  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....5.95  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....5.95  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....5.95  
Cleveland J5, R2 .....5.95  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....6.20  
Ecorse, Mich. G5 .....6.90  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....5.95  
Pontana, Calif. (30) K1 .....6.65  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....5.95  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....5.95  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....5.95  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. Y1 .....6.45  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....5.95  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....5.95  
Pittsburgh J5 .....5.95  
Seattle B3 .....6.85  
Sharon, Pa. S3 .....5.95  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....5.95  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....5.95  
Warren, O. R2 .....5.95  
Youngstown Y1 .....6.45  
Youngstown U5 .....5.95

PLATES, Open-Heath Alloy  
Claymont, Del. C22 .....5.35  
Catesville, Pa. L7 .....5.75  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....5.55  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....6.30  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....5.25  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....5.25  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....5.25  
Sharon, Pa. S3 .....5.70  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....5.25  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....5.25

FLOOR PLATES  
Cleveland J5 .....4.85  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....4.95  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....4.95  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....4.95  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5 .....4.95  
PLATES, Ingot Iron  
Ashland, c.l. (15) A10 .....4.15  
Cleveland, c.l. R2 .....4.50  
Warren, O. c.l. R2 .....4.50

PLATES, Carbon Steel  
Alabama City, Ala. R2 .....3.90  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....3.90  
Ashland, Ky. (15) A10 .....3.90  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....3.90  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....3.90  
Claymont, Del. C22 .....4.35  
Cleveland J5, R2 .....3.90  
Catesville, Pa. L7 .....4.35  
Conshohocken, Pa. A3 .....4.35  
Ecorse, Mich. G5 .....4.45  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....3.90  
Pontana, Calif. (30) K1 .....4.55  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....3.90  
Granite City, Ill. G4 .....4.60  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....3.90  
Harrisburg, Pa. C5 .....6.50  
Houston S5 .....4.30  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1 .....3.90  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....3.90  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....3.90  
Minneapolis, Colo. C10 .....4.70  
Munhall, Pa. U5 .....3.90  
Pittsburgh J5 .....3.90  
Seattle B3 .....4.80  
Sharon, Pa. S3 .....4.15  
So. Chicago, Ill. U5, W14 .....3.90  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....3.90  
Subsville, O. W10 .....3.90  
Warren, O. R2 .....3.90  
Weirton, W. Va. W6 .....4.20  
Youngstown R2, U5, Y1 .....3.90

PLATES, Carbon A.R.  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....5.70  
Geneva, Utah C11 .....5.05

PLATES, Weight Iron  
(Add 4.7% to iron and extras)

Economy, Pa. B14 .....5.80  
BARS, Hot-Rolled Carbon  
Alabama City, Ala. R2 .....3.95  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....3.95  
Alton, Ill. L1 .....4.50  
Atlanta, Ga. A11 .....4.50  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....3.95  
Buffalo B5 .....3.95  
Canton, O. R2 .....3.95  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....3.95  
Cleveland R2 .....3.95  
Detroit R7 .....4.10  
Ecorse, Mich. G5 .....4.30  
Emeryville, Calif. J7 .....4.70  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....3.95  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....4.65  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....3.95  
Houston S5 .....4.35  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1 .....3.95  
Ind. Harbor, Pa. B2 .....3.95  
Kansas City, Mo. S5 .....4.55  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....3.95  
Los Angeles B3 .....4.65  
Milton, Pa. B6 .....4.55  
Minneapolis, Colo. C10 .....4.40  
Niles, Calif. P1 .....4.65  
No. Tonawanda, N.Y. B11 .....3.95  
Pittsburgh, Calif. C11 .....6.65  
Pittsburgh J5 .....3.95  
Seattle B3, N14 .....4.70  
So. Chicago R2, U5, W14 .....3.95  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....3.95  
So. San Fran., Calif. B3 .....4.70  
Sterling, Ill. N15 .....4.55  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....3.95  
Torrance, Calif. C11 .....4.65  
Weirton, W. Va. W6 .....4.10  
Youngstown R2, U5 .....3.95

BAR SIZE ANGLES; S. Shapes  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....3.95  
Atlanta A11 .....4.30  
Niles, Calif. P1 .....4.65

## Key to Producers

A1 Acme Steel Co.  
A3 Alan Wood Steel Co.  
A4 Allegheny Ludlum Steel  
A5 American Steel & Wire  
A6 Anchor Druggist Steel Co.  
A9 Angell Nail & Chaplet  
A10 Armco Steel Corp.  
A11 Atlantic Steel Co.  
A13 American Cladmetals Co.  
B1 Babcock & Wilcox Co.  
B2 Bethlehem Steel Corp.  
B3 Beth. Pac. Coast Steel  
B4 Blair Strip Steel Co.  
B5 Bliss & Laughlin Inc.  
B6 Bolard Steel Corp.  
B7 Braburn Alloy Steel  
B11 Bunting Steel Div.  
B12 Buffalo Steel Div.  
H. K. Porter Co.  
B14 A. M. Byers Co.  
C1 Calstrip Steel Corp.  
C2 Calumet Steel Div.  
C3 Borg-Warner Corp.  
C4 Carpenter Steel Co.  
C5 Central Iron & Steel Div.  
C6 Central Steel Corp.  
C7 Cleveland Rolling Mills  
C8 Cold Metal Products Co.  
C9 Colonial Steel Co.  
C10 Colorado Fuel & Iron  
C11 Columbia-Genova Steel  
C12 Columbia Steel & Shaft  
C13 Columbia Tool Steel Co.  
C14 Compressed Steel Shaft  
C16 Continental Steel Corp.  
C17 Copperweld Steel Co.  
C18 Crucible Steel Co.  
C19 Cumberland Steel Co.  
C20 Cuyahoga Steel & Wire  
C22 Claymont Steel Products  
Dept., Wickwire Spencer  
Steel Division  
D2 Detroit Steel Corp.  
D3 Detroit Tube & Steel  
D4 Diston & Sons, Henry  
D6 Driver Harris Co.  
D7 Dickson Weatherproof  
Nail Co.  
E1 Eastern Gas & Fuel Assoc.  
E2 Eastern Stainless Steel  
E4 Electro Metallurgical Co.  
E5 Elliott Bros. Steel Co.  
E6 Empire Steel Corp.  
F2 Flirth Sterling Inc.  
F3 Fitzsimons Steel Corp.  
F4 Foland Steel Corp.  
F5 Franklin Steel Div.  
F6 Borg-Warner Corp.  
F7 Fretz-Moon Tube Co.

San Francisco S7 .....5.00  
BAR SIZE ANGLES; H.R. CARBON  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....4.15  
BARS, Hot-Rolled Alloy  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....4.675  
Buffalo R2 .....4.675  
Canton, O. T7 .....4.72  
Canton, O. R2 .....4.675  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....4.675  
Detroit R7 .....4.825  
Ecorse, Mich. G5 .....5.025  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....7.175  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....4.675  
Houston S5 .....5.075  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1 .....4.675  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....4.675  
Kansas City, Mo. S5 .....5.275  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....4.675  
Los Angeles B3 .....5.725  
Massillon, O. R2 .....4.675  
Midland, Pa. C18 .....4.675  
So. Chicago R2, U5, W14 .....4.675  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....4.675  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....4.675  
Warren, O. C17 .....4.675  
Youngstown U5 .....4.925

BARS & SMALL SHAPES, H. R.

High-Strength Low-Alloy  
Alliquippa, Pa. J5 .....5.925  
Bessemer, Ala. T2 .....5.925  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....5.925  
Clairton, Pa. U5 .....5.925  
Cleveland R2 .....5.925  
Ecorse, Mich. G5 .....6.875  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....5.925  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....6.975  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....5.925  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 .....5.925  
Indiana Harbor, Ind. Y1 .....6.425  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....5.925  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....5.925  
Los Angeles B3 .....6.825  
Pittsburgh J5 .....5.925  
Seattle B3 .....6.875  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....5.925  
So. San Francisco B3 .....6.675  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....6.425  
Youngstown U5 .....5.925

BARS, Cold-Finished Carbon  
Ambridge, Pa. W18 .....4.925  
Beaver Falls, Pa. R2 .....4.925  
Beaver Falls, Pa. M12 .....4.925  
Buffalo B5 .....4.975  
Camden, N.J. P13 .....5.375  
Carnegie, Pa. C12 .....4.925  
Chicago B5 .....4.925  
Chicago W18 .....4.925  
Cleveland A7, C20 .....4.925  
Detroit P17, R7 .....5.075  
Detroit B5 .....5.125  
Donora, Pa. A7 .....4.925  
Elyria, O. W8 .....4.925  
Franklin Park, Ill. N5 .....4.925  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....4.925  
Joliet, Ill. W18 .....4.925  
Hammond, Ind. L2, M12 .....4.925  
Hartford, Conn. R2 .....5.475  
Los Angeles R2 .....6.375  
Mansfield, Mass. B5 .....5.475  
Massillon, O. R2, R8 .....4.925  
Monaca, Pa. S17 .....5.375  
Newark, N.J. W18 .....5.175  
Plymouth, Mich. P5 .....5.175  
Pittsburgh J5 .....4.925  
Putnam, Conn. W18 .....5.475  
Readville, Mass. C14 .....5.475

BARS, Reinforcing  
(Fabricated; to consumers)

Huntington, W. Va. W7 .....5.5  
Johnstown, W-1 B2 .....5.2  
Kansas City S5 .....6.0  
Los Angeles B3 .....5.5  
Marion, O. P11 .....5.2  
St. Louis, Mo. M5 .....5.3  
So. Chicago, Ill. W14 .....4.92  
Spring City, Pa. K3 .....5.37  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....4.92  
Waukegan, Ill. A7 .....4.92  
Youngstown Y1 .....4.92  
Youngstown F3 .....4.92

BARS, Cold-Finished Alloy  
Ambridge, Pa. W18 .....6.0  
Beaver Falls, Pa. M12 .....6.0  
Bethlehem, Pa. B2 .....6.0  
Buffalo B5 .....6.0  
Camden, N.J. P13 .....6.4  
Canton, O. R2 .....6.0  
Canton, O. T7 .....5.9  
Carnegie, Pa. C12 .....6.0  
Chicago B5 .....6.0  
Chicago W18 .....6.0  
Cleveland A7 .....6.0  
Cleveland C20 .....6.0  
Detroit P17, R7 .....6.1  
Detroit B5 .....6.2  
Donora, Pa. A7 .....6.0  
Elyria, O. W8 .....6.0  
Gary, Ind. R2 .....6.0  
Hammond, Ind. L2, M13 .....6.0  
Hartford, Conn. R2 .....6.4  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....6.0  
Mansfield, Mass. B5 .....6.4  
Massillon, O. R2, R8 .....6.0  
Midland, Pa. C18 .....6.0  
Monaca, Pa. S17 .....6.0  
Newark, N.J. W18 .....6.3  
Plymouth, Mich. P5 .....6.2  
So. Chicago, Ill. R2, W14 .....6.0  
Spring City, Pa. K3 .....6.2  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....6.0  
Warren, O. C17 .....6.0  
Waukegan, Ill. A7 .....6.0  
Worcester, Mass. A7 .....6.3  
Youngstown Y1 .....6.0  
Youngstown F3 .....6.0

BARS, Reinforcing (Fabricators)  
Alabama City, Ala. R2 .....4.9  
Atlanta A11 .....4.5  
Buffalo R2 .....4.9  
Cleveland R2 .....3.9  
Emeryville, Calif. J7 .....4.7  
Fairfield, Ala. T2 .....3.9  
Pontana, Calif. K1 .....4.6  
Gary, Ind. U5 .....3.9  
Houston S5 .....4.3  
Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1 .....3.9  
Johnstown, Pa. B2 .....4.5  
Kansas City, Mo. S5 .....4.5  
Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 .....3.9  
Los Angeles B3 .....4.6  
Milton, Pa. B6 .....4.5  
Minneapolis, Colo. C10 .....4.7  
Niles, Calif. P1 .....4.6  
Pittsburgh, Calif. C11 .....4.6  
Pittsburgh J5 .....3.9  
Pittsburgh Springs, Okla. S5 .....4.8  
Seattle B3, N14 .....4.7  
So. Chicago, Ill. R2 .....3.9  
So. Duquesne, Pa. U5 .....3.9  
So. San Francisco B3 .....4.7  
Sparrows Point, Md. B2 .....3.9  
Sterling, Ill. (1) N15 .....4.7  
Struthers, O. Y1 .....3.9  
Torrance, Calif. C11 .....4.6  
Youngstown R2, U5 .....3.9

BARS, Reinforcing  
(Fabricated; to consumers)  
Huntington, W. Va. W7 .....5.5  
Johnstown, W-1 B2 .....5.2  
Kansas City S5 .....6.0  
Los Angeles B3 .....5.5  
Marion, O. P11 .....5.2

F7 Ft. Howard Steel & Wire  
F8 Globe Iron Co.  
G3 Globe Steel Tubes Co.  
G4 Granite City Steel Co.  
G5 Great Lakes Steel Corp.  
G6 Greer Steel Co.  
H1 Hanna Furnace Corp.  
I1 Igoe Bros. Inc.  
I-2 Inland Steel Co.  
I-3 Interlake Iron Corp.  
I-4 Ingersoll Steel Div.  
Borg-Warner Corp.  
I-7 Indiana Steel & Wire Co.  
J1 Jackson Iron & Steel Co.  
J3 Jessop Steel Co.  
J4 Johnson Steel & Wire Co.  
J5 Jones & Laughlin Steel  
J6 Jolly Mfg. & Supply  
J7 Judson Steel Corp.  
J8 Jersey Shore Steel Co.  
K1 Kaiser Steel Corp.  
K2 Keokuk Electro Metals  
K3 Keystone Drawn Steel  
K4 Keystone Steel & Wire  
L1 Laclede Steel Co.  
L2 LaSalle Steel Co.  
L3 Latrobe Steel Co.  
L4 Lockhart Iron & Steel  
L6 Lone Star Steel Co.  
L7 Lukens Steel Co.



McLouth Steel Corp.  
Mahoning Valley Steel  
Medart Co.  
Mercer Tube & Mfg. Co.  
Mid-States Steel & Wire  
Moltrup Steel Products  
Monarch Steel Co.  
  
National Supply Co.  
National Tube Div.  
Nelsen Steel & Wire Co.  
NewEng.-HighCarb.Wire  
Newman-Crosby Steel  
Niles Rolling Mill Div.  
Nrtwhst. Steel Roll. Mills  
Northwestern S.&W. Co.  
New Delphos Mfg. Co.  
  
Oliver Iron & Steel Corp.  
Oregon Steel Mills  
  
Pacific States Steel Corp.  
Pacific Tube Co.  
Phoenix Iron & Steel Co.  
Pilgrim Drawn Steel  
Pittsburgh Coke & Chem.  
Pittsburgh Steel Co.  
Pittsburgh Tube Co.  
Pollak Steel Co.  
Portsmouth Division,  
Detroit Steel Corp.

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## Pig Iron . . .

(Continued from page 199)

some iron this month, but for several weeks balance in specifications will be lacking.

**New York**—With district foundry operations still lagging, pressure for pig iron remains easy. Gray iron shops average a little more than 70 per cent of normal capacity, and in most cases inventories run between 30 and 60 days' supply.

**Buffalo**—Merchant pig iron market continues to hold with supplies flowing steadily from the furnaces. Some of the general foundries are having difficulty maintaining production schedules. Shipments of iron by vessel to Michigan motor casters are heavy. Building equipment and home appliance casting makers are taking substantial iron tonnages.

**Cleveland**—While demand pressure for merchant iron is noticeably down from a year ago, sellers are disposing of their tonnage without much difficulty. Foundry operations continue spotty but they are better as compared with some months back. This is especially true of shops on automotive and appliance castings. No shortage of silvery iron is yet evidenced in the market here as result of the protracted shutdown because of labor trouble of two southern Ohio furnaces which are the supply source for much of the silveries consumed in this area.

**Youngstown**—Possibility that Pittsburgh Coke & Chemical Co.'s Anna

blast furnace at Struthers, O., may be dismantled and the site used for another purpose is seen here. The furnace was blown out two weeks ago. General Motors Corp. has been taking the stack's entire output. Recently, about 70,000 tons of iron ore in the furnace's inventories were sold to Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. R. M. Marshall, president of Pittsburgh Coke & Chemical said the contract with General Motors runs to Aug. 31, 1954. He said Pittsburgh Coke's two Neville Island blast furnaces can handle all its customers' needs. The Anna furnace is second smallest in this area, rated at 184,000 tons a year.

**Cincinnati**—Pig iron is plentiful in the Cincinnati area with the exception of silvery iron, which is short due to a two months' strike at Jackson, O. None of the foundries are too rushed. Some jobbing foundries are looking for business.

**Chicago**—Demand for pig iron remains strong in this area, partly reflecting active operations of foundries serving the automobile industry, and partly being due to the fact iron production is restricted by four of the districts 43 blast furnaces being down for repairs. Some foundries may be forced to acquire tonnage out of the district to maintain operations.

Interlake Iron Corp. blew out its South Chicago A stack Apr. 2 for complete rebuilding and enlargement from 525 to 850 tons per day. United States Steel Corp. idled two stacks, No. 2 at Gary on Apr. 3 for general

repairs, and No. 2 at South works on Apr. 4 for relining.

**Los Angeles**—Melters' activity is increasing with backlogs of orders 30 to 60 days compared with 60 to 90 days last year.

## Iron Ore . . .

Iron Ore Prices, Page 12.

**Cleveland**—While ice conditions on the upper lakes are causing some shipping delays, the downward movement of iron ore is stepping up. Shipments in the week ended Apr. 13 were 1,484,819 gross tons, according to the Lake Superior Iron Ore Association. This was 650,280 tons more than were moved in the like week a year ago and brings the 1953 season movement to date to 2,624,388 gross tons, 1,609,024 tons more than were shipped in the corresponding period of 1952.

## Rails, Cars . . .

Track Material Prices, Page 204

**New York**—Domestic freight car orders in March involved 3379 units, according to the American Railway Car Institute and the Association of American Railroads. Backlog of cars on order as of Apr. 1 was 68,553. March deliveries totaled 6679, against 7780 in February, and 8159 in March, 1952.

**New York**—Placing of 164 diesel electric locomotive units, costing \$27,500,000, by the New York Cen-




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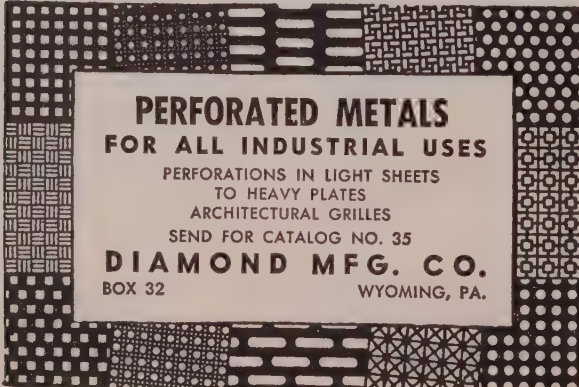
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### Ladle for Bethlehem

First of 18 open-hearth ladles is being constructed at the Bethlehem, Pa., plant of Bethlehem Steel Co. The 265-ton-capacity ladles will be among the largest in the steel industry. They are more than 16 feet high and weigh 4 tons apiece. They are part of the company's expansion program underway at the Sparrows Point, Md., plant

al is outstanding in the railroad equipment market. Car awards continue light. With the delivery of the new equipment, New York Central will have 2113 diesel units, said to be more than any other railroad, with total horsepower of 2,758,900. This will amount to approximately 60 per cent of the horsepower necessary for complete dieselization of the system.

### Expansion Goes On at Atlas

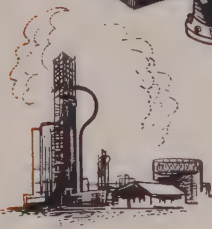
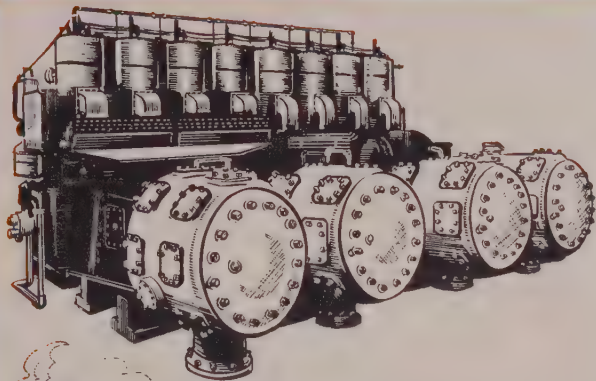
Atlas Steels Ltd., Welland, Ont., is in the final stages of its pace-setting expansion program.

Included in the new Atlas equipment, which will be among the first of its kind for Canadian industry, are: Hot and cold stainless sheet mills, started in 1950; a new plane-ry-type hot strip mill, a cold-rolling stainless strip mill, scheduled for production early next year and a stainless welded tube mill.

Also among Canadian firsts is Atlas' equipment for continuous casting of steel. This installation is scheduled for operation late in 1953. It will improve the pouring of molten steel; will bypass ingot molds and blooming mill operations for certain production. An electric furnace is being installed which will melt high alloy and high temperature steels, including stainless, in quantities of 10, 350 and 750 pounds per heat. The first equipment for the automatic powder hot scarfing of stainless steel billets and slabs is also being installed.

Atlas Steel's 25th annual report states the company has returned 67 per cent of all profits back into the business over the 25-year period.

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These Erie bolts have at least one thing in common—they are designed to hold against maximum strains imposed by pressure, temperature, or corrosion. They differ in material, shape and threading as the job directs. For 38 years, we have geared our plant to manufacture these unusual high quality bolts to exacting specifications.

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CARBON • BRONZE

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**UTTWELD STANDARD PIPE, T & C**

Size-Inches	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
St Per Ft.	8.5c	11.5c	17c	23c	27.5c	37c	58.5c	76.5c
ounds Per Ft.	0.85	1.13	1.68	2.28	2.73	3.68	5.82	7.62
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
Iquippa, Pa. J5 (†)	32.5	15.25	35.5	18.25	38	20.75	38.5	20.5
ton, Ill. L1 (†)	29.5	10.5	32.5	14.5	35	18	35.5	18.5
anwood, W. Va. W10	32.5	13.25	35.5	17.25	38	20.75	38.5	20.5
ina, Pa. N2 (†)	32.5	13.25	35.5	17.25	38	20.75	38.5	20.5
ntana, Calif. K1 (†)	19.5	0.25	22.5	4.25	25	7.75	25.5	7.5
d Harbor, Ind. Y1 (†)	31.5	14.25	34.5	18.25	37	21.75	37.5	21
rain, O. N3 (†)	32.5	22.25	35.5	26.25	38	29.75	38.5	27.25
aron, Pa. M6	32.5	14.25	35.5	18.25	38	21.25	38.5	20.50
arrows Pt., Md. B2	30.5	11.25	33.5	15.25	36	18.75	36.5	18.5
ungstown R2 (†)	32.5	16.25	35.5	20.25	38	23.75	38.5	22.75
ungstown Y1 (†)	32.5	15.25	35.5	19.25	38	22.75	38.5	22.00
heatland, Pa. W9	32.5	13.25	35.5	16.25	38	18.75	38.5	19

**SEAMLESS STANDARD PIPE, T & C**

Size-Inches	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6
St Per Ft.	37c	58.5c	76.5c	92c	\$1.09	\$1.48	\$1.92
ounds Per Ft.	3.68	5.82	7.62	9.20	10.89	14.81	19.18
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk
Iquippa, Pa. J5 (†)	24	6	27	8.25	29	10.25	33.75
bridge, Pa. N2	24	6	27	8.25	29	10.25	33.75
rain, N3 (†)	24	12.75	27	12.75	29	14.75	33.75
ungstown Y1 (†)	24	7.50	27	9.25	29	11.25	33.75

**ELECTRIC WELD STANDARD PIPE, T & C**

Size-Inches	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	5	6
St Per Ft.	37c	58.5c	76.5c	92c	\$1.09	\$1.48	\$1.92
ounds Per Ft.	3.68	5.82	7.62	9.20	10.89	14.81	19.18
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk
Iquippa, Pa. J5 (†)	24	6	27	8.25	29	10.25	33.75
bridge, Pa. N2	24	6	27	8.25	29	10.25	33.75
rain, N3 (†)	24	12.75	27	12.75	29	14.75	33.75
ungstown Y1 (†)	24	7.50	27	9.25	29	11.25	33.75

**UTTWELD STANDARD PIPE, T & C**

Size-Inches	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
St Per Ft.	5.5c	6c	6c	82c	\$1.09	\$1.48	\$1.92	\$2.37
ounds Per Ft.	0.24	0.42	0.57	0.92	10.89	14.81	19.18	23.75
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
anwood, W. Va. W10	29.5	+0.25	32.5	+3.5	35	17.75	33	14.25
nter, Pa. F6 (†)	30.5	1.25	33	+1.75	20	+5.5	33	14.25
ina, Pa. N2 (†)	30.5	1.25	33	+1.75	20	+5.5	33	14.25
aron, Pa. M6 (†)	29.5	-1.75	33	+2.25	18	+5.25	33	14.25
aron, Pa. S4 (†)	30.5	1.25	33	+1.75	20	+5.5	33	14.25
arrows Pt., Md. B2	28.5	+0.75	33	+3.75	18	+7.50	33	15.75
ungstown R2 (†)	28.5	+0.75	33	+3.75	18	+7.50	33	15.75
heatland, Pa. W9	28.5	+0.75	33	+3.75	18	+7.50	33	15.75

Galvanized pipe discounts based on zinc price of: (†), 14c; (‡), 12.50c; (\*\*), 11.50c; (\*), 10c, with discounts adjusted depending on price of zinc at time of shipment.

**BOILER TUBES**

Size-Inches	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
St Per Ft.	5.5c	6c	6c	82c	\$1.09	\$1.48	\$1.92	\$2.37
ounds Per Ft.	0.24	0.42	0.57	0.92	10.89	14.81	19.18	23.75
	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv	Blk	Galv
anwood, W. Va. W10	29.5	+0.25	32.5	+3.5	35	17.75	33	14.25
nter, Pa. F6 (†)	30.5	1.25	33	+1.75	20	+5.5	33	14.25
ina, Pa. N2 (†)	30.5	1.25	33	+1.75	20	+5.5	33	14.25
aron, Pa. M6 (†)	29.5	-1.75	33	+2.25	18	+5.25	33	14.25
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ungstown R2 (†)	28.5	+0.75	33	+3.75	18	+7.50	33	15.75
heatland, Pa. W9	28.5	+0.75	33	+3.75	18	+7.50	33	15.75

Let base c.l. prices, dollars per 100 ft. mill; minimum wall thickness, cut lengths 10 to 24 ft., inclusive.

I.D.	B.W.	Seamless	Elect. Weld	CARBON
1/2	13	14.19	16.71-17.77	35.40
3/4	13	16.97	19.80-21.26	110
1	13	18.22-18.77	22.08-22.82	65,84,110
1 1/4	13	20.35-21.35	24.92-25.49	24
1 1/2	13	22.81-23.92	27.94-28.58	72 to 104
2	13	25.69-26.86	31.38-32.18	34.90
2 1/2	13	28.40-29.36	34.55-35.58	
3	13	31.28-32.17	37.83-39.19	
3 1/2	13	33.87-34.82	40.09-42.44	
4	13	35.78-36.87	42.11-44.93	

I.D.	B.W.	Seamless	Elect. Weld	CARBON
1/2	13	14.19	16.71-17.77	35.40
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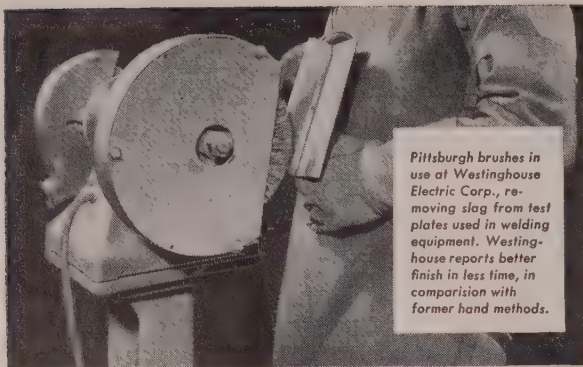
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Step, Elevator, Tap and	30	Plain finish	47.0 & 10	anodized	53.00	(Cents per pound; add 4.7% to base price and extras)			
		Plated finishes	30 & 10	Antimony, 500 lb lots.	71.00	Plates		Sheets	
Sleigh Shoe	18			Brass, 20-ton lots.	31.00-34.25	Cladding	Carbon Base	Carbon Base	Copper Base
Fire Bolts	8	<b>HEXAGON CAP SCREWS</b>		Bronze, 10-ton		Stainless	10% 20%	10% 20%	Both Sides
		(1000 steel, packed)							





Pittsburgh brushes in use at Westinghouse Electric Corp., removing slag from test plates used in welding equipment. Westinghouse reports better finish in less time, in comparison with former hand methods.

Replace hand finishing with power-driven Pittsburgh Brushes for

## Better Cleaning Lower Labor Costs Fewer Rejects

—as these companies did:

**Removal of imbedded slag** in welding test plates formerly was done by hand at the Westinghouse Electric Corp., Trafford, Pa., using a wire brush and welder's hammer. Pittsburgh brushes, powered by a direct-drive  $\frac{1}{2}$  h.p. motor, now remove more slag in less time, and produce a better finish. In addition, Westinghouse reports their Pittsburgh brushes "stand up better than average in use."

**Complete cleaning of dried concrete**, rust and scale from steel frames used in concrete forming is essential prior to reusing the forms. Pittsburgh wire brushes were installed at the Universal Form Clamp Co., Chicago. Working on a conveyor-fed machine, the Pittsburgh brushes now remove all foreign material at a rate of 50 pieces per hour, replacing former laborious hand brushing and scraping.

**De-scaling preheated bar stock** at the Dominion Forge & Stamping Co., Ltd., Canada, was formerly done by hand scraping. This never did a complete job, and inclusions resulted which produced defective forgings. Pittsburgh brushes, on specially-designed machines, now do the job, and have "increased efficiency, decreased the amount of scrap, improved work quality, and saved labor."

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Write today for a free copy of our booklet that shows, through actual case histories, how Pittsburgh cuts brushing costs. Address: PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY, Brush Div., Dept. W-11, 3221 Frederick Avenue, Baltimore 29, Maryland.



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*Ductillite*

THE MODERN TIN PLATE

**LA BELLE CUT NAILS**

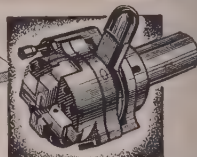
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WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA



Insert Chaser  
DIE HEADS

**famous**

for accuracy and  
straightness of threads, low chaser costs,  
less downtime, more pieces per day.



THE EASTERN MACHINE SCREW CORP., 22-42 Barclay Street, New Haven, Conn.  
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*To lower  
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BROWNING ELECTRIC  
TRAVELING CRANES AND HOISTS  
up to 125-TON CAPACITY

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## Tubular Goods . . .

Tubular Goods Prices, Page 205

**Boston**—Pipe distributors are not taking more than 40 to 50 per cent butt weld offered and it is becoming increasingly difficult to dispose the balance by direct shipments. First quarter allotments of this grade are higher. Seamless, notably in the 4 to six-inch size range, is being absorbed, and most jobbers want more tonnage. Other tubular products, with the exception of light all carbon tubing, are also tight. Little additional seamless tonnage is feared for third quarter.

**Seattle**—Pipe sales agencies report activity in carlot sales. Last week more than 600 tons of cast iron water pipe were placed while bids were received on 350 tons for Ren-son, Wash.

## Scrap . . .

Scrap Prices, Page 208

**Philadelphia**—Small repeat business in the major grades of steel scrap and in borings and turnings reflects a generally easier scrap market. No. 2 bundles are especially weak and may now be quoted nominally at \$35 to \$36 delivered. No. 1 heavy melting is off about \$1 to \$43 to \$44, delivered, and No. 2 heavy melting is down similarly to \$39 to \$40. No. 1 bundles are unchanged at \$44 to \$45, but No. 1 busheling is off approximately \$1 to \$43 to \$44.

Similar reductions are noted in other grades.

**Washington**—Stocks of purchased scrap held by consumers at the end of February were 4,846,000 gross tons, according to the Bureau of Mines. This was an increase of 98,000 tons over stocks at the end of January and 1,682,000 tons more than at the end of February, 1952.

Home scrap stocks on Feb. 28 totaled 1,157,000 tons, a slight increase from the preceding month.

Preliminary figures on stocks held by suppliers as of the end of February indicate a slight decrease from January. Dealers and auto wreckers had 991,000 gross tons, producers and railroads 142,000.

Total preliminary domestic stocks of scrap were 7,136,000 tons at the end of February. Pig iron stocks held by consumers totaled 1,684,000 gross tons, an increase of 30,000 over January, and 109,000 over the like date a year ago.

Preliminary figures show consumption of ferrous materials (scrap and pig iron) during February totaled 3,007,000 gross tons, a decrease of 334,000 from January.

Purchased scrap consumption was 183,000 tons, a decrease of 244,000, some scrap use 2,984,000, drop of 11,000 tons from the previous month, while pig iron consumption mounted to 4,205,000 tons, lowest monthly consumption since the steel strike of June and July last year.

**Boston**—Steelmaking grades of scrap are quoted below former ceiling prices, top grades of heavy melting steel having resisted the decline the longest. No. 2 bundles, turnings and borings are weaker. New buying light with inventories comfortable

and most consumers satisfied. Shipments of cast scrap are slow, and while numerous consumers have stocks hardly normal for capacity melt, reserves are sufficient for current operations.

**New York**—While brokers continue to pay \$37 for No. 1 heavy melting steel and \$32.50 to \$33 for No. 2 heavy melting, they have dropped their prices on machine shop turnings to \$21.50 to \$22 and on mixed borings and turnings to \$24.50 to \$25. Also, they have reduced prices on shovel turnings to \$24.50 to \$25. Low phosphorus structural and plate are unchanged at \$40.50. Cast grades are unchanged. The easier tone reflects improved collections with less pressure from consumers. General pattern of the market is becoming clearer in contrast with the highly mixed situation which prevailed three and four weeks ago.

**Buffalo**—Decidedly weaker tendencies swept through the scrap market here last week following reduction in prices. Buyers, temporarily at least, seem to favor a side line position. Supplies, however, are fair to good. Augmenting bearish sentiment is the first fleet of barges for the season enroute here from the eastern seaboard.

**Pittsburgh**—The scrap market here is more lethargic than it was last week. There is some indication the largest producer may announce some releases late this month, but currently it is sitting tight. Another company does not expect to be in the market until the middle of May or early June.

Reflection of the softer market is found in a slight drop in prices. No. 1 heavy melting has declined to \$39 to \$40, No. 2 bundles to \$35 to \$36, machine shop turnings \$29 to \$30, mixed borings \$29 to \$30, cut structural \$49 to \$50, punchings and plate scrap \$49 to \$50.

**Cleveland**—High degree of uncertainty prevails in the scrap market in this area with the mills buying sparingly. They are taking in tonnage on contracts but rejections are high with mill inventories comfortable and adequate to support current high-level operations.

Sentiment among brokers and dealers is mixed. Some, anticipating early resumption of active buying by the mills, expect prices to hold pretty well at current levels. Others, however, fear the worst, especially should a Korean truce be negotiated followed by cutbacks or a stretchout in defense spending.

Prices on the better grades of scrap appear to be holding. Brokers' offering prices to dealers are as low as \$39 on track for No. 1 heavy melting, equal to about \$41.50 to \$42.50 delivered at which level at least one large dealer here would accept a representative mill order. Representative mill sales are absent however, and some trade authorities insist the market is still close to the old OPS ceilings. No. 2 grades are weak, as are turnings, and still lower prices are expected in some trade circles.

**Detroit**—With auto production being pushed at high rate, scrap is pouring back to the furnaces in volume. As a result there is a marked

decline in demand for dealer material, particularly for the No. 2 grades and turnings. Trade observers here see a further drop in scrap prices over the next few weeks. Unchanged prices actually represent lower quotations in that they are applied on quality grades which formerly commanded premiums.

**Cincinnati**—Scrap is plentiful and predictions are being made that turnings and borings may decline in price before the month ends. The market is quiet price wise. A lot of scrap is moving, the mills getting all they require.

**Chicago**—The scrap market is definitely on the soft side as result of light demand for virtually all grades. Steel mills have good inventories and

(Turn to page 210)

LEWIS  
TRAVEL-CUTautomatic, high-speed  
heavy-dutyWIRE STRAIGHTENING  
and

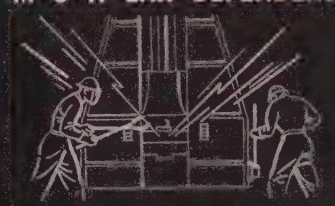
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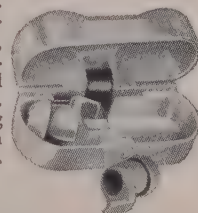
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## IRON AND STEEL SCRAP

Consumer prices, per gross ton, except as otherwise noted, including broker's commissions, as reported to STEEL. Changes shown in italics.

STEELMAKING SCRAP  
COMPOSITE

Apr. 16 .....	\$43.42
Apr. 9 .....	43.75*
Mar. avg. ....	44.13
Apr., 1952 ....	43.00
Apr., 1948 ....	40.41

Based on No. 1 heavy melting grade at Pittsburgh, Chicago and eastern Pennsylvania. \*Revised.

## PITTSBURGH

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	44.00*
No. 2 heavy melting ..	39.00-40.00
No. 1 bundles .....	44.00*
No. 2 bundles .....	35.00-36.00
No. 1 busheling .....	44.00*
Machine shop turnings ..	29.00-30.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	29.00-30.00
Short shovel turnings ..	34.00-35.00*
Cast iron borings .....	34.00-35.00*
Cut structurals .....	49.00-50.00
Heavy turnings .....	44.00*
Punchings & plate scrap ..	49.00-50.00
Electric furnace bundles ..	46.00*

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	46.00-47.00
Charging box cast .....	44.00-45.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	42.00-43.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	40.00-41.00
No. 1 machinery cast .....	51.00-52.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	46.00-47.00
Rails, 2-ft. and under .....	55.00-56.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	57.00-58.00
Rails, random lengths .....	53.00-54.00
Railroad specialties .....	54.50-55.50

\*Plus applicable freight spring-boards from other areas.

## CLEVELAND

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	41.50-42.50*
No. 2 heavy melting ..	40.50-41.50*
No. 1 bundles .....	41.50-42.50*
No. 2 bundles .....	37.50-38.00*
No. 1 busheling .....	41.50-42.00*
Machine shop turnings ..	29.00-30.00*
Mixed borings, turnings ..	32.00-33.00*
Short shovel turnings ..	32.00-33.00*
Cast iron borings .....	32.00-33.00*
Low phos. ....	48.00-49.00*
Structural & plate .....	51.00-52.00
Alloy free, short shovel ..	36.00-37.00*
Electric furnace bundles ..	45.00-46.00*

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	46.00-47.00
Charging box cast .....	45.00-46.00
Stove plate .....	46.00-48.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	44.00-45.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	33.00-34.00
Brake shoes .....	40.00-41.00
Clean auto cast .....	51.00-52.00
No. 1 wheels .....	46.00-47.00
Burnt cast .....	40.00-41.00
Drop broken machinery ..	48.00-49.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	48.00-49.00
R. R. Malleable .....	50.00-51.00
Rails, 3-ft. and under .....	58.00-60.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	61.00-62.00
Rails, random lengths .....	56.00
Cast steel .....	51.00-52.00
Railroad specialties .....	53.00-54.00
Uncut tires .....	52.00-53.00
Angles, splice bars .....	54.00-55.00
Rails, rerolling .....	56.00

\*Plus applicable freight spring-boards from other areas. Prices on steel grades are nominal.

## YOUNGSTOWN

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	41.50-42.50*
No. 2 heavy melting ..	40.50-41.00*
No. 1 bundles .....	41.50-42.50*
No. 2 bundles .....	39.50-40.00*
Machine shop turnings ..	29.00-30.00*
Short shovel turnings ..	32.00-33.00*

Cast iron borings .....	32.00-33.00*
Low phos. ....	48.00-49.00*
Electric furnace bundles ..	45.00-46.00*

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	46.00-47.00
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\*Plus applicable freight spring-boards from other districts. Prices on steel grades are nominal.

## PHILADELPHIA

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	43.00-44.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	39.00-40.00
No. 1 bundles .....	44.00-45.00
No. 2 bundles .....	38.00-39.00
No. 1 busheling .....	43.00-44.00
Machine shop turnings ..	30.50-31.50
Mixed borings, turnings ..	34.00-35.00
Short shovel turnings ..	35.00-36.00
Structurals & Plate .....	46.50-47.50
Heavy turnings .....	42.50-43.50
Couplers, springs, .....	
wheels .....	52.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	41.00-42.00
Charging box cast .....	43.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	43.00-44.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	32.00-33.00
Drop broken machinery ..	48.00-50.00

## NEW YORK

(Brokers' Buying Prices)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	37.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	32.50-33.50
No. 2 bundles .....	31.00-32.00
Machine shop turnings ..	21.50-22.00
Mixed borings, short .....	
turnings .....	24.50-25.00
Low phos. (structural & ..	
plate) .....	40.50
Shovel turnings .....	24.50-25.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	39.00-40.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	28.00

## BOSTON

(Brokers' Buying Prices; f.o.b. shipping points)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	34.17
No. 2 heavy melting ..	32.17
No. 1 bundles .....	34.17
No. 2 bundles .....	30.17
Machine shop turnings ..	22.17-23.17
Mixed borings, turnings ..	21.17
Short shovel turnings ..	25.17
No. 1 cast .....	34.00-35.00
Mixed cupola cast .....	32.00-33.00
No. 1 machinery cast .....	46.00-47.00

## DETROIT

No. 1 heavy melting ..	39.00-40.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	37.50-38.00
No. 1 bundles .....	40.00-41.00
No. 2 bundles .....	30.00-31.00
No. 1 busheling .....	40.00-41.00
Machine shop turnings ..	21.50-22.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	23.00-23.50
Short shovel turnings ..	23.00-23.50
Punchings & plate scrap ..	42.00-43.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	47.50
Charging box cast .....	40.00-42.00
Stove plate .....	43.00-44.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	30.00
Clean auto cast .....	50.00
Malleable .....	48.00

## CINCINNATI

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	45.50
No. 2 heavy melting ..	42.00
No. 1 bundles .....	45.50
No. 2 bundles .....	40.00
No. 1 busheling .....	45.50
Machine shop turnings ..	30.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	31.00*
Short shovel turnings ..	31.00*
Cast iron borings .....	31.00*
Structural & plate, 3 ft. ..	47.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	45.00
Charging box cast .....	40.00
Stove plate .....	38.00*
Burnt cast .....	38.00*
Heavy breakable cast .....	38.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	34.00
Brake shoes .....	37.00*

Clean auto cast .....	43.00
Drop broken machinery ..	49.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	45.00-46.00
Malleable .....	47.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	58.00-59.00
Rails, random lengths .....	49.00
Rails, rerolling .....	52.00

\*F.o.b. shipping point.

## CHICAGO

No. 1 heavy melting ..	42.50-43.00*
No. 2 heavy melting ..	39.00-40.00*
No. 1 bundles .....	43.50-44.00*
No. 2 bundles .....	37.00-38.00*
No. 1 busheling .....	42.50-43.00*
Machine shop turnings ..	23.00-24.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	23.00-24.00
Short shovel turnings ..	24.00-25.00
Cast iron borings .....	23.00-24.00
Cut structurals .....	46.00-47.00
Electric furnace bundles ..	45.00-46.00*

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	42.00-43.00
Stove plate .....	38.00-40.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	38.00-40.00
Clean auto cast .....	48.00-50.00
Drop broken machinery ..	48.00-48.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	45.00-47.00
R.R. Malleable .....	45.00-47.00
Rails, 2-ft. and under .....	55.00-57.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	57.00-59.00
Angles, splice bars .....	52.00-54.00
Rails, rerolling .....	52.00

\*Plus applicable freight spring-boards from other areas.

## BIRMINGHAM

No. 1 heavy melting ..	37.00-38.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	34.50-35.50
No. 1 bundles .....	37.00-38.00
No. 2 bundles .....	32.50-33.50
No. 2 busheling .....	35.00-36.00
Machine shop turnings ..	26.00-27.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	31.00-32.00
Short shovel turnings ..	30.00-31.00
Cast iron borings .....	30.00-31.00
Cut structurals .....	41.00-42.50
Heavy turnings .....	38.00
Punchings & plate scrap ..	41.00-41.50
Electric furnace bundles ..	39.00-40.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	41.00-42.00
Charging box cast .....	35.00-36.00
Stove plate .....	36.00-37.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	33.00-34.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	34.00-35.00
Brake shoes .....	41.00
Clean auto cast .....	52.00
No. 1 wheels .....	46.00-47.00
Burnt cast .....	41.00
Drop broken machinery ..	42.00-43.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	38.00-39.00
Malleable .....	nom.
Rails, 2-ft. and under .....	46.00-47.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	46.00-47.00
Rails, random lengths .....	42.00-43.00
Cast steel .....	44.00
Uncut tires .....	43.00
Angles, splice bars .....	46.00-47.00
Rails, rerolling .....	46.00-47.00

## ST. LOUIS

(Brokers' Buying Prices)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	39.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	39.00
No. 1 bundles .....	40.00
No. 2 bundles .....	37.00
Machine shop turnings ..	27.00-28.00
Short shovel turnings ..	29.00-30.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	44.00
Charging box cast .....	39.00-41.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	36.00-38.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	23.00-35.00
Brake shoes .....	41.00
Clean auto cast .....	44.00
Burnt cast .....	37.00-39.00

## Railroad Scrap

Malleable .....	40.00
Rails, 18-inch and under ..	58.00
Rails, random lengths .....	50.00-52.00
Uncut tires .....	46.00
Angles, splice bars .....	48.00-49.00
Rails, rerolling .....	50.00

## BUFFALO

No. 1 heavy melting ..	\$45.00-46.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	41.50-42.00
No. 2 bundles .....	39.50-40.00
No. 1 bundles .....	43.00-44.00
No. 1 busheling .....	43.00-44.00
Machine shop turnings ..	32.00-32.50
Mixed borings, turnings ..	36.00-38.00
Short shovel turnings ..	38.50-39.50
Low phos. ....	48.50-49.00

## Cast Iron Grades

(F.o.b. Shipping Point)	
No. 1 cupola .....	42.50-43.00
Drop broken machinery ..	45.00-46.00

## SEATTLE

(Delivered consumer plant)

No. 1 heavy melting ..	33.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	29.00
No. 1 bundles .....	32.00
No. 2 bundles .....	26.00
Machine shop turnings ..	15.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	15.00
Short shovel turnings ..	15.00
Electric furnace, No. 1 ..	40.00-41.00

## Cast Iron Grades

(F.o.b. Shipping Point)	
No. 1 cupola .....	40.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	36.00-38.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	29.00
No. 1 wheels .....	38.00-40.00

## Railroad Scrap

Rails, random lengths .....	38.00
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## SAN FRANCISCO

No. 1 heavy melting ..	30.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	26.00
No. 1 bundles .....	29.00
No. 2 bundles .....	24.00
No. 1 busheling .....	30.00
Machine shop turnings ..	12.00
Mixed borings, turnings ..	29.00
Short shovel turnings ..	29.00
Cast iron borings .....	29.00
Cut structurals .....	38.00
Heavy turnings .....	34.00
Punchings & plate scrap ..	37.00
Electric furnace bundles ..	37.00

## Cast Iron Grades

No. 1 cupola .....	39.00
Charging box cast .....	47.00
Stove plate .....	46.00
Heavy breakable cast .....	45.00
Unstripped motor blocks ..	41.00
Brake shoes .....	52.00
Clean auto cast .....	52.00
No. 1 wheels .....	47.00
Burnt cast .....	41.00
Drop broken machinery ..	52.00

## Railroad Scrap

No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. ....	37.00
Malleable .....	55.00
Rails, 3-ft. and under .....	42.00
Rails, 18-in. and under .....	45.00
Rails, random lengths .....	39.00
Cast steel .....	40.00
Uncut tires .....	39.00
Angles, splice bars .....	42.00
Rails, rerolling .....	44.00

## LOS ANGELES

No. 1 heavy melting ..	30.00
No. 2 heavy melting ..	26.00
No. 1 bundles .....	29.00
No. 2 bundles .....	24.00
Machine shop turnings ..	12.00

## Cast Iron Grades

(F.o.b. Shipping Point)	
No. 1 cupola .....	38.00-41.00

## HAMILTON, ONT.

(Delivered Prices)

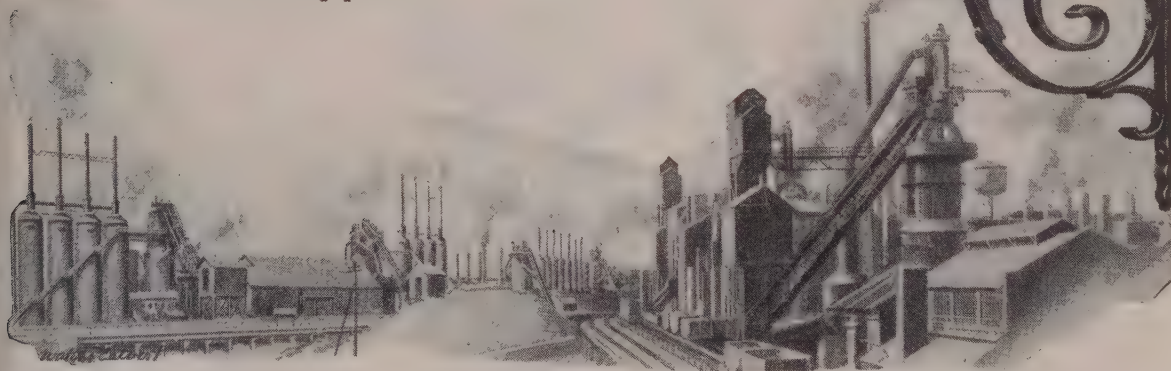
Heavy Melt. ....	\$35.00
No. 1 Bundles .....	35.00
No. 2 Bundles .....	35.00
Mechanical Bundles ..	31.00
Mixed Steel Scrap .....	31.00
Mixed Borings, Turnings ..	28.00
Rails, Remelting .....	35.00
Rails, Rerolling .....	35

# SCRAP PRESCRIPTIONS EXPERTLY FILLED

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CLEVELAND, OHIO NEW YORK, N. Y. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
SEATTLE, WASH.

**LEADERS IN IRON AND STEEL SCRAP SINCE 1889**



## Scrap . . .

(Continued from page 207)

are buying sparingly according to needs. Most top grades continue to bring former OPS ceilings but secondary grades are being sold at new low prices. No. 2 heavy melting is down \$2, No. 2 bundles are off \$1.50 and machine shop turnings have brought \$2 less. In addition, No. 1 railroad heavy melting brings \$1 less and rerolling rails have sold for \$3 below last acquisitions.

**St. Louis**—Majority of scrap orders for April are in. Result of limited placements is a general softening of prices, including a sharp drop in No. 2 bundles, down \$2 to \$3. Melting steel dropped around \$1. The lower levels are expected to hold until May 1 or possibly beyond, due to failure of one large consumer to announce a regular buying program. Rail offerings, formerly sparse, have picked up as the roads begin seasonal maintenance work. The cast market remains extremely slow.

**Birmingham**—Steelmaking operations here continue above rated capacity at 101 per cent, but demand pressure for scrap is little changed. Further easiness has developed in some grades with No. 2 heavy melting now quoted \$34.50 to \$35.50 and No. 2 bundles \$32.50 to \$33.50.

**Los Angeles**—The scrap market continues in the doldrums. Influx of material into dealers' yards is 40 per cent of normal and movement to mills is tapering. Trade observers attach great significance to an export license issued by the Office of International Trade to a local dealer who pleaded "economic hardship".

**San Francisco**—No. 1 cupola cast advanced \$1 a ton last week on top of a 50 cent gain in the preceding week to bring the price to \$39 a ton delivered. Dealers ascribe the advance to "more realistic" pricing, declaring the previous levels were too low. Steel grades continue unchanged in price. Deliveries are steady.

**Seattle**—The higher price levels recently established have brought

out a satisfactory volume of good grade steel scrap. No offshore shipments are enroute. Cast iron scrap is in surplus supply and the larger buying interests are out of the market. Indicating price trends, 800 tons of unprepared, including ship plates and good grade material, were sold by the Puget Sound Navy Yard on a bid of \$30.07 gross, Bremerton. Another lot, prepared, the larger proportion electric furnace scrap, was bid in at \$33.

## Canada . . .

**Toronto, Ont.**—Production of primary iron and steel shapes in Canada during January totaled 418,122 net tons, comparing with 393,805 in December, and 437,287 in January 1952. Shipments for sale amounted to 273,355 net tons, against 258,722 in the preceding month and 266,422 in the like month of last year.

January shipments included 19,561 tons of semifinished; 22,402 tons of structurals; 21,638 tons of plates; 17,880 tons of rails; 7717 tons of tie plates and track material; 44,926 tons of hot-rolled bars; 18,296 tons of pipes and tubes; 22,456 tons of wire rods; 33,973 tons of black sheets; 9110 tons of galvanized sheets; 690 tons of castings, and 48,482 tons of other rolled products.

## STRUCTURAL SHAPES . . .

## STRUCTURAL STEEL PLACED

3260 tons, Creedmore Hospital, Queens, New York city, through Wilaka Construction Co., general contractor, to Grand Iron Works that city.

3200 tons, thruway bridges, Albany county, New York, to Phoenix Bridge Co., Phoenixville, Pa., through Lane Construction Co., Meriden, Conn., general contractor.

2250 tons, maintenance hangar, Barksdale Field, Shreveport, La., to American Bridge Division, U. S. Steel Corp., Pittsburgh; Mill J. Choate & Co., Tyler, Tex., general contractor.

1670 tons, girder spans Sandusky bridges, Ohio Turnpike Authority, to Allied Structural Steel Companies, Chicago.

1392 tons, state thruway bridge work, Genesee county, New York, through Johnson, Drake & Piper Inc., to Ernst Construction Co., Buffalo.

1255 tons, plant, Phelps Dodge Corp., Yonkers, N. Y., to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

1220 tons, building trusses, General Electric Realty Co., Tyler, Tex., to Consolidated Western Division U. S. Steel Corp.

800 tons, thruway bridges, Albany county, New York, to Phoenix Bridge Co., Phoenixville, Pa., through Monroe & Langstroth, Boston, general contractor.

655 tons, Public School No. 2, Bronx, New York city, through Grayco Builders, general contractor, to Simon Holland & Sons Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y.

655 tons, state thruway bridge work, Alban and Schenectady counties, New York, through D. D. Frione Co., general contractor, to Ernst Construction Co., Buffalo.

415 tons, power plant No. 3, Elbasco Services, New York, at Strauss, Kans., to Stupp Bros., Bridge & Iron Co., St. Louis.

350 tons, turbine generator foundations to Public Service Gas & Electric Co., Newark, N. J., at Burlington, N. J., to America Bridge Division, U. S. Steel Corp., Pittsburgh.

300 tons, additional troop facilities, Ft. Dix, N. J., through Arthur Penner Co., general contractor, to an unnamed fabricator.

260 tons, high school building, North Andover, Mass., to Builders' Iron Works, Somerville, Mass.; Rich Bros. Construction Co., Boston, general contractor.

250 tons, spillway gates, Box Canyon dam, Willamette Iron & Steel Co., Portland, Oreg., low \$339,258 to Pend Oreille Count

(Turn to page 212)

## Steelmaking Spreads Over Three More States

MORE COMPANIES are making steel now than in 1939, according to figures published by the American Iron & Steel Institute. Some 84 companies are listed as steel ingot producers, a gain of 11 in 14 years.

A table on this page shows that more states now produce steel—27 as compared with 24 in 1939. The significant increase has resulted in a 44 per cent rise in steelmaking capacity since World War II began. Where 128 plants turned out the nation's steel before, 143 plants now pour steel, often in newly developed areas.

**New States**—Recent expansion has added Oregon, Utah and Tennessee to the list of steelmaking states. California gained four plants in 14 years. Texas and Washington added two each. With no state reporting a decline, 19 states added to their capacities in 1952. By districts, the West advanced most rapidly since 1939 with a 231 per cent capacity gain.

The Pittsburgh-Youngstown district holds to its lead in pouring steel. Of a total capacity of 117.5 million tons, that section of the country should produce 43.6 million tons this year. The Chicago area is second with a capacity of 24.9 million tons, and the Eastern section follows with 23.8 million tons.

**Larger Share**—As steel-producing firms grow in number, the largest company's share of national capacity dipped from 35.3 per cent in 1939 to 31 per cent on Jan. 1, 1953.

The 11 largest companies in 1939 have increased combined capacity about 40 per cent, but capacity of all other companies rose nearly 66 per cent.

**Ore Supplies**—Prospects are bright for this year's steelmaking, AISI figures show. Shipments of iron ore are increasing from Venezuela, Cuba and Liberia and progress was made toward development of new iron ore properties, taconite and beneficiation plants.

If steel output continues at the

rate of the first three months of this year, a new yearly record will be set. The industry had made about 9,478,000 tons of ingots and steel for castings by Mar. 29, the highest total on record for that period.



Ingots and Steel For Castings  
Annual Capacities—Net Tons

State	Tons Gained	
	Capacity Jan. 1, 1953	Since 1939
Alabama	4,345,520	1,733,680
California	3,343,000	2,494,869
Colorado	1,485,000	376,200
Connecticut	188,280	26,126
Delaware	494,570	71,210
Georgia	300,000	146,515
Illinois	9,720,600	2,826,780
Indiana	13,692,000	3,495,323
Kentucky	1,766,500	668,900
Maryland	5,534,000	2,162,800
Massachusetts	275,000	62,200
Michigan	5,805,900	2,309,674
Minnesota	918,000	582,000
Missouri	630,000	60,458
New Jersey	242,100	10,820
New York	6,094,700	2,109,740
Ohio	22,643,260	5,100,252
Oklahoma	70,920	14,920
Oregon	110,000	110,000
Pennsylvania	33,351,560	7,101,238
Rhode Island	93,000	25,800
Tennessee	38,000	38,000
Texas	1,269,720	1,264,815
Utah	1,675,000	1,675,000
Virginia	12,000	8,752
Washington	450,000	276,400
West Virginia	2,998,840	966,040
Total	117,547,470	35,718,512

# RAILROAD EQUIPMENT—FOR SALE

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## STANDARD GAUGE FREIGHT CARS

Box, Steel Sheathed, 40-Ton Capacity

Box, Double Sheathed, 50-Ton Capacity

Box, Single Sheathed, 50-Ton Capacity

Flat, 50-Ton, Steel Underframe, 40'6" Long

Hoppers, All-Steel, 70-ton, Triple Hopper Cross Dump

Gondolas, Composite, or All Steel 50-Ton and 70-Ton

Hoppers, Twin, All-Steel, 50-Ton, Cross Dump

Ore Hoppers, All-Steel, 50-Ton, Heavy Duty

Tank, 3,000-Gallon, High Pressure

Tank, 8,000-Gallon, Coiled and Non-Coiled

## EXTRA LONG FLAT CARS

40 & 50-Ton Capacity, Length 70' and 74'

## STANDARD GAUGE AIR DUMP CARS

Side Dump, 20-Yd., 40-Ton, Lift Door

End Dump, 20-Yd., 50-Ton, Drop Door

Side Dump, 30-Yd., 50-TON, DROP DOOR

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### STORAGE TANKS

6,000 Gallon

8,000 Gallon

10,000 Gallon

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

### Help Wanted

### Accounts Wanted

PROCESS CONTROL METALLURGIST with experience in Open Hearths and Plate Mills at eastern steel plant. Write Box 703, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### SALESMEN WANTED

have two or three positions open for salesmen with ferrous and non-ferrous experience the Chicago or Middle West territory. Preference with brass or aluminum backgrounds. Position can lead to Department Manager. Send complete resume in first letter. Write Box 705, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### SALES EXECUTIVE

Manufacturer of steel joists, deck and culvert; steel fabricator of structural, reinforcing and miscellaneous iron; warehouse of related steel specialties. Operation 9 southwestern states; present volume 3000 tons monthly. Position requires promotion of products to architects, engineers, and selling to contractors and others. Prefer man 35 to 45 years. Excellent opportunity for experienced producer. Write Box 710, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### PRODUCTION MANAGER

steel fabricator of structural, reinforcing and miscellaneous iron for the construction industry. Present processing 3000 tons per month. Need energetic man with rich experience background. Excellent opportunity for future development. Position now open due to retirement and unexpected serious illness. Age range 35 to 45 years. Location southwest. Write Box 711, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### WANTED: FURNACE PLANT SUPERINTENDENT

Experienced plant manager with production experience and the functions of management. The plant is located in the middle west and manufactures coal, oil and gas heating equipment. Write Box 714, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### CLASSIFIED RATES

Classifications other than "Positions Wanted" set solid, minimum 50 words, \$12.50, each additional word .25; all capitals, minimum 50 words \$16.00, each additional word .32; all italics leaded, minimum 50 words \$19.50, each additional word .39. "Positions Wanted" set solid, minimum 25 words, \$3.00, each additional word .12; all capitals, minimum 25 words \$3.75, each additional word .15; all capitals, leaded, minimum 25 words \$4.50, each additional word .18. Keyed address takes seven words. Cash in order necessary on "Positions Wanted" advertisements. Replies forwarded without charge. These rates are subject to 15 per cent agency commission and 2 per cent cash discount ten years. Displayed classified rates on request. Send your copy and instructions to STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### MANUFACTURERS REPRESENTATIVE

Available to represent machine tool or industrial line manufacturer in Chicago and surrounding territories. Have excellent background in drilling and tapping equipment. Reply to Box 708, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE, METALLURGICAL ENGINEER, well established in Chicago area, with wide acquaintance in Chemical, Pharmaceutical, and Food Process Industries, desires additional account. Specialist in corrosion resistant metals. Write Box 709, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### MANUFACTURERS REPRESENTATIVE

Mature aggressive college man desires one additional line. Four years' experience in the industrial field calling on accounts in northern Ohio. Presently carrying but one line thus insuring intensive coverage. Write Box 715, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### Positions Wanted

EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCED AS PLANT MANAGER with cost and production experience. Sound industrial background in administrative and management functions. 25 years' experience. B.S. Degrees M.I.T. Write Box 693, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

FOREMAN—WOOD PATTERNMAKING OR PURCHASING PATTERNS AND CASTINGS. Twenty-two years as foreman and department manager in wood patternmaking in the medium to heavy iron and steel industry (foundry background and foundry connections), including also ten years purchasing patterns and castings, expediting and coordinating. Experience on patterns for the machine tool industry, power presses, rolling mill equipment, etc. Best of references from wherever pattern equipment was used. Write Box 707, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

FACTORY MANAGER—Age 42—diversified experience in management, engineering, and manufacturing in metal fabrication and machine tooling and mass assembly operations in appliance and electronic fields. Seasoned in Multi-plant operations covering all phases of manufacturing and engineering. Write Box 712, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

ELECTRIC FURNACE MELTING SUPERINTENDENT desires to enter into sales. Eighteen years practical and technical experiences in operations. Excellent contacts in ingot shops and steel foundries. Would consider selling Fe. Alloys, Electrodes, Refractories or allied products. Write Box 713, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

### SOAKING PIT — BLOOMING MILL FOREMAN

Experienced man to take charge of soaking pits and blooming mill for steel plant in Ohio Valley. Soaking pit experience paramount. Give age, experience, and compensation expectancy.

Write Box 706, STEEL, Penton Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio

### MAKE IT A HABIT


To read the classified pages of STEEL each week. You will find listed there surplus materials and used equipment for sale which may fill your requirements to a tee and save you much time and effort locating them.

### FOR SALE

Cleveland No. 3 Double Angle Shear, capacity 6x6 x 3/4 angles. Good condition.

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Box 68, Station A, St. Joseph, Mo.



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Warehouse Stocks of  
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86,000 lbs. in 100 lb. coils. Size—.022 x .566. Cold rolled 0.10% carbon, Silicon killed strip, No. 2 finish, No. 3 edge, No. 4 Temper. Write or wire MR. MORRISSEY, AMSCO, CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILLINOIS.



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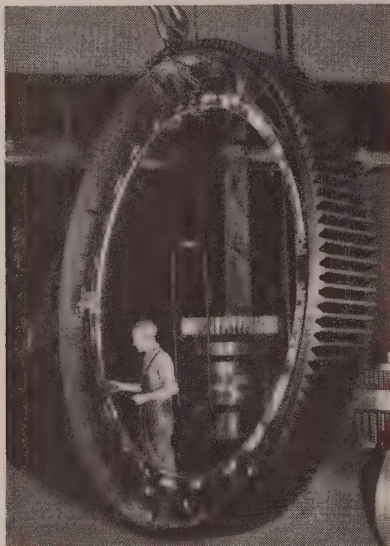
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- Worm Gears
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**SIMONDS**  
GEARS

**THE**  
**SIMONDS**  
**GEAR & MFG. CO.**

LIBERTY at 25TH PITTSBURGH 22, PA.

(Continued from page 210)

Public Utility Department, Washington state.

250 tons (estimated) capacitor rack equipment, Gunderson Bros. Engineering Corp., Portland, Oreg., low \$287,705 to Bonneville Power Administration.

250 tons, plant addition, Johnson & Johnson, Metuchen, N. J., through the John W. Ryan Construction Co. Inc., general contractor, to White Plains Iron Works, White Plains, N. Y.

245 tons, manufacturing building addition, Bucyrus, O., through Wigton-Abbott Construction Co., New York, engineer, to Bethlehem Contracting Co., Bethlehem, Pa.

205 tons, thruway bridge, Orange county, New York, to Phoenix Bridge Co., Phoenixville, Pa., through John Arborlo Co., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., general contractor.

200 tons, thruway bridge, New York, to Phoenix Bridge Co., Phoenixville, Pa., through Lane Construction Co., Meriden, Conn.

180 tons, electrical tower work, Joppla, Ill., placed by Ebasco Services, New York, with Muskogee Iron Works, Muskogee, Okla.

175 tons, consolidated elementary school, Essex, Conn., to New England Iron Works Inc., New Haven, Conn.; A. F. Peaslee Inc., Hartford, Conn., general contractor.

170 tons, 2-story office building, 100 Wall St., New York, through A. H. Blenestock to a Brooklyn, N. Y., fabricator.

160 tons, city of Manchester, N. H., to American Bridge Division, U. S. Steel Corp., Pittsburgh, through Harvey Construction Co., Manchester, general contractor.

150 tons, building, Hollingshead Corp., Camden, N. J., to Cante & Co., that city.

100 tons, Cumberland Mills bridge, Camden, Me., to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa., direct from the State Highway Department.

## STRUCTURAL STEEL PENDING

3500 tons, municipal hospital, Newark, N. J.; Schacht Steel Construction Inc., New York, low bidder.

3500 tons, Mannheim road overpass over Proviso freight yard of Chicago & North Western railroad, Cook county, for state of Illinois; bids Apr. 24.

2000 tons, penstocks, stoplogs, etc., Lookout Point dam, Oregon; bids in.

1700 tons, heating and power plant, Elmen-dorf Air Base, Alaska; Patti-MacDonald Construction Co., Seattle, low \$12,460,000 to U. S. Engineer.

1600 tons, state bridge work, under schedule 3, York county, Pennsylvania, bids Apr. 24; 1350 tons, schedule 1, and 230 tons schedule 2.

1150 tons, University of Oregon training hospital, Portland, Oreg.; Donald M. Drake Co., Portland, low.

595 tons, mostly bridge beams, also 135 tons, structural plates; bids in to the Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh, inv. 311B.

350 tons, Dexter reregulating dam, Willamette river, Oregon; general bids in to U. S. Engineer, Portland, Oreg.

200 tons, including reinforcing and pump equipment, Crow Creek pumping plant; bids to Bureau of Reclamation, Townsend, Mont., May 7.

141 tons, state bridge work, Butler county, Pennsylvania; bids May 1.

100 tons, approximately, state highway bridge, Somerset county New Jersey; bids Apr. 22.

100 tons, organizational maintenance shop, Eielson Field, Alaska, general contract to United Contractors, Fairbanks, Alaska, low \$500,000.

100 tons, including H piling, steel rails and reinforcing, two bridges Richardson Highway, Alaska; materials government-furnished; bids to Alaska Road Commission, Juneau, May 5. Unstated, steel frame addition to power plant and facilities, Kodiak Navy base, Alaska; Sam Bergeesen, Tacoma, Wash., low \$2,220,000 to 17th. naval district.

## REINFORCING BARS . . .

### REINFORCING BARS PLACED

290 tons, maintenance hangar, Barksdale Field, Shreveport, La., to Ceco Steel Products Co., New Orleans; Milo J. Choate & Co., Tyler, Tex., general contractor.

250 tons, high school building, North Andover, Mass., to Truscon Steel Co., Boston; Rich

Bros. Construction Co., Boston, general contractor.

180 tons, elementary-high school building, Manchester, Conn., to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.; Wadhams & May Co., Hartford, Conn., general contractor; Haarmann Structural Steel Co., Holyoke, Mass., 50 tons structural steel.

150 tons, Ladd air field laundry and cleaning plant, Alaska, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle; Lytle & Green Construction Co., Seattle, general contractor.

140 tons, two bridges, state and federal, in Washington state, to Northwest Steel Rolling Mills Inc., Seattle.

## REINFORCING BARS PENDING

800 tons, Garden State Parkway, contract 37, section 7, Monmouth county, New Jersey; bids Apr. 23.

800 tons, heating and power plant, Elmen-dorf Air Base, Alaska; general contract to Patti-MacDonald Construction Co., Seattle 615 tons, substructures for nine bridges, West Virginia turnpike, Fayette county; bids Apr. 21, Charleston, W. Va.

500 tons, reinforced concrete highway and bridge, North Kingstown, R. I.; bids in, Providence, R. I.

442 tons, State Garden Parkway, contract 40, section 7, Monmouth county, New Jersey; bids Apr. 30.

412 tons, Garden State Parkway, contract 38, section 7, Monmouth county, New Jersey; bids Apr. 30.

378 tons, state bridge work, Cameron and Potter counties, Pennsylvania; bids May 1.

300 tons, Seattle University dormitory; John H. Sellen Construction Co., low base \$842,549.

285 tons, state highway bridge, Bangor, Brewer, Me.; bids Apr. 29, Augusta, Me.

255 tons, state bridge work, Butler county, Pennsylvania; bids May 1.

170 tons, Garden State Parkway, contract 96, section 10, Ocean county, New Jersey; bids May 4.

157 tons, Garden State Parkway, contract 24, section 10, Ocean county, New Jersey; bids opened Apr. 9.

105 tons, bridge, Shetucket river, Norwich Conn; bids Apr. 20, Hartford, Conn.

## PLATES . . .

### PLATES PENDING

4085 tons, including 155 tons boiler plate, balance structural; bids in to the Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh, inv. 318B.

330 tons, structural plates, Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh; bids in inv. 329B.

225 tons, storage tanks, etc., Big Delta project, Alaska; bids to U. S. Engineer, Apr. 14.

100 tons, 250,000 gallon capacity, 70 ft elevated water standpipe, district No. 64, Auburn, Wash; bids Apr. 23; Metcalf & Harstad, Seattle, engineers.

## PIPE . . .

### CAST IRON PIPE PLACED

418 tons, 20 inch, expansion project Bellingham, Wash., to Pacific States Cast Iron Pipe Co., Seattle.

200 tons, various sizes, for Grants Pass, Oreg., to H. G. Purcell, Seattle, for U. S. Pipe & Foundry Co., Burlington, N. J.

## RAILS, CARS . . .

### LOCOMOTIVES PLACED

New York Central, 164 diesel electric locomotive units, to Electro-Motive Division General Motors Corp., La Grange, Ill., an American Locomotive Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; 34 units will be 2250 hp passenger engines; 80 will be 1500 and 1600 hp road switchers; 15 will be 1500 and 1600 hp unit for freight and switching service; and 8 will be 1000 hp yard switchers. Of the diesels, 124 will be used by the New York Central itself and 40 by the affiliate Pittsburgh & Lake Erie.

### RAILROAD CARS PLACED

Texas & Pacific, 250 fifty-ton box cars its Marshall shops.

### RAILS PLACED

Jersey Central Lines, 1210 tons, to Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.



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# NON-FLUID OIL

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

## Saves Production Time, Increases Output

Production is "machine-plus-man-hours." Both are lost when machines are down — or slow down.

When NON-FLUID OIL is used, production goes up and lubricant costs go down. NON-FLUID OIL does not drip or leak, keeps bearings cool and outlasts ordinary oil many times over.

Ordinary oil cuts production

because it runs out as fast as it is applied, so does not lubricate dependably, and needs frequent, time-consuming application. Bearings run hot, waste power and often burn out — machines and man hours are lost.

NON-FLUID OIL is made in grades to exactly suit every lubrication need. In proof of claims, let us send free testing sample and informative bulletin on NON-FLUID OIL.

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RUBBER OR COTTON

How  
Much Will  
This Reduce  
Your Yearly  
GLOVE  
Cost?



AFTER

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Throw all your dirty, worn leather, rubber or cotton gloves in our steel drum. Ship to us. We correctly clean, sterilize, COMPLETELY REPAIR, sort, reshape, pair and ship them back to you as serviceable as new. Depending upon the gloves and their usage, gloves are being re-claimed by us 3 to 5 times. We specialize only in laboratory controlled re-claiming of rubber, leather and cotton gloves, aprons and clothing. Write for literature.

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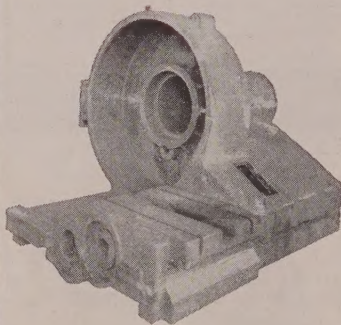


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Castings of any size up to 80,000 pounds. Hyde Park facilities are equal to your every requirement



Machine Castings  
Lathe Beds  
Housings  
Pinion Housings  
Mill Housings  
Shoe Plates  
Layout Plates  
Surface Plates

# Hyde Park

FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.  
Hyde Park, Westmoreland County, Pa.

ROLLS  
ROLLING MILL MACHINERY  
GREY IRON CASTINGS

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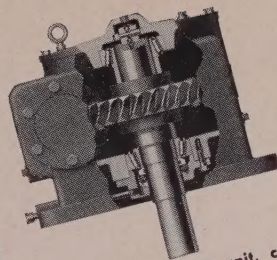
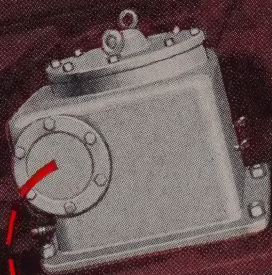
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The Cleveland ND unit, cut away to show tapered roller bearings on gear shaft, positive, face-type oil seal, piston type lubricating pump and oil drain at base of housing.

At left — Froth-Flotation Unit cleaning and reclaiming coal fines in a Pennsylvania anthracite coal preparation plant. Photo courtesy of Wilmot Engineering Company.

# Steady **CLEVELAND** drive makes coal come clean

**T**HIS Wilmot Froth-Flotation Unit cleans and separates marketable fine coal from high-ash particles and sludge. To create the cleansing froth that removes coal from refuse, the builder employs the vertical Cleveland worm gear drive shown at work above. No matter what the density of the feed, Cleveland drives the agitator smoothly and powerfully, day in day out, year after year.

Cleveland vertical worm gear drives—ND and its companion NU unit (with drive shaft upward)—are designed especially for agitator service. Equipped with heavy-duty tapered roller bearings on an over-sized shaft, dust-proof and moisture-proof, they operate dependably on the toughest jobs in the coal industry.

The reliable performance of these rugged units explains why coal machinery builders and users alike depend upon Cleveland wherever a steady right-angle drive is needed. Write today for Catalog 400 for description of these and other worm gear drives in the complete Cleveland line. The Cleveland Worm & Gear Company, 3270 East 80th Street, Cleveland 4, Ohio.

Affiliate: The Farval Corporation, Centralized Systems of Lubrication. In Canada: Peacock Brothers Limited.



## **CLEVELAND** Worm Gear

## *Speed Reducers*



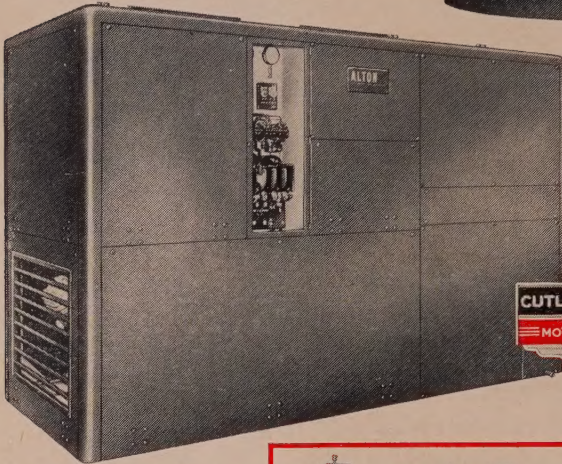
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CUTLER-HAMMER

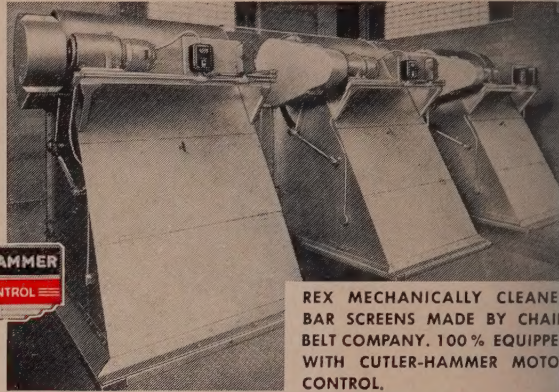
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C-H

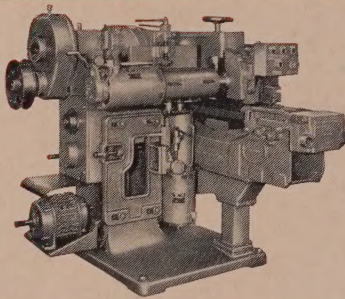
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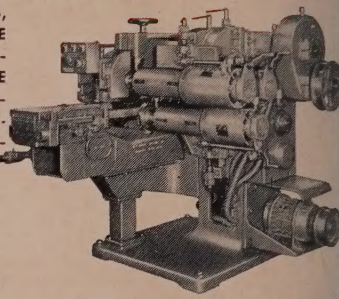
ALTON REFRIGERATED AIR CONDITIONER. COMPLETE LINE OF SIZES MADE BY ALTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY IS FULLY EQUIPPED WITH CUTLER-HAMMER MOTOR CONTROL.



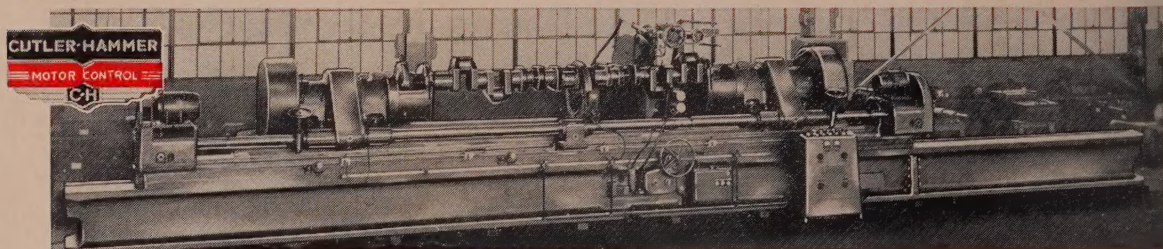
REX MECHANICALLY CLEANED BAR SCREENS MADE BY CHAIN BELT COMPANY. 100% EQUIPPED WITH CUTLER-HAMMER MOTOR CONTROL.



PAIR OF END MATCHERS, UNITS IN A COMPLETE LINE OF WOODWORKING MACHINERY MADE BY S. A. WOODS MACHINE CO. MOTOR CONTROL 100% CUTLER-HAMMER.



LANDIS 40" x 216" HYDRAULIC GRINDING MACHINE MADE BY LANDIS TOOL CO. EQUIPPED WITH CUTLER-HAMMER MOTOR CONTROL.



## The road to Leadership

A market leader does better business . . . makes more money. . . has a firmer foothold than much of his competition. These commercial and practical aspects of market leadership result from the market's continuing preference for the products that he makes. His products are simply rated as superior. They better meet the users' needs and requirements. But such performance can only reflect what's *in* the products. Therefore any manufacturer seeking to govern and so predict the performance of his product in the user's hands must know and dictate the quality of the parts. *This* is the

way the manufacturer can influence his market. *This* is the road to leadership.

Under the circumstances it is not surprising that leading machinery manufacturers so continuously and repeatedly select Cutler-Hammer Motor Control for their machines. Known dependability is vital where leadership is to be maintained. And Cutler-Hammer Motor Control must be a profitable choice for you. CUTLER-HAMMER, Inc., 1211 St. Paul Ave., Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin. Associate: Canadian Cutler-Hammer, Ltd., Toronto, Ontario.